

CS 1550

Week 5 - Project 2 Discussion

Teaching Assistant Henrique Potter

CS 1550 – Project 2 is out

• We will be using Qemu again for Project 2

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- We will be using Qemu again for Project 2
- You will need a working semaphore implementation
 - You can reuse your Project 1 Linux kernel (bzlmage)
 - Or you can download a working kernel from canvas.

CS 1550 – Project 2 is out

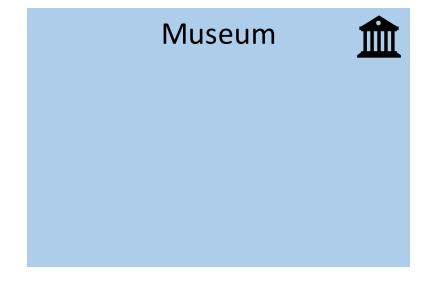
- We will be using Qemu again for Project 2
- You will need a working semaphore implementation
 - You can reuse your Project 1 Linux kernel (bzlmage)
 - Or you can download a working kernel from canvas.
- You only need to cp the working kernel once in Linux-devel
- Afterwards you will only need to compile your program in thoth and copy to Qemu (with SCP)

• A visitor can not tour a museum without a tour guide

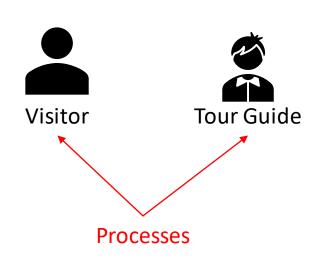
A visitor can not tour a museum without a tour guide

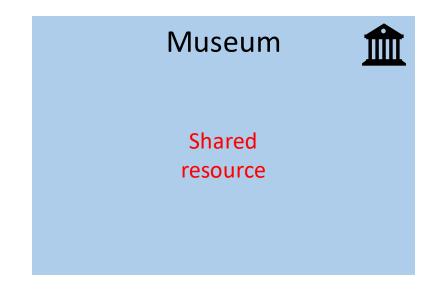






A visitor can not tour a museum without a tour guide





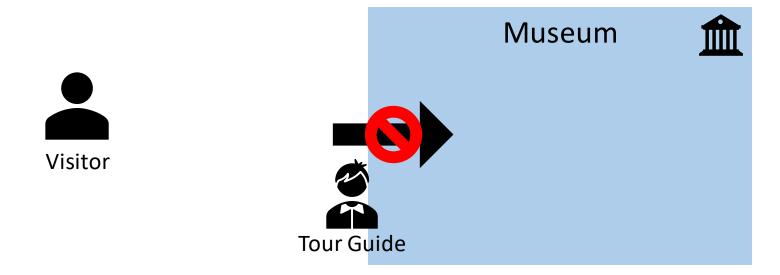
• A visitor can not tour a museum without a tour guide

```
Main:
        int pid = fork();
                                         //create child process (visitor arrival)
        if(pid == 0){
                                         //child process when pid == 0
            VisitorArrivalProcess
                                         //visitor arrival process
```

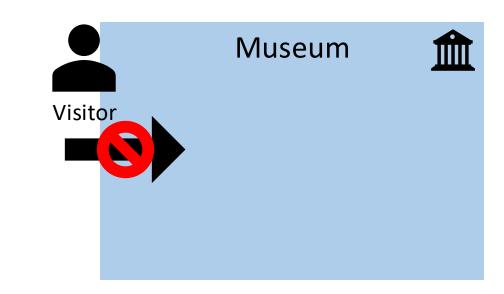
• A visitor can not tour a museum without a tour guide

```
Main:
        int pid = fork();
                                         //create child process (visitor arrival)
        if(pid == 0){
                                         //child process when pid == 0
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                                         //visitor arrival process
        } else {
                                         //original process when pid != 0
            int pid = fork()
                                         //create following child process(guides)
            if(pid == 0){
                                         //child process when pid == 0
            Guides
```

- A visitor can not tour a museum without a tour guide
- A tour guide cannot open the museum without a visitor



- A visitor can not tour a museum without a tour guide
- A tour guide cannot open the museum without a visitor

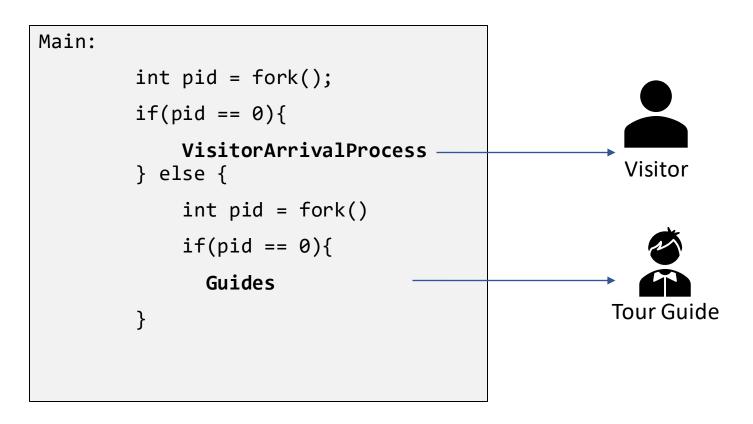




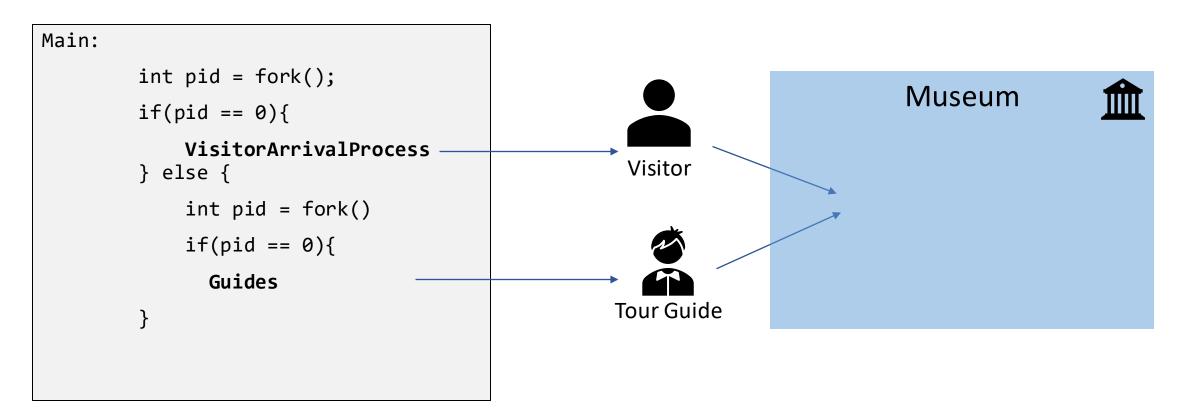
- A visitor can not tour a museum without a tour guide
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Main:
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```

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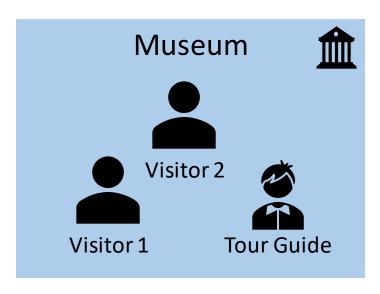
- A visitor can not tour a museum without a tour guide
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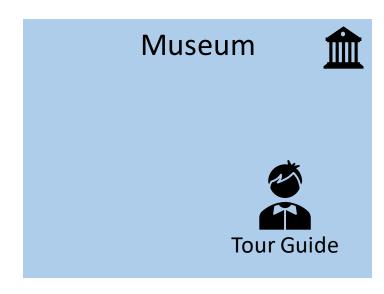
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- A tour guide leaves when no more visitors are in the museum

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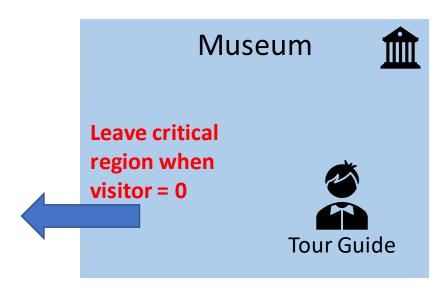


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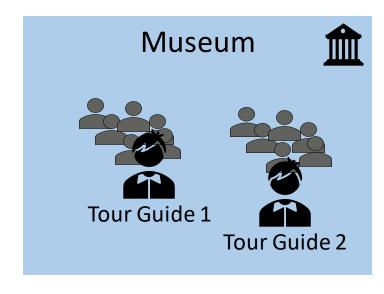


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    } else {
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        if(pid == 0){
        Guides
    }
}
```



- At most two tour guides can be in the museum at a time
- Each tour guide provides a tour for at most ten visitors



- Your program should always satisfy those constraints
- Under no conditions will cause a deadlock to occur
 - When the museum is empty
 - Tour guide and a visitor arrive and wait outside forever

```
Main:
    int pid = fork();
    if(pid == 0){
        VisitorArrivalProcess
} else {
        int pid = fork()
        if(pid == 0){
        Guides
}
```

- The visitor process (Program Parameter)
- The tour guide **process** (Program Parameter)

- The visitor **process** (Program Parameter)
- The tour guide **process** (Program Parameter)

```
Main: visitorCount, tourguideCount
    int pid = fork();
    if(pid == 0){
        VisitorArrivalProcess
    } else {
        Guides
    }
```

You need to define specific behaviors to the creation of routines of both visitor and guides

50% to sleep after each creation

- The visitor **process** (Program Parameter)
- The tour guide **process** (Program Parameter)
- Two processes to simulate guides and visitor's arrival

```
Main: visitorCount, tourguideCount
    int pid = fork();
    if(pid == 0){
        VisitorArrivalProcess
    } else {
        Guides
    }
}
```

```
... VisitorArrivalProcess
for (i=0;i<visitorCount;i++){
   int pid = fork();
   if(pid == 0){
      visitor();
   }
}</pre>
```



```
Main: visitorCount, tourguideCount
    int pid = fork();
    if(pid == 0){
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}
```



```
Main: visitorCount, tourguideCount
    int pid = fork();
    if(pid == 0){
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    } else {
        Guides
    }
}
```

Calling fork creates a new process. The **pid** is a value **bigger than** 0 for the parent **but is 0 for the child**.

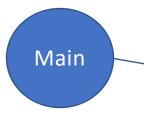


Main: visitorCount, tourguideCount int pid = fork(); if(pid == 0){ VisitorArrivalProcess } else { Guides

Child has a full copy of the parent's variables

and up to the moment that the fork was called Child

```
Main: visitorCount, tourguideCount
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```



```
Main: visitorCount, tourguideCount
   int pid = fork();
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   } else {
        Guides
   }
```

The parent will fall in the else statement

Child has a full copy of the parent's variables and up to the moment that the fork was called

```
Main: visitorCount, tourguideCount
    int pid = fork();

    if(pid == 0){

        VisitorArrivalProcess
    } else {
        Guides
    }
}
```

Child



```
Main: visitorCount, tourguideCount
        int pid = fork();
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Child has a full copy of the parent's variables and up to the moment that the fork was called

```
Main: visitorCount, tourguideCount
         int pid = fork();
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         } else {
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                 The child will enter the if
```

Child



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Child

- The visitor **process** (Program Parameter)
- The tour guide **process** (Program Parameter)
- Two processes to simulate guides and visitor's arrival

```
Main: visitorCount, tourguideCount
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    if(pid == 0){
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    } else {
        Guides
    }
}
```

```
... VisitorArrivalProcess
for (i=0;i<visitorCount;i++){
   int pid = fork();
   if(pid == 0){
      visitor();
   }
}</pre>
```

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```
Main: visitorCount, tourguideCount

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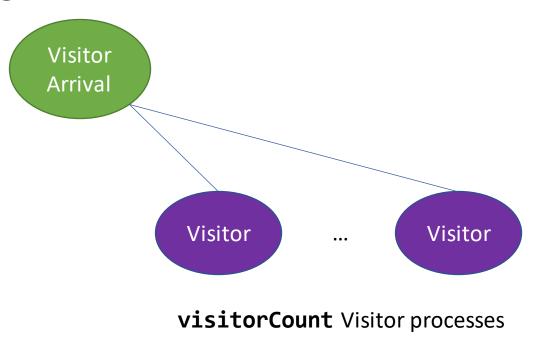
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   visitor();
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... VisitorArrivalProcess
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   }
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- The visitor process (Program Parameter)
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```
Visitor
Arriva
... VisitorArrivalProcess
for (i=0;i<visitorCount;i++){
    int pid = fork();
    if(pid == 0){
       visitor();
    }
}</pre>
```

```
Visitor
... VisitorArrivalProcess
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Arriva

... VisitorArrivalProcess

for (i=0;i<visitorCount;i++){

   int pid = fork();
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   }
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```

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Visitor
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    int pid = fork();
    if(pid == 0){
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    }
}</pre>
```

Visitor Arrival

```
... VisitorArrivalProcess
for (i=0;i<visitorCount;i++){</pre>
   int pid = fork();
   if(pid == 0){
       visitor();
```

Visitor Arrival

```
... VisitorArrivalProcess
srand(seed);
                                                            The visitor has to sleep for
                                                            some time with 50%
for (i=0;i<visitorCount;i++){</pre>
                                                            probability
   int pid = fork();
   if(pid == 0){
       visitor();
   }else {
       int value = rand() % 100 + 1; //random number between 1-100
       if (value > 50){sleep(delay)};
```

Visitor Arrival

```
... VisitorArrivalProcess
srand(seed);
                                                             Then after creating all the
                                                             visitors it will wait for them
for (i=0;i<visitorCount;i++){</pre>
                                                             to finish.
   int pid = fork();
   if(pid == 0){
       visitor();
   }else {
        int value = rand() % 100 + 1; //random number between 1-100
        if (value > 50){sleep(delay)};
for (i=0;i<visitorCount;i++){</pre>
    wait(Null);
```

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- The tour guide **process** (Program Parameter)
- Two processes to simulate guides and visitor's arrival

- The visitor process (Program Parameter)
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- Two processes to **simulate guides** and visitor's arrival

• Two processes to simulate guides and visitor's arrival

```
Main
```

```
int pid = fork();
if(pid == 0){
    VisitorArrivalProcess
} else {
    for (i=0; i<guideCount; i++){
        int pid = fork();
        if(pid == 0){
            guides();
        }
}}</pre>
```

The parent will **create child processes** for the guide **directly**

Two processes to simulate guides and visitor's arrival

```
Main
         int pid = fork();
         if(pid == 0){
             VisitorArrivalProcess
         } else {
             for (i=0; i<guideCount; i++){</pre>
                  int pid = fork();
                  if(pid == 0){
                     guides();
```

Main

```
int pid = fork();
if(pid == 0){
                                                        However, he also must
                                                        sleep with 50% chance
    VisitorArrivalProcess
} else {
    srand(seed);
    for (i=0; i<guideCount; i++){</pre>
        int pid = fork();
        if(pid == 0){
           guides();
        int value = rand() % 100 + 1;
        if (value > 50){sleep(delay)};
 }}
```

```
Main
          int pid = fork();
          if(pid == 0){
              VisitorArrivalProcess
          } else {
              srand(seed);
              for (i=0; i<guideCount; i++){</pre>
                  int pid = fork();
                  if(pid == 0){
                     guides();
                  int value = rand() % 100 + 1;
                  if (value > 50){sleep(delay)};
```

}}

Child Guide

```
int pid = fork();
if(pid == 0){
    VisitorArrivalProcess
} else {
    srand(seed);
    for (i=0; i<guideCount; i++){</pre>
        int pid = fork();
        if(pid == 0){
           guides();
           exit()
        int value = rand() % 100 + 1;
        if (value > 50){sleep(delay)};
```

```
Main
          int pid = fork();
          if(pid == 0){
              VisitorArrivalProcess
          } else {
              srand(seed);
              for (i=0; i<guideCount; i++){</pre>
                  int pid = fork();
                  if(pid == 0){
                     guides();
                  int value = rand() % 100 + 1;
                  if (value > 50){sleep(delay)};
```

}}

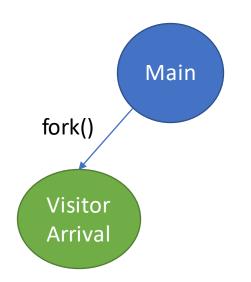
Child Guide

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int pid = fork();
if(pid == 0){
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} else {
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    for (i=0; i<guideCount; i++){</pre>
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        if(pid == 0){
           guides();
           exit();
        int value = rand() % 100 + 1;
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```

- The visitor process (Program Parameter)
- The tour guide **process** (Program Parameter)
- Two processes to simulate guides and visitor's arrival



Each node is a process

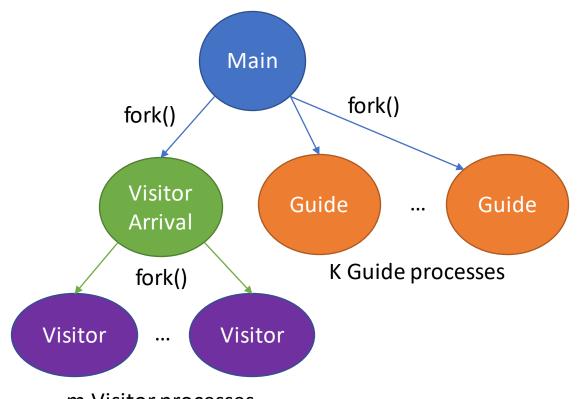


Each node is a process

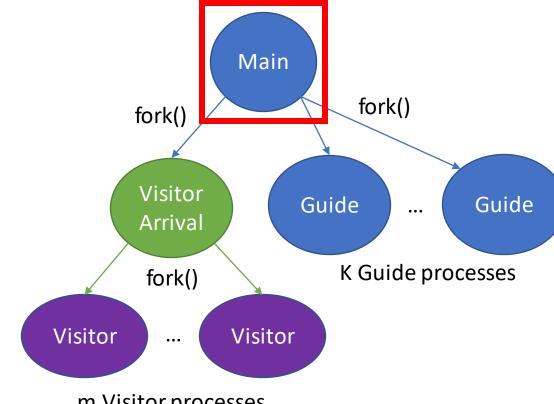
Main fork() Visitor Arrival fork() Visitor Visitor ••• m Visitor processes

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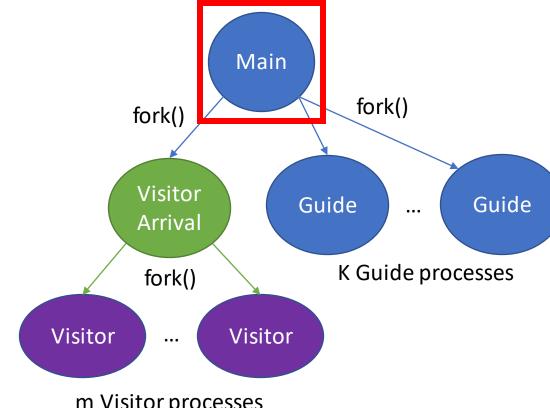


m Visitor processes



m Visitor processes

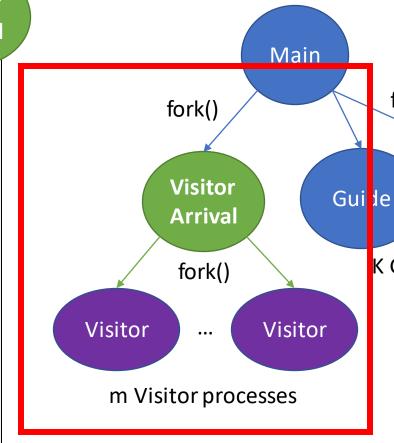
```
Main
Main:
 int t0 = getTimeOfDay(); //1. get initial time stamp
 int pid = fork();  // 2. create child process (visitor arrival)
 VisitorArrivalProcess //visitor arrival process
         //original process when pid != 0
 } else {
   GuideCriations //3. create following child process(guides)
```

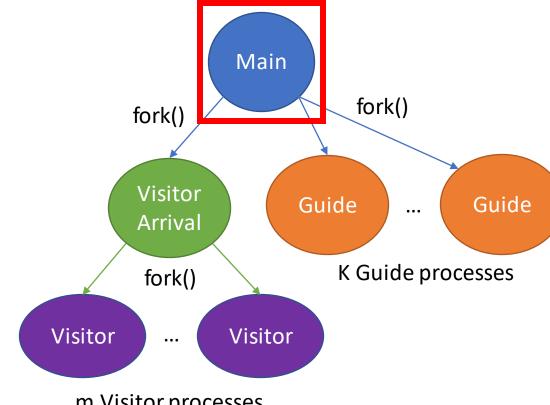


m Visitor processes

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Main
Main:
  int t0 = getTimeOfDay(); //1. get initial time stamp
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    VisitorArrivalProcess //visitor arrival process
                          //original process when pid != 0
  } else {
    GuideCriations
                          //3. create following child process(guides)
```

```
Visitor
VisitorArrivalProcess:
                                                                    Arrival
 srand(seed); //1. setup random seed for random arrival
 for (int i = 0; i < m; i++){ //2. fork child processes by flip a coin
    int pid2 = fork();
                             //fork child processes (visitors)
    if(pid2==0){
                              //child process (visitors) when pid2==0
       visitors();
                          Visitor
       exit();
    } else { //original process(VIsitorArrivalProcess) when pid2!=0
       int value = rand() % 100 + 1; //random number between 1-100
       if (value > 50){sleep(delay)};
 for (int i = 0; i < m; i++){ //3. wait until all children finished
     wait(Null);
```

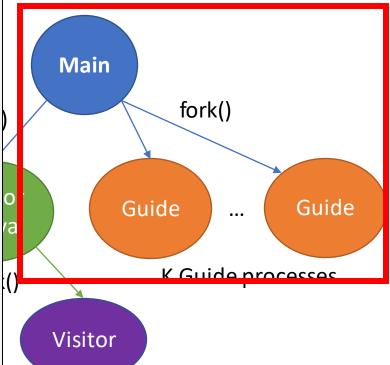




m Visitor processes

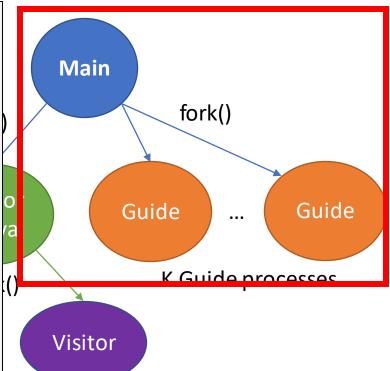
```
Main:
                                                                  Main
  int t0 = getTimeOfDay(); //1. get initial time stamp
 int pid = fork();  // 2. create child process (visitor arrival)
  if(pid == 0){      //child process when pid == 0
   VisitorArrivalProcess //visitor arrival process
                       //original process when pid != 0
                         //3. create following child process(guides)
   GuideCriations
```

```
GuideCriations :
                                                                Main
  srand(seed); //1. setup random seed for random arrival
  for (int i = 0; i < m; i++){ //2. fork child processes by flip a coin
    int pid2 = fork();
                              //fork child processes (visitors)
                              //child process (visitors) when pid2==0
    if(pid2==0){
       guide();
                   Guide
       exit();
    } else { //original process(VIsitorArrivalProcess) when pid2!=0
       int value = rand() % 100 + 1; //random number between 1-100
       if (value > 50){sleep(delay)};
  for (int i = 0; i < m; i++){ //3. wait until all children finished
     wait(Null);
 wait(Null)
```

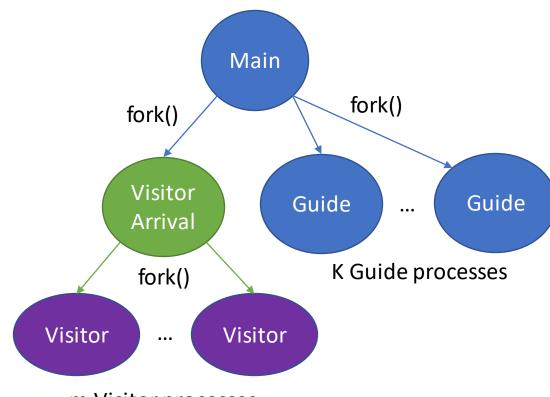


rocesses

```
GuideCriations :
                                                                Main
  srand(seed); //1. setup random seed for random arrival
  for (int i = 0; i < m; i++){ //2. fork child processes by flip a coin
    int pid2 = fork();
                              //fork child processes (visitors)
                              //child process (visitors) when pid2==0
    if(pid2==0){
       guide();
                   Guide
       exit();
    } else { //original process(VIsitorArrivalProcess) when pid2!=0
       int value = rand() % 100 + 1; //random number between 1-100
       if (value > 50){sleep(delay)};
  for (int i = 0; i < m; i++){ //3. wait until all children finished
     wait(Null);
 wait(Null) Parent has to wait for the VisitorArrivalProcess
```



rocesses



m Visitor processes

- The visitor process (Program Parameter)
- The tour guide **process** (Program Parameter)
- Two processes to simulate guides and visitor's arrival
- Six functions called by these processes
 - visitorArrives()
 - tourMuseum()
 - visitorLeaves()
 - tourguideArrives()
 - openMuseum()
 - tourGuideLeaves()

- For the museum to open
 - 1 tour guide
 - 1 Visitor
 - visitorArrives() is called by visitor process
 - tourGuideArrives() is called by tour guide

- A **visitor** must wait if
 - Museum is closed
 - Max visitors is reached

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 - Museum is closed and no visitor is waiting, or
 - Museum is open, and two tour guides are inside the museum

- A visitor must wait if
 - Museum is closed
 - Max visitors is reached
- An arriving tour guide must wait if
 - Museum is closed and no visitor is waiting, or
 - Museum is open, and two tour guides are inside the museum
- While only one tour guide is inside the museum
 - Up to ten visitors may arrive (i.e., calling visitorArrives())
 - Second tour guide may open the museum (i.e., call openMuseum())

OR

- When a tour arrives you should print
 - Tour guide %d arrives at time d%
- When a visitor arrives you print
 - Visitor %d arrives at time %d
- Remember to use these calls to print:

```
fprintf(stderr,<print content here>)
```

```
printf(<print content here>);
fflush(stdout);
```

Memory allocation
 #include <sys/mman.h>
 void *mmap(void *addr, size_t length, int prot, int flags, int fd, off_t offset);

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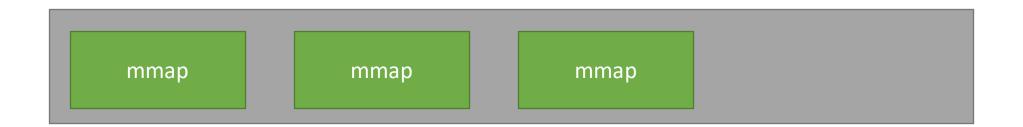
set flags=MAP_SHARED when allocating shared memory

Memory allocation

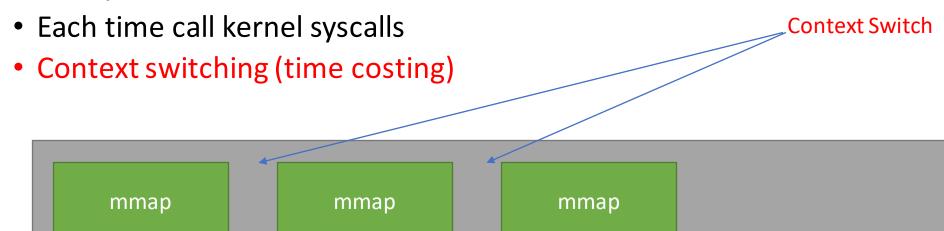
```
#include <sys/mman.h>
void *mmap(void *addr, size_t length, int prot, int flags, int fd, off_t offset);
```

- set flags=MAP_SHARED when allocating shared memory
- Usage e.g.:
 int* const = (int*) mmap(NULL, sizeof(int), PROT_READ|PROT_WRITE,
 MAP_SHARED|MAP_ANONYMOUS, 0, 0);
- More info: http://man7.org/linux/man-pages/man2/mmap.2.html

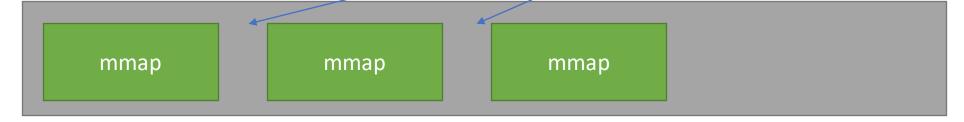
- Memory allocation
 - Each time call kernel syscalls



Memory allocation



- Memory allocation
 - Each time call kernel syscalls
 - Context switching (time costing)
 - Merge multiple share resources



Context Switch

mmap

- Memory allocation
 - Each time call kernel syscalls
 - Context switching (time costing)
 - Merge multiple share resources
 struct shared_mem{
 int visitors;
 int guides;
 struct cs1550_sem sem1;
 ...
 }



CS 1550

Week 5 - Project 2 Discussion

Teaching Assistant Henrique Potter