## IRRIGATION UNIT

## Sensors used:

LIQUID DETECTION: XKC-Y25-NPN

Link: <a href="http://www.icstation.com/contact-liquid-level-sensor-">http://www.icstation.com/contact-liquid-level-sensor-</a> ip67-waterproof-output-water-level-detector-p-12292.html



WATER LEVEL: JSN-SR04T

Link: https://www.openelectronics.eu/Vandeniui-atsparus-

ultragarsinis-atstumo-jutiklis-JSN-SR04T-AJ-SR04M



SOIL MOISTURE:

Link: https://protosupplies.com/product/capacitive-soilmoisture-sensor-module/



## Source code - cloud:

```
/*
  Sketch generated by the Arduino IoT Cloud Thing "Untitled"
  https://create.arduino.cc/cloud/things/2d441620-03b7-4c7e-
b69c-3a5f32006649
  Arduino IoT Cloud Variables description
  The following variables are automatically generated and
updated when changes are made to the Thing
  float liquid level;
  float relative moisture;
  float relative moisture 2;
  int liquid detection;
  int soil moisture;
  int soil moisture 2;
  int watering;
  int watering 2;
  bool switchPump;
  bool valve;
  Variables which are marked as READ/WRITE in the Cloud Thing
will also have functions
  which are called when their values are changed from the
Dashboard.
  These functions are generated with the Thing and added at
the end of this sketch.
* /
#include "thingProperties.h"
//Defining constants and variables
long duration;
int distance;
int pump;
const int sensor distance = 60;
const int AirValue = 2512;
const int WaterValue = 1230;
const int wateringTime = 3;
#define moisturePin 32
#define moisturePin 2 33
#define liquid detectionPin 4
#define triggerPin 14
#define echoPin 27
#define pumpPin 25
#define valvePin 17
#define pumpPin 2 26
```

```
#define valvePin 2 16
//Function to call during watering
void water plant(int poumppin, int valvepin) {
 digitalWrite(valvepin,LOW);
 digitalWrite(poumppin, HIGH);
 delay(3000);
 digitalWrite (poumppin, LOW);
 digitalWrite(valvepin, HIGH);
}
void setup() {
  // Initialize serial and wait for port to open:
 Serial.begin(9600);
  // This delay gives the chance to wait for a Serial Monitor
without blocking if none is found
 delay(1500);
 // Defined in thingProperties.h
 initProperties();
 // Connect to Arduino IoT Cloud
 ArduinoCloud.begin (ArduinoIoTPreferredConnection);
  /*
    The following function allows you to obtain more
information
    related to the state of network and IoT Cloud connection
and errors
    the higher number the more granular information you'll
get.
    The default is 0 (only errors).
    Maximum is 4
 setDebugMessageLevel(2);
 ArduinoCloud.printDebugInfo();
 pinMode(liquid detectionPin, INPUT); // Set pin for liquid
detection as input pin
 pinMode(moisturePin, INPUT); // Set pin for moisture
measurements as input pin
 pinMode(valvePin, OUTPUT);  // Set pin for valve control
as output pin
 as output pin
 pinMode(triggerPin, OUTPUT); // configure the triggerPin(D9)
as an Output
 pinMode(echoPin, INPUT); // configure the echoPin(D11) as an
Input
```

```
digitalWrite(pumpPin, LOW); // Turn off pump
  digitalWrite(valvePin, HIGH);  // Close valve
  pinMode(moisturePin 2, INPUT); // Set pin for moisture
measurements as input pin
  pinMode (valvePin 2, OUTPUT); // Set pin for valve control as
output pin
  pinMode(pumpPin 2, OUTPUT); // Set pin for pump control as
output pin
  digitalWrite(pumpPin 2, LOW); // Turn off pump
  }
void loop() {
  ArduinoCloud.update();
  // Inserted code
  //LIQUID DETECTION:
  liquid detection = digitalRead(liquid detectionPin);
  Serial.print(liquid detection); //Digital value: 1 (liquid
detected) or 0 (no liquid)
  Serial.print(": ");
  if (digitalRead(liquid detectionPin)) {
   Serial.println("Liquid Detected!");
  }
  else {
   Serial.println("No Liquid!");
  delay(500);
  //SOIL MOISTURE
  relative moisture = analogRead(moisturePin);
  //Maps a number from one range to another:
  //map(value, fromLow, fromHigh, toLow, toHigh)
  soil moisture = map(relative moisture, AirValue, WaterValue,
0, 100);
  if (soil moisture >= 100) {
   soil moisture = 100;
  } else if (soil moisture <= 0) {</pre>
   soil moisture = 0;
  Serial.print("Relative: ");
  Serial.println(relative moisture);
  Serial.print("Soil: ");
  Serial.println(soil moisture);
  delay(2);
  relative moisture 2 = analogRead(moisturePin 2);
  soil moisture 2 = map(relative moisture 2, AirValue,
WaterValue, 0, 100);
```

```
if (soil moisture 2 >= 100) {
    soil moisture 2 = 100;
  } else if (soil moisture 2 <= 0) {</pre>
   soil moisture 2 = 0;
  Serial.print("Relative: ");
  Serial.println(relative moisture 2);
  Serial.print("Soil: ");
  Serial.println(soil moisture 2);
  delay(2);
  //WATERING
  if (watering == 1) {
                                 // Chceck if needs watering
    water plant(pumpPin, valvePin);
                                  // Update watering state
    watering = 0;
  }
  if (watering 2 == 1) {
                                 // Chceck if needs watering
    water plant(pumpPin 2, valvePin 2);
                                   // Update watering state
    watering 2 = 0;
  }
  //WATER LEVEL
  digitalWrite(triggerPin, LOW); //set trigger signal low for
  delayMicroseconds(2);
  /*send 10 microsecond pulse to trigger pin of HC-SR04 */
  digitalWrite(triggerPin, HIGH); // make trigger pin active
hiah
  delayMicroseconds(10);
                                 // wait for 10 microseconds
  digitalWrite(triggerPin, LOW); // make trigger pin active
low
  /*Measure the Echo output signal duration or pulse width */
  duration = pulseIn(echoPin, HIGH); // save time duration
value in "duration variable
  distance = duration * 0.034 / 2; //Convert pulse duration
into distance
  liquid level = sensor distance - distance;
  // print measured distance value on Arduino serial monitor
  Serial.print("Water level: ");
  Serial.print(liquid level);
  Serial.println(" cm");
  delay(1000);
}
```

```
/*
  Since Valve is READ WRITE variable, onValveChange() is
  executed every time a new value is received from IoT Cloud.
*/
void onValveChange()
// Switch between the two valves
    if (valve)
       digitalWrite(valvePin, HIGH);
    else
       digitalWrite(valvePin, LOW);
}
  Since SwitchPump is READ WRITE variable,
onSwitchPumpChange() is
  executed every time a new value is received from IoT Cloud.
* /
void onSwitchPumpChange() {
  // Switch between the two pumps
  if(switchPump)
    digitalWrite(pumpPin, HIGH);
  else
    digitalWrite(pumpPin, LOW);
}
           water_plant
         (pumpPin,valvePin)
     Open valve
                                        watering = 1
                                             False
    valvePin = LOW
                 Turn on pump
                               water_plant
                                           Do nothing
    pumpPin = HIGH
                                         watering = 0
                Turn off pump
    Wait 3 seconds
                  Close valve
     pumpPin = LOW
           valvePin = HIGH
```

# SENSOR MODULE

#### Sensors used:

## eCO<sub>2</sub> and TVOC measurements

Sensor: SGP30

Link: https://www.adafruit.com/product/3709

Library: Adafruit SGP30

#### CO2 concentration

Sensor: MHZ-19b

Link: https://www.winsen-sensor.com/d/files/infrared-gas-

sensor/mh-z19b-co2-ver1 0.pdf

Library: MH-Z19

# Temperature and humidity measurements

Sensor: Si7021

Link: https://www.sonoff.sk/kategoria/komponenty-cidla-a-

senzory/th-sensor-si7021-senzor-teploty-a-vlhkosti/

Library: DHTNEW

## Source code:

```
//include libraries
#include <Arduino.h>
#include <Wire.h>
#include "Adafruit SGP30.h"
#include <dhtnew.h>
#include "MHZ19.h"
#include <SoftwareSerial.h>
//pin definition
#define RX PIN 16
                     // Rx pin which the MHZ19 Tx pin is
attached to
#define TX PIN 17 // Tx pin which the MHZ19 Rx pin is
attached to
#define BAUDRATE 9600 // Device to MH-Z19 Serial baudrate
(should not be changed)
// define variables
int CO2;
float temperature;
float humidity;
// SGP30
Adafruit SGP30 sgp;
uint32 t getAbsoluteHumidity(float temperature, float
humidity) {
//approximation formula from Sensirion SGP30 Driver
Integration chapter 3.15
```

```
const float absoluteHumidity = 216.7f * ((humidity / 100.0f) *
6.112f * exp((17.62f * temperature) / (243.12f + temperature))
/ (273.15f + temperature)); //[g/m^3]
const uint32 t absoluteHumidityScaled =
static_cast<uint32_t>(1000.0f * absoluteHumidity); //[mg/m^3]
return absoluteHumidityScaled;
}
// Si7021
DHTNEW mySensor(4);
// MHZ-19b
MHZ19 myMHZ19;
                           // Constructor for library
SoftwareSerial mySerial(RX PIN, TX PIN); // Create device to
MH-Z19 serial
void setup() {
  Serial.begin(115200);
 while (!Serial) { delay(10); } // Wait for serial console
to open!
 mySerial.begin(BAUDRATE); // (Uno example) device to MH-Z19
serial start
 must be passed to library begin().
  myMHZ19.autoCalibration(); // Turn auto calibration ON (OFF
autoCalibration(false))
// SGP30
  Serial.println("SGP30 test");
  if (! sqp.begin()){
   Serial.println("Sensor not found :(");
   while (1);
  Serial.print("Found SGP30 serial #");
  Serial.print(sgp.serialnumber[0], HEX);
  Serial.print(sqp.serialnumber[1], HEX);
  Serial.println(sqp.serialnumber[2], HEX);
  // If you have a baseline measurement from before you can
assign it to start, to 'self-calibrate'
  //sqp.setIAQBaseline(0x8E68, 0x8F41); // Will vary for each
sensor!
// temp. and humidity measurements from Si7021 are used in
SGP30 code
 mySensor.setHumOffset(10);
 mySensor.setTempOffset(-3.5);
}
```

```
int counter = 0;
void loop() {
mySensor.read();
temperature = mySensor.getTemperature();
humidity = mySensor.getHumidity();
// If you have a temperature / humidity sensor, you can set the
absolute humidity to enable the humditiy compensation for the
air quality signals
sgp.setHumidity(getAbsoluteHumidity(temperature, humidity));
if (! sgp.IAQmeasure()) {
    Serial.println("Measurement failed");
   return;
 }
Serial.print("Temperature
                             "); Serial.print(temperature);
Serial.print(" C\t");
                             ");
Serial.print("Humidity
                                       Serial.print(humidity);
Serial.print(" %\t");
Serial.print("TVOC "); Serial.print(sgp.TVOC); Serial.print("
ppb\t");
Serial.print("eCO2 "); Serial.print(sqp.eCO2); Serial.print("
ppm\t");
if (! sgp.IAQmeasureRaw()) {
    Serial.println("Raw Measurement failed");
    return;
// MHZ-19b measurement
CO2 = myMHZ19.getCO2();
Serial.print("CO2 - mhz "); Serial.print(CO2); Serial.println("
ppm");
delay(2000);
  counter++;
  if (counter == 30) {
    counter = 0;
    uint16 t TVOC base, eCO2 base;
    if (! sqp.getIAQBaseline(&eCO2 base, &TVOC base)) {
      Serial.println("Failed to get baseline readings");
      return;
    }
    Serial.print("***Baseline
                                values:
                                               eCO2: 0x'');
Serial.print(eCO2 base, HEX);
    Serial.print(" & TVOC: 0x"); Serial.println(TVOC base,
HEX);
}
```