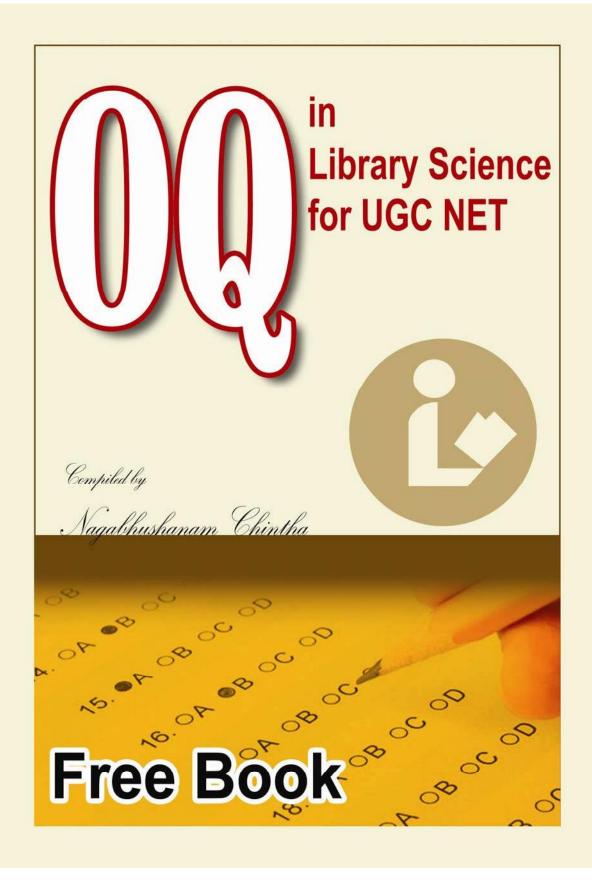
++



1. Identify the association that has changed its original name:
(A) ILA (B) SLA (C) LA (D) ALA
2. Conference proceedings are considered asdocuments.
(A) Conventional(B) Primary(C) Secondary(D) Tertiary
3. Rules for dictionary catalogue were devised by :
(A) A. Pannizzi (B) C. C. Jewet (C) S. Lubetzky (D) C. A. Cutter
4. RSS feed is a tool of :
 (A) Graphic design (B) Web 1.0 (C) Web 2.0 (D) Architecture
5. An appropriate source to find out descriptive information is
(A) Bibliography(B) Directory(C) Encyclopedia(D) Dictionary
6. Glossary is a :
 (A) List of technical words with definitions (B) List of words in a language (C) List of thematically arranged words (D) Alphabetical index to passages of work

7. One of the following search engine is exclusively meant for scientific information:
(A) Google (B) Yahoo (C) SCIRUS (D) Altavista
8. Technological Gatekeeper is:
 (A) A formal method of giving current awareness service (B) A method of technology assessment and evaluation (C) A process of transfer of technology (D) An informal mechanism of keeping user informed of relevant development
9. Who among the following honoured with 'Nobel Prize' for his substantial contribution in Documentation ?
 (A) S. C. Bradford (B) Loosjes (C) Eric De Grolier (D) Henri La Fontaine
10. The Farmington plan is associated with:
 (A) Library Legislation (B) Library Cataloguing (C) Library Cooperation (D) Library Indexing Service
11. UNESCO assisted Model Public Library in India is located at :
(A) Kolkata (B) Delhi (C) Mumbai (D) Chennai
12. Mark the 'odd one out':
 (A) Cow-Calf principle (B) Principle of osmosis (C) Wall picture principle (D) Whole organ principle

13. GUI stands for :
(A) Graphic User Interface(B) Graphic User Interaction(C) Graphic Utility Interface(D) Great Union of India
14. Shelf list facilitates
 (A) Classification (B) Weeding out (C) Stock verification (D) Documentation
15. The office of patent information system in India is at
(A) Mumbai (B) New Delhi (C) Kolkata (D) Nagpur
16. Questionnaire is a :
 (A) Research method (B) Measurement technique (C) Tool for data collection (D) Data analysis technique
17. A periodical evaluation of an employee is done through
(A) Job rotation(B) Performance appraisal(C) Refresher course(D) Work guide
18. CCF stands for
 (A) Current Classification Format (B) Current Communication Format (C) Common Communication Format (D) Common Classification Format
19. "Controlled Group" is a term used in
(A) Survey research (B) Historical research

(C) Experimental research
(D) Descriptive research
20. 'Noise' in Information Retrieval is due to
(A) Precision
(B) Recall
(C) Relevant information
(D) Redundant information
(D) Redundant information
21. The concept "Invisible College" first used by :
(A) Eugene Garfield
(B) Derek Solla Price
(C) Allent Kent
(D) Carl Savage
22. Who enunciated the term 'hypertext'?
22. Who chanciated the term hypertext.
(A) E. Garfield
(B) Bill Gates
(C) Ted Nelson
(D) Raj Reddy
22 'Cranfield Project' is an example of
23. 'Cranfield Project' is an example of
(A) Expanimental Degraph
(A) Experimental Research
(B) Survey Research
(C) Case Study
(D) Historical Research
24 IELA 4 - 1 4 - 6 II 1 A 1 - 1 114 6 D- 1 1 - 4 1 2 1 - 4 1
24. IFLA took up the "Universal Availability of Publication" program in the year
(A) 1072
(A) 1973
(B) 1976
(C) 1972
(D) 1970
25 I 11 C
25. International Information System on Research in Documentation (ISORID) was
established by :
(A) IFLA
(B) UNESCO
(C) SLA
(D) ALA

26. What is the relationship between ISBD and cataloguing codes?

(B) Cataloguing codes will include bibliographic description

(A) They are not related at all

(C) ISBD includes cataloguing rules(D) ISBD can replace cataloguing rules

27. COPSAT stands for......

 (A) Cooperative periodicals in science and technology (B) Current online periodicals in science and technology (C) Current online patent in science and technology (D) Contents of periodicals in science and technology 	
28. The journal "Knowledge Organization" is published by :	
(A) IFLA (B) ISKO (C) LA (D) LC	
29. Tagging in web 2.0 application is called:	
(A) Taxonomy(B) Folksonomy(C) Syndication(D) Directory	
30. Inductive logic proceeds from :	
 (A) General to General (B) Particular to General (C) General to Particular (D) Particular to Particular 	
31. CRG stands for :	
 (A) Committee for Rural Grant (B) Classification Research Group (C) Committee for Ranganathan Guild (D) Classic Research Grant 	
Hyr Crossroshttp://hyrrossro_som	Page

- 32. Which of the following is not a "Graphic representation"?
- (A) Pie Chart
- (B) Bar Chart
- (C) Table
- (D) Histogram
- 33. Match the following:
- (1) Scientific Management (a) Peter Drucker
- (2) Theory of Motivation (b) Maslow
- (3) Theory of X and Y (c) F. W. Taylor
- (4) MBO (d) McGregor
- (A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-d, 4-a
- (B) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c, 4-d
- (C) 1— d 2— b, 3— a, 4— c
- (D) 1— a, 2— d, 3— c, 4— b
- 34. Match the following:

List 'A' List 'B'

- (1) Chattopadhyaya (a) 1959 Committee Report
- (2) Kothari Commission (b) 1942 Report
- (3) Sinha Committee Report (c) 1986
- (4) Fyzee Committee Report (d) 1966

Answer:

- (A) 1 (c), 2 (d), 3 (a), 4 (b)
- (B) 1 (d), 2 (c), 3 (b), 4 (a)
- (C) 1 (b), 2 (d), 3 (c), 4 (a)
- (D) 1 (d), 2 (b), 3 (a), 4 (c)
- 35. "Fair use" is a term most relevant to:
- (A) Intellectual Property Right
- (B) Books borrowed for home reading
- (C) Copyright
- (D) Use of reference books
- 36. Match the following:
- (1) Bradford's Law (a) Author's productivity
- (2) Lotkas Law (b) Citation indexing
- (3) Eugene Garfield (c) Word frequency
- (4) Zip's Law (d) Law of scattering

Answer: (A) 1 (a), 2 (b), 3 (d), 4 (c) (B) 1 (c), 2 (d), 3 (b), 4 (a) (C) 1 (d), 2 (b), 3 (a), 4 (c) (D) 1 (d), 2 (a), 3 (b), 4 (c) 37. The oldest and the largest Library Association in the world is
37. The oldest and the largest Library Association in the world is
(A) ALA (B) LA (C) IFLA (D) IASLIC
38. Which of the following is not covered under Intellectual Property Rights?
(A) Copyrights (B) Patents (C) Trade Marks (D) Thesaurus
39. Ontology is
 (A) An Indexing Method (B) Classification of Internet based documents (C) Cataloguing of Internet based documents (D) Documentation service
40. Mozilla is
(A) An operating system (B) Library software (C) A web browser (D) A search engine
41. The concept of concretes and processes was given by
(A) Kaiser (B) H. P. Luhn (C) Derek Austin (D) S. R. Ranganathan
42. Chairman of National Knowledge Commission is
(A) Pranab Mukherjee(B) Nandan Nilekani

(C) P. Chidambaram
(D) Sam Pitroda
(D) Sam Tittoua
43. High Level Language is
(A) Disk space dependent
(B) O. S. dependent
(C) Machine independent
(D) Machine dependent
(b) Watimit dependent
44. The transmission of receiver's reaction back to the sender is known as
(A) Noise
(B) Feedback
(C) Medium
(D) Source
45. Currently "Science Citation Index" is published by
(A) Emerald
(B) Springer
(C) Thomson
(D) Elsevier
46. Protocol means
(A) Interchange of data between two devices
(B) Interchange of data between two computers
(C) Linkage between two computers
(D) Linkage between two devices
47. Which of the following is an 'Acronym'?
(A) UNESCO
(B) UNO
(C) UNDP
(D) UGC
48. A set of rules that govern overall data communications system is popularly known
as
(A) Protocol
(B) Agreement
(C) Pact
(D) Memorandum

49. Staffing is concerned with providing and maintainingresources.
 (A) Physical (B) Technical (C) Human (D) Financial
50. Which of the following is not true about e journals?
 (A) They are distributed through digital methods (B) They also have editors or editorial boards (C) They are publications of serial nature (D) They are always free of cost
51. What is the meaning of 'Translation Pools' ?
 (A) Details about the names of translation experts (B) Details about the addresses of the translators (C) Agency of the names of translation experts (D) None of these.
52. How is stochastic equation of information solved ?
 (A) By statistical rules (B) By dynamic rules (C) By statistical and dynamic rules (D) None of these.
53. Which are the facets relating to INFLIBNET?
(a) CALIBER (b) PLANNER (c) UGC-INFONET (d) SOUL
Of these: (A) (a), (c) and (d) (C) (a). (b) and (c) (B) (c), (b) and (a) (D) all of these.
54.Match the following and choose the correct answer from the codes given below:
List A List B (1) Asiatic Society Library a. Kolkata (2) Connemara Public Library b. Chennai

HCC NET Objective Questions in HS

OUT WELL ADJECTIVE AUGSTIONS III T12
(3) Khuda Bux Oriental Library c. Patna (4) Saraswati Mahal Library d. Tanjore. Codes: 1 2 3 4 (A) a b c d (B) d a b c (C) c d a b (Dl b d a c
55. Match the following and choose the correct answer from the codes given below:
List A List B (1) World of learning a. Alphabetical (2) Sear's list of subject headings b. Classified (3) Roget's International Thesaurus c. Geographical (4) Indian National Bibliography d. Topical.
Codes: 1 2 3 4 (A) b d a c (B) c a d b (C) a b c d (Dl d a b c
56. Whether Library is a system ?
 (A) Yes, it has various sections as sub-systems coordinating each other forming a system (B) No, it cannot be a system (C) It is quite impossible (D) Library is separate from a system.
57 . The 'Five Laws of Library Science' propounded by Dr. S. R. Ranganathan, is which type of research?
 (A) Applied research (B) Pure research (C) Basic research (D) Survey research.
58. Information Science is a discipline that investigates
(A) the properties and behaviour of information

(B) the forces governing the flow of information

(D) all of these.

(C) the means for processing of information for optimal uses

59. 'Kinesis' is related to

65. A. B. Maslow is related to
 (A) Theory X and Theory Y (B) Hierarchy of human needs (C) 14 principles (D) Hygienic factors.
66. Information may be categorised into
 (A) logical, analytical and statistical (B) statistical, descriptive and analytical (C) analytical, statistical and systematic (D) systematic, analytical and descriptive.
67. What is not open source software for library management?
(A) KOHA (B) AVANT1 (C) php my Library (D) 2.39-50.
68. What is Delphi method?
 (A) It is a programming language (B) It is a method of research (C) It is a software (D) It is used for cost-benefit analysis.
69. Who contributed on the systematic use of user's education?
 (A) S.S.Green (B) Melvil Dewey (C) E. J. Coates (D) Patricia B. Knapp.
70. Who said 'some books are to be tasted, others to be swallowed and some few to be chewed and digested'?
(A) John Milton (B) William Jones (C) Francis Bacon (D) Benjamin Franklin

71. In which year was the International Book Year celebrated by UNESCO?
(A) 1931 (B) 1947 (C) 1952 (D) 1972 .
72. What is the full form of IATLIS?
 (A) International Association of Trade Unions of Library Science (B) Indian Association of Teachers in Library & Information Science (C) Indian Airlines Technical Lower Intelligence Services (D) Indian Air Traffic Light, Information and Signal.
73. ISBN consists of
 (A) ten digits (B) thirteen digits (C) 8-bytes (D) there are no digits.
74. DDC 22nd edition is published by
(A) Forest Press (B) OCLC (C) IFLA (D) UNESCO.
75. Management by Objectives (MBO) is introduced by
(A) H. W. Wilson(B) S. R. Ranganathan(C) F. W. Taylor(D) Peter Drucker.
76. ASK (Approach, Skill, Knowledge) principle is related to
(A) classification(B) management(C) ICT(D) standards.

- 77. Which section of the library is known as hub of the staff?
- (A) Maintenance section
- (B) Reference section
- (C) Circulation section
- (D) Technical section.
- 78. Who suggested for Book Order Vigilance Pad (BOVP)?
- (A) C. A. Cutter
- (B) Melvil Dewey
- (C) Michael Gorman
- (D) S. R. Ranganathan.
- 79. The subject of Research Methodology is the outcome of the mode of formation of subject, known as
- (A) Loose Assemblage
- (B) Fission
- (C) Distillation
- (D) Cluster.
- 80. IIA founded in U.S.A. in 1968 stands for
- (A) Integrated Industry Association
- (B) Information Industry Association
- (C) Integrated Illiteracy eradication Association
- (D) Institute of Information Association.
- 81. BSO in classification stands for
- (A) Basic Subject of Organisation
- (B) **Broad Subject Ordering**
- (C) Bibliography of Subject Ordering
- (D) Bibliographic Subject Organisation.
- 82. The concept of Selective Dissemination of Information (SDI) was introduced by
- (A) Kaiser
- (B) Luhn of IBM
- (C) S. R. Ranganathan
- (D) Derek Austin.

83. The book 'Library Administration' was brought out by Ranganathan in (A) 1925 (B) 1933 (C) 1931 (D) 1935. 84. The Chairman of the National Knowledge Commission, Govt. of India, is (A) D. P. Chattopadhyay (B) B. P. Barua (C) R. K. Dasgupta (D) Dr. Sam Pitroda. 85. IPR stands for (A) Indian Press Registration (B) Intellectual Property Right (C) International Property Right (D) Indian Property Regulations. 86. 'Fair use' is the norm for determining the legality of (A) producing the second edition of a book (B) photocopying an entire book (C) making available a book to another library on inter-library loan (D) prescribing a book as a text book. 87. User education may be provided in four interrelated areas which are (A) user's awareness, user studies, library orientation, bibliographic instruction (B) user's awareness, library orientation, inter-profiling, bibliographic instruction (C) aptitude test of the users, use of cataloguing, inter-profiling, user's awareness (D) bibliographic instruction, library orientation, computer literacy, user's awareness. 88. Generally a reference service of a library in the conventional form is processed through the stages which are

Hy__r__ Crossro__shttp://hy__r__rossro_s._om

(A) preparation, service, assimilation

(B) indexing, orientation, delivery of the query's reply

(D) preparation, orientation, delivery of the query's reply.

(C) orientation, user's study, photocopy supplied

- 89. There are a few basic factors which may be applied in winning the hearts of the readers. They are
- (A) psychological factor, environmental factor, social factor
- (B) self factor, psychological factor, service factor
- (C) service factor, philosophical factor, self factor
- (Dl technological factor, service factor, self factor.
- 90. The marketing concepts in Library Service include
- (A) analysis, planning, implementation and control
- (B) advertising, planning, analysis and control
- (C) distribution, control, analysis, implementation
- (D) indexing, planning, control and implementation.
- 91. The first centre to use computer in the library and information activities in India is
- (A) DESIDOC
- (B) INSDOC
- (C) DRTC
- (D) UGC.
- 92. LA is the Library Association of
- (A) Manipur
- (B) Andhra Pradesh
- (C) Great Britain
- (Dl Canada.
- 93. Three great achievements in U.S.A. were noticed i.e. enunciation of DDC classification scheme, formation of American Library Association and the publication of 1 st Journal of the librarianship in the year
- (A) 1857 (B) 1859
- (C) 1876 (D) 1901.
- 94. Of the following libraries in India, which one is the oldest library?
- (A) Asiatic Society Library, Bombay
- (B) Connemara Public Library, Madras
- (C) Delhi Public Library, Delhi
- (D) National Library of India, Calcutta.
- 95. Calcutta Public Library was established during
- (A) 15th Century (B) 16th Century
- (C) 19th Century (D) 20th Century.

96. Who is regarded as father of bibliography? (A) Paul Otlet (B) Conrad Gesner (C) J. C. Brunet (D) A. C. Fosket. 97. Linear model of communication in knowledge based on Aristotles' model of communication was proposed by (A) Juger Heberman (B) A.J. Wells (C) C.E. Shannon & W. Weaver (D) G. Gerbner 98. ISBN changed from 10 digits to 13 from (A) **January**, 2007 (B) January, 2008 (C) January, 2006 (D) January, 2005 99. Library Legislation refers to the development of (A) Academic Libraries (B) Special Libraries (C) Public Libraries (D) None of the above 100. IASLIC was founded in the year (A) 1955 (B) 1965 (C) 1975 (D) 1985 101. Which Bibliometrics Law describes the frequency of publication by authors in a given field?

(A) Lotka's Law(B) Zipf's Law(C) Bradford's Law(D) None of the above

102. Which one of the following protocols is used in transferring file over internet?
(A) POP (B) FTP (C) SMTP (D) TCP/IP
103. Transistors were used in which generation of computers?
 (A) First generation (B) Second generation (C) Third generation (D) None of the above
104. Linux is an example of
(A) Application software(B) System software(C) Library software(D) All of the above
105. UNIMARC was developed under the umbrella of (A) OCLC (B) IFLA (C) UNESCO (D) None of the above
106. How different nodes in a network are connected and how they communicate are determined?
 (A) By Network Connectivity (B) By Network Topology (C) By Network Compatibility (D) None of the above
107. WorldCat is maintained by
 (A) Library of Congress (B) Online Computer Library Center (C) American Library Association (D) None of the above

108. Number of States in India which have enacted Public Library Legislation till date is
(A) Seven (B) Ten (C) Thirteen (D) Sixteen (may be 19)
109. When a source referred to once in the footnote is referred to again and between them no other reference (i.e. citation) intervenes, then the footnote uses the abbreviation
(A) Ibid (B) Id (C) Op.Cit (D) None of the above
110. Indexing system in which the coordination of terms is done at the search stage was first introduced by
(A) S.R. Ranganathan(B) Derek Austin(C) Morfiner Taube(D) H.P. Luhn
111. Index Medicus is brought out as printed publication
(A) Quarterly(B) Monthly(C) Weekly(D) Has ceased publication
112. Which publication was not authored by S.R. Ranaganathan?
 (A) Prolegomena to libraryclassification (B) Reference Service (C) Ramanujan : The man and the Mathematician (D) Living with Books
113. JSTOR is an online system for archiving and accessing academic journals. It is located in
(A) Germany (B) UK (C) USA

(D) Budapest

- 114. 260 tag in MARC format marks
- (A) The edition
- (B) The publication information
- (C) The physical description
- (D) A topical subject heading
- 115. Mean, Median and Mode are
- (A) Measure of Central tendency
- (B) Measure of deviation
- (C) Measure of Information System
- (D) Measure of Sampling
- 116. 'Five Laws of Library Science' was first published in
- (A) 1925
- (B) 1930
- (C) 1931
- (D) 1933
- 117. Assertion (A): ISBDs were devised by UNESCO.

Reason (R): They are the standards for all types of bibliographic activities.

- (A) (A) is false but (R) is true.
- (B) (A) is true but (R) is false.
- (C) Both (A) and (R) are true.
- (D) Both (A) and (R) are false.
- 118. Assertion (A): Web OPAC is a computerised library catalogue available to the patrons online.

Reason (R): It can be searched by the users within the four walls of the library only.

- (A) (A) is true but (R) is false.
- (B) (A) is false but (R) is true.
- (C) Both (A) and (R) are true.
- (D) Both (A) and (R) are false.
- 119. Assertion (A): A sample is the representation of a whole.

Reason (R): The sample is subjected to observation and analysis.

- (A) (A) is false but (R) is true.
- (B) (A) is true but (R) is false.
- (C) Both (A) and (R) are true.
- (D) Both (A) and (R) are false.

120. Assertion (A): Electronic access to information is becoming easy day by day.

Reason (R): The printed materials pouring out of the world presses do not show any decline.

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true but
- (R) is not a correct explanation of (A).
- (B) (A) is true but (R) is false.
- (C) (A) is false but (R) is true.
- (D) Both (A) and (R) are false.
- 121. Assertion (A): Use of microfilming is becoming obsolete day by day.

Reason (R): ICT has developed digital technologies, which are quick, cheap and easy to handle.

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true but
- (R) is not a correct explanation.
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are false.
- (C) (A) is true but (R) is false.
- (D) Both (A) and (R) are true and
- (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- 122. Assertion (A): Libraries are changing in the wake of emerging ICT environment.

Reason (R): Libraries are adopting new competencies to operate services in the environment of information super highways.

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true.
- (B) (A) is true but (R) is false.
- (C) (A) is false but (R) is true.
- (D) Both (A) and (R) are false.
- 123. Assertion (A): Primary source is one in which information is original.

Reason (R): Secondary sources repack the original information.

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true.
- (B) (A) is true but (R) is false.
- (C) (A) is false but (R) is true.
- (D) Both (A) and (R) are false.
- 124. Assertion (A): Loose Assemblage is the process of linking together different classes.

Reason (R): This mode was formerly known as subject bundle.

- (A) (A) is false but (R) is true.
- (B) (A) is true but (R) is false.
- (C) Both (A) and (R) are true.
- (D) Both (A) and (R) are false.

125. Assertion (A): Provision of services outside the library regular service centre or outlet is essential to reach more and more patrons.

Reason (R): Library extension services help libraries to cover larger population of patrons.

- (A) (A) is true but (R) is false.
- (B) (A) is false but (R) is true.
- (C) Both (A) and (R) are true.
- (D) Both (A) and (R) are false.
- 126. Arrange the following in chronological sequence :
- (I) Digital Millennium Copyright Act
- (II) Right to Information Act. (India)
- (III) Information Technology Act (India)
- (IV) Indian Copyright Act

Codes:

- (A) (IV), (I), (III), (II)
- (B) (IV), (II), (III), (I)
- (C) (I), (IV), (II), (III)
- (D) (II), (III), (I), (IV)
- 127. Arrange the following States according to the year of enactment of library legislation:
- (I) Pondicherry
- (II) Orissa
- (III) Rajasthan
- (IV) Karnataka

Codes:

- (A) (IV), (I), (III), (II)
- (B) (IV), (II), (III), (I)
- (C) (IV), (III), (I), (II)
- (D) (I), (III), (II), (IV)
- 128. Arrange the following softwares according to their development:
- (I) E-Print
- (II) D-space
- (III) Greenstone
- (IV) Koha

Codes:

- (A) (IV), (III), (II), (I)
- (B) (III), (I), (I), (IV)
- (C) (I), (II), (III), (IV)
- (D) (II), (III), (IV), (I)

129. Arrange the following steps in research in the sequence of their occurrence:

(I) Report writing
(II) Research design
(III) Collection of data
(IV) Analysis of data
Codes:
(A) (III), (IV), (II), (I)
(B) (I), (III), (IV), (II)
(C) (II) , (IV) , (I)
(D) (IV), (II), (III), (I)
130. Arrange the following chronologically according to their year of Birth :
(I) S.R. Ranganathan
(II) Melvil Dewey
(III) C.A. Cutter
(IV) B.S. Kesvan
Codes:
(A) (II), (I), (IV), (III)
(B) (I), (III), (IV), (II)
(C) (III) , (I) , (I) , (IV)
(D) (IV), (I), (II), (III)
131. Arrange the following chronologically according to their development :
(I) Punched Card
(II) Floppy Disc
(III) Magnetic Disc
(IV) Optical Disc
Codes:
(A) (II), (III), (I), (IV)
(B) (I) , (III) , (IV)
(C) (I) , (II) , (III) , (IV)
(D) (IV), (I), (II), (III)
132. Arrange the following according to their development :
(I) CCC
(II) ISBD
(III) CCF
(IV) MARC II
Codes:
(A) (I), (IV), (II), (III)
(B) (I) , (IV) , (III)
Hy r Crossro detto://by r rossro s om

- (C) (I), (IV), (III), (II) (D) (IV), (II), (III), (I)
- 133. The spiral of scientific method involves the following steps in correct sequence :
- (I) Zenith
- (II) Ascendant
- (III) Nadir
- (IV) Descendant

Codes:

- (A) (I), (III), (II), (IV)
- (B) (II), (III), (I), (IV)
- (C) (III), (II), (I), (IV)
- (D) (I), (IV), (III), (II)
- 134. Match the following:

List – I List – II

- (a) AACR-1
- (i) 1978
- (b) AACR-2
- (ii) 1967
- (c) ALA code
- (iii) 1934
- (d) CCC
- (iv) 1949

Codes:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) (iv) (ii) (iii) (i)
- (B) (ii) (i) (iii) (iv)
- (C) (i) (iii) (iv) (ii)
- (D) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
- 135. Match the following:

List – I List – II

(a) Books in print

- (i) Bibliography of periodicals
- (b) Ulrich International Periodical Directory (ii) Trade Bibliography
- (c) World of Learning

(iii) Biographical source

(d) Who's Who in India

(iv) Directory

Codes:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
- (B) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (C) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)
- (D) (i) (iii) (iv) (ii)

136. Match the following:

List - I List - II

- (a) Henry Fayol
- (b) F.W. Taylor
- (c) Abraham Maslow
- (d) Douglas McGregor
- Management

Codes:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- (B) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (C) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
- (D) (i) (iv) (iii) (ii)
- 137. Match the following:

List – I List – II

- (a) E.J. Coates
- (i) KWIC
- (b) H.P. Luhn
- (ii) Things, Property, Material, Action

(i) Hierarchy Needs

(iii) Classical Theory

(iv) Scientific

(ii) Theory X and Theory Y

- (c) Derek Austin
- (iii) Concrete and process

(d) J. Kaiser

(iv) PRECIS

Codes:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (B) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
- (C) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)
- (D) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)

138. Match the following:

List - I List - II

- (a) NTC
- (i) UK
- (b) ITC
- (ii) India
- (c) BLDSC
- (iii) Netherlands
- (d) NISCAIR
- (iv) USA

Codes:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii)
- (B) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
- (C) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (D) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)

139. Match the following:

List – I (Subjects) List – II

(Modes of Formation)

- (a) India
 (b) Agriculture of wheat
- (b) Agriculture of wheat
- (c) Biochemistry
- (d) Biological Sciences

Codes:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) (iv) (ii) (iii) (i)
- (B) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (C) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii)
- (D) (ii) (iv) (iii) (i)

- (i) Agglomeration
- (ii) Lamination
- (iii) Fusion
- (iv) Denudation

140. Match the following:

List – I List – II

- (a) Elements of Library Classification
- (b) Little Science Big Science
- (c) Documentation
- (d) Subject Approach to Information

Codes:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
- (B) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)
- (C) (iv) (ii) (iii) (i)
- (D) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)

(i) D.J. Desolla Price

(ii) S.R. Ranganathan

(iii) D.J. Fosket

(iv) S.C. Bradford

Read the passage given below and answer the questions based on your understanding of the passage. (Question Nos. 141-145) In the late 1990s the publishing world launched a new system into the information and publishing world called Digital Object Identifiers (DOIs). DOIs are alphanumeric character strings that identify objects in an electronic environment. DOIs are universal, unique and permanent identification tags for online content that is registered in an online directory. DOIs can cover any form of digital files such as text, image, video, audio or even software. DOIs can also cover many levels of content. For example, it might tag an entire book, a chapter in the book, illustrations, individual sentences, or perhaps the book's index. It is a system that identifies creation endeavours and uniquely marks the content of these items. It is intended to individualize information units on the Web. DOIs can be placed in a variety of places, such as in the object itself, in an information structure that contains the object, on a Web page that describes the element, in a database or as an entry in an indexing system. The identifier tags have no intrinsic meaning, as a classification code does. They are content labels, each being unique and without duplicates. The identifiers are stored in a directory that allows the lookup of the current Internet address of the copyright owner and where the information now resides. The

author, publisher or current owner is responsible for maintaining the response page, which presents data about the information item and the conditions of its use. The directory of DOIs routes inquiries to the up-to-date sites on the Internet for accessing the content of the object. When addresses change, the directory will route the query to where the content is currently located or to where information is given concerning how to obtain it. Over time, when objects move around or change ownership, the directory keeps tabs on these changes.

Although the major purpose of the DOI system is the management of intellectual property, indexing and abstracting services, as well as document delivery services will find DOIs a useful tool.

- 141. What are DOIs?
- (A) DOIs are numbers which identify object in traditional environment
- (B) DOIs are identifiers consisting of alphanumeric character strings for printed materials.
- (C) DOIs are alphanumeric character strings for electronic serials.
- (D) DOIs are alphanumeric character strings for electronic sources of information available online.
- 142. What are the materials covered by DOIs?
- (A) DOIs cover books and journals.
- (B) DOIs cover texts, images, audio visual materials in digital form.
- (C) DOIs cover electronically available S & T information.
- (D) DOIs cover digital format in US and Europe only.
- 143. Do DOIs play any role in grouping of information sources?
- (A) DOIs constitute the e-classification scheme to group sources of information.
- (B) DOIs are not class numbers as such and have nothing to do with arrangement.
- (C) DOIs play the dual role of identifying and grouping.
- (D) DOIs are only like traditional class numbers in e-form.
- 144. What is the major purpose of DOI system?
- (A) To organise e-resources on the Net.
- (B) To manage intellectual property.
- (C) To provide bibliographic description of digitized resources.
- (D) To control free access to eresources
- 145. How does DOI system operate?
- (A) Routes inquiries to designated Document Supply Libraries.
- (B) Routes inquires to up to date sites of digital libraries.
- (C) Routes inquiries to national e-resources depositories
- (D) Routes inquiries to relevant sites on the Net.
- 146. What is Dublin Core?

- (A) Content management tool
- (B) E- Library software
- (C) Metadata standard
- (D) Internet Protocol
- 147. Which one is the most important problem being faced by Institutional Repositories for archiving the documents ?
- (A) Availability
- (B) Rarity
- (C) Copyright issues
- (D) Author's resistance
- 148. As per Indian Copyright Law, copyright is granted for
- (A) Fifty years after the book is published
- (B) Fifty years after the death of the author
- (C) Sixty years after the book is published
- (D) Sixty years after the death of the author
- 149. NAAC stands for
- (A) National Accreditation and Authority Council
- (B) Northern Accreditation and Authorities Committee
- (C) National Assessment and Accreditation Council
- (D) Northern Assessment and Accreditation Council
- 150. The Principle of Local Variation is mainly applicable in
- (A) Cataloguing
- (B) Reference service
- (C) Circulation
- (D) Acquisition
- 151. Who is the Father of Library Movement in USA?
- (A) F. W. Lancaster
- (B) Paul Wasserman
- (C) Melvil Dewey
- (D) Allen Kent
- 152. New Encyclopaedia Britannica is published from
- (A) London
- (B) New York
- (C) Paris
- (D) Chicago

- 153. Who coined the term POSDCORB?
- (A) Henri Fayol
- (B) Max Weber
- (C) Gulick and Urwick
- (D) Wilson and Tauber
- 154. Which one is not a Canon (as given by Ranganthan)?
- (A) Canon of Comprehensiveness
- (B) Canon of Consistence
- (C) Canon of Context
- (D) Canon of Currency
- 155. 'Union List' is the record of
- (A) Library members living in a Union Territory
- (B) Periodicals available in a group of libraries
- (C) Library unions located in a Union Territory
- (D) List of
- 156. The term 'bibliometrics' was first used by
- (A) S. R. Ranganathan
- (B) Alan Pritchard
- (C) Allen Kent
- (D) A. C. Foskett
- 157. Auto abstracting involves use of computers to
- (A) structure the content of an abstract
- (B) prepare indicative abstract
- (C) pickup significant words
- (D) arrange words in order
- 158. 'Half-life' in Information Science relates to
- (A) Rate of obsolescence
- (B) Rate of growth
- (C) Degree of scatter
- (D) Information explosion
- 159. In "Spiral of Scientific Method", Zenith marks
- (A) Facts
- (B) Empirical laws
- (C) Fundamental laws
- (D) Deduced laws

- 160. Which library is authorized to receive books under 'Delivery of Books Act'?
- (A) National Science Library, Delhi
- (B) Central Library, Delhi
- (C) State Central Library, Mumbai
- (D) Parliament Library, Delhi
- 161. An increase in the level of 'specificity' of indexing languages results in increase in
- (A) Recall
- (B) Precision
- (C) Noise
- (D) both recall and precision
- 162. The term 'Exponential growth' refers to
- (A) Linear growth
- (B) Normal mode of distribution
- (C) Geometric Progression
- (D) Arithmetic Progression
- 163. "Publishers' Weekly" is published by
- (A) H. W. Wilson, New York
- (B) R. R. Bowker, London
- (C) American Library Association, Chicago
- (D) Aslib, London
- 164. All Union Institute for Scientific and Technical Information (VINITI) was established in
- (A) 1952
- (B) 1953
- (C) 1954
- (D) 1956
- 165. Who is the author of "Subject Catalogue"?
- (A) E. J. Coates
- (B) J. Kaiser
- (C) C. A. Cutter
- (D) J. W. Metcalfe

166. Assertion (A): Collection development must be done judiciously.

Reason (R): Demand is the only governing factor in book selection.

Codes:

- (A) (A) is true and (R) is false.
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are true and
- (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- (C) (A) is false and (R) is true.
- (D) Both (A) and (R) are true, but
- (R) is not a correct explanation of (A).

167. Assertion (A): In Colon Classification, 2 represents mother country and 44 represents India. A given library in India can use 2 or 44 for India.

Reason (R): The above is in conformity with Canon of Homonym.

Codes:

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true and
- (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are true but
- (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
- (C) (A) is true, but (R) is false.
- (D) (A) is false, but (R) is true.

168. Assertion (A): In library classification, an empty digit helps in interpolation between two consecutive ordinal numbers.

Reason (R): An empty digit is a digit with ordinal value but no semantic value.

Codes:

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true and
- (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are true, but
- (R) is not a correct explanation of (A).
- (C) (A) is true, but (R) is false.
- (D) (A) is false, but (R) is true.
- 169. Assertion (A): A bibliographic utility is an organization that offers bibliographic services to subscribing libraries.

Reason (R): Library of Congress is a bibliographic utility.

Codes:

- (A) (A) is true, but (R) is false.
- (B) (A) is false, but (R) is true.
- (C) Both (A) and (R) are true.
- (D) Both (A) and (R) are false.
- 170. Assertion (A): LISA is a primary source of information.

Reason (R): All primary sources provide original information.

Codes:

(A) (A) is false, but (R) is true.

- (B) (A) is true, but (R) is false.
- (C) Both (A) and (R) are false.
- (D) Both (A) and (R) are true.
- 171. Assertion (A): According to the fifth Law of Library Science, Library is a growing organization.

Reason (R): All resources of library are supposed to grow.

Codes:

- (A) (A) is true, but (R) is false.
- (B) (A) is false, but (R) is true.
- (C) Both (A) and (R) are false.
- (D) Both (A) and (R) are true.
- 172. Assertion (A): Information Literacy provides training to use maximum resources available in a library.

Reason (R): Information Literacy always aims at specific group of users.

Codes:

- (A) (A) is false, but (R) is true.
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are false.
- (C) Both (A) and (R) are true.
- (D) (A) is true, but (R) is false.
- 173. Assertion (A): Performance measurement is necessary to support decision making in libraries and information centres.

Reason (R): Right decision at a right time helps libraries and information centres to achieve goals.

Codes:

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are true and
- (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are false.
- (C) Both (A) and (R) are true, but
- (R) is not a correct explanation of (A).
- (D) (A) is false, but (R) is true.
- 174. Assertion (A): Like social scientists, the natural scientists can also collect data by conducting experiments, interviewing/observing people and reviewing literature.

Reason (R): Social scientists cannot be as objective as can be natural scientists.

Codes:

- (A) (A) is true, but (R) is false.
- (B) (A) is false, but (R) is true.
- (C) Both (A) and (R) are true.
- (D) Both (A) and (R) are false.

175. Assertion (A): Internet access provides information in abundance. Reason (R): Information available on internet always lacks authenticity. Codes: (A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A). (B) (A) is false, but (R) is true. (C) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not a correct explanation of (A). (D) (A) is true but (R) is false. 176. Arrange the following in a logical sequence: (i) Formulation of a hypothesis (ii) Data analysis (iii) Selection of sample (iv) Report writing Codes: (A) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv) (B) (iv), (ii), (i), (iii) (C) (ii), (i), (iv), (iii) (D) (i), (iii), (ii), (iv) 177. Arrange the following according to the year of establishments: (i) NICNET (ii) INDONET (iii) INFLIBNET (iv) MALIBNET Codes: (A) (iv), (i), (iii), (ii) (B) (iv), (ii), (i), (iii) (C) (ii), (i), (iv), (iii) (D) (i), (ii), (iv), (ii)178. Identify the correct order as per year of establishment (i) ASLIB (ii) IATLIS (iii) SLA (iv) ALA Codes:

(**A**) (**iv**), (**ii**), (**i**), (**ii**) (B) (iv), (ii), (i), (iii)

- (C) (ii), (i), (iv), (iii) (D) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv)
- 179. Arrange the following Laws of Library Science as given by Ranganathan:
- (i) Save the time of the reader
- (ii) Books are for use
- (iii) Every book has its reader
- (iv) Every Reader has his book

Codes:

- (A) (ii), (iv), (iii), (i)
- (B) (iv), (ii), (i), (iii)
- (C) (ii), (i), (iv), (iii)
- (D) (iii), (ii), (i), (iv)
- 180. Arrange the following Public Library Acts according to their year of enactment:
- (i) Pondicherry
- (ii) Madras
- (iii) Haryana
- (iv) Orissa

Codes:

- (A) (iv), (iii), (i), (ii)
- (B) (ii), (iii), (i), (iv)
- (C) (ii), (i), (iv), (iii)
- (D) (iii), (ii), (i), (iv)
- 181. Arrange the following in chronological order:
- (i) Fayzee Committee
- (ii) K. P. Sinha Committee
- (iii) Chattopadhyaya Committee
- (iv) Radhakrishnan Committee

Codes:

- (A) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv)
- (B) (iv), (iii), (i), (ii)
- (C) (i), (iv), (ii), (iii)
- (D) (iii), (i), (ii), (iv)
- 182. Arrange the following in chronological order:
- (i) ISBD
- (ii) MARC
- (iii) CCF

(iv) Resource Description and Access (RDA)
Codes:
(A) (ii), (i), (iii), (iv)
(B) (i), (iv), (iii), (ii)
(C) (iii), (iv), (i), (ii)
(D) (ii), (iv), (i), (iii)
183. Arrange the following subjects in ascending order according to their DDC numbers :
(i) Horticulture
(ii) Public Administration
(iii) Metaphysics
(iv) Botany
Codes:
(A) (i), (iv), (iii), (ii)
(B) (iii), (ii), (iv), (i)
(C) (ii) , (iii) , (i) , (iv)
(D) (iv), (ii), (i), (iii)
184. What will be the correct sequence of books on the shelves bearing the following class
numbers ?
(i) 2:51
(ii) 232
(iii) 2;46
(iv) 2'N65
Codes:
(A) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv)
(B) (ii), (i), (iii), (iv)
(C) (iv), (i), (iii), (ii)
(D) (iii), (iv), (ii), (i)
185. Arrange the following classification schemes according to their year of first
publication:
(i) DDC
(ii) CC
(iii) UDC
(iv) LC
Codes:
(A) (i), (iv), (iii), (ii)
(B) (i), (iv), (ii), (iii)
(C) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv)
(D) (ii), (i), (iv), (iii)

186. Match the following:

List - I List - II

- (a) Library of Congress
- (i) 1952

(b) INSDOC

- (ii) 1954
- (c) Delivery of Books Act
- (iii) 1903 (iv) 1800
- (d) Imperial Library, Calcutta

Codes:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) (ii) (i) (iii) (iv)
- (B) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (C) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
- (D) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)

187. Match the following:

List - I List - II

- (a) C.A. Cutter
- (i) Bibliographic Classification
- (b) J.D. Brown
- (ii) Expansive Classification
- (c) S.R.Ranganathan
- (iii) Subject Classification
- (d) H.E. Bliss
- (iv) Colon Classification

Codes:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)
- (B) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (C) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
- (D) (iii) (ii) (iv) (i)

188. Match the following:

List – I List – II

- (a) SENDOC
- (i) Social Sciences
- (b) INPADOC
- (ii) Sciences
- (c) NASSDOC
- (iii) Patents
- (d) INSDOC (NISCAIR)
- (iv) Small Scale Industries

Codes:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)
- (B) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (C) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii)
- (D) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)

189. Match the following

List - I List - II

(a) Best books for the largest numbers

(b) Library is the heart of all university work

(c) First Ph.D. in Library Science

(d) First Librarian of National Library (India)

Codes:

(a) (b) (c) (d)

(A) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)

(B) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)

(C) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)

(D) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii)

190. Match the following

List – I List – II

(a) Books in Print

(b) World of Learning

(c) Keesing's Record of World Events

(d) Fodor's Guide to India

(i) Directory (ii) Trade bibliography

(i) D.B.Krishna Rao

(iii) S. Radhakrishnan

(ii) B.S. Kesavan

(iv) MelvilDewey

(iii) Travel guide

(iv) Newspaper digest

Codes:

(a) (b) (c) (d)

(A) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)

(B) (ii) (iii) (i) (iv)

(C) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)

(D) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)

Read the passage below and answer the questions based on understanding of the passage. (Answer 191-195 questions)

Communication media have evolved along with technological transformations and progress. Man's inborn need to communicate led to the first medium for the global transmission of information – the printing press, followed by the rotary printing press. But the need for information has always been in continuous growth, so that inventions such as telegraph had to be adopted for information transmission by waves. Indeed, the radio was one of the society's great technological and democratizing advances. But there is no doubt that television has succeeded in making McLuhan's idea of the existence of a television tribe a reality. Large companies, which control access to information by methods that are close to being a monopoly, wage fierce battles in order to control mass media, especially television.

The "fourth power' collects, disseminates and preserves a great quantity of information. This information is thematically diverse and exists in a wide variety of formats and media. In order to control such an important business asset, almost all television broadcasters have set a documentation service that is responsible for satisfying journalists' information needs and for the

maintenance of the firm's intellectual and cultural heritage. Documentation centres are just the visible aspects of a great documentation web involving different classes of documents, varied media and the diverse requirements of end users. The computerization of documentation structures is a reality that is sustained by a constant exchange of information between documenta lists and communication scientists, aimed at enabling the preservation of information and access to this information by means of a standard set of parameters.

The thematic descriptors must describe, viewed and referred content in the audiovisual documents with precision. Thematic identification has a special importance since it is the usual method for accessing information. For these fields, different television companies use different proprietary ad hoe tools, with thesauri being the formula employed to control vocabulary. There have also been experiments aimed at developing effective tools based on faceted classifications. The fact that audio-visual information has to be analysed from two different perspectives in order to understand the challenges offered by this kind of document should be considered. The visual and the sonorous sometimes are complementary, and consequently must be studied and analysed by the information manager. Sound and visual tracks do often collaborate to create a joint informative message, but it is also very common the case where both contribute to create quite different meanings.

191. The first medium for global transmission of information was
(A) Radio
(B) Printing Press
(C) Television
(D) Telegraph
192. The intellectual and cultural heritage of television broadcasting firms is maintained by
(A) Communication media (B) Journalists
(C) Television
(D) Setting up a documentation service
193. A standard set of parameters is needed for
(A) Establishing documentation centres
(B) Meeting diverse requirements of users
(C) Preservation and access to information
(D) Exchange of documents
194. For organizing information, television companies use tools such as

(A) Thesauri

(B) Faceted classification(C) Non-faceted classification(D) Thematic descriptors

195. Audio-visual information has to be analysed for

(A) Information management (B) Understanding the challenges offered by such documents (C) Collaborating sound and visual tracks (D) Locating information from different places 196. Who expressed knowledge in a simple mathematical equation k(s) + 1 = k (s + s) ?(A) Fritz Machlup (B) B.C. Brooks (C) N.J. Belkin (D) C.E. Shannon 197. Which is not a near synonym term to information? (A) Ideas (B) Data (C) Catalogue (D) Facts 198. CCF stands for (A) Common Communication Format (B) Centre for Communication Format (C) Committee for Communication Format (D) Common Curriculum Format 199. Resources sharing among libraries was prompted by the factors (A) Price escalation (B) Information explosion (C) Both (A) and (B) (D) None of the above 200. The Library Association (UK) is now the component of (A) ASLIB (B) CILIP (C) ALA (D) None of the above 201. Which of the following professional Associations does not exist now?

(A) IFLA

(C) ALA

(B) **FID**

(D) IASLIC

202. Real Time Access refers to

(A) Access in advance(B) Access after some time

(D) None of the above	ior	
203. Theory X and Theory Y	Y relate to	
(A) Planning(B) Motivation(C) Innovation(D) None of the above		
204. Dewey Decimal classif	ication is now looked after by	
(A) Lake Placid Club (C) OCLC	(B) Library of Congress(D) Classification Research Group	
205. INSDOC has been mer	ged with NISCOM and is now known as	
(A) DELNET (B) NISCAIR (C) DESIDOC (D) NASSDOC		
206. World Wide Web was t	first designed by	
(A) Charles Babbage(B) F.W. Lancaster(C) Ted Nelson(D) Tim Berner's Lee		
207. ISBN consists of (A) 6 digits (B) 8 digits (C) 13 digits (D) 15 digits		
208. Bibliographical coupling	ng is related to	
(A) Bibliometric studies(B) Bibliography compilation(C) Modes of subject format(D) Vocabulary control		
Hy r Crossro	shttp://hyrrossro_som	 Page _1
, 	 / —	

- (C) Distance Education Library Network
- (D) Delhi Library Network

216. Assertion (A): An indexing language is much more than a list of index terms that are acceptable to users.

Assertion (A): Deacidification is a measure to preserve documents in any medium.

Reason (R): Digital preservation needs a different preservation care.

Codes:

- (A) (A) is false, but (R) is true.
- (B) (A) is true, but (R) is false.
- (C) Both (A) and (R) are true.
- (D) Both (A) and (R) are false.

217. Assertion (A): SDI is a user oriented current information service.

Reason (R): It is an alerting service directed towards groups.

Codes:

(A) Both (A) and (R) are true.

- (B) (A) is true, but (R) is false.
- (C) (A) is false, but (R) is true.
- (D) Both (A) and (R) are false.

218. Assertion (A): Indexing periodical retrieves information, which includes brief summary of the article.

Reason (R): It provides list of articles along with the title, authors and other bibliographic details.

Codes:

(A) Both (A) and (R) are true.

- (B) Both (A) and (R) are false.
- (C) (A) is true, but (R) is false.
- (D) (A) is false, but (R) are true.

219. Assertion (A): Median is simply the middle value when the data have been arranged in ascending or descending order.

Reason (R): Median refers to the middle value in a distribution.

Codes:

(A) Both (A) and (R) are true.

- (B) (A) is true, but (R) is false.
- (C) (A) is false, but (R) is true.
- (D) Both (A) and (R) are false.

220. Assertion (A): Data base is a collection of interrelated data stored together.

Reason (R): It is an organised, integrated collection of data.

Codes:

- (A) Both (A) and (R) are false.
- (B) (A) is false, but (R) is true.
- (C) Both (A) and (R) are true.
- (D) (A) is true, but (R) is false.
- 221. Assertion (A): Dewey Decimal is an enumerative scheme of classification.

Reason (R): The scheme has developed several devices and is no more an enumerative scheme of classification.

Codes:

- (A) (A) is true, but (R) is false.
- (B) (A) is not true, but (R) is true.
- (C) Both (A) and (R) are true.
- (D) Both (A) and (R) are false.
- 222. Assertion (A): A Library legislation provides proper governance and management.

Reason (R): It ensures free public library service to all irrespective of caste, creed and sex.

Codes:

(A) Both (A) and (R) are true.

- (B) Both (A) and (R) are false.
- (C) (A) is true, but (R) is false.
- (D) (A) is false, but (R) is true.
- 223. Arrange the following in the chronological sequence of their development.
- (i) ISBD (ii) CCF
- (iii) FRBR (iv) MARC

Codes:

- (A) (i), (ii), (iv), (iii)
- (B) (iv), (i), (ii), (iii)
- (C) (iii), (ii), (iv), (i)
- (D) (i), (iv), (ii), (iii)
- 224. Arrange the following secondary publications according to the beginning of their publication in chronological order.
- (i) Biological Abstracts
- (ii) Chemical Abstracts

(iv) Index Medicus

- (iii) LISA
- Codes : (A) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv)
- (B) (i), (iii), (ii), (iv)

(C) (ii), (i), (iii), (iv) (D) (iii), (i), (iv), (ii)

225. Arrange the following States chronologically according to year of enactment of Library Legislation.

(i) Tamil Nadu

(ii) U.P.

(iii) Gujarat

(iv) Mizoram

Codes:

(A) (iv), (iii), (i), (ii)

(B) (ii), (iv), (iii), (i)

(C) (i), (iv), (iii), (ii)

(D) (i), (ii), (iv), (iii)

226. Arrange the following chronologically according to their use in computers :

(i) Vacuum tube

(ii) Microchip

(iii) Integrated circuits

(iv) Transistors

Codes:

(A) (i), (iii), (ii), (iv)

(B) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv)

(C) (i), (iv), (iii), (ii)

(D) (ii), (iv), (iii), (i)

227. Arrange the following professional Associations according to the year of their establishment:

(i) ILA

(ii) IASLIC

(iii) ALA

(iv) ASLIB

Codes:

(A) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv)

(B) (iii), (iv), (i), (ii)

(C) (iv), (iii), (ii), (i)

(D) (i), (iii), (ii), (iv)

228. Arrange the following according to chronological order:

(i) Universal Copyright convention

(ii) Berne Convention

(iii) Indian Copyright Act

(iv) WIPO Copyright Act

Codes: (A) (ii), (iv), (iii), (i) (B) (iii), (ii), (iv), (i) (C) (i), (iii), (ii), (iv) (D) (ii), (i), (iii), (iv) 229. Arrange the structure of the Research report in correct order: (i) Table of contents (ii) Appendices (iii) Text (iv) Title page Codes: (A) (iii), (i), (iv), (ii)(B) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv) (C) (ii), (iii), (iv), (i) (D) (iv), (i), (iii), (ii) 230. Arrange the following schemes of classification according to their year of publication: (i) CC (ii) DDC (iii) LC (iv) UDC Codes: (A) (ii), (i), (iii), (iv) (B) (ii), (iii), (iv), (i) (C) (i), (ii), (iv), (iii) (D) (iv), (iii), (ii), (i) 231. Match the following: List - I List - II (a) The Right to Information Act of India (i) 2000 (b) Universal Declaration of Human Rights (ii) 2005 (c) Information Technology Act. (India) (iii) 1948 (d) Digital Millennium Act (iv) 1998 Codes: (a) (b) (c) (d) (A) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (B) (ii) (iii) (i) (iv) (C) (iii) (ii) (iv) (i)

(D) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)

232. Match the following:

List - I List - II

- (a) Father of Scientific Management
- (b) Father of Administration
- (c) Father of Human Relations School
- (d) Father of Corporate Strategy
- (i) Henry Fayol
- (ii) Elton Mayo
- (iii) F. Hertzberg
- (iv) F.W. Taylor

Codes:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) (iv) (ii) (i) (iii)
- (B) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
- (C) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (D) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)

233. Match the following:

List – I List – II

(a) C.A. Cutter

(i) Bibliographic classification

(b) H.E. Bliss

- (ii) Expansive classification
- (c) J.D. Brown
- (iii) Universal classification
- (d) Paul Otlet & Henry LaFontaine (iv) Subject classification

Codes:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
- (B) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)
- (C) (i) (iii) (iv) (ii)
- (D) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)

234. Match the following:

List – I List – II

- (a) International Conference on Cataloguing Principles
- (i) 1969

(b) International Meeting of Cataloguing Experts

- (ii) 1961
- (c) International Symposium of Bibliographic Exchange format
- (iii) 1990

(d) First CCF Users meeting

(iv) 1978

Codes:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
- (B) (iii) (ii) (iv) (i)
- (C) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii)
- (D) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)

235. Match the following:

List - I List - II

- (a) NASSDOC
- (i) Defence Science
- (b) DEVSIS
- (ii) Social Sciences
- (c) INIS
- (iii) Development Science
- (d) DESIDOC
- (iv) NuclearScience

Codes:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) (iv) (ii) (i) (iii)
- (B) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)
- (C) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- (D) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)
- 236. The University which telecasts interaction educational programmes through its own channel is
- (A) Osmania University
- (B) University of Pune
- (C) Annamalai University
- (D) Indira Gandhi National Open University (IGNOU)
- 237. Which of the following skills are needed for present day teacher to adjust effectively with the classroom teaching?
- 1. Knowledge of technology
- 2. Use of technology in teaching learning
- 3. Knowledge of students' needs
- 4. Content mastery
- (A) 1 & 3
- (B) 2 & 3
- (C) 2, 3 & 4
- (D) 2 & 4
- 238. Who has signed an MOU for Accreditation of Teacher Education Institutions in India ?
- (A) NAAC and UGC
- (B) NCTE and NAAC
- (C) UGC and NCTE
- (D) NCTE and IGNOU

238. National Library Week in India is being celebrated annually s	ince:	
--	-------	--

- (A) 1914
- (B) 1933
- (C) 1950
- (D) 1968
- 239. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the then Union Education Minister formally declared one of the following libraries open to the public on 2nd February, 1953:
- (A) Connemara Public Library
- (B) Delhi Public Library
- (C) National Library, Calcutta
- (D) Saraswathi Mahal Library, Tanjore
- 240. Library Literature is a:
- (A) Primary source of information
- (B) Secondary source of information
- (C) Tertiary source of information
- (D) Literary source of information
- 241. The frequency of Data India is:
- (A) Weekly
- (B) Fortnightly
- (C) Monthly
- (D) Bi-monthly
- 242. BERNE CONVENTION is concerned with:
- (A) Translations
- (B) Copyright
- (C) Patents
- (D) Standards
- 243. The Indian State which enacted the library legislation in the year 1948 is :
- (A) Kerala
- (B) Meghalaya
- (C) Tamil Nadu (Madras)
- (D) Rajasthan

244. A.National Library Week is observed in India every year in the month of November B.ILA was found by Dr.Ranganathan

- C.The Hague is the head quarter for IFLA
- a)A only Correct
- b) B only correct
- c) A&B are correct
- d) All are correct
- 245. A.Issac Collijin was the first president of IFLA B."Tree of porphyry" is formed as a result of Polychotonomy
- a)A only Correct
- b) B only correct
- c) A&B are correct
- d) None is correct
- 246. Who designated Dr.Ranganathan as "father of library science"?
- a)Jawaharlal Nehru
- b)Sir Radhakrishnan
- c)Rajendra Prasad
- d)Sir.Maurice Gwoyer
- 247. A.Sokteo is called as Dewey of Japan B.Benjamin A Custor was the editor of AARC II
- a)A only Correct
- b) B only correct
- c) A&B are correct
- d) None is correct
- 248. A.Borden introduced Open Access System in India B.The concept of "anamolous state of knowledge" was proposed by Dr.Ranganathan
- a)A only Correct
- b) B only correct
- c) A&B are correct
- d) None is correct
- 249. How many national library in Italy?
- a)4 b)8
- c)12 d)16

250. A.The concept "Technological Gate Keepers" was first proposed by Allen B.UNISIST is a collobaritive product of UNESCO and IFLA

- a)A only Correct
- b) B only correct
- c) A&B are correct
- d) None is correct
- 251. A.UGC was founded in 1953 B.UNESCO was founded in 1951
- a)A only Correct
- b) B only correct
- c) A&B are correct
- d) None is correct
- 252. Information Technological year was adopted in
- a)1980
- b)1982
- c)1983
- d)1984
- 253. A.India Office Library is situated in New Delhi B."Library is the heart of an institution" said by S.R.Ranganathan
- a)A only Correct
- b) B only correct
- c) A&B are correct
- d) None is correct

Information is ...

- (A) Raw data
- (B) Raw knowledge
- (C) Input data
- (D) Organized data
- 254. 'Fair use' is a term most relevant to:
- (A) Intellectual Property Rights
- (B) Books borrowed for home reading
- (C) Copy right
- (D) Use of reference books

- 255. WIPO stands for:
- (A) World Information and Patents Organisation
- (B) World Intellectual Property Organisation
- (C) World International Property Organisation
- (D) World Information Protection Organisation
- 256. Handling of Information in the sense of production is called:
- (A) Information Marketing
- (B) Information Industry
- (C) Information Production
- (D) Information Revolution
- 257. BERN CONVENTION (1886) is concerned with:
- (A) Translations
- (B) Copyright
- (C) Patent
- (D) Standards
- 258. Informal communication among knowledgeable person is known as:
- (A) Invisible College
- (B) Information Gatekeeper
- (C) Communication Gatekeeper
- (D) Knowledge Management
- 259. The invisible web refers to-
- (A) the internet, since we cannot see it
- (B) that part of the internet, which is hidden from the search engines
- (C) the telecommunication signals which are not seen
- (D) the failure in accessing the web pages
- 260. Who was the chairman of National Library Committee of India.
- (A) B.S. Jha
- (B) K.P. Sinha
- (C) S. Mudaliar
- (D) C.D. Deshmukh

- 261. Which organisation applied Library and Information Policy in India at national level.
- (A) NISSAT
- (B) INSDOC
- (C) UNESCO
- (D) RRRLF
- 262. Where is the head quarter of Patent Information System in India.
- (A) Pune
- (B) Mumbai
- (C) Nagpur
- (D) Delhi
- 263. The act enacted in India in 1856 on Intellectual Property Right was based on .
- (A) American Patent Law 1810
- (B) British Patent Law 1852
- (C) The Patent Bill
- (D) The Design Act of 1911
- 264. Whether intellectual property can be sold.
- (A) No
- (B) Sale is possible
- (C) Yes
- (D) None of these
- 265. Edition 23 of DDC was published in the year 2011.
- 266. You can find a reference to Library hand in Classified Catalogue Code (book written by Dr. S. R. Ranganathan).
- 267.. Institute of Scientific Information was established by Eugene Garfield
- 268. Dr. S. R. Ranganathan was awarded Padma Shri in the year 1957.
- 269. POPSI was devised by G. Bhattacharya
- 270. DOI stands for Digital Object Identifier
- 241. ILA was formed in the year 1933
- 271. The sectoral centre NICDAP of NISSAT is in Lucknow
- 272. Bibliography of bibliographies is a Tertiary source of information.

- 273. eGyanKosh is associated with IGNOU (institution)
- 274. DRTC was established in the year 1962
- 275. Dr. S. R. Ranganathan's autobiography is titled as A Librarian looks back
- 276. One place theory is associated with J.D. Brown
- 277. Management is an example of Distillation (mode of formation of subject)
- 278. Dr. S. R. Ranganathan was honoured with the title National Research Professor in the year 1965.
- 279. Charles Ammi Cutter brought out Dictionary catalogue in the year 1876.
- 280. Dr. S. R. Ranganathan initially had a post graduate degree in Mathematics
- 281. OSI model has Seven layers.
- 282. Gandhiana is a result of Clustering (mode of formation of subject)
- 283. RRRLF was formed in the year 1972

285. Match the following: List-I List-II (Terms) (Forms of Communication) (A) Invisible College 1. Physical carrier 2. Formal channel (B) Noise (C) Medium 3. Barreir (D) Document 4. Informal channel Code: (a) (b) (d) (c) (A) 1 2 3 (B) **(C)** 4 3 2 1 (D)

300. What is the unit of information?
(A) Bit
(B) Byte
(C) Gram
(D) Hertz
301. Delivery of Book Act passed in the year
(A) 1963
(B) 1972
(C) 1960
(D) 1954
294. The term communication came from which language?
(SA)2. Objects the Father of a computer
(B) Latin
(A) Scormands
(B) Vine Aderf
(C) Tim Berners-Lee
QD6.Chiaples thalphage under of the term information transfer?
(A) Ranganathan
(3B). J.Wlactinwas Dr.S. R. Ranganathan was appointed as a National research professor of
(G)raBjessimme
(D) Calvin Moores
(A) 1942
297.1T62 which country the credit is given to coin the term information society?
(A) 1973A
(B) 1952nce
(C) Japan
©D4. In Indian University first started M.Lib.Sc. & M.Phil courses
2A8.Unlivensity for Dellain is regarded as which of the following? (A) Unlivensity of Madras
(B) SCNonTrockhymen University, Bombay
(D) APigaluMsuslim University
(D) All the above
305. Which Commission recommended 10% of the total college budget for development of
290 ranes a days what is a most important vital resource for societal development of a
country?
(A) DBoSkR. Ranganathan Committee
(B) Mehweltral Geommittee
(C) Khiliarinationittee
(D) C Draticulum development committee in LIS

(D) 2010

306. UNISIST is a
(A) Software
(B) A Programme
(C) Welfare association
(D) A committee
307. Where did Dr. S. R. Ranganathan put forth his five laws of library science?
(A) Meenakshi college, Annamalainagar
(B) Hindu College, New Delhi
(C) City College, Bangalore
(D) Christ College, Bangalore
308. When did ILA became the member of IFLA?
(A) 1952
(B) 1955
(C) 1957
(D) 1965
309. In which year Aslib was acquired by MCB group, the holding company for emerald group publishing?
(A) 2003
(B) 2005
(C) 2009
310. Which association's tagline is "managing information"?
(A) IFLA
(B) Aslib
(C) ALA
(D) LC
311. Which association's tagline is "connecting people and information"?
(A) SLA
(B) IFLA
(C) ALA
(D) COMLA

312. When was the International institute of Documentation established?
(A) 1931 (B) 1934 (C) 1940 (D) 1945
313. Which organization has introduced the concept of "Sister libraries" for children's and young adults reading?
(A) UNESCO (B) IFLA (C) LC (D) LA
314. In which year the ISBN allocation office in India shifted from Kolkatta to Delhi? (A) 2009 (B) 2010 (C) 2011 (D) 2012
315. Which two organizations jointly publish survey on digitization and preservation?
(A) IFLA + UNESCO (B) ALA + UNESCO (C) IFLA + ALA (D) IFLA + LC
316. Who said that "Librarianship is not a profession"? (A) Madden, Moon, Moore, Mc Pheron (B) Goode, Rossi, Shaffer, Gullis (C) Dewey, Rundey, Reeves, Aishen (D) Ranganathan, Dewey, Cutter
317. Which organization was joined with Library Association to form CILIP in 2002?
 (A) Institute of Bibliography (B) Institute of Information Scientists (C) Institute of Documentation (D) Institute of Librarianship

318. In which year International institute of Documentation changed to International federation of Documentation?

(A) 1931
(B) 1937
(C) 1945
(D) 1948
319. In which year headquarter of FID was shifted from Brussels to The Hague?
(A) 1925
(B) 1928
(C) 1930
(D) 1934
320. Who gave the sixth law of library science "Every reader his/her freedom"?
(A) Walt Crawford
(B) Michael Gorman
(C) James R. Rettig
(D) Lenart Bjorneborn
321. Where was the first library noticed in India?
(A) Taxila
(B) Nalanda
(C) Vallabhi
(D) Sravasti
323. When was the curriculam development committee on LIS instituted?
(A) 1988-89
(B) 1990-93
(C) 1994-97
(D) 1999-02
324. Who published the journal International classification?
(A) IFLA
(B) UNESCO
(C) ISKO
(D) ALA

325. Which association in India awards teachers in LIS?
(A) IATLIS (B) ILA (C) IASLIC (D) SIS
326. Where is the headquarter of SLA? (A) New York (B) Lagos (C) Shimla (D) New Delhi
326. Which law of library Science relates to the growth of libraries
(A) Forth law (B) First law (C) Second law (D) Fifth law
327. UAP stands for what of the following
 (A) United Academy of publication (B) Universal Association of Publishers (C) Universal Availability of Publications. (D) Universal Association of Publishers
328. Resource sharing is a part of
(A) Library cooperation(B)Library Administration(C)Library Management(D)Library Cataloging
329. The five laws of Library Science published in the book form in the year
(A)1924 (B) 1931 (C)1928 (D)1930
330. Library Techology Report is a publication of
(A) ALA (B) IASLIC

- (C) LA (D) ILA 331. ABGILA is a quarterly publication of
- (A) Assam Library Association
- (B) Andhra Desa Library Association
- (C) Indian Library Association
- (D) Raja Ram Mohun Roy Foundation
- 332. When was the Amercian Library Assoication established
- (A) 1876
- (B) 1872
- (C) 1875
- (D) 1880
- 333. Which term was coined by Dr.S.R.Ranganathan for mobile libraries
- (A) Moving Library
- (B) Library on Wheels
- (C) Library Machine
- (D) All of above
- 334. The Librarian Day celebrated on
- (A) 15th Sep
- (B) 24th Nov
- (C) 11th Dec
- (D) 12th Aug
- 335. Forms of Extension service
- (A) Library Websites
- (B) Library Orientation
- (C) Book fair and Exhibition
- (D) All
- 336. The first library school was started by
- (A) Melvin Dewey
- (B) Charles Williamson
- (C) John Macfarlane
- (D) William Allenson Borden

Section Continues (Continues Continues Continu
337. Encyclopedia of library and Information Science is published by :
(A) H. W. Wilson
(B) R. R. Bowker
(C) Marcel Dekker
(D) Andrew Deutsch
(D) Andrew Deutsen
338. The secondary source of information comprised of:
330. The secondary source of information comprised of.
(A) Text books and research monographs.
(B) Subject periodicals and encycyclopaedias
(C) Indexing and Abstracting periodicals
(D) Bibliography and patents
220 What are a simplified and the control of the co
339. Who categorized information source into conventional, non conventional, neo
conventional and micro documents:
(A) Ranganthan
(B) Bradford
(C) Grogan
(D) Henson
340. Article published in research journal are
(A) Reference sources
(B) Secondary sources
(C) Primary sources
(D) Tertiary sources
341. What is the Thesaurus?
(A) A collection of selected terminology
(B) Synonymous terms
(C) List of words
(D) All of the above
342. What is a Patent
(A) An agreement to the Government
(B) Document of the library
(C) An agreement between the inventor and the Government
(D) An agreement between library and Publisher
343. World of learning is a what source of information
(A) Primary source
(B) Documentary source

- (C) Secondary source
- (D) Tertiary source
- 344. Indian books in Print are published from
- (A) Tamil nadu
- (B) Chennai
- (C) Bombay
- (D) New Delhi
- 345. Cumulative book index is published from
- (A) India
- (B) USA
- (C) Canada
- (D) Thailand
- 346. Statesman year book is published from
- (A) London
- (B) New york
- (C) Calcutta
- (D) Chicago
- 347. Word of learning is Published by
- (A) Asian events
- (B) Keesing's
- (C) Europa publication
- (D) Harper & Row
- 348. Who is the editor of "Library Herald"
- (A) Krishan Kumar
- (B) C. K. Sharma
- (C) S. R. Ranganathan
- (D) F.Monbray Volte
- 349. Who was Published the monthly Journal "The Library World"
- (A) Krishan kumar
- (B) J. D. Brown
- (C) H. W. Wilson
- (D) K. Navlavi

350. Facts of File is weekly digest of
(A) Indian events(B) American events(C) World events(D) England events
351. Who is the first editor of "Modern Librarian"?
(A) F.Monbrary Volte(B) Dr. S. R. Ranganathan(C) J. D. Brown(D) Krishan Kumar
352. Indian national Bibliographical first appeared in
(A) 1947 (B) 1957 (C) 1967 (D) 1937
353. Who is the author of "Dictionary of anonymous and pseudonymous literature"
 (A) S. Halkett & J. Laing (B) Robert Proctor (C) Ralph De sols (D) Hanuman Sastri
354. Compton year book contains
 (A) Political events (B) Cultural events (C) Outstanding events (D) Economic events
355. Online Europa year book has a coverage since
(A) 1965 (B) 1975 (C) 1984 (D) 1985

356. Which of the following is a multi-subject gateway? (A) Renardus (B) Humbul (C) Sapling (D) EdWEb 357. Which of the following is a specialized information organization online tool? (A) Mamma (B) Dogpile (C) Vivisimo (D) Entireweb 358. Research periodicals are which category of sources? (A) **Primary** (B) Secondary (C) Tertiary (D) Non documentary. 359. Reference sources are those (A) Which are large in size? (B) Which are read at home easily? (C) Which used to obtain particular information? (D) Which are costly? 360. Who is the publisher of Encyclopedia of Library and information science? (A) Boweker (B) H.W.Wilson company (C) M.Dekker (D) H.W.Wilson 361. Retrospective search service is a type of (A) Referral service (B) Responsive service (C) CAS (D) SDI 362. Which part of new encyclopedia Britannica is useful for ready references? (A) Macropaedia

U	GC NET	Objective	Questions	in LIS
(C)	Propaedia Micropaedia Premedia			
363.	Year book are	also known as		
(A > T	T 11 1			

- (A) Hand book
- (B) annual
- (C) Directory
- (D) Dictionary
- 364. What is India: A reference annual?
- (A) Year Book
- (B) Almonac
- (C) Gide book
- (D) Hand book
- 365. What is Trade bibliography?
- (A) List of Author Bibliography
- (B) List of Special Bibliography
- (C) List of books in print or for sale compiled by a publisher
- (D) List of books of trade Library
- 366. Who publishes INIS Atom Index?
- (A) INIS (Viena)
- (B) LC
- (C) ICSU
- (D) AGRIS
- 367. What is the meaning of E-Documents?
- (A) All Documents other than printed
- (B) Non-Paper documents
- (C) In electronic form such as Cassettes, CD-ROMs, etc.
- (D) Audio visual tools
- 368. Which of the following is not the documents?
- (A) Manuscript
- (B) Book
- (C) Inscription
- (D) Periodical

- 369. Generally the information sources are divided mainly in to following categories?
- (A) Primary and secondary.
- (B) Reference and information sources.
- (C) Documentary and non-documentary
- (D) Books and periodicals
- 370. What are non-documentary sources?
- (A) Which are in printed form.
- (B) Which are in not printed form
- (C) Which are nor documents
- (D) None of these
- 371. Today which type of information sources is most useful?
- (A) Reference sources
- (B) Documentary source
- (C) Non- Documentary source
- (D) Both the Documentary and Non-Documentary sources
- 372. Cover to cover translation is treated as
- (A) Selective dissemination service
- (B) Current awareness services
- (C) On demand services
- (D) Anticipatory services
- 373. What is the suitable reference sources to know about the information of a particular place?
- (A) Directory
- (B) Gazetteer
- (C) Encyclopedia
- (D) Year book
- 374. What is the suitable reference sources to find out the list of historical monuments of Delhi?
- (A) Atlas
- (B) Gazetteer
- (C) Guide book
- (D) Globe

375. What do you call a collection of maps, tables, charts, etc.?
(A) Globe
(B) Gazetteer
(C) Atlas
(D) Map
376. How many volumes Micropaedia of new Encyclopedia Britannica is published?
(A) 2
(B) 10
(C) 19
(D) 12
377. Encyclopedia Americana consists of
(A) 20 Volumes
(B) 25 Volumes
(C) 28 Volumes
(D) 30 Volumes
378. Which of the following are not the secondary sources?
(A) Encyclopedia
(B) Digest
(C) Thesis
(D) Text book
379. What is the publication frequency of books in print?
(A) Monthly
(B) Weekly
(C) Annually
(D) Quarterly
380. What is National bibliography?
(A) List of books of National Library
(B) List of books published in a particular Nation
(C) List of books written by National government
(D) List of books on a nation
381. What is world of learning?
(A) Directory
(B) Encyclopedia
(C) Dictionary
(D) Year book
382. What is the frequency of I.N.B.?
(A) Quarterly
(B) Monthly
(C) Weekly

- (D) Annual
- 383. 'Facts on File' is a
- (A) Weekly list
- (B) Fortnightly
- (C) Monthly
- (D) Quarterly
- 384. The term "Information Service" is an improvised name ...
- (A) Administration
- (B) Documentation
- (C) Bibliography
- (D) Reference service
- 385. Which terms was coined by S.R. Ranganathan for mobile libraries
- (A) Moving library
- (B) Library on wheels
- (C) Library machine
- (D) All of the above
- 386. Abstracting service provides...
- (A) Abstract of articles
- (B) Whole bibliographic description of articles
- (C) Whole bibliographic description along with abstracts of article
- (D) Whole bibliographic sources
- 387. Which service demands the creation of a 'user' profile?
- (A) CAS
- (B) Information retrieval
- (C) SDI
- (D) Reference service
- 388. "Reference service is the contact between the right reader and the right book in the right personal way" was stated by...
- (A) D J Fockett
- (B) S R Ranganathan
- (C) James I Wyer
- (D) A.L.A Glossary of library terms
- 389. CAS is defined as
- (A) A process of dissemination of information
- (B) A process of information
- (C) A process of dissemination of current information
- (D) A simple information service
- 390. Feedback mechanism is a part of which service?

- (A) Reprography service (B) CAS (C) Translation service (D) SDI
- 391. Mobile library is a kind of which service?
- (A) Reference service
- (B) Extension service
- (C) Ready reference service
- (D) Long range reference service
- 392. The person who provides reference service is called
- (A) Chief librarian
- (B) Grade One Librarian
- (C) Deputy Librarian
- (D) Reference Librarian
- 393. Reading centre, story hours, exhibition and reading to literature are form of
- (A) Extension service
- (B) Service of Public library
- (C) Both
- (D) None
- 394. Who Invented the Dictionary Catalogue?
- (A) Dr. S. R. Ranganathan
- (B) C. A. Cutter
- (C) D. B. Krishna Rao
- (D) K. N. Raj
- 395. What is the another name of Added entries?
- (A) Main entry
- (B) Cross reference entry
- (C) Secondary entries
- (D) Subject entry
- 396. When was SLSH published?
- (A) 1903
- (B) 1897
- (C) 1923
- (D) 1933
- 397. When was MARC project completed?
- (A) 1987
- (B) 1967
- (C) 1947
- (D) 1968

398. Who defined notation as shorthand sign

(A) Dr. S. R. Ranganathan (B) Benjamin A. Custer (C) Immanuel Kant (D) E. C. Richardson 399. Who enunciated the five fundamental categories (A) Benjamin A. Custer (B) Paul Otlet (C) Dr. S. R. Ranganathan (D) W. C. Sayers 400. Who enunciated the subject Classification (A) J. D. Brown (B) W. C. Sayers (C) Benjamin A.Custer (D) Frist Donker Duyvis 401. How many Auxiliary tables are there in DDC 23rd Edition (A) 16(B) 6(C)7(D) 8402. Colon classification was first published in (A) 1905 (B) 1931 (C) 1933 (D) 1944 403. Phoenix schedules are part of which classification (A) CC (B) **DDC** (C) UDC (D) LCC 404. Sear's List of Subject Headings (SLSH) is mainly useful for (A) Small and medium libraries (B) Special libraries (C) Academic libraries (D) College libraries 405. In which year DDC 23rd edition was published (A) 2000 (B) 2011

- (C) 2003(D) 2010 406. The word classification comes from the Latin word (A) Classis (B) Classes (C) Clauses (D) Fiction 407. The first edition of DDC published in (A) 1875 (B) 1876 (C) 1874 (D) 1896 408. The first edition of UDC published in (A) 1904 (B) 1901 (C) 1905 (D) 1894
- 409. Who is the publishers of Sear's list of subject headings
- (A) Dr. S. R. Ranganathan
- (B) Brown
- (C) H. W. Wilson
- (D) C. A. Cutter
- 410. MESH is a
- (A) Thesaurus
- (B) Dictionary
- (C) Journal
- (D) Library
- 411. The First edition of DDC Consisted of
- (A) 144 pages
- (B) Four volume
- (C) 44 pages
- (D) 124 pages
- 412. What are the four entity of FRBR model?
- (A) Personality, Matter, Energy, Space
- (B) Work, Expression, Manifestation, Item
- (C) Book, Form, Availability, Type
- (D) Discipline, Entity, Action, Personality

413. Who is the Editor in Chief of 23rd Edition of DDC (A) Benjamin A. Custer (B) John P. Comaromi (C) Winton E. Matthews (D) John S. Mitchell 414. When was the different typological study towards mode of formation of subjects done? (A) 1950 (B) 1960 (C) 1970 (D) 1975 415. In which edition "Auxiliary table for area" was first introduced? (A) DDC 14 (B) DDC 15 (C) DDC 16 (D) DDC 17 416. What does LED stands for in CC? (A) Latest Energy Developments (B) Latest Effective Decade (C) Large Energy Distribution (D) Lowest Effective Decade 417. The term prenatal cataloguing first used by (A) Michael Gorman (B) Dr. S.R.Ranganathan (C) E.B.Ross (D) Melvin Dewey 418. The Dewey Decimal Classification divides human knowledge into (A) 10 basic categories. (B) 100 basic categories. (C) 1000 basic categories. (D) 10000 basic categories. 419. Who devised Dewey Decimal Classification (DDC) System? (A) Melville Dewey (B) Dr. S. R. Ranganathan (C) Tim Berners-Lee (D) Vint Cerf

420. Call Number of a Book Means

(C) Both (A) and (B) are true

(A) Book Number (B) Class Number

- (D) None of the above
- 421. Accession Number means
- (A) Call Number of a book
- (B) Unique Number for a book inside a particular library.
- (C) Book Number
- (D) Class number
- 422. Who is the Editor in Chief of 19th Edition of DDC
- (A) Benjamin A. Custer
- (B) John P. Comaromi
- (C) Winton E. Matthews
- (D) John S. Mitchell
- 423. Who is the Editor in Chief of 20th Edition of DDC
- (A) Benjamin A. Custer
- (B) John P. Comaromi
- (C) Winton E. Matthews
- (D) John S. Mitchell
- 424. Who is the Editor in Chief of 21st Edition of DDC
- (A) Benjamin A. Custer
- (B) John P. Comaromi
- (C) Winton E. Matthews
- (D) John S. Mitchell
- 425. Who is the Editor in Chief of 22nd Edition of DDC
- (A) Benjamin A. Custer
- (B) John P. Comaromi
- (C) Winton E. Matthews
- (D) John S. Mitchell
- 426. "POSDCORB" coined by
- (A) Peter F. Drucker
- (B) Harold Koontz
- (C) F.W. Taylor
- (D) Luther Gulick
- 427. When Peter F. Drucker defined M.B.O. (Management by Objectives)?
- (A) 1950
- (B) 1960
- (C)1954
- (D) 1964
- 428. Who said the demand and supply theory of books?
- (A) Melvil Dewey

- (B) Dr. S. R. Ranganathan (C) Mc Colvin (D) Sayers
- 429. "To provide the best books to the maximum readers at the least cost" said by
- (A) Dr. S. R. Ranganathan
- (B) P. N. Kaula
- (C) E.Mayo
- (D) Melvil Dewey
- 430. Theory X and Theory Y is developed by
- (A) Louis Brandeis
- (B) Douglas Mc Gregor
- (C) Abraham Maslo
- (D) Mayo
- 431. ISBN now consists of how many digit
- (A) 10
- (B)9
- (C) 15
- (D) 13
- 432. Herzberg's theory deals with
- (A) Staffing
- (B) Directing
- (C) Motivation
- (D) Planning
- 433. Who is the father of Scientific Management
- (A) F.W. Taylor
- (B) Harold Koontz
- (C) Peter F. Drucker
- (D) Luther Gulick
- 434. CPM (Critical Path Method) is developed by
- (A) Dupoint Company
- (B) Aircraft Corporation
- (C) IIM
- (D) IBM
- 435. How many digits have in the ISSN
- (A) 10
- (B) 8
- (C) 13
- (D) 15

out the objective questions in the
436. Main use of Shelf list is
(A) Cataloging
(B) Circulation
(C) Stock Verification
(D) Book Selection
(- /
437. Theory X and Theory Y related to
(A) Planning
(B) Motivation
(C) Directing
(D) Staffing
(D) Starring
438. Which national agency in India is responsible for assigning the ISBN
(A) RRRLF
(B) BARC
(C) NCL
(D) National Library of India
(2) I varional Elotary of mala
439. Zero Base Budgeting system was propounded by
(A) Peter F. Drucker
(B) P.N. Kaula
(C) E.Mayo
(D) Pter Phyrr
440. When Zero Base Budgeting system was first prepared
(A)1950
(B) 1960
(C)1970
(D) 1980
441. Posting the right person at the right place is called
(A) Recruitment
(B) Coaching
(C) Deployment
(D) Induction
442. TQM is a system of continuous improvement employing participative management
and centered on needs of the
(A) Customers
(B) Staff
(C) Organization
(D) Government
(D) Government
443. Financial support given to libraries are of two types - Recurring and
(A) Ad-hoc
(B) Endowments
(D) Lindo willelins

(C) Annual
(D) Non-recurring
444. Principle of maximum aggregate benefit is concerned with (A) Growth of library (B) Library use (C) Library service
(D) Library fee
(D) Elotary Ice
 445 takes items of expenditure for libraries as the working data for allocation of funds. (A) Method of details (B) Per capita method (C) Principle of economy (D) Library budget
 446. A budget which mainly covers items of current revenue and expenditure is called (A) Programme budget (B) Welfare economics (C) Current budgeting (D) Capital budgeting
 447. The library budget of a university is passed by the ? (A) Senate (B) Executive Council (C) Academic Council (D) Research Council
448. In fund accounting, fund can not be used for other purposes. (A) Recurring (B) Non-recurring (C) Restricted (D) Encumbering
449. Scrutiny of financial transactions is called(A) Budgeting(B) Programming(C) Accounting(D) Auditing
 450. What are the two parts of the annual report of the library (A) Primary and Secondary (B) Analytical and Systematic (C) Upper and Lower (D) Descriptive and Statistical

. Who is the pioneer of open access system in British libraries
(A) Nine e.Brown
(B) James Duff Brown
(C) John cotton dana
(D) S. R. Ranganathan
451. When was Browne charging system started?
(A) 1895
(B) 1896
(C) 1899 (D) 1875
(D) 1875
452. Who started Newyork Charging system?
(A) Peter Drucker
(B) Elton Mayo
(C) John Cotton Dana
(D) Francis Bacon
452 When 3: 1 - 1 - 42: - 11
453. When did electrically operated book charging system introduced first?
(A) 1926 (B) 1005
(B) 1905 (C) 1933
(C) 1933 (D) 1932
(D) 1732
454. How many columns are there in the accession register?
(A) 10
(B) 12
(C) 14
(D) 16
455 When are DEDT decide at 10
455. When was PERT developed?
(A) 1958 (B) 1968
(C) 1955
(D) 1948
456. Who had invented the MBO?
(A) Eltomn Mayo
(B) Frederic Winslow Taylor
(C) Peter Drucker
(D) Kermeth Blanchard
457. PPBS relates to
(A) Book selection
(B) Journal selection
(C) Budgeting
(C) Dungoming

- (D) Library records
- 458. The standard "X" and theory "Y" was conceived by
- (A) Peter F.Drucker
- (B) Doughlas Mc Gregor
- (C) Gulik and URwick
- (D) Taylor

Answer: (B)

Compiled By: N. Muthukumaran

- 459. Zero based budget is concerned with
- (A) Present
- (B) Past
- (C) Future
- (D) Remote future
- 460. Who is the father of Classical School
- (A) Lyndall Urwick
- (B) Gulick
- (C) Cutter
- (D) Henri Fayol
- 461. Who coined the word POSDCORB
- (A) Henri Foyal
- (B) Luther Gulick
- (C) Herbert
- (D) Elizabeth stone

Answer: (B)

Compiled By: N. Muthukumaran

- 462. Another term of PERT is
- (A) CPM
- (B) POSDCORB
- (C) MBO
- (D) HRM
- 463. POSDCORB is related to
- (A) Library cataloguing
- (B) Library reference service
- (C) Library administration
- (D) Library automation
- 464. Who introduced Three card system
- (A) Krishan Kumar
- (B) C. K. Sharma
- (C) Cutter

(D) S. R. Ranganathan

465. What are the standard size of the Accession Register is
(A) 16" * 12"
(B) 16" * 13"
(C) 16" * 11"
(D) 16" * 18"
466. A good library building is an outcome of librarian and (A) Registrar (B) Building Corporation (C) Finance Officer (D) Architect
467 are the storage areas for the various types of documents kept in a library.
A. Tasks . B. Racks C.Stacks D. Desks
468. Study carrels are exclusive areas meant for
A. students
B. public
C. women
D. researchers
469. Library catalogue cards are filed in specially designed. drawers called
A. Charging tray
B. Catalogue cabinet
C. Display rack.
D. Filling equipment
470. Information Gatekeepers come under sources. A documentary B. human C. institutional D. neo-conventional
471 categorises documents into three types such as primary, secondary and.
tertiary.
A. Grogan B. Skeltor
C. SR. Ranganathan
D. Hanson

472 is a legal document and can be used as a source of industrial information
A. Report
B. Law Review
C. Patent
D. Specification
473. In Encyclopaedia Britannica, acts as an index to macropaedia. A. Bibliography B. Introduction Part C. Propaedia D. Micropaedia
174. One of the book selection principles states that "the best reading for the largest number at the
A. accessioning B. classification C Cataloguing D arrangement in the shelve
476. The standard size of an accession register is ? A.15" x 13" B. 16 x 13" C.12" x 5" D. 5" x 3"
A77. ISBN stands for A. Integrated Services Bibliographic Network B. Indian Standard Book Number C. International Standard Book Number D. International Standard for Book and Non- book
478. The three card system introduced by Ranganathan are (i) Register Card (ii) Check Card (iii) A. KARDEX B LINDEX C. Ledger Card D. Classified Index Card

479. Technical section performs mainly two functions namely classification and A. accessioning B. bills payment C. cataloguing D. shelving
480. PRECIS was developed by Derek Austin for use in the A. BNB B. INB C. ISBD D. ISBN
481. Getting books back from the users and releasing the borrower's ticket is known as A. charging B. holding C. reserving D. discharging
482. While entering the library, the personal belongings of a reader is kept in A. Cloak room B. Property counter C. Gate counter D. Store room
Books misplaced on the shelves by readers are restored. This work is referred to as . A. Shelving B. Stock verification C. Shelf rectification D. Shifting
483. Outdated and seldom used books are withdrawn from the library is known as
A. Shelving B. Weeding C. Circulating D. Guiding
484. The objective of library binding isof the library materials.
A. Proper organisation B. accessibility. C. durability D. humidity control
485. All part and pages of a volume are correctly sequenced in the first stage of binding

(A) Customers (B) Staff (C) Organization
491.TQM is a system of continuous improvement employing participative management and centered on needs of the
(A) Recruitment(B) Coaching(C) Deployment(D) Induction
490. Posting the right person at the right place is called
A. Strategic planning B. Role analysis C. Work culture D. Autonomous planning
489. A skillful method of providing means mechanism and structural elements to. streamline organizational work is known as
488 has prescribed certain standards for library binding. A. ILA B. ALA . C. BLA D. NBT
leather. A Roan B. Imitation C. Pig skin D. Sheep skin
487. Leather being used as one of the binding materials i.e., is the strongest
486. Sheets before and after the text of a book are called A. End papers B. Attach cover C Head bands D Gilding
process known as? A. sewing B. guard C. pulling D. collation

(D) Government

521. ______ is a process of helping employees in an organization to acquire new skills and competence on a continuing basis

- (A) Total Quality Management
- (B) Management Information System
- (C) Financial Resources Development
- (D) Human Resources Development.

324. On which of the following technologies semantic web is not based?
(A) RDF (B) Ontologism (C) Cloud seeding (D) URI
523. World Wide Web (WWW) was first designed by whom?
 (A) Charles Babbage (B) F. W. Lancaster (C) Ted Nelson (D) Tim Berner's Lee
524. Which generation computers uses integrated circuits(ICs)?
(A) First(B) Second(C) Third(D) Fourth
525. The concept of Artificial Intelligence (AI) belongs to
 (A) Second Generation Computers (B) Third Generation Computers (C) Fourth Generation Computers (D) Fifth Generation Computers
526. Computer memory is measured in (A) Bytes (B) Kilobytes (C) Megabytes (D) All of the above
527. The term "Cyberspace" was first used by
(A) Andrew Pollock(B) William Gibson(C) John Postal(D) Joe Flower

528. The term hypertext was coined by whom? (A) Ted Nelson (B) Vannevan Bush (C) John Brown (D) J. C. Kith 529. When CD-ROM was prepared and made? (A) 1985 (B) 1982 (C) 1980 (D) 1977 530. In how many ways switching system can be established? (A) Two (B) Three (C) Five (D) Seven 531. Which type of switching system is telephone network? (A) Circuit switching (B) Packet switching (C) Message switching (D) None of the above 532. NICNET and INDONET are the networks of which category? (A) LAN (B) MAN (C) WAN (D) IN 533. Who designed analytical engine? (A) Charles Babbage (B) Pascal (C) James watt (D) Boyl 534. Calculating machine is developed by (A) Charles Babbage

(B) Pascal

out her objective questions in the	
(C) Shakuntala Devi	
(D) Boyl	
535. What is a bug?	
(A) Computer Virus	
(B) Error in Computer Configuration	
(C) Error in a Programme	
(D) None of these	
536. Which is not a programming language?	
(A) FORTRAN	
(B) BASIC	
(C) COBOL	
(D) ASCII	
(D) ASCII	
537. ENIAC stands for?	
(A) Electronic Numerical Integrator and Calculator	
(B) Electrified Numerical Integration and Calculator	
(C) Electronic Number Integrator and Calculator	
(D) Electrical Numerical Integrator and Calculator	
(2) Zieetiieui I (americai miegrator and careanator	
538. ISO-9960 is related with?	
(A) Standard for encoding data on CD-ROM	
(B) Standard for Computer Hardware	
(C) Standard for Information Processing	
· ·	
(D) Standard for Networking	
Answer: (A)	
Compiled By: Neena M G	
539. ASCII has how many codes?	
(A) 256	
(B) 526	
(C) 265	
(D) 254	
540. Raw, unevaluated, unprocessed and unorganized facts is known as:	
(A) Data	
(B) Information	
(C) Knowledge	
(D) Wisdom	

541. INTERNET was initially developed by US Department of
(A) Commerce (B) Defense (C) Interior (D) State
542. Information retrieval is fastest from
 (A) Floppy Disk (B) Magnetic Tape (C) Hard Disk (D) None of the above
543. An University providing Open Access to Sanskrit dissertations through Internet
 (A) Jawaharlal Nehru University (B) Delhi University (C) Mahatma Gandhi University (D) University of Madras
 544. In which of the following the term "Truncation" is used (A) Budgeting (B) Search Formulation (C) Coordination (D) Classified bibliography
545. The term "Hypertext" was coined by
(A) Garfield (B) Bill Gates (C) Ted Nelson (D) Raj Reddy
546. UNIX is a (A) Single user operating system (B) Double user operating system (C) Triple user operating system (D) Multi user operating system
547. The CD alphabets in CDS/ISIS stands for
(A) Computerized Documentation (B) Condensed Disk

OUG TEL ODJOURITO QUOSITORS III EES
(C) Confirmed Disc
(D) Compact Disc
(- ,
548. LYCOS is a
(A) search engine
(B) programming language
(C) database
(D) database vendor
548. Electronic telecommunications system joining millions of computers together.
(A) E-mail
(B) Internet
(C) US Mail
(D) UPS
Answer: B
Compiled By: R. Raman Nair
Complica 21. In Italian Fan
549. Following is not a social bookmarking site:
(A) Digg
(B) Delicious
(C) Sqidoo
(D) Facebook
550. Following is not a network protocol:
550. Following is not a network protocor.
(A) HTTP
(B) SMTP
(C) TCP/IP
(D) Z39.50
551. LOCKOSS (Software) is an international community initiative by:
(A) MIT Libraries
(A) M11 Libraries (B) Stanford University
(C) University of Waikato
(C) University of Walkato (D) University of Southampton
(D) Oniversity of Southampton
552. Identify the odd one from the following:
(A) Koha
(B) VTLS
(C) SLIM++
(D) SOUL

553. Following is not a Web 2.0 tool:
(A) Blog (B) Facebook (C) UGC-INFONET 2.0 (D) RSS feeds
554. PDA stands for:
 (A) Personal Digital Assistance (B) Personal Document Archive (c) Personal Digital Archive (D) Program Download Accessories
555. PLONE is a:
 (A) Content Mnagement System (B) Digital Library Software (C) ILMS (D) Federated Search Engine
556. Pi is the e-book reading device by:
(A) Amazon (B) Sony (C) Infibeam (D) Nokia
557. Following is an example of microblogging:
(A) Wordpress(B) Blogspot(C) Livejournal(D) Twitter
558. Who invented OSI Model in 1982
 (A) BSO (B) ISI (C) Indian standard organisation (D) International standard organisation
559. Where ISDN was first started in 1990
(A) USA

(B) UK
(C) India
(D) Singapore
560. Now-a-days how many tipes of Protocol are used?
(A) 5
(B) 4
(C) 3
(D) 2
561. Which type of protocol is used by interface for public data network(PDN)?
(A) X.25
(B) X.12
(C) X.13
(D) X.20
562. CCF stands for
(A) Common Communication Format
(B) Centre for Communication Format
(C) Committee for Communication Format
(D) Common Curriculum Format
563. In Which five year plan the INFLIBNET was established
(A) Fourth five year plan
(B) Fifth five year plan
(C) sixth five year plan
(D) seventh five year plan
564. INFLIBNET headquarters is located at
(A) Ahmedabad
(B) New Delhi
(C) Bangalore
(D) Chennai
565. Resource sharing is a part of
(A) Library cooperation
(B) Library administration
(C) Library management
(D) Library cataloguing

566. What is the full form of ERNET?

(A) Engineering Network(B) Eastern Regional Network(C) Electronic Research Network

(D) Education and Research Network
567. Which network in India provided the first e-mail service in the country?
(A) NICNET (B) DELNET (C) ERNET (D) INFLIBNET
568. Who publishes Annals of Library Science and documentation?
(A) ILA (B) INSDOC (C) DRTC (D) IASLIC
569. What is full text e-Resource? (A) JCCC (B) ISID (C) Science finder scholar (D) ACS
570. Which one is E-Bibliographic database?
(A) Nature(B) Blackwell(C) ISID(D) Springer
571. Virtual accommodates Different version of the MARC Standard?
(A) USMARC (B) UKMARC (C) CANMARC (D) SWEMARC/All of above
572. Which is the journal of Library and Information Science?
 (A) Abacus (B) Actanumerica (C) Interlending and Document supply (D) 4OR
Hyr Crossroshttp://hyrrossro_som Page_

573. The Electronic Library is
 (A) A Magazine (B) A Journal Name (C) A Library (D) An Encyclopedia
574. What is e-prints? (A) A catalogue (B) A journal (C) A repository Software (D) An encyclopedia
575. What two is a Library Management Software for small libraries?
(A) Library Solution and Follet(B) Follet and MSN(C) MSN and Tar(D) LYCOS and Live Search
576. What is APS? (A) A Search Engine? (B) A Full-text e-resource (C) Bibliographic database (D) Library Management Software
577. Which one is Library and Information Science Journal name?
 (A) Reference Reviews incorporating ASLIB Book Guide (B) Reference Reviews incorporating ASLIB Book journals (C) Reference Reviews incorporating ASLIB Book Review (D) Reference Reviews incorporating ASLIB E-Book
578. "Shodhganga" is a national level repository of:
(A) E-Books(B) E-Journals(C) E-Theses(D) Journal Articles
579. Questionnaire is a :
(A) Research method(B) Measurement Technique(C) Tool for data collection

- (D) All the above
- . Mean, Median and Mode are:
- (A) Measures of deviation
- (B) Ways of sampling
- (C) Measures of control tendency
- (D) None of the above
- 580. 'Cranfield Studies' are an example of:
- (A) Survey Research
- (B) Experimental Research
- (C) Historical Research
- (D) Case Study
- 581. Research is
- (A) Searching again and again
- (B) Finding solution to any problem
- (C) Working in a scientific way to search for truth of any problem
- (D) None of the above
- 582. Which of the following is the first step in starting the research process?
- (A) Searching sources of information to locate problem.
- (B) Survey of related literature
- (C) Identification of problem
- (D) Searching for solutions to the problem
- 583. A common test in research demands much priority on
- (A) Reliability
- (B) Useability
- (C) Objectivity
- (D) All of the above
- 584. Action research means
- (A) A longitudinal research
- (B) An applied research
- (C) A research initiated to solve an immediate problem
- (D) A research with socioeconomic objective

585. A reasoning where we start with certain particular statements and conclude with a universal statement is called

- (A) Deductive Reasoning
- (B) Inductive Reasoning
- (C) Abnormal Reasoning
- (D) Transcendental Reasoning
- 586. Research is conducted to
- I. Generate new knowledge
- II. Not to develop a theory
- III. Obtain research degree
- IV. Reinterpret existing knowledge

Which of the above are correct?

- (A) I, III & II
- (B) III, II & IV
- (C) II, I & III
- (D) I, III & IV
- 587. Which of the following variables cannot be expressed in quantitative terms?
- (A) Socio-economic Status
- (B) Marital Status
- (C) Numerical Aptitude
- (D) Professional Attitude
- 588. The essential qualities of a researcher are
- (A) Spirit of free enquiry
- (B) Reliance on observation and evidence
- (C) Systematization or theorizing of knowledge
- (D) All the above
- 589. In the process of conducting research 'Formulation of Hypothesis" is followed by
- (A) Statement of Objectives
- (B) Analysis of Data
- (C) Selection of Research Tools
- (D) Collection of Data
- 590. A research paper is a brief report of research work based on
- (A) Primary Data only
- (B) Secondary Data only
- (C) Both Primary and Secondary Data

- (D) None of the above
- 591. One of the following is not an open source software:
- (A) D'space
- (B) Windows
- (C) Green-stone
- (D) Linux
- 592. When RRRLF was established?
- (A) 1970
- (B) 1971
- (C) 1972
- (D) 1974
- 593. Where is the headquarter of RRRLF?
- (A) Banglore
- (B) Delhi
- (C) Calcutta
- (D) Lucknow
- 594. Who provides the ISBN?
- (A) Niscair
- (B) Nissat
- (C) Insdoc
- (D) RRRLF
- 595. RRRLF provides the?
- (A) ISSN
- (B) ISBN
- (C) CCF
- (D) MARC
- 596. "It is a library with little or no physical presence of books, periodicals, reading space or support staff, but are that disseminate disseminate selective information directly to distribute library customers, usually electronically". Said by whom?
- (A) Kay Gapen
- (B) Powell
- (C) Sherwell
- (D) H. G. Wells

597. "A library is a public institution or establishment charged with the care of collection of books, the duty of making them accessible to those who require the use of them and the task of converting every person in its neighborhood into a habitual library goers and reader of books." Quoted by whom?

(A) Dr S R Ranganathan

- (B) K.N.Raj
- (C) C.A.Cutter
- (D) W.C.Sayers

598. Classification of all types of libraries has been made by-

- (A) IFLA
- (B) UNISIST
- (C) UNESCO
- (D) INSDOC

599. "Special libraries serve a specialist clientele, located within a single establishment or group and all engaged in working towards one common purpose." Who said this

- (A) R.Astall
- (B) UNESCO
- (C) J.D.Brown
- (D) E.C.Richardson
- 600. Reading centre's, story hours, exhibitions and reading to literature are forms of ...
- (A) Extension service
- (B) Service of a public library
- (C) Both
- (D) None
- 601. Which library first introduced the printed catalog
- (A) British Museum
- (B) Library of Congress
- (C) Lelin State
- (D) Imperial Library
- 602. Informal self education is possible in what kind of library?
- (A) National Library
- (B) Public Library
- (C) Specific Library
- (D) College Library

603. The headquarters of Raja Ram Mohan Roy Library Foundation is situated at

- 1. Delhi
- 2. Calcutta
- 3. Chennai
- 4. Nagpur

604. The first library Act in India was passed and implemented in

- 1. Maharashtra
- 2. Andhra Pradesh
- 3. Madras
- 4. Karnataka

605. A number of devices that are related to recall and precision have been studied by

- 1. Gilchrist
- 2. Vickery
- 3. Lancaster
- 4. Ranganathan

606. User studies in Social sciences was carried out by

- 1. Kuhn
- 2. Brittain
- 3. Line
- 4. Allen

607. An entry that is made for the subject of a chapter in a book is referred to as

- 1. Cross Reference Entry
- 2. Cross Reference Index Entry
- 3. Class Index Entry
- 4. Book Index Entry

608. The concept of UBC was introduced by

- 1. UNESCO
- 2. LC
- 3. FID
- 4. IFLA

609. In Sears, List of Subject Headings preferred headings are indicated by

- 1. Marking them as preferred headings
- 2. Printing them in bold type
- 3. Underlining them
- 4. Italicising them

610. The component of an ISO-2709 meant primarily machine processing of the record is

- 1. the Label
- 2. the Directory
- 3. the Datafields
- 4. the Record Seperator

611. The CCF was developed by

- 1. LC
- 2. UNESCO
- 3. IFLA
- 4. FID

612. NATIS stands for

- 1. National Information System
- 2. National Technical Information System
- 3. National Team for Information Science
- 4. None of the above

613. MESH is the name of a

- 1. Medical Library
- 2. C.S.I.R Unit
- 3. Controlled Vocabulary
- 4. None of the above

614. POPSI was developed by

- 1. S.R. Ranganathan
- 2. Neelmeghan
- 3. B.S. Kesavan
- 4. G. Bhattacharya

615. According to CCC, the heading for work with three authors is

- 1. The first author
- 2. The title

- 3. The principal author
- 4. All the three authors

616. Which of the following areas is not a part of the description prescribed by AACR-II?

- 1. Title and statement of responsibility area
- 2. Edition
- 3. Publication and distribution
- 4. Address and location

617. Paul Otlet used the term 'Documentation' for the first time in a lecture at the International Congress at Brussels in

- 1. 1905
- 2. 1920
- 3. 1931
- 4. 1948

618. The real name of 'Mark Twain' is

- 1. Milton
- 2. Keats
- 3. Samuel Longhorne Clemens
- 4. William Wordsworth

619. Windows NT is the name of

- 1. Cable TV
- 2. Network
- 3. A Computer Operating Sytem
- 4. An On-line database

620. Lexicon refers to

- 1. Bibliography
- 2. **Dictionary**
- 3. Encyclopaedia
- 4. Directory

621. To find an occurrence of a term in a work which part of the work do you refer

- 1. Contents
- 2. Chapters
- 3. Index
- 4. Title

622	The term	'Thesaurus'	10	acconintad	with
n//	The term	Thesaurus	18	associated	with

- 1. Directory
- 2. Bibliography
- 3. **Dictionary**
- 4. None of the above

623. C.L.R.I (Central Leather Research Institute) is located at

- 1. Chennai
- 2. Calicut
- 3. Cochin
- 4. Cuttack

624. In CC, the principle that helps in the identification of personality category is

- 1. Cow-calf principle
- 2. Whole-organ principle
- 3. Neti-neti principle
- 4. Later-in-time principle

625. In DDC Phoenix schedules represent

- 1. classes which are slightly modified
- 2. classes which are completely changed
- 3. classes to be modified in the future
- 4. classes not to be modified

626. What is the relationship between ISBD and Cataloguing Codes?

- 1. They are not related at all
- 2. Cataloguing codes will include bibliographic description
- 3. ISBD includes cataloguing rules
- 4. ISBD can replace cataloguing codes

627. Which one of the following is not a part of the MARC record structure?

- 1. Leader
- 2. Directory
- 3. Record terminator
- 4. Check digit

628. Which of the following combinations is wrong

- 1. PRECIS-Dreck Austin-BNB
- 2. KWIC-H.P. Luhn-Chemical titles

- 3. Citation Indexing-Eugene Garfield-SCI
- 4. Relational indexing-E.J. Coates-Biological Abstracts
- 629. Citation indexing was first developed in the field of
 - 1. Science
 - 2. Mathematics
 - 3. Law
 - 4. Social sciences

630. In a thesaurus, under an item "Internal Migration", which of the following lines would you expect to find

- 1. BT Migration
- 2. NT Rural-to-Urgan Migration
- 3. RT International Migration
- 4. All of the above
- 631. The PERT approach is a device developed to
 - 1. Better utilize of time in a series of activities
 - 2. Allow studies to be made between people and machine
 - 3. Analyse a workflow to facilitate decision-making
 - 4. Establish quality control
- 632. The acronym "POSDCORB" was coined by
 - 1. Gulick and Urwick
 - 2. Taylor
 - 3. Mayo
 - 4. Gilberths
- 633. The basic theory regarding human motivation is propounded by
 - 1. Taylor
 - 2. Maslow
 - 3. Mayo
 - 4. Likert
- 634. The method of budgeting, which is not concerned with what happened previously but is more concerned with the requirements of the future is known as
 - 1. Line Budget
 - 2. Programme Budget
 - 3. Formula Budget
 - 4. Zero Based Budget

- 635. Among the different Boolean operators "AND" is used
 - 1. to widen the search
 - 2. to narrow the search
 - 3. to begin the search
 - 4. to end the search
- 636. Which of the following is not a secondary source of information
 - 1. An encyclopedia
 - 2. A textbook
 - 3. A biographical dictionary
 - 4. Patents
- 637. Which of the following reference source will you consult to locate information on the Pokharn test?
 - 1. Encyclopedia of Britannica
 - 2. Asian Recorder
 - 3. Commonwealth Universities Yearbook
 - 4. Dictionary of National Biography
- 638. Information about Indian research studies on bakery and milling is input to IFIS through
 - 1. The Central Rice Research Institute
 - 2. Indian Agricultural Research Institute
 - 3. National Institute of Nutrition
 - 4. Central Food Technological Research Institute
- 639. Which of the following is not an example of Current Awareness Service (CAS)?
 - 1. SDI
 - 2. An Indexing Bulletin
 - 3. Current Contents
 - 4. A Reading List
 - 5
- 640. Non-bibliographic Database contain
 - 1. Numeric Data
 - 2. Textual Data
 - 3. Visual Data
 - 4. All of the above

641. Indexing and abstracting sources are available in print, optical and online. Among the three formats there is usually

- 1. a difference in price, but not capability
- 2. no difference in price, but difference in capability
- 3. a difference both in price and in capability
- 4. no difference in price or capability

642. In an empirical study on the impact of television viewing on violence, violence would be

- 1. the dependent variable
- 2. an independent variable
- 3. an intervening variable
- 4. not a variable at all

643. A big difference between the mean and median is an indication that

- 1. there is a mistake in the calculation
- 2. the calculation is correct
- 3. there is a wide variation in the data
- 4. None of the above

644. Which of the following research methods is useful in a study on measuring the active life of periodicals

- 1. Survey
- 2. Citation Analysis
- 3. Interview
- 4. Case study

645. Which of the following types of memory is volatile

- 1. ROM
- 2. PROM
- 3. WORM
- 4. RAM

646. Which of the following is not a programming language

- FORTRAN
- 2. BASIC
- 3. COBOL
- 4. ASCII

- 647. When you create a worksheet in CDS/ISIS you are defining
 - 1. the external user view
 - 2. the internal file structure
 - 3. the conceptual frame
 - 4. All of the above
- 648. UNESCO's information programme is known as
 - 1. NATIS
 - 2. GIP
 - 3. **UAP**
 - 4. UBC
- 649. Which of the following networks does not have its own tele-communication infrastructure
 - 1. NICNET
 - 2. ERNET
 - 3. INIS
 - 4. EURONET
- 650. OPAC stands for
 - 1. Online Public Access Catalogue
 - 2. Online Periodicals Access Centre
 - 3. Online Patents Access Centre
 - 4. None of the above
- 651. In a communication model, noise refers to
 - 1. loudness of signal
 - 2. lack of understanding between sender and receiver
 - 3. any disturbance which affects the transmission
 - 4. irrelevant information
- 652. Zero-growth libraries contradict the fifth law of library science. The statement is
 - 1. true, because no new books are added
 - 2. true, because the totla size of the bookstock is steady
 - 3. false, since the library may grow in other ways
 - 4. false, since there can be no zero-growth libraries

653. SENDOC is the national documentation centre for

- 1. Science and Environment
- 2. Sociology and Economics
- 3. Sri Lanka
- 4. Small Scale Enterprise

654. Extension services to the blind by a public library is justified by

- 1. the fourth law of library science
- 2. the fifth law of library science
- 3. the first law of library science
- 4. all the laws of library science

655. The table standard subdivision helps a classification scheme

- 1. to ensure consistency
- 2. to add mnemonic value
- 3. both the above
- 4. None of the above

656. Which of the following names are associated with Post-Coordinate indexing

- 1. Taube, Mooers, Batten
- 2. Taube, Austin, Coats
- 3. Taube, Austin, Garfield
- 4. Mooers, Taube, Garfield

657. A document description is not found in a

- 1. Catalogue entry
- 2. Citation
- 3. Bibliographic entry
- 4. Class number

658. The following is not an example of re-packaging of information

- 1. Trend report
- 2. Catalogue
- 3. Summary
- 4. Digest

659. In UDC the inter-relationship between the two subjects is denoted by

- 1. Ampersand followed by Roman Smalls
- 2. A Colon

- 3. Double Colon
- 4. Hyphen

660. GOC helps libraries in determining

- 1. foreign exchange rates
- 2. names of foreign agents and vendors
- 3. books available in the market
- 4. which books to buy

661. In a library which of the following positions are line positions

- a. Junior library assistant
- b. Subject Specialist
- c. Deputy Librarian
- d. Systems Librarians
- 1. (a) and (b)
- 2. (a) and (c)
- 3. (a) and (d)
- 4. (b) and (d)

662. An organizational structure is determined by

- a. span of control
- b. hierarchy
- c. space and location
- 1. **(a) and (b)**
- 2. (b) and (c)
- 3. (a) and (c)
- 4. All the factors

663. According to AACR-II, the heading of the main entry for conference proceeding edited by an individual is prepared under

- 1. name of editor
- 2. place of conference
- 3. title of the volume
- 4. name of the conference

664. The Indian National Bibliography does not include

- 1. Books published in India in English
- 2. Official reports
- 3. Books on India, published abroad
- 4. Books published in recognized Indian languages

665. The subject headings "Money" and "Inflation" are both used in a retrieval system

- 1. be linked by a "see also" reference
- 2. be linked by a "see" reference
- 3. be linked by both "see" and "see also" references
- 4. **not be linked**

666. The resource sharing strategy of a library may not include

- 1. joint acquisition
- 2. shared use
- 3. exchange of materials
- 4. restricted access

667. Which of the following is not a national library?

- 1. Library of Congress
- 2. British Library
- 3. Bibliotheque Nationale
- 4. Smithsonian Institute

668. UNESCO's Public Library Manifesto was last revised in

- 1. 1990
- 2. 1998
- 3. 1997
- 4. **1994**

669. The ICCP did not lead to

- 1. agreement on the need for uniformity and standards
- 2. a defination of main entry
- 3. a recognition of corporate authorship
- 4. the development of MARC format

670. In KWIC index the keyword appears

- 1. at the beginning of each entry
- 2. at the centre of the line
- 3. as the highlighted word
- 4. at the end of the line

671. The relationship between the terms "Ship" and "Boats" is

- 1. syntactic relationship
- 2. semantic relationship

- 3. both
- 4. neither

672. Which of the following cannot be regarded as 'multimedia'

- 1. A tape-slide programme
- 2. A CD-ROM with text and visuals
- 3. Microfilm
- 4. A web page

673. Invisible colleges are

- 1. networks of people interested in the same subject
- 2. help in communication
- 3. neither (1) nor (2)
- 4. **both (1) and (2)**
- 674. Information is a part of ...
 - a) **Information Science**
 - b) Scientific achievement
 - c) Knowledge
 - d) Communication
- 675. Information is ...
 - a) Raw data
 - b) Processed data
 - c) Input data
 - d) Organized data
- 676. What does "Communication of Information" means?
 - a) Process of transmitting information
 - b) Process of disseminating information
 - c) Process of retrieval of information
 - d) Process of scanning information
- 677. What is Intellectual Property?
 - a) Books
 - b) All reading material
 - c) Intellectual thoughts
 - d) All of the above

678.	The term "Information Service" is an improvised name
	a) Administration
	b) Documentation
	c) Bibliography
	d) Reference service
679.	is a process of Information
	a) Books
	b) <u>CD-ROM</u>
	c) Computers
	d) None of the above
680.	Which law of library Science relates to the growth of libraries
	a) Forth law
	b) First law
	c) Second law
	d) <u>Fifth law</u>
681.	Resource sharing is a part of
	a) Library cooperation
	b) Library administration
	c) Library management
	d) Library cataloguing
682.	Library technology reports is a publication of
	a) ILA
	b) ALA
	c) LA
	d) IASLIC
683.	When was the American Library Association established?
	a) <u>1876</u>
	b) 1872
	c) 1875
	d) 1880
684.	The Five laws of library science are a set of good norms to good practice in
	a) Society
	b) <u>Libraries</u>

- c) Librarianship
- d) Library science
- 685. Reading centre's, story hours, exhibitions and reading to literature are forms of ...
 - a) Extension service
 - b) Service of a public library
 - c) Both
 - d) None
- 686. Which terms was coined by S.R. Ranganathan for mobile libraries
 - a) Moving library
 - b) Library on wheels
 - c) Library machine
 - d) All of the above
- 687. What type of information sources is most useful?
 - a) Reference sources
 - b) Non documentary sources
 - c) Documentary sources
 - d) <u>Both (a) & (b)</u>
- 688. Which of the following is the primary source of information?
 - a) Bibliography
 - b) Encyclopedia
 - c) **Handwritten articles**
 - d) Dictionary
- 689. What is library literature?
 - a) Indexing journal
 - b) List of books of library science
 - c) Abstracting periodical
 - d) Directory of sources of library science
- 690. Abstracting service provides...
 - a) Abstract of articles
 - b) Whole bibliographic description of articles
 - c) Whole bibliographic description along with abstracts of article
 - d) Whole bibliographic sources

- 691. What is a database?
 - a) Printed information sources
 - b) Non paper information sources
 - c) Non printed information sources
 - d) Electronic forms of printed source
 - 692. Article published in research journal are...
 - a) Reference sources
 - b) Secondary sources
 - c) Primary sources
 - d) Tertiary sources
 - 693. Which service demands the creation of a 'user' profile?
 - a) CAS
 - b) Information retrieval
 - c) **SDI**
 - d) Reference service
 - 694. "Reference service is the contact between the right reader and the right book in the right personal way" was stated by...
 - a) D J Fockett
 - b) S R Ranganathan
 - c) James I Wyer
 - d) A.L.A Glossary of library terms
 - 695. What is the essential aspect of information service?
 - a) Retrieval of information
 - b) Storage of information
 - c) Collection of information
 - d) Communication of information
 - 696. CAS, SDI, Indexing & Abstracting and Literature Searching Service
 - a) Bibliographical service
 - b) Reference Service
 - c) Indexing Service
 - d) None of the above
 - 697. CAS is defined as
 - a) A process of dissemination of information

- b) A process of information
- c) A process of dissemination of current information
- d) A simple information service
- 698. Feedback mechanism is a part of which service?
 - a) Reprography service
 - b) CAS
 - c) Translation service
 - d) SDI
- 699. UAP stands for what of the following
 - a) United Academy of publication
 - b) Universal Association of Publishers
 - c) Universal Availability of Publications.
 - d) Universal Association of Publishers
- 700. Which library first introduced the printed catalog
 - a) British Museum
 - b) Library of Congress
 - c) Lelin State
 - d) Imperial Library
- 701. Which is the oldest classification scheme in the following...
 - a) UDC
 - b) DDC
 - c) EC
 - d) CCC
- 702. MARC was started in the year
 - a) **1962**
 - b) 1975
 - c) 1966
 - d) 1985
- 703. What is the Thesaurus?
 - a) A collection of selected terminology
 - b) Synonymous terms
 - c) List of words
 - d) All of the above

Ulil	C NET ODJECHVE QUESTIONS IN LIX
704.	What is a collection of terms or records in MARC called?
	a) System
	b) Network
	c) Website

- 705. What are the two parts of the annual report of the library
 - a) Primary and Secondary
 - b) Analytical and Systematic
 - c) Upper and Lower

d) **Database**

- d) Descriptive and Statistical
- 706. What is the full form of ERNET?
 - a) Engineering Network
 - b) Eastern Regional Network
 - c) Electronic Research Network
 - d) Education and Research Network
- 707. Which network in India provided the first e-mail service in the country?
 - a) NICNET
 - b) **DELNET**
 - c) ERNET
 - d) INFLIBNET
- 708. A computer that connects one network to another for the purpose of file transfer is known as ...
 - a) Highway
 - b) Search Engine
 - c) Gateway
 - d) Super way
- 709. What is Bibliometry?
 - a) Function of Library Network
 - b) Information Management Service
 - c) Information Management Tool.
 - d) Library Service
- 710. Informal self education is possible in what kind of library?
 - a) National Library
 - b) **Public Library**

- c) Specific Library
- d) College Library
- 711. Microchip was invented by ...
 - a) Microsoft
 - b) IBM
 - c) DELL
 - d) Intel
- 712. What is a Patent
 - a) An agreement to the Government
 - b) Document of the library
 - c) An agreement between the inventor and the Government
 - d) An agreement between library and Publisher
- 713. Sear's List of Subject Headings (SLSH) is mainly useful for
 - a) Small and medium libraries
 - b) Special libraries
 - c) Academic libraries
 - d) College libraries
- 714. The word Library is made of the word
 - a) Liber
 - b) Libra
 - c) Libre
 - d) Liberae
- 715. Books for all is the same according to which law of library Science
 - a) Books are for use
 - b) Every reader and his/her book
 - c) Every book and its reader
 - d) Save the time of the reader
- 716. The headquarters of Raja Ram Mohan Roy Library Foundation is situtated at
 - 1. Delhi
 - 2. Calcutta
 - 3. Chennai
 - 4. Nagpur
- 717. The first library Act in India was passed and implemented in

- 1. Maharashtra
- 2. Andhra Pradesh
- 3. Madras
- 4. Karnataka

718. A number of devices that are related to recall and precision have been studied by

- 1. Gilchrist
- 2. Vickery
- 3. Lancaster
- 4. Ranganathan

724.	The	CCF	was	deve	loped	by
------	-----	-----	-----	------	-------	----

- 1. LC
- 2. UNESCO
- 3. IFLA
- 4. FID

725. The agency in India responsible for assigning ISSN is

- 1. The National Library
- 2. INSDOC (NASCAIR)
- 3. INFLIBNET
- 4. Raja Ram Mohan Roy Library Foundation

726. The concept of Scientific Management was introduced by

- 1. Henry Fayol
- 2. C.I. Barnard
- 3. Peter Druck
- 4. F.W. Taylor

727. Preparation, service and assimilation are the main stages involved in

- 1. Initiation
- 2. User Education
- 3. Reference Service
- 4. Bibliography

728. Desirableness of personal contact between reader and library material was stressed by

- 1. H.P. Luhn
- 2. Derek Austin
- 3. Samuel H. Green
- 4. S.C. Broadford

729. 'Informatics' is a term which was first used for documentation in

- 1. Britain
- 2. USA
- 3. USSR/Russia
- 4. India

730. Intellectual Property Rights are recognized by

1. Copyright

- 2. Patent
- 3. **Both**
- 4. Neither

731. Identify the primary document from the following:

- 1. Bibliography
- 2. Biography
- 3. Autobiography
- 4. None of the above

732. Identify the secondary source from the following:

- 1. Standards
- 2. Patents
- 3. Journals
- 4. Directories

733. The procedure of 'chain indexing' was developed by

- 1. Jack Mills
- 2. C.A. Cutter
- 3. S.R. Ranganathan
- 4. G. Bhattacharya

734. NATIS stands for

- 1. National Information System
- 2. National Technical Information System
- 3. National Team for Information Science
- 4. None of the above

735. MESH is the name of a

- 1. Medical Library
- 2. C.S.I.R Unit
- 3. Controlled Vocabulary
- 4. None of the above

736. POPSI was developed by

- 1. S.R. Ranganathan
- 2. Neelmeghan
- 3. B.S. Kesavan
- 4. G. Bhattacharya

737. According to CCC, the heading for work with three authors is

- 1. The first author
- 2. The title
- 3. The principal author
- 4. All the three authors

738. Which of the following areas is not a part of the description prescribed by AACR-II?

- 1. Title and statement of responsibility area
- 2. Edition
- 3. Publication and distribution
- 4. Address and location

739. Paul Otlet used the term 'Documentation' for the first time in a lecture at the International Congress at Brussels in

- 1. 1905(1910)
- 2. 1920
- 3. 1931
- 4. 1948

740. ISBN contains

- 1. 6 digits
- 2. 8 digits
- 3. 10 digits
- 4. 12(13) digits

741. BNB is published

- 1. Weekly
- 2. Monthly
- 3. Bi-Monthly
- 4. Annual

742. Principles of 'Later-in-Time is one of the

- 1. Five Laws of Library Science
- 2. Cataloguing Principles
- 3. Principles of Helpful Sequence
- 4. Circulation rules

- 1. Italy
- 2. France
- 3. Netherland
- 4. Germany

744. 'Micropaedia' is in how many volumes?

- 1. 5
- 2. 12
- 3. 15
- 4. 20

745. 'Facts on File' is published from

- 1. India
- 2. Africa
- 3. U.S.A
- 4. Europe

746. Which table deals with 'Standard Subdivisions' in DDC?

- 1. Table 1
- 2. Table 3
- 3. Table 5
- 4. Table 7

747. What is Bibliography

- 1. A list of books published
- 2. A list of books available in a library
- 3. A list of books available in two libraries
- 4. A list of Journals
- 5

748. Bibliographic service comes under

- 1. Ready Reference Service
- 2. Long Range Reference Service
- 3. Referral Service
- 4. None of the above

710	3 6	\sim	T T'11	•	
7/19	N/IC-	Graw	Hill	10	2
<i>1</i> T / .	1110-	Oraw	11111	10	u

- 1. Author
- 2. Printer
- 3. Publisher
- 4. Librarian

750. 'Indian Science Abstract' is published by

- 1. INSDOC
- 2. ICSSR
- 3. DST
- 4. DRTC

751. Library Week is celebrated on

- 1. 10th November
- 2. 14th November
- 3. 14th December
- 4. 25th December

752. Encyclopaedia Britannica is in how many parts

- 1. Single
- 2. Two
- 3. Three
- 4. Four

753. State the number of tables DDC includes

- 1. 3
- 2. 5
- 3. 7
- 4. 9

754. Saraswathi Mahal Library is at

- 1. Tanjore
- 2. Bhubaneswar
- 3. Jaipur
- 4. Thiruvanathapuram

755. Association is a

- 1. Personal Author
- 2. Pseudonymous Author
- 3. Periodical publication

4. Corporate Author

756. As per CC 'm' refers to

- 1. Anteriorising Common Isolate
- 2. Posteriorizing Common Isolate
- 3. Time Isolate
- 4. Useful Arts

757. Library of Congress is located at

- 1. Washington D.C
- 2. Chicago
- 3. New York
- 4. London

758. If in the year 2000, a journal has reached its 40th volume, when was it first published

- 1. 1959
- 2. 1960
- 3. 1961
- 4. None of the above

759. Connema Public Library was established after the name of the then

- 1. Governor
- 2. Judge
- 3. King
- 4. Philanthropist

767. Who is regarded as father of bibliography?

- (A) Paul Otlet
- (B) Conrad Gesner
- (C) J. C. Brunet
- (D) A. C. Fosket.

768. Of the following libraries in India, which one is the oldest library?

- (A) Asiatic Society Library, Bombay
- (B) Connemara Public Library, Madras
- (C) Delhi Public Library, Delhi
- (D) National Library of India, Calcutta.

769. What is the meaning of 'Translation Pools'?
 (A) Details about the names of translation experts (B) Details about the addresses of the translators (C) Agency of the names of translation experts (D) None of these.
770. How is stochastic equation of information solved?
(A) By statistical rules(B) By dynamic rules(C) By statistical and dynamic rules(D) None of these.
771. Which are the facets relating to INFLIBNET?
(a) CALIBER (b) PLANNER (c) UGC-INFONET (d) SOUL Of these: (A) (a), (c) and (dl (C) (a). (b) and (c) (B) (c), (b) and (a) (D) all of these.
772 . The 'Five Laws of Library Science' propounded by Dr. S. R. Ranganathan, is which type of research?
 (A) Applied research (B) Pure research (C) Basic research (D) Survey research.
773. Information Science is a discipline that investigates
(A) the properties and behaviour of information(B) the forces governing the flow of information(C) the means for processing of information for optimal uses(D) all of these.
774. 'Kinesis' is related to
(A) communication

(B) generation

(C) stora (D) none	e of these.
775. The	e term 'Bibliophile' refers to
(B) a Bo (C) a Pu	bliographer ook Lover blisher ook Binder.
776. The	eory X and Theory Y were formulated by
(B) Pete (C) Abra	aglas Murray McGregor r Drucker aham Maslow V. Taylor.
777. Me	SH is the name of a
(B) C.S. (C) Con	lical Library I.R. Unit trolled Vocabulary e of these.
778. Wh	nich record is the hub of the stack in a library?
(B) Shel (C) Boo	ession register If list register k catalogue f manual.
779. In v	which year did A. W. Borden start a refresher course for librarians in India?
(A) 1903 (B) 1910 (C) 1913 (D) 1913) 2
780. A. I	B. Maslow is related to
(B) Hier (C) 14 p	ory X and Theory Y carchy of human needs rinciples gienic factors.
781. Info	ormation may be categorised into

 (A) logical, analytical and statistical (B) statistical, descriptive and analytical (C) analytical, statistical and systematic (D) systematic, analytical and descriptive.
782. What is not open source software for library management?
(A) KOHA (B) AVANT1 (C) php my Library (D) 2.39-50.
783. What is Delphi method?
 (A) It is a programming language (B) It is a method of research (C) It is a software (D) It is used for cost-benefit analysis.
784. Who contributed on the systematic use of user's education?
 (A) S.S.Green (B) Melvil Dewey (C) E. J. Coates (D) Patricia B. Knapp.
785. Who said 'some books are to be tasted, others to be swallowed and some few to be chewed and digested'?
(A) John Milton(B) William Jones(C) Francis Bacon(D) Benjamin Franklin.
786. In which year was the International Book Year celebrated by UNESCO?

- (B) 1947
- (C) 1952
- (D) 1972.

- 787. What is the full form of IATLIS?
- (A) International Association of Trade Unions of Library Science
- (B) Indian Association of Teachers in Library & Information Science
- (C) Indian Airlines Technical Lower Intelligence Services
- (D) Indian Air Traffic Light, Information and Signal.
- 788. ISBN consists of
- (A) ten digits
- (B) thirteen digits
- (C) 8-bytes
- (D) there are no digits.
- 789. DDC 22nd edition is published by
- (A) Forest Press
- (B) OCLC
- (C) IFLA
- (D) UNESCO.
- 790. Management by Objectives (MBO) is introduced by
- (A) H. W. Wilson
- (B) S. R. Ranganathan
- (C) F. W. Taylor
- (D) Peter Drucker.
- 791. ASK (Approach, Skill, Knowledge) principle is related to
- (A) classification
- (B) management
- (C) ICT
- (D) standards.
- 792. Which section of the library is known as hub of the staff?
- (A) Maintenance section
- (B) Reference section
- (C) Circulation section
- (D) Technical section.
- 793. Who suggested for Book Order Vigilance Pad (BOVP)?
- (A) C. A. Cutter
- (B) Melvil Dewey
- (C) Michael Gorman

- (D) S. R. Ranganathan.
- 794. The subject of Research Methodology is the outcome of the mode of formation of subject, known as
- (A) Loose Assemblage
- (B) Fission
- (C) Distillation
- (D) Cluster.
- 795. IIA founded in U.S.A. in 1968 stands for
- (A) Integrated Industry Association
- (B) Information Industry Association
- (C) Integrated Illiteracy eradication Association
- (D) Institute of Information Association.
- 796. BSO in classification stands for
- (A) Basic Subject of Organisation
- (B) Broad Subject Ordering
- (C) Bibliography of Subject Ordering
- (D) Bibliographic Subject Organisation.
- 797. The concept of Selective Dissemination of Information (SDI) was introduced by
- (A) Kaiser
- (B) Luhn of IBM
- (C) S. R. Ranganathan
- (D) Derek Austin.
- 798. The book 'Library Administration' was brought out by Ranganathan in
- (A) 1925
- (B) 1933
- (C) 1931
- (D) 1935
- 799. The Chairman of the National Knowledge Commission, Govt. of India, is
- (A) D. P. Chattopadhyay
- (B) B. P. Barua
- (C) R. K. Dasgupta
- (D) Dr. Sam Pitroda

- 800. IPR stands for
- (A) Indian Press Registration
- (B) Intellectual Property Right
- (C) International Property Right
- (D) Indian Property Regulations.
- 801. 'Fair use' is the norm for determining the legality of
- (A) producing the second edition of a book
- (B) photocopying an entire book
- (C) making available a book to another library on inter-library loan
- (D) prescribing a book as a text book.
- 802. User education may be provided in four interrelated areas which are
- (A) user's awareness, user studies, library orientation, bibliographic instruction
- (B) user's awareness, library orientation, inter-profiling, bibliographic instruction
- (C) aptitude test of the users, use of cataloguing, inter-profiling, user's awareness
- (D) bibliographic instruction, library orientation, computer literacy, user's awareness.
- 803. Generally a reference service of a library in the conventional form is processed through
- the stages which are
- (A) preparation, service, assimilation
- (B) indexing, orientation, delivery of the query's reply
- (C) orientation, user's study, photocopy supplied
- (D) preparation, orientation, delivery of the query's reply.
- 804. There are a few basic factors which may be applied in winning the hearts of the readers. They are
- (A) psychological factor, environmental factor, social factor
- (B) self factor, psychological factor, service factor
- (C) service factor, philosophical factor, self factor
- (Dl technological factor, service factor, self factor.
- 805. The marketing concepts in Library Service include
- (A) analysis, planning, implementation and control
- (B) advertising, planning, analysis and control
- (C) distribution, control, analysis, implementation
- (D) indexing, planning, control and implementation.

807. Herzberg's is two factor theory deals with:

808. Raja Rammohan Roy Library Foundation:

(A) DESIDOC (B) **INSDOC** (C) DRTC (D) UGC.

(A) Staff recruitment(B) Leadership(C) Decision making(D) Motivation

806. The first centre to use computer in the library and information activities in India is

(ii) Promotes public libraries (iii) Located at Mumbai (iii) Promotes school libraries (iv) Located at Kolkata (A) (i) and (ii) are correct (B) (i) and (iv) are correct (C) (i) and (iii) are correct (D) (iii) and (iv) are correct 809. The "Principle of Literary Warrant" was propounded by:	
(A) S.R. Ranganathan (B) W. Hulme (C) Melvil Dewey (D) Derek De Solla Price 810. Pre-natal Cataloguing means:	
(A) Simplified Cataloguing (B) Pre-Publication Cataloguing (C) Selective Cataloguing (D) Shared Cataloguing	
811. The author who defined Reference Service as the "Process of establishing contact between a reader and his documents in a personal way" is: (A) WA. Katz (B) L. Shores (C) M. Hutchins (D) S. R. Ranganathan	
Hyr Crossroshttp://hyrrossro_som	Pag

812. Identify the odd one:

- (A) LISA
- (B) Psychological Abstracts
- (C) Index Medicus
- (D) World of Learning
- 813. WIPO stands for:
- (A) World Information and Patents Organisation
- (B) World Intellectual Property Organisation
- (C) World International Property Organisation
- (D) World Information Protection Organisation
- 814. Which of the following is not correctly matched?
- (A) DELNET Telecommunication Network
- (B) Digital Library Print Material
- (C) Thesaurus List of Descriptors
- (D) ISBN Serial Number
- 815. An entry in an Abstracting Journal consists of :
- (A) Bibliographic citation
- (B) An abstract and bibliographic citation
- (C) Annotation
- (D) Bibliographic citation, an abstract and initials of the abstractor
- 816. Technological Gatekeeper is:
- (i) An informal channel
- (ii) A term coined by T.J. Allen
- (iii) A formal channel
- (iv) A term coined by Derek De J. Solla Price
- (A) (i) and (ii) are correct
- (B) (i) and (iii) are correct
- (C) (ii) and (iii) are correct
- (D) (iii) and (iv) are correct
- 817. The National Library for the visually handicapped is located at:
- (A) Allahabad
- (B) Indore
- (C) **Dehradun**
- (D) Nainital

818.	In wh	nich c	of the	following	network	topologies,	all the	computers	are c	connected	to a
cent	ral coı	mpute	er:								

- (A) Ring
- (B) Star
- (C) Bus
- (D) Peer to Peer
- 819. If the size of the study population is very small, the following sampling method will give better results :
- (A) Purposive
- (B) Stratified
- (C) Random
- (D) Census
- 820. Formatting a document in Computer means:
- (A) Editing the content
- (B) Changing the appearance
- (C) Adding new content
- (D) Changing the font size only
- 821. Which of the following search devices will lead to an increase in the Recall output?
- (A) Boolean 'And'
- (B) Boolean 'Not'
- (C) Proximity Operators
- (D) Truncation
- 822. Orientation of library users is a kind of :
- (A) Reference Service
- (B) Referral Service
- (C) Current Awareness Service
- (D) Selective Dissemination of Information Service
- 823. Informal Communication among knowledgeable persons is known as:
- (A) Invisible College
- (B) Information Gatekeeper
- (C) Communication Gatekeeper
- (D) Knowledge Management

824. Which of the following are produced by Institute of Scientific Information	ormation :
---	------------

- (i) Science Citation Index
- (ii) Current Contents
- (iii) Index Medicus
- (iv) Atom Index
- (A) (i), (ii) and (iii)
- (B) (i) and (ii) only
- (C) (ii) and (iii) only
- (D) (i) and (iv) only
- 825. The term 'Precision' to measure the performance of Information Retrieval Systems, was suggested by :
- (A) S.R. Ranganathan
- (B) F.W. Lancastere
- (C) Cyril Cleverdon
- (D) H.P. Luhn
- 826. The GMD in a catalogue entry according to AACR-II revised edition is given:
- (A) After the title proper
- (B) Before the title
- (C) After the statement of responsibility
- (D) Before the statement of responsibility
- 827. Assertion (A): Computerization of Public Libraries in India is slow.

Reason (R): Non-availability of resources.

- (A) (A) is true but (R) is false
- (B) (R) is true but (A) is false
- (C) Both (A) and (R) are true
- (D) Both (A) and (R) are false
- 828. Assertion (A): Reference service is the hub of all library activities.

Reason (R): It is provided in the shortest possible time.

- (A) (A) is true, but (R) is false
- (B) (R) is true, but (A) is false
- (C) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the right explanation of (A)
- (D) Both (A) and (R) are true, and (R) is the right explanation
- 829. Assertion (A): Systems analysis identifies the flow of work.

Reason (R): Systems analysis is not necessary if the library is to be automated.

(A) Both (A) and (R) are correct

- (B) Both (A) and (R) are false
- (C) (A) is true and (R) is false
- (D) (R) is true and (A) is false
- 830. Assertion (A): Users can have access to large number of E-journals through consortia.

Reason (R): Users are not aware of using web-resources.

- (A) (A) is false and (R) is true
- (B) (A) is true and (R) is false
- (C) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the right explanation of (A)
- (D) Both (A) and (R) are false
- 831. Assertion (A): Historical, Descriptive and Experimental Methods are scientific methods.

Reason (R): A scientific method is one that adopts a logical and systematic procedure.

- (A) (A) is true but (R) is false
- (B) Both (A) and (R) are true
- (C) (A) is false but (R) is true
- (D) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation
- 832. The chronological sequence of the technology is:
- (A) Telephone, Television, Satellite Communication, INTERNET
- (B) Telephone, Satellite Communication, Television, INTERNET
- (C) Telephone, Television, INTERNET, Satellite Communication
- (D) Telephone, INTERNET, Television, Satellite Communication
- 833. Identify the correct order of the evolution of the following storage devices:
- (A) DVD, Magnetic tape, Floppy, CD
- (B) CD, DVD, Magnetic tape, Floppy
- (C) Floppy, CD, DVD, Magnetic tape
- (D) Magnetic tape, Floppy, CD, DVD
- 834. Identify the correct order of evolution of computers :
- (A) PC-XT, PC-AT, Main frame, Micro
- (B) PC-AT, PC-XT, Main frame, Micro
- (C) Micro, PC-AT, PC-XT, Main frame
- (D) Main frame, Micro, PC-AT, PC-XT

835. Identify the correct order of evolution of the following storage order.

- (A) Paper, Micro card, Magnetic tape, Clay tablet
- (B) Clay tablet, Paper, Micro card, Magnetic tape
- (C) Micro card, Magnetic tape, Clay tablet, Paper
- (D) Magnetic tape, Clay tablet, Paper, Micro card
- 836. Identify the correct chronological order in which the following were established:

(A) National Library of India (Kolkata), Delhi Public Library, Documentation Research and Training Centre, Raja Ram Mohan Roy Library Foundation

- (B) Delhi Public Library, Documentation Research and Training Centre, Raja Ram Mohan Roy Library Foundation, National Library of India (Kolkata)
- (C) Documentation Research and Training Centre, Raja Ram Mohan Roy Library Foundation, National Library of India (Kolkata), Delhi Public Library
- (D) Raja Ram Mohan Roy Library Foundation, National Library of India (Kolkata), Delhi Public Library, Documentation Research and Training Centre
- 837. Which one of the sequences is in ascending order?
- (A) Bytes, Gigabytes, Megabytes, Terrabytes
- (B) Bytes, Megabytes, Gigabytes, Terrabytes
- (C) Bytes, Terrabytes, Megabytes, Gigabytes
- (D) Megabytes, Bytes, Terrabytes, Gigabytes
- 838. Which of the following would be the correct chronological sequence?
- (A) Bibliometrics, Informetrics, Librametry, Webometrics
- (B) Librametry, Bibliometrics, Informetrics, Webometrics
- (C) Librametry, Informetrics, Bibliometrics, Webometrics
- (D) Bibliometrics, Informetrics, Webometrics, Librametry
- 839. Arrange the physical forms of catalogue in the chronological sequence :
- (A) Register, Sheaf Catalogue, Card Catalogue, OPAC
- (B) Sheaf Catalogue, Register, Card Catalogue, OPAC
- (C) Card Catalogue, Sheaf Catalogue, Register, OPAC
- (D) Sheaf Catalogue, Card Catalogue, Register, OPAC
- 840. Match the following:

List-I List-II

(Term) (Forms of Communication)

- (a) Invisible college (i) Physical carrier
- (b) Noise (ii) Formal channel
- (c) Medium (iii) Barrier

(d) Document (iv) Informal channel Code: (a) (b) (c) (d) (A) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (B) (ii) (i) (iii) (iv) (C) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i) (D) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii) 841. Match the following: List-I List-II (Work) (Author) (a) Subject Classification (i) J. Atchinson (b) Thesaurofacet (ii) C.A. Cutter (c) Classified Catalogue Code (iii) J.D. Brown (d) Rules for Dictionary Catalogue (iv) S.R. Ranganathan Code: (a) (b) (c) (d) (A) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii) (B) (ii) (iii) (i) (iv) (C) (iv) (ii) (iii) (i) (D) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) 841. Match the following: List-I List-II (Research Methods) (Type) (a) Content Analysis (i) Data Collection Tool (b) Questionnaire (ii) Qualitative Methods of Analysis (c) Observation (iii) Methods of Research (d) Case Study (iv) Direct Method Code: (a) (b) (c) (d) (A) (i) (iv) (iii) (ii) (B) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii) (C) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv) (D) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i) 842. Match the following: List-I List-II (a) Maharashtra Public Libraries Act (i) 2004 (b) Gujarat Public Libraries Act (ii) 2005 (c) Orissa Public Libraries Act (iii) 1967 (d) West Bengal Public Libraries Act (iv) 1988

(v) 1979

Code: (a) (b) (c) (d) (A) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv) (B) (ii) (v) (iv) (iii) (C) (iii) (i) (ii) (v) (D) (v) (ii) (iv) (iii) 843. Match the following: List-I List-II (a) Scientific Management (i) Esprit de crops (b) Unity of Command (ii) Peter Drucker (c) Management by Objectives (iii) Factor of Planning (d) Forecasting (iv) Efficiency and Waste Prevention (a) (b) (c) (d) (A) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii) (B) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (C) (ii) (iii) (i) (iv) (D) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii) 844. Match the following: List-I List-II (a) Search Engine (i) Internet Explorer (b) Subject Gateway (ii) Dogpile (c) Net Browser (iii) FTP (d) Meta Search Engine (iv) SOSIG (v) Altavista Code: (a) (b) (c) (d) (A) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i) (B) (v) (iv) (i) (ii) (C) (v) (i) (ii) (iii) (D) (v) (i) (iv) (ii) 845. Match the following: List-I List-II (a) ERNET (i) Japan (b) JANET (ii) Global (c) RLIN (iii) India (d) OCLC (iv) United Kingdom (v) USA Code:

(a) (b) (c) (d)(A) (v) (iv) (i) (ii)

- (B) (iv) (v) (i) (ii) (C) (iii) (iv) (v) (ii)
- (D) (iii) (ii) (iv) (v)

846. Match the following:

List-I List-II

- (a) Origin of a word (i) World of Learning
- (b) Synonyms for a word (ii) Dictionary of Etymology
- (c) How to install a gadget (iii) Encyclopedia
- (d) Address of Oxford University (iv) Manual
- (v) Thesaurus

Code:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) (ii) (v) (iv) (iii)
- (B) (v) (iii) (iv) (i)
- (C) (v) (iv) (i) (iii)
- (D) (ii) (v) (iv) (i)

847. Match the following:

List-I List-II

- (a) Nehru Memorial Museum Library (i) Chennai
- (b) Connemara Public Library (ii) Pune
- (c) Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute

Library (iii) Patna

- (d) Khudabaksh Oriental Library (iv) Delhi
- (v) Allahabad

Code:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) (iii) (v) (iv) (ii)
- (B) (v) (iv) (i) (ii)
- (C) (v) (ii) (iv) (i)
- (D) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)

848. Match the following:

List-I List-II

- (a) IFLA (i) Science Citation Index
- (b) Unesco (ii) First search
- (c) OCLC (iii) Patent Information
- (d) ISI (iv) Public Library Manifesto
- (v) Universal Availability of Publications

Code:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)

- (B) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii)
- (C) (v) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (D) (v) (i) (iv) (ii)

849. Match the following:

List-I List-II

- (a) E-Mail (i) Bulletin Board
- (b) FTP (ii) Remote Log In
- (c) TELNET (iii) Library Network
- (d) USENET (iv) Moving/Downloading Files
- (v) Exchanging Message

Code:

- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) (iv) (iii) (v) (i)
- (B) (v) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (C) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)
- (D) (v) (i) (iv) (iii)

850. Match the following:

List-I List-II

- (a) MS-DOS (i) Multi-User Operating System
- (b) UNIX (ii) DTP Software
- (c) Excel (iii) DBMS
- (d) Pagemaker (iv) Single User Operating System
- (v) Spreadsheet Software
- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) (iv) (v) (i) (ii)
- (B) (v) (i) (ii) (iii)
- (C) (iii) (i) (ii) (v)
- (D) (iv) (i) (v) (ii)

- 1. IPO: United Nations
- 2. Digital watermarking is part of : Steganography
- 3. Information Ice berg : 1/3 Visible 2/3 Non- Visible
- 4. A Proxy server is used for : Share Internet Links
- 5. Library warrant: W.Hulme
- 6. Barcode system uses one of the following technologies: Pattern Recognition
- 7. Information observed and reported by some one else is know as : Empirical Information
- 8. Brain Storming: Alex Osborn
- 9. IV volume of 20th DDC : Relative Index
- 10. Data Ware house is : An Electronic Repository Of Organizational Data
- 11. World Intellectual property day : Aprinl 26, 2009
- 12. Cyberspace is not wires cables and microwave but : A Physical Place
- 13. The book "S.R. Ranganathan : Pragmatic Philosophy Of Information Science A Personal Biography"
- 14. Perochial Libraries : Thomas Bray
- 15. TQM needs : Concept Oriented Management
- 16. Acronym: Donald Davinson
- 17. First Public Library Act : Madras
- 18. already the world is well into the third great phase of Human history the information age articulated by : Alvin Toffler
- 19. Buffer overflow: An Attack By Computer Hacker
- 20. An equivalent of Is 14000 standards is : ISO 9000
- 21. In flowchat Activity is represented by : Rectangle
- 22. One of the following is not a cause for obsolescence of published literature : No Longer Valid
- 23. Gantt chat : Horizontal Bar Chat
- 24. M in five fundamental categories (PMEST) : Matter
- 25. Value added information model for evaluating information systems and centres was provided
 - by : Robert S Taylor
- 26. Soul 2.0 is complaint to : Ncip2.0

27. OSI Stands for : Open System Interconnection 28. ISO standard for Dublic core Metadata elements set is : Iso 15836 : 2009 29. Seymour Lubetzky was associated with : Catalogue Codes 30. VIRUS: Vital Information Resources Under Siege 31. The largest unit of a database : A File 32. The term "Exponental Growth refers to : Geometrical Progression 33. The exhaustiveness of indexing system will : Increase Precision 34. ILA : 1933 35. DELNET : Wan 36. Recommended 6.5% of univ budget : Radhakrishna Committee 37. Secon Generation computers is : Transistor 38. Where is wisdom we have lost in knowledge : T.S. Eliot 39. Bradford formulated the law of scatter : 1948 40. Saraswathi mahal library : Maraja Sarafoji 41. Invisible colleges : Derek De Solla Price 42. Half life of information is : Rate Of Obsolescence Of Information 43. First univ to introduced M.Phil Programm is LIS 1980 : University Of Madras 44. Not a image format : Uap 45. KWIC index was : Hp Luhn 46. Graphical representation of data on y-axis is : Quadrant 47. Z39.50 : Client Server Protocol 48. Phenomena of literature on a subject appearing in periodical devoted to other subject is know : Scatter as 49. Which of five laws of library science strongly advocated adv of open access : First Law 50. BIOS : Basic Input/Output System 51. Punjab Library Primer : A D Dickinson 52. Classification : Grouping And Arrangement Of Entities 53. LIS – FORUM : Ncsi 54. Starvation policy : Revision Of Udc 55. Five Laws of library science : 1931 56. Documentation was brought : S C Bradford

57. Wisdom of mass principle : Wikipaedia

58. Thesaurofacet : Jean Aitchison

59. Central tendency : Average 60. Atom index : Inis 61. Free floating subdivisions : Library Of Congress Subject Headings 62. Shanon and weaver theory of information is based on : Mathematical Theory 63. Bodlein library is the university library of : Oxford University 64. A patent may be granted for a new useful and non obvious : Innovation 65. Facebook is a : Social Networking Site 66. World cat is : Oclc 67. Direct method of electro static copying is : Xerography 68. Focus is a : Facet 69. Encyclopedia of library and information science is published by : Marcel Dekkav 70. Dare : Undp 71. RSS in internet terminology means : Rich Site Summary 72. The organizational structure is determined by : Span Of Control 73. See also cross reference normally represent : Associate Relations 74. Research done to find a solution for an immediate problem is known as : Applied Research 75. The term Informatics was coined by : Otto Nache 76. Laissez – faire is : Allow To Act 77. The diffusion of innovationa and its acceptance normally follows : S-Shaped Curve 78. The periodical "college and research Librararies is published by : Ala 79. First Ph.d in the LIS in India : 1958 80. John cotton Dana : Ala 81. Indian Reference sources is : J.S.Sharma 82. Youtube is associated with : Google 83. Computer virus is a : Computer Programme 84. Lotka laws is concerned with : Productivity Of Authors (Dought) 85. Library pathfinders : Referral Service 86. Charles ammi cutter : Rules For Dictionary Catalogue Hy r Crossro shttp://hy_r_rossro_s._om

Page 1__

87. Coden is : Sericals 88. Method of experimental enquiry was advocated by : J S Mills 89. Truncation device is used to improve : Precision (Dought) 90. Maximum storage space is available on : Hard Disk 91. Demand Theory of Books selection was coined by : L R Mccolvin 92. The Hyderabad public libraries Act was : 1960 (Actualy 1955) 93. SRELS Journals : Bangalore 94. ATM stands for : Asynchronous Transfer Mode 95. Ocr is a : Input Device 96. IASLIC bulletine is a : Quarterly 97. Acheme of role operators are used in : Précis 98. Intelectual property rights are a bundle of exclusive rights over creation of the mind covering : Both Artistic And Commercial Creations 99. CODATA was establish by : Icsu Which one of the following has accelerated the growth of electronic publishing : **Optical Median** 101. Weka is a : Data Mining Software 102. Cumulative book index is a : Trade Bibliography 103. Field tag in MARC : Directrory 104. The inverse square law is the law referred to : Lotks'S Law 105. As per internet standard terminology RFC refrs : Request For Comments 106. Manual of library economy was : Brown 107. ISBD: Ifla 108. Five new laws of library sicence have been offered n 1995 by : Crwford And Gorman 109. The papyrus one of the earliest writing materials was mainly used by : Egyptians 110. Decimal classification completed hundred years in : 1976 111. Principle of recency is releated to : Library Publicity 112. Computers process data into information by working exclusively with : Multimedia 113. Relics are sources of information for : Historical Research 114. Median is not affected by : Different Values The acronym ubc coined by : Donald Davinson 115.

- 116. Name given by sr ranganathan to book mobile : Librachine
- 117. Informationas a flow and knowledge as stock : Marshall Mchuhan
- 118. CCF: Unesco
- 119. Which one of the following is an indological library : Adayar Public Library,

Chennai

- 120. The idea of bibliographic coupling was first advocated by : M.M. Kessler
- 121. Canan for verbal plane are : Four
- 122. Baud rate is used to measure : The Speed Of Data Transmission In

Telecommunication

- 123. Ernet is : Education And Research Network
- 124. Term "epitome" : Review
- 125. Thomas website is associated with : Thomas Publishers And Co
- 126. Who coined the word ROBOT : Karl Capek
- 127. Notation does not make a classification but it may mare it : Wc. Berwick Sayers
- 128. Farmingtio plan was initiated in uK in the year : 1948
- 129. A postulate is a : A Self Evident Statement About The Possibility Of A Thing
- 130. PROLOG: Programming In Logic
- 131. Which of the following is not a house keeping operation in library : Reference
- 132. AGRIS regional centre for European countries in located at : Philippines
- 133. GPSS: Gateway Packet Switched Service
- 134. Which of the following evaluation techniques is used in forecasting : Delphi

Technique

- 135. The earliest style of chines writing was mainly : Pictographic
- 136. V-mail: War Time
- 137. Digital library of resource of Indian cultural heritage has been named as : Kalanadhi
- 138. Ugc-net consist of : 4 Sections
- 139. First Librarian of national library of india was : B.S Kesavan
- 140. Indcat is a online union cataloge maintained by e : Inflibnet
- 141. Digital library of india is hosted by : IIS

IMPORTANT MEANINGS - ABBREVIATIONS & DATES

Scopus: Abstract and citation database of research literature

J-Store (1995): Journal Storage

Emeralds: Full text Journal Publishers

Science Direct: Full-text scientific database

ERIC: Education Resources Information Center, is the world's largest digital library of education literature

J-Gate (2001): J-Gate is an electronic gateway to global e-journal literature

Project MUSE (1993): Online database of more than 200 journals from nonprofit publishers

EBSCO: Reference Databases

Pubmed: Citations for biomedical articles from MEDLINE

IndMed: A Bibliographic Database of Indian Biomedical Literature is an indexing of medical and other biomedical journals from India not cover in Medline INIS: The INIS Database, contains over 3 million bibliographic records

LISA: Library and Information Science Abstracts is an international abstracting and indexing tool designed for library professionals and other information specialists

Genamics JournalSeek: Genamics JournalSeek is the largest completely categorized database of freely available journal information available on the internet. The database presently contains 95320 titles. Journal information includes the description (aims and scope), journal abbreviation, journal homepage link, subject category and ISSN.

Econlit: The American Economic Association's electronic bibliography, EconLit, indexes more than thirty years of economics literature from around the world. Compiled and abstracted in an easily searchable format, EconLit is a comprehensive index of journal articles, books, book reviews, collective volume articles, working papers and dissertations

REPEC: Research Papers in economics. Collaborative volunteer effort to enhance the dissemination of research in economics. The database contains information on more than 585,000 items

OCLC Worldcat: A global catalog of library collections.

Tamil Nadu (formerly Madras) Public Libraries Act. 1948

Andhra Pradesh Public Libraries Act. 1960

Karnataka Public Library Act 1965

Maharashtra Public Libraries Act 1967

West Bengal Public Libraries Act 1979

```
Manipur Public Libraries Act 1988
Kerala Public Libraries Act 1989
Haryana Public Libraries Act 1989
Mizoram Public Libraries Act 1993
Goa Public Libraries Act 1993
Gujarat Public Libraries Act 2002
Orissa Public Library Act 2002
Uttaranchal Public Libraries Act, 2005.
Rajasthan Public Libraries Act 2006
Delhi Public Library 1951
DRTC, Bangalore 1962
Raja Ram Mohan Roy Library Foundation 1972
Connemara Public Library 1890
Khuda Baksha Oriental Public Library 1891
Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute, Pune 1917
Rampur Raza Library, Uttar Pradesh 1774
State Lenin Library, Moscow 1862
National Library of India- 1835
Bibliothec Nationale, Pris (National Library, France) 1440
National Diet Library, Japan 1948
National Library, Germany 1912
Library of Congress, USA 1800
Library Association (UK)-1877 now Known as Chartered institute of Library and
Information Professionals (From 2002) 1877 (now name changed in 2002 as CILIP)
American Library Association - 1876
Association of Special Libraries and Information Beureaux –ASLIB 1926
IFLA-1929 1929 UBC-1974, UAP-1976
Special Library Association(SLA) 1909
FID 1982
UNESCO 1945
```

```
India Library Association 1933
IASLIC 1955
RRRLF 1972
DDC by Melvil Dewey 1876
Expansive Classification by C.A. Cutter- 1879
Library of Congress Classification 1902
Subject Classification by J. D. Brown 1906
Colon Classification 1933
Bibliographic Classification by H. E. Bliss 1935
International Classification by F. Rider 1961.
Library of Congress Subject Headings 1898
Sears List of Subject Headings (SLSH) 1923
AACR first published 1908
MARC 1966
AACR-I 1967
CCF 1972
ISBD 1974
UNIMARC 1977
AACR-II 1978
Online Computer Library Centre (OCLC) 1967
Research Library Group (RLG)-RLIN 1974
Joint Academic Network (JANET)
Consortium of University Research Libraries (CURL) 1997
China Academic Library & Information System 1998
NICNET 1977
CALIBNET 1986
ERNET 1986
INFLIBNET 1988
DELNE 1992
ADINET 1993
```

```
MALIBNET 1993
MYLIBNET 1994
UGC INFONET 2002
HELINET 2003
Asia and Pacific Information Network (APIN)
Information Society program for Latin America and The Caribbean (INFOLAC) 1986
Global Network for Education in Journalism 1999
Orbicom 1994
UNESCO Network for Associated Library (UNAL)
UNISIST Programme 1971
CDS/ISIS 1985
WINISIS Distributed
SOUL 2000
GREENSTONE 1997
DSPACE 2002
KOHA 2000
NEWGENLIB 2007
EPRINTS 2000
Relational Indexing- J.E.L.Farradane 1950
Coats Subject Indexing- E.J. Coats 1963
PRECIS-Derek Austin 1974
POPSI- G. Bhattacharya 1964
Kaisers systematic Indexing 1911
UNITERM- Martimer Taube 1953
Science Citation Index 1974
Social Science Citation Index 1973
Arts & Humanities Citation Index 1978
Roget's Thesaurus 1852
Andhra Pradesh Library Association, 1914
Maharashtra Library Association, 1921
```

```
Bengal Library Association, 1925
Madras Library Association, 1928
Karnataka Library Association, 1929
Punjab Library Association, 1929
Samastha Kerala Pustakalaya Samiti, 1931
Bihar Library Association, 1936
Assam Library Association, 1938
Utkal Library Association, 1944
Kerala Library Association, 1945
Hyderabad Library Association, 1951
U.P.Library Association, 1951
Delhi Library Association, 1953
Gujarat library Association, 1953
Madhya Bharat Library Association, 1957
Gomantak Library Association, 1961
Rajasthan Library Association, 1962
Jammu & Kashmir Library Association, 1966
Tripura Library Association, 1967
Manipur Library Association, 1987
Mizoram Library Association, 1987
Meghalaya Library Association, 1994
Nagaland Library Association, 1996
A&I - Abstracting and Indexing
CRG – Classification Research Group
AACR2 - Anglo-American Cataloging Rules, Second Edition
AALL - American Association of Law Libraries
AASL - American Association of School Librarians
ABAA - Antiquarian Booksellers Association of America
ACRL - Association of College & Research Libraries
AGRIS – Agricultural Information System
```

AHIP - Academy of Health Information Professionals

AICTE - All India Council for Technical Education

ALA - American Library Association

ALC - Americans for Libraries Council

ALCTS - Association for Library Collections and Technical Services.

ALISE - Association for Library and Information Science Education

ALISE - Association for Library and Information Science Education

ALOHA - Astronomy Librarians of Hawaii Association

ALP – Advancement for Librarianship

ANSI - American National Standards Institute

APA - American Psychological Association

ARL - Association of Research Libraries

ARLIS/ANZ - Arts Libraries Society of Australia and New Zealand

ARLIS/NA - Art Libraries Society of North America

ARLIS/UK & Ireland - Arts Libraries Society of the United Kingdom and Ireland

ARMA International - Association of Records Managers and Administrators International

ASCII - American Standard Code for Information Interchange

ASIS - American Society for Information Science (and Technology)

ASTED - Association pour l'avancement des Sciences et TEchniques de la Documentation

AV - Audio-Visual

BALID - Bangladesh Association of Librarians, Information Scientists and Documentalists

BCI - Bar Council of India

BFM - Bibliographic File Maintenence

BI - Bibliographic Instruction

BIBCO - the monographic BIBliographic record COmponent of the Program for Cooperative

Cataloging

BIP - Books In Print

BL - British Library

BLISc - Bachelor of Library and Information Science

BnF - Bibliothèque nationale de France

BONET – Bombay Library Network **BPL** - Boston Public Library CAHSL - Connecticut Association of Health Sciences Librarians CALIBNET – Calcutta Network CAPS – Content, Abstract and Photocopy Service (INSDOC) **CDA** - Communications Decency Act **CDC** - Curriculum Development Committee CD-R - Compact Disc-Recordable CD-ROM - Compact Disc Read-Only Memory CD-RW - Compact Disc ReWritable CDS - Cataloging Distribution Service (Library of Congress) CDS/ISIS - Computerised Documentation Services Intregated Set of Information System **CEP** - Continuing Education Programme CILIP - Chartered Institute of Library and Information Professionals **CIP** - Cataloging-In-Publication **CLA** - Canadian Library Association **CLIR** - Council on Library & Information Resources **CLISc** - Certificate Course in Library and Information Science **CLS** - Certificate in Library Science **CNI** - Coalition for Networked Information **COMLA** - Common Welth Library Association **CONSER** - Cooperative ONline SERials (PCC component) CPSO - Cataloging Policy and Support Office (Library of Congress) **CSIR** - Council of Scientific and Industrial Research CV - Curriculum Vitae DCM Z1 - Descriptive Cataloging Manual Z1 ("Yellow Pages") DDB - die Deutsche Bibliothek (German National Library) **DDC** - Dewey Decimal Classification

DDS - Document Delivery Service

DEC - Distance Education Council

DELNET – Delhi Library Network **DESIDOC** - Defense Scientific Information and Documentation Center **DEVSIS** – Development Science Information System **DIRKS** - Design and Implementation of Recordkeeping Systems **DLIS** - Department of Library and Information Science DLSc - Diploma in Library Science DMCA - Digital Millennium Copyright Act DOI - Digital Object Identifier DRC – Data Referral Centra **DRM** - Digital Rights Management **DRTC** - Documentation Research and Training Center **DVD** - Digital Video Disc **ENVIS** – Environment Information System **ERIC** - Educational Resources Information Clearinghouse FDLP - Federal Depotisitory Library Program FRBR - Functional Requirements of Bibliographic Records **GIF** - Graphics Interchange Format **GIS** - Geographic Information Systems **GPO** - Government Printing Office **GUI** - Graphical User Interface HR - Human Resources HTML - HyperText Markup Language HTTP - HyperText Transfer Protocol HTTPS - HyperText Transfer Protocol Secure

IALL - International Association of Law Libraries

IAMSLIC - International Association of Aquatic and Marine Science Libraries and

Information Centers

IASLIC - Indian Association of Special Libraries and Information Centers

IATLIS - Indian Association of Teachers in Library and Information Science

IB - Information Behavior

- ICSSR Indian Council of Social Science Research
- **ICT** Information and Communication Technology
- **IE** Internet Explorer
- IFLA International Federation of Library Associations and Institutions
- IFLA International Federation of Library Associations and Institutions
- III Innovative Interfaces, Incorporated
- **IIT** Indian Institute of Technology
- **ILA** Indian Library Association
- ILL InterLibrary loan
- **IMLS** Institute for Museum and Library Services
- INFLIBNET Information and Library Network (UGC)
- **INSDOC** Indian National Scientific Documentation Center
- ISBD International Standard Bibliographic Description
- ISBN International Standard Book Number
- ISC Information for Social Change (Advocacy group : United Kingdom)
- ISP Internet Service Provider
- **ISSN** International Standard Serial Number
- **IT** Information Technology
- JAKE Jointly Administered Knowledge Environment
- JPEG Joint Photographic Experts Group
- **JSTOR** Journal STORage
- **KWIC** KeyWord In Context
- **KWOC** KeyWord Out of Context
- LAB Library Association of Bangladesh
- LAN Local Area Network
- LC Library of Congress
- LCC Library of Congress Classification
- LCCN Library of Congress Control Number
- LCRI Library of Congress Rule Interpretation(s)
- LCSH Library of Congress Subject Heading

UGC NET Objective Questions in LIS LCSH - Library of Congress Subject Headings, aka "The Big Red Books" LFF - LIbrarians For Fairnesss LIS - Library and Information Science LIS - Library and Information Science (common abbreviation) LISA - Library and Information Science Abstracts LISA - Library and Information Services in Astronomy LISBd - Librarians and Information Scientists, Bangladesh LITA - Library and Information Technology Association **LOCKSS** - Lots of Copies Keep Stuff Safe LTTE - Letter To The Editor MALS - Master of Arts, Librarianship MARC - MAchine Readable Cataloging MARC - Machine Readable Catalogue MARC 21 Machine Readable Catalogue 21 Century MCI - Medical Council of India **Medical Library Association** MFHD - MARC Format for Holdings Data MIS - Master of Information Science **MLA** MLA - Modern Library Association MLIS - Master of Library and Information Science MLS - Master of Library Science Modern Language Association MSLIS - Master of Science in Library and Information Science **Music Library Association** NAAC - National Assessment and Accreditation Council

NACO - the Name Authority COmponent of the PCC

NAMTC - National Association of Media & Technology Centers

NAR - Name Authority Record

NASIG - North American Serials Interest Group

NASSDOC - National Social Science Documentation Center

NCLIS - National Commission on Libraries and Information Science

NCTE - National Council for Teachers Education

ND - No Date

NISC - National Information Services Corporation

NISCAIR - National Institute for Science Communication and Information Resources

NISO - National Information Standards Organization

NLA - Nevada Library Association

NN/LM - National Network of Libraries of Medicine

NTIS - National Technical Information Service

NUC National Union Catalog

NYPL - New York Public Library

OCLC - Online Computer Library Center

ODLIS - Online Dictionary for Library and Information Science

OED - Oxford English Dictionary

OP - Out of Print

OPAC - Online Public Access Catalog

OS - Out of Stock

PC - Personal Computer

PCC - Program for Cooperative Cataloging (Library of Congress)

PDF - Portable Document Format

PGDIT - Post Graduate Diploma in Information Technology

PGDLAN - Post Graduate Diploma in Library Automation and Networking

PLA - Pakistan Library Association

PLG - Progressive Librarians Guild (Advocacy group : chiefly United States)

PMOLIB - Prime Minister's Office Library

PO - Purchase Order

PPL - Peace Palace Library

RA - Readers' Advisory

RAK - Regeln für Alphabetische Katalogisierung

RDA - Resource Description and Access

RDF - Resource Description Framework

RFID - Radio Frequency IDentification

RFK - Regeln für die Formalkatalogisierung

RFP - Request For Proposal

RIM - Records and Information Management

RLG - Research Libraries Group

RRRLF - Raja Rammohun Roy Library Foundation

RSS - Multiple, depending on the version

RSWK - Regeln für den Schlagwortkatalog

RUSA - Reference and Users Services Association

SAA - Society of American Archivists

SACO - the Subject Authority COmponent of the PCC

SCCTP - Serial Cataloging Cooperative Training Program

SCM - Subject Cataloging Manual (Library of Congress)

SIC code - Standard Industrial Classification code

SLA - Special Libraries Association

SMS reference - Short Message Service reference

SPARC - Scholarly Publishing and Academic Resources Coalition

SRRT - Social Responsibilities Round Table (American Library Association)

SSL - Secure sockets layer

SuDoc - Superintendent of Documents

t.p. - Title page

TOC - Table Of Contents

UDC - Universal Decimal Classification

UGC - University Grants Commission

URI - Unifrom Resource Indicator

URL - Uniform Resource Locator

USA PATRIOT Act - Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools

Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism Act

USB - Universal Serial Bus

VHS - Video Home System

VLOG - Video (web-)log.

VPN - Virtual Private Network

WAN - Wide Area Network

WLIC - World Library and Information Congress

WWW - World Wide Web

Z39.50

(Not for the UGC NET)

FREQUENTLY ASKED INTERVIEW QUEST

How do your background, education, and work experiences qualify you for the position of Library Media Specialist?

Librarian working with grade 7 and above must have a School Librarian Certification (e.g., Teacher of Library – Elementary, Teacher of Library – Secondary, Library Media Specialist)

Librarian should be comfortable using and integrating technology throughout his/her work with students and teachers

Librarian should be capable of differentiating learning for all students

Librarian should have an understanding of the library's role in reading motivation and school-wide programming

Librarian should have an understanding of inquiry-based learning and teaching information fluency skills

What is your philosophy of education? How does your vision of the school library fall within this philosophy?

The answers to these questions reflect individual beliefs; nonetheless, their vision for the school library should incorporate the following ideas:

The school library fosters a community of learning, literacy, and inquiry that leads to high academic achievement

The school library is an integral part of the school and serves as a hub for learning and student success

The school library has an important role in fostering independent reading

How would you integrate technology and information literacy skills into your work with students and teachers?

Librarian should be comfortable using technology on a consistent basis

Librarian teaches technology and information literacy skills from the Information Fluency Continuum (IFC)

Librarian understands the inquiry process and how to infuse information literacy skills in collaboration with teachers across the curriculum

Librarian expresses knowledge of a particular research methodology (e.g., Independent Investigation Method, Big 6)

Librarian should stay up-to-date on the latest technologies and their use for teaching and learning

Librarian should provide access to online databases and electronic resources

Librarian should ensure the library is integrated into the school's technology plan

Librarian should communicate to students and faculty the ethical and safe use of technology

Librarian should offer professional development to teachers on the use of technology and electronic resources for content-area learning

How do you connect what you do in the library with the classroom curriculum?

Librarian should collaborate with classroom teachers to design inquiry based units that integrate the teaching and application of information fluency skills

Librarian should collaborate with classroom teachers to co-teach whenever possible

What do you see as the role of the librarian in the school setting and what do you hope to bring to the library?

Librarian should be an instructional leader in the school

Librarian should provide professional development for teachers

Librarian should communicate regularly with staff, students, and parents about library resources and programs in various forms (e.g., print and electronic newsletters, displays, Web page)

Librarians should assist the school in integrating the library program into the Comprehensive Educational Plan (CEP)

What kind of library attracts students, staff and parents?

Library should be a central hub for student achievement and independent learning Library should be a bright, warm and inviting space that welcomes students, staff and parents

Library should be a well-maintained space that incorporates comfortable reading areas, an instructional area (for whole groups, small groups and individuals), clear signage, creative displays and technology

What is library automation? How do you use and maintain a library automation system?

Automation is a software package used to assist building level librarians with the management of the library catalog (OPAC-Online Public Access Catalog), circulation, material and patron activity, as well as the production of a variety of reports and statistics

There are many automation programs, some of which are Web-based and others of which are only accessible at the library

Librarian should have a basic understanding of the automation process, maintenance of a library automation program, importation and deletion of material records, preserving the integrity of catalog records, the regular back up of data, the use of the system to monitor and prepare reports of library circulation and usage

How would you promote reading?

Librarian should provide a wide variety of programming (e.g., author visits, author chats, displays, book talks, summer reading) to promote reading throughout the school Librarian should use technology to promote reading (e.g., Web-based catalog, author Websites, wikis, blogs)

Librarian should collaborate with public library for book talks and community outreach activities

How do you develop and maintain a library collection that will meet the needs of our students, parents, and staff?

Librarian should survey the needs and interests of students, teachers and parents in the school

Librarian should use professional review sources (e.g., School Library Journal, Booklist, Horn Book) and collection development/selection tools (e.g., Titlewave) to develop material orders

Librarian should regularly read a wide variety of material for school-aged children and young adults

Librarian should provide materials in a variety of formats including print, e-books, software, electronic databases, audio/visual, etc.

Librarian should continually discard (weed) old, damaged, and out-dated materials to maintain a collection that meets the needs and interests of students, teachers, staff and the curriculum

What type of schedule would you set up for library classes?

Librarian should be able to schedule the library space for maximum and most effective use of the space using a flexible schedule and open access

A public version of the library's master schedule should be clearly posted

Librarian should schedule classes as a result of planned library use and instruction in order to integrate with classroom learning experiences

The library schedule should provide access to resources, opportunities for independent and group learning, and instruction in information fluency skills

How technically sound are you? Are you comfortable with library management software?

The computer and the Internet are an integral part of almost every aspect in the world today. Almost every job will have the employee use a computer or the Internet in some way or the other. Therefore, to answer his question in the correct manner, you should be awareness about the Internet. You should also be aware about any software that is being used by librarians on a general basis.

What is your role in the educational system as a librarian?

The librarian can basically be considered as the resource provider to the teachers and their students. The teachers and the librarian should come up with programs that help in increasing the knowledge base of the students.

What do you like most about your current or last job?

The interviewer wants to evaluate your compatibility with the position you are interviewing for. Make your answer relevant to the job requirements. General reasons such as new challenges, interacting with people, growth and learning opportunities, using your initiative, working as part of a team and meeting set objectives and goals are usually applicable to most job opportunities.

Highlight the reason and make it more specific by quoting an example. "I enjoyed having to use my initiative. I have implemented and improved a number of the systems including the order processing system."

What do you like least about your current or last job?

With typical interview questions like this be careful that the dislikes you talk about do not refer to specific characteristics of the job opportunity you are interviewing for. Stay away from reasons such as overtime and salary. Avoid criticism of your boss, management or co-workers. Be general and refer to the lack of or absence of what you seek in a job or work environment.

For example, "There was very little opportunity for me to use my initiative. I regard this as one of my strengths and found it frustrating that I was unable to get past the bureaucracy of such a big company to implement any improvements. That is why I am enthusiastic about working for a smaller company like this which I know encourages employees to use their initiative."

Or

"There was a lack of growth opportunities in such as small company. One of the reasons I am so interested in your company is that it is a much larger organization with formal career planning structures in place

Tell me about yourself

This is one of the most common interview questions and answers are tough to formulate. Where to start, where to end, what to focus on!

Prepare for this question and you can use it as a great opportunity to sell yourself!

Refer to your background research and review the job requirements, focus on how you specifically meet these needs.

For example, if the job requires you to work as part of a team, tell the interviewer about the projects you have undertaken as a team-member.

Most jobs require an element of team work, so this is a good aspect to focus on when thinking about answers to this interview question

Use this sample answer to help prepare your own good interview answer to this question:

n your answer highlight how your skills, knowledge and experience relate to the job and the company profile.

Where you were born and grew up, or what pets you have is not likely to show the interviewer why you are a good candidate for the job opportunity.

The interviewer wants to know if you will fit in with the rest of the team, the department and the company.

The interviewer is also trying to find out what motivates you and whether it is consistent with what the job and the employer offer.

What are your strengths?

Candidates often find it hard to verbalize their strengths, so spend some time thinking about this before the interview.

What are your interests? Building beautiful doll house furniture may not immediately seem to have any relevance to that accounting position, but the attention to detail needed for this is definitely a job-relevant strength.

What have been your successes, what attributes did you have to demonstrate to achieve them? Ask your friends, colleagues and family to tell you what they appreciate about you. How will these attributes benefit a future employer?

Don't just list your strengths, back them up with facts. An attribute is far more powerful if it is rooted in a relevant example. Sample free interview answers include:

"I'm an adaptable person. I work for three different managers, they have very different management styles and expectations of me. I am able to adjust my approach to meet each of their needs"

Avoid over-used, vague terms such as "people's person". Be specific and pertinent.

"I am good with customers. I enjoy the challenge of turning a dissatisfied customer into a satisfied one. Just last week I had an experience when" and quote a specific example of how you successfully managed an unhappy client.

Focus on three or four strengths. Good examples include organizational and planning skills, perseverance, persuasive ability, communication skills, leadership ability, stress

tolerance, ability to learn and apply new information and skills, flexibility, independence, problem-solving, creativity, technical and professional knowledge, reliability, self-motivation and initiative.

What are your weaknesses?

"I'm impatient with people who don't work at the same pace as me but I'm learning to manage this. I make sure that they have the right resources for the job, I follow up to see that they are on track and I step in and help when needed"

"I can be disorganized, I am aware of this and make sure I answer my emails and messages straight away. I update my calendar as soon as I have a new task or appointment, this really helps"

good guide is to acknowledge one or two weaknesses, describe the efforts made to overcome these and end your story on a positive note.

"I've been reluctant to delegate. I have had to re-evaluate this as it was creating a big workload for me. I assign each person a specific, manageable task and then follow up to satisfy myself that it is being done properly, this seems to work well"

Some weaknesses can be interpreted as a strength. Examples include:

"I can be a bit aggressive in getting to my goals"

"At times I can get too involved in other people's problems, trying to help them"

These are two of the most difficult questions to answer in the job interview. Prepare using these sample <u>free interview answers</u> and stand out as the right candidate.

- End -