

STUDENT INN COACHING CENTRE

PPSC english Lectureship GUIDE

PPSC English Past papers

Team STUDENT INN

2015

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Lecturer English Mcqs PSC Past Paper

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Who belongs to the Absurd School of Drama?

- (a) Shaw (b) Beckett (c) Pinter
- (d) Eliot (e) None of these

2) "To the Light House" is written by:

- (a) Lawrence (b) Dylan Thomas (c) Hemingway
- (d) Forster (e) None of these

3) "I am too much in the sun" in "Hamlet" is spoken by:

- (a) Polonius (b) Claudius (c) Hamlet
- (d) Ophelia (e) None of these

4) "Ulysses" is written by:

- (a) James Joyce (b) Virginia Woolf (c) Hardy
- (d) Forster (e) None of these

5) Elizabeth is a character from Jane Austen's:

- (a) Emma (b) Pride and Prejudice (c) Mansfield Park
- (d) Northanger Abby (e) None of these

6) "Tear Idle Tears" is a poem by:

- (a) Frost (b) Browning (c) Yeats
- (d) Eliot (e) None of these

7) "Thought Fox" is written by:

- (a) Ted Hughes (b) Philip Larkin (c) Heaney
- (d) Sylvia Plath (e) None of these

8) "Major Barbara" is written by:

- (a) Beckett (b) Pinter (c) Eliot
- (d) Shaw (e) None of these

9) Lilliput is a character from:

- (a) Gulliver's Travels (b) Pygmalion (c) Sons & lovers
- (d) Old man and the sea (e) None of these

10) "Fire and Ice" is written by:

- (a) Eliot (b) Yeats (c) Frost
- (d) Auden (e) None of these

11) Swift belong to:

- (a) Renaissance period (b) Restoration (c) Romantic period
- (d) Augustan age (e) None of these

12) The Novel of Lawrence banned by the government was:

- (a) Sons and Lovers (b) Lady Chatterley's Lover (c) Women in Love
- (d) The Rainbow (e) None of these

13) "Undo this Button" is a line from Shakespeare's:

- (a) Hamlet (b) Othello (c) King Lear
- (d) Julius Caesar (e) None of these

14) "Ode to Psyche" is a poem by:

- (a) Milton (b) Byron (c) Keats
- (d) Blake (e) None of these

15) "I am no Prince Hamlet" is a line written by:

- (a) Shakespeare (b) Yeats (c) Eliot
- (d) Auden (e) None of these

16) "Things fall apart" is a line from Yeats's:

- (a) Among School Children (b) Byzantium (c) Sailing to Byzantium

- (d) The Second coming (e) None of these
- 17) "Good fences make good neighbours" is from Frost's:
(a) Revelation (b) Mending (c) Pasture
(d) Birches (e) None of these
- 18) "April is the Cruellest month of all" is taken from Eliot's:
(a) The Wasteland (b) The Hollow men (c) East Coker
(d) Prufrock (e) None of these
- 19) "A Farewell to Arms" is written by:
(a) Faulkner (b) Hemmingway (c) James Joyce
(d) Virginia Woolf (e) None of these
- 20) "A passage to India" is written by:
(a) Forester (b) Conrad (c) Lawrence
(d) Hardy (e) None of these
- 21) "Ode to West Wind" was written by:
(a) Keats (b) Shelley (c) Byron
(d) Blake (e) None of these
- 22) Keats was born in:
(a) 1770 (b) 1779 (c) 1795
(d) 1790 (e) None of these
- 23) "Dream Children" was written by:
(a) Leigh Hunt (b) Charles Lamb (c) Hazlitt
(d) Ruskin (e) None of these
- 24) "Picture of Dorian Gray" was written by:
(a) Oscar Wilde (b) Dickens (c) Hardy
(d) George Eliot (e) None of these
- 25) Ruskin belonged to:
(a) Romantic age (b) Modern age (c) Victorian age
(d) Augustan age (e) None of these
- 26) Wordsworth lived from:
(a) 1770 – 1832 (b) 1775 – 1859 (c) 1770 – 1850
(d) 1770 – 1802 (e) None of these
- 27) "Heroes and Hero Worship" was written by:
(a) Mill (b) Carlyle (c) Macaulay
(d) Coleridge (e) None of these
- 28) "Fair Seed time had my Soul" is from:
(a) Ode to autumn (b) To a Highland girl (c) Ancient Mariner
(d) Child Harold's Pilgrimage (e) None of these
- 29) "Great Expectations" was written by:
(a) George Eliot (b) Thackeray (c) Hardy
(d) Dickens (e) None of these
- 30) "Lotus Eaters" is written by:
(a) Tennyson (b) Browning (c) Matthew Arnold
(d) Hardy (e) None of these
- 31) Lamb, Leigh Hunt and Hazlitt are:
(a) Poets (b) Dramatists (c) Essayists
(d) Novelists (e) None of these
- 32) "My Last Duchess" was written by:
(a) Keats (b) Coleridge (c) Tennyson
(d) Browning (e) None of these
- 33) Emily Brontë is the writer of:
(a) Wuthering Heights (b) Emma (c) Under the Greenwood Tree
(d) Mr Chips (e) None of these

34) "Poetry is a spontaneous overflow of powerful feeling" is a definition of poetry by:

- (a) Keats (b) Wordsworth (c) Shelley
- (d) Coleridge (e) None of these

35) "Heard Melodies are sweet but those unheard are sweeter" is a line from:

- (a) Ode on a Grecian Urn (b) Ode to a nightingale (c) The Prelude
- (d) Ode to Autumn (e) None of these

36) "Waverley" was written by:

- (a) Scott (b) Hardy (c) Jane Austen
- (d) Dickens (e) None of these

37) "We are Seven" is written by:

- (a) Keats (b) Shelly (c) Byron
- (d) Hardy (e) None of these

38) "Past and present" is written by:

- (a) Mill (b) Lamb (c) Hazlitt
- (d) Carlyle (e) None of these

39) "Modern Painters" is written by:

- (a) Ruskin (b) Carlyle (c) Mill
- (d) Macaulay (e) None of these

40)

46) William Faulkner was awarded Nobel Prize for literature in:

- (a) 1949 (b) 1950 (c) 1951
- (d) 1953 (e) None of these

47) G.B. Shaw was awarded Nobel Prize for literature in:

- (a) 1925 (b) 1929 (c) 1930
- (d) 1949 (e) None of these

48) 'The Winding Stair' is written by:

- (a) Ted Hughes (b) T.S. Eliot (c) W.B. Yeats
- (d) W.H. Auden (e) None of these

49) 'Murder in the Cathedral' is a play written by:

- (a) Shakespeare (b) Marlowe (c) Oscar Wilde
- (d) T.S. Eliot (e) None of these

50) 'The Rainbow' is a novel written by:

- (a) Hemingway (b) Virginia Woolf (c) E.M. Forster
- (d) D.H. Lawrence (e) None of these

"Byron is the" writer of:

- (a) Don Jaun (b) Prometheus Unbound (c) Adonias
- (d) Lucy Gray (e) None of these

41) In Shakespeare's Tragedies Character is not Destiny but there is Character and Destiny is a remark by:

- (a) Nicoll (b) Goddord (c) Bradley
- (d) Coleridge (e) None of these

42) "How came he dead? I shall not be juggled with: To hell allegiance! Vows, to the blackest devil!

Is a speech in Hamlet spoken by:

- (a) Hamlet (b) Laertes (c) Polonius
- (d) Claudius (e) None of these

43) Aspect of the Novel is written by:

- (a) David Cecil (b) Walter Allen (c) Arnold Kettle
- (d) E.M. Forster (e) None of these

44) Lotos Eaters is a poem by:

- (a) Browning (b) Tennyson (c) Yeats
- (d) Frost (e) None of these

45) 'The Hollow Men' is written by:

- (a) T.S. Eliot (b) Ezra Pound (c) Yeats
(d) Larkin (e) None of these

English Literature Mcqs Test

English Literature Mcqs Test

1. Which poem ends 'I shall but love thee better after death'?
 - a. How do I love thee
 - b. Ode to a Grecian urn
 - c. In faith I do not love thee with mine eyes
 - d. Let me not to the marriage of true minds
2. Which poet is considered a national hero in Greece?
 - a. John Keats
 - b. Lord Byron
 - c. Solon
 - d. Sappho
3. Which kind of poem is Edward Lear associated with?
 - a. Nature
 - b. Epics
 - c. Sonnets
 - d. Nonsense
4. In Coleridge's poem 'The Rime of the Ancient Mariner' where were the three gallants going?
 - a. A funeral
 - b. A wedding
 - c. Market
 - d. To the races
5. Harold Nicholson described which poet as 'Very yellow and glum. Perfect manners'?
 - a. e. e. Cummings
 - b. T. S. Eliot
 - c. John Greenleaf Whittier
 - d. Walt Whitman
6. What was strange about Emily Dickinson?
 - a. She rarely left home
 - b. She wrote in code
 - c. She never attempted to publish her poetry
 - d. She wrote her poems in invisible ink
7. Rupert Brooke wrote his poetry during which conflict?
 - a. Boer War
 - b. Second World War
 - c. Korean War
 - d. First World War

8. Which Poet Laureate wrote about a church mouse?

- a. Betjeman
- b. Hughes
- c. Marvel
- d. Larkin

9. Which American writer published 'A brave and startling truth' in 1996

- a. Robert Hass
- b. Jessica Hagedorn
- c. Maya Angelou
- d. Michael Palmer

10. Who wrote about the idyllic 'Isle of Innisfree'?

- a. Dylan Thomas
- b. Ezra Pound
- c. W. B. Yeats
- d. e. e. cummings

A pattern of accented and unaccented syllables in lines of poetry
rhyme scheme

meter

alliteration

2. The repetition of similar ending sounds

alliteration

onomatopoeia

rhyme

3. Applying human qualities to non-human things

personification

onomatopoeia

alliteration

4. The repetition of beginning consonant sounds

rhyme

onomatopoeia

alliteration

5. A comparison of unlike things without using a word of comparison such as like or as

metaphor

simile

personification

6. The comparison of unlike things using the words like or as

metaphor

simile

personification

7. Using words or letters to imitate sounds

alliteration

simile

onomatopoeia

8. a description that appeals to one of the five senses

imagery

personification

metaphor

9. A poem that tells a story with plot, setting, and characters

lyric

free verse

narrative

10. A poem with no meter or rhyme

lyric

free verse

narrative

11. A poem that generally has meter and rhyme

lyric

free verse

narrative

English Mcqs Practice Test

Posted by staff on 13 October 2014, 2:33 am

English Mcqs Practice Test

The amount of people who have registered for this course is very high.

A.	Amount	B.	registered
C.	For	D.	is

I thought that the books were their's but I see now that I was mistaken.

A.	were	B.	their's
C.	but I	D.	that I

You drunk too much liquor before you drove home last night.

A. drunk B. too much

C. before D. drove

The most exciting part of the novel was when Mathilda rejected Count Vladimir.

A. exciting B. part

C. was when D. rejected

You didn't leave none for the other workers.

A. didn't leave B. none

C. for the D. other workers

You are liable to be selected to be the next chairperson of the department.

A. liable B. to be selected

C. chairperson D. department

With little work to occupy them the soldiers suffered from low moral.

A. little B. occupy them

C. suffered from D. low moral

For he to be re-elected, it is not essential that his policies work.

- A. he B. re-elected
- C. that D. work

The meeting went well, so I believe I have a reasonable good chance of success.

- A. well B. so I
- C. reasonable D. of success

You should not exceed to their unreasonable demands this time.

- A. should B. exceed
- C. unreasonable D. this time

There were at least three new innovations that the chairman suggested.

- A. were B. new
- C. innovations D. chairman

One should dress neatly, be prompt, and displaying interest in the job.

- A. one B. dress
- C. be prompt D. displaying

Illiteracy affects million of people worldwide.

- A. Illiteracy B. affects
- C. million D. worldwide

. The union insisted on an increase in their members' starting pay.

- A. the union B. insisted on
- C. their D. members'

If the game went into extra innings, the relief pitcher would have won it.

- A. went B. into
- C. relief pitcher D. it

Hardly no one is able to compete in professional sports after the age of forty.

- A. hardly no one B. to compete
- C. professional sports D. age of forty

A person may study diligently, but without adequate sleep you can't succeed.

- A. diligently B. but without
- C. you D. succeed.

English Synonyms Mcqs Test

Posted by staff on 13 September 2014, 4:39 am

English Synonyms Mcqs Test

Ebb

recede ✓
swell
propound
exculpate

Foment

provoke ✓
extirpate
isolation
abrasion

Gag

silence ✓
animate
avoke
superb

Havoc

devastation ✓
knowledge
prosperity
fact

Idolize

adore ✓
execrate
loathe
fickle

Huddle

confuse ✓
arrange
neutral
genuine

Illusion

hallucination ✓
reality
fact
purge

Imbecile

idiotic ✓
pure
shrewd
innate

Jocund

gay ✓
barren
mourning
puzzle

Kernel

nucleus ✓
broad
stranger
kind

Limpid

clear ✓
muddy
resembling
strict

Melancholy

sadness ✓
dissolve
joy
petty

Nullify

slanting ✓
horizontal
bore
disregard

Purulent

corrupt ✓
peaceable
healthy
prudish

Prosalc

dull ✓
dashing
litigious
petulant

Quack

imposter ✓
gull
amount
defy

Stupendous

marvelous ✓
ordinary
weak
abandon

Tacit

silent ✓
formal
fear
celestial

Vindicate

justify ✓
accustom
perverse
pungent

Abhor

detest ✓
crave
reconcile
rude

Abnegation

rejection ✓
complete
indulgence
final

Bellicose

pugnacious ✓
agile
peaceful
stupefy

Capricious

uncertain ✓
constant
brave
pause

Desuetude

obsolescence ✓
custom
argue
dissent

Ebullient

exuberant ✓
deight
still
obscure

English Sentence Correction Mcqs Practice Test

Posted by [staff](#) on 8 September 2014, 6:13 am
English Sentence Correction Mcqs Practice Test

Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

Aslam called Ali fool ✓
Aslam called Ali foolsh
Aslam called Ali as fool
Aslam called the Ali foolsh

Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

Jahngir keeps away from bad boys ✓
Jahngir keeps himself away from bad boys
Jahngir keeps ownself away from bad boys
Jahngir keeps himself away from bad boys

Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

I regard Fareed as my brother ✓
I regards Fareed as my brother
I regard Fareed my brother
I does not regard Fareed as my brother

Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

There is a little milk in the jug ✓
There is little milk in the jug
There is a few milk in the jug
There is a small milk in the jug

Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

I have read the few books which I bought last year ✓
I has read the few books which I bought last year
I have read few books which I bought last year
I have read the few books those I bought last year

Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

The poor are hated everywhere ✓
Poor are hated everywhere
The poors are hated everywhere
The poor is hated everywhere

Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

She resembles her mohter ✓
She resembles with her mohter
She resembles to her mohter
She resemble with her mohter

Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

This book is the most interesting of three ✓
This book is the more interesting of three
This book is most the interesting of three
This book is moer interesting the of three

Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

Aslam succeeded in passing the examination ✓
Aslam succeeded to passing the examination
Aslam succeeded in pass the examination
Aslam succeeded of passing the examination

Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

He is as tall as I ✓
He is so tall as I
He is as tall as all to us
He is as so tall as I am

Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

He is as tall as all of us ✓
He is ss tall as all of us
He is as tall as all to us
He is as tall as us

Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

He had hardly gone out when it began to rain ✓
He had to hardly gone out when it began to rain
He had hardly to go out when it began to rain
He had hardly gone out when it is began to rain

Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

He not only reads but also writes ✓
He is not only reads but also writes

He not only read but also writes
He is only not reads but also writes

Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.



Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

Work hard lest you should fail ✓
Work hard might you should not fail
Work hard lest you could fail
Work hard lest you should not fail

Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

Everyone of these girls is learning her lesson ✓
Everyone of these girls are learning her lesson
Everyone of these girls is learning their lesson
Every of these girls is learning her lesson

Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

She replied in the negative ✓
She replied in negative
She replied into negative
She replied into the negative

Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

Either he or I am responsible for the loss ✓
Either he nor I am responsible for the loss

Either he or I is responsible for the loss
Neither he or I am responsible for the loss

Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

The more we get, the more we want ✓
More we get, the more we want
The more we get, more we want
More we get, more we want

Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

She is the tallest girl in the class ✓
She is the most tallest girl in the class
She is the taller girl in the class
She is the tallest girl in class

Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

The earth revolves round the sun ✓
Earth revolves round the sun
The earth revolve round the sun
The earth revolves round sun

Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

He cried as though he had seen a snake ✓
He cried as though if he had seen a snake
He cried as though he had saw a snake
He cried as though he had to seen a snake

Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

When he comes I will entertain him ✓
When he come I will entertain him
When he comes I entertain him
When he does comes I will entertain him

Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

He could not come due to illness ✓
He could not come by illness
He could not come from illness
He could not come because of this illness

Choose the correct sentence out of four sentences given below.

She is ill due to cold ✓
She is ill from cold
She is ill from to cold
She is ill with cold

English Spell Correction Mcqs Practice Test

Posted by [staff](#) on 8 September 2014, 6:11 am

English Spell Correction Mcqs Practice Test

Pick the correct word:

Coordination ✓
Corridination
Coordination
coordination

Pick the correct word:

Conference ✓
Confarence

Conferance

conferense

Pick the correct word:

Association ✓

Assocation

Assosiation

Asociation

Pick the correct word:

Petroleum ✓

Patroleum

Petrooollem

Petrouleum

Pick the correct word:

Headquarter ✓

Headqueter

Headkuarter

Headquarar

Pick the correct word:

Executive ✓

Exacutive

Execative

Axxecutive

Pick the correct word:

Commerece ✓

Comerace

Commerace

Commerse

Pick the correct word:

Vivacious ✓

Vevacious

Vivaceous

Vivasious

Pick the correct word:

Testimoney ✓

Testtimoney

Testimoney

Testimaeny

Pick the correct word:

Subsistence ✓

Subsictence

Subsistance

Subsistense

Pick the correct word:

Ratification ✓

Rattification

Ratiffication

Ratifection

Pick the correct word:

Illegitimacy ✓

Illegetimacy

Ellegitimacy

Illegitimasy

Pick the correct word:

Obsolete ✓

Obsoolete

Obsoulte

Obsolet

Pick the correct word:

Straightforward ✓

Straghforward

Straightforwar

Pick the correct word:

Misapprehension ✓

Misaprehension

Misapprehsion

Missaprehension

Pick the correct word:

Heinous ✓

Heineous

Henous

Heneous

Pick the correct word:

Habitual ✓

Habitueal

Habbitual`Habittual

Pick the correct word:

Grotesque ✓

Grottesque

Grostescuee

Ghirotesque

Pick the correct word:

Circumlocution ✓

Circanlocution

Circumloocton

Sircumiotion

Pick the correct word:

Facititous ✓

Factiteous

Facqitius

Facittius

Pick the correct word:

Aristocracy ✓

Aristokracy

Eristoucracy

Aricetocracy

Pick the correct word:

Antibody ✓

Anttibody

Antibodi

Antebody

Pick the correct word:

Antiseptic ✓

Anticeptic

Antiseaptic

Antisepttic

Pick the correct word:

Colloquial ✓

Colloquial

Colloquialil

Collqoquiall

Pick the correct word:

Inaudible ✓

Enaudible

Anaudible

Inaddible

English Mcqs Paper for Public Service Commission Exam

Posted by administrator ON 24 May 2014, 5:41 am

English Mcqs Paper For Public Service Commission Exam

English Mcqs Paper for Public Service Commission Exam

- 301. The main character in Paradise Lost Book I and Book II is?
(A) God
(B) Satan
(C) Adam
(D) Eve
- 302. In Sons and Lovers, Paul Morel's mother's name is?
(A) Susan
(B) Jane
(C) Gertrude
(D) Emily
- 303. The twins in Lord of the Flies are?
(A) Ralph and Jack
(B) Simon and Eric
(C) Ralph and Eric
(D) Simon and Jack
- 304. Mr. Jaggers, in Great Expectations, is a
(A) lawyer
(B) postman
(C) Judge
(D) School teacher
- 305. What does 'I' stand for in the following line?
'To Carthage then I came'
(A) Buddha
(B) Tiresias

- (C) Smyrna Merchant
- (D) Augustine
- 306. The following lines are an example..... of image.
‘The river sweats
Oil and tar’
(A) visual
(B) kinetic
(C) erotic
(D) sensual
- 307. Which of the following novels has the sub-title ‘A Novel Without a Hero’?
(A) Vanity Fair
(B) Middlemarch
(C) Wuthering Heights
(D) Oliver Twist
- 308. In ‘Leda and the Swan’, who woos Leda in guise of a swan?
(A) Mars
(B) Hercules
(C) Zeus
(D) Bacchus
- 309. Who invented the term ‘Sprung rhythm’?
(A) Hopkins
(B) Tennyson
(C) Browning
(D) Wordsworth
- 310. Who wrote the poem ‘Defence of Lucknow’?
(A) Browning
(B) Tennyson
(C) Swinburne
(D) Rossetti
- 311. Which of the following plays of Shakespeare has an epilogue?
(A) The Tempest
(B) Henry IV, Pt I
(C) Hamlet
(D) Twelfth Night
- 312. Hamlet’s famous speech ‘To be, or not to be; that is the question’ occurs in?
(A) Act II, Scene I
(B) Act III, Scene III
(C) Act IV, Scene III
(D) Act III, Scene I
- 313. Identify the character in The Tempest who is referred to as an honest old counselor
(A) Alonso
(B) Ariel
(C) Gonzalo
(D) Stephano
- 314. What is the sub-title of the play Twelfth Night?
(A) Or, What is you Will
(B) Or, What you Will
(C) Or, What you Like It
(D) Or, What you Think
- 315. Which of the following plays of Shakespeare, according to T. S. Eliot, is ‘artistic failure’?

- (A) The Tempest
- (B) Hamlet**
- (C) Henry IV, Pt I
- (D) Twelfth Night
- 316. Who is Thomas Percy in Henry IV, Pt I?
 - (A) Earl of Northumberland**
 - (B) Earl of March
 - (C) Earl of Douglas
 - (D) Earl of Worcester
- 317. Paradise Lost was originally written in?
 - (A) ten books
 - (B) eleven books
 - (C) nine books
 - (D) eight books**
- 318. In Pride and Prejudice, Lydia elopes with?
 - (A) Darcy
 - (B) Wickham**
 - (C) William Collins
 - (D) Charles Bingley
- 319. Who coined the phrase 'Egotistical Sublime'?
 - (A) William Wordsworth
 - (B) P.B.Shelley
 - (C) S. T. Coleridge**
 - (D) John Keats
- 320. Who is commonly known as 'Pip' in Great Expectations?
 - (A) Philip Pirrip
 - (B) Filip Pirip
 - (C) Philip Pip**
 - (D) Philips Pirip
- 321. The novel The Power and the Glory is set in?
 - (A) Mexico**
 - (B) Italy
 - (C) France
 - (D) Germany
- 323. Which of the following is Golding's first novel?
 - (A) The Inheritors
 - (B) Lord of the Flies**
 - (C) Pincher Martin
 - (D) Pyramid
- 324. Identify the character who is a supporter of Women's Rights in Sons and Lovers?
 - (A) Mrs. Morel**
 - (B) Annie
 - (C) Miriam
 - (D) Clara Dawes
- 325. Vanity Fair is a novel by?
 - (A) Jane Austen
 - (B) Charles Dickens
 - (C) W. M. Thackeray**
 - (D) Thomas Hardy
- 326. Shelley's Adonais is an elegy on the death of?
 - (A) Milton
 - (B) Coleridge

- (C) Keats
(D) Johnson
- 327. Which of the following is the first novel of D. H. Lawrence?
(A) **The White Peacock**
(B) The Trespasser
(C) Sons and Lovers
(D) Women in Love
 - 328. In the poem 'Tintern Abbey', 'dearest friend' refers to?
(A) Nature
(B) **Dorothy**
(C) Coleridge
(D) Wye
 - 329. Who, among the following, is not the second generation of British Romantics?
(A) Keats
(B) **Wordsworth**
(C) Shelley
(D) Byron
 - 330. Which of the following poems of Coleridge is a ballad?
(A) Work Without Hope
(B) Frost at Midnight
(C) **The Rime of the Ancient Mariner**
(D) Youth and Age
 - 331. Identify the writer who was expelled from Oxford for circulating a pamphlet—
(A) **P. B. Shelley**
(B) Charles Lamb
(C) Hazlitt
(D) Coleridge
 - 332. Keats's Endymion is dedicated to?
(A) **Leigh Hunt**
(B) Milton
(C) Shakespeare
(D) Thomas Chatterton
 - 333. The second series of Essays of Elia by Charles Lamb was published in?
(A) 1823
(B) 1826
(C) 1834
(D) **1833**
 - 334. Which of the following poets does not belong to the 'Lake School'?
(A) **Keats**
(B) Coleridge
(C) Southey
(D) Wordsworth
 - 335. Who, among the following writers, was not educated at Christ's Hospital School, London?
(A) **Charles Lamb**
(B) William Wordsworth
(C) Leigh Hunt
(D) S. T. Coleridge
 - 336. Who derided Hazlitt as one of the members of the 'Cockney School of Poetry'?
(A) Tennyson
(B) Charles Lamb
(C) Lockhart

(D) T. S. Eliot

337. Tennyson's poem 'In Memoriam' was written in memory of?

(A) A. H. Hallam

(B) Edward King

(C) Wellington

(D) P. B. Shelley

- 338. Who, among the following, is not connected with the Oxford Movement?

(A) Robert Browning

(B) John Keble

(C) E. B. Pusey

(D) J. H. Newman

- 339. Identify the work by Swinburne which begins "when the hounds of spring are on winter's traces..?"

(A) Chastelard

(B) A Song of Italy

(C) Atalanta in Calydon

(D) Songs before Sunrise

- 340. Carlyle's work On Heroes, Hero Worship and the Heroic in History is a course of?

(A) six lectures

(B) five lectures

(C) four lectures

(D) seven lectures

- 341. Who is praised as a hero by Carlyle in his lecture on the 'Hero as King'?

(A) Johnson

(B) Cromwell

(C) Shakespeare

(D) Luther

- 342. Identify the work by Ruskin which began as a defence of contemporary landscape artist especially Turner?

(A) The Stones of Venice

(B) The Two Paths

(C) The Seven Lamps of Architecture

(D) Modern Painters

343. The term 'the Palliser Novels' is used to describe the political novels of?

(A) Charles Dickens

(B) Anthony Trollope

(C) W. H. White

(D) B. Disraeli

344. Identify the poet, whom Queen Victoria, regarded as the perfect poet of 'love and loss'—

(A) Tennyson

(B) Browning

(C) Swinburne

(D) D. G. Rossetti

345. A verse form using stanza of eight lines, each with eleven syllables, is known as?

(A) Spenserian Stanza

(B) Ballad

(C) Ottava Rima

(D) Rhyme Royal

- 346. Identify the writer who first used blank verse in English poetry?
(A) Sir Thomas Wyatt
(B) William Shakespeare
(C) **Earl of Surrey**
(D) Milton
- 347. The Aesthetic Movement which blossomed during the 1880s was not influenced by?
(A) The Pre-Raphaelites
(B) Ruskin
(C) Pater
(D) **Matthew Arnold**
- 348. Identify the rhetorical figure used in the following line of Tennyson "Faith un-faithful kept him falsely true."
(A) **Oxymoron**
(B) Metaphor
(C) Simile
(D) Synecdoche
- 349. W. B. Yeats used the phrase 'the artifice of eternity' in his poem?
(A) **Sailing to Byzantium**
(B) Byzantium
(C) The Second Coming
(D) Leda and the Swan
- 350. Who is Pip's friend in London?
(A) Pumblechook
(B) Herbert Pocket
(C) Bentley Drummle
(D) **Jaggers**
- 351. Who is Mr. Tench in The Power and the Glory?
(A) A teacher
(B) A clerk
(C) **A thief**
(D) A dentist

English Grammar Mcqs Practice Test for Improving English Skills

Posted by [administrator](#) on 30 April 2014, 3:22 am

English Grammar Mcqs Practice Test For Improving English Skills

English Grammar Mcqs Practice Test for Improving English Skills

1. **THE SCENERY OF SWAT _____ LOVELY**
- 2.
3. **CATTLE _____ EATING GRASS.**
- 4.
5. **POLITICS _____ A GAME.**
- 6.

7. HE ENJOYED HIMSELF _____ THE CLASS.
8.
9. ARSLAN & ASLAM _____ THIEVES.
10.
11. AHMED KEEP AWAY _____ SMOKING.
12.
13. EVERY BOY IS DOING _____ DUTY.
14.
15. MR ASLAM GROWS A VARIETY _____ FRUITS.
16.
17. ONE OF THE GIRLS _____ WISE.
18.
19. WE ARE THE CANDIDATES _____ THIS POST.
20.
21. I AM CAPABLE _____ SOLVING THIS PROBLEM.
22.
23. SAIRA WAS CERTAIN _____ HER SUCCESS.
24.
25. AHMED IS NOT CONSISTENT _____ WHAT HE SAYS.
26.
27. DO HE BELIEVE _____ GOD.
28.
29. MY BOOK IS COMPOSED _____ LETTERS.
30.
31. RESEARCH OF INSPECTOR IS BASED _____ FACTS.
32.
33. THE BEGGAR WAS BEGGING _____ BREAD.
34.
35. SHE IS ANXIOUS _____ HER SON'S HEALTH.
36.
37. ASLAM ASSURE ME _____ HIS COOPERATION.
38.
39. SHE TURNED _____ THE LIGHT.
40.
41. PLEASE WRITE _____ HIS PHONE NUMBER.
42.
43. HER MOTHER PASSED _____ HER SKILLS TO HER.
44.
45. GOVERNMENT WANTS TO ROOT _____ CORRUPTION.
46.
47. SAM RAN OFF _____ THE MONEY.
48.
49. SHUT _____ THE COMPUTER PROPERLY.
50.
51. IT IS BELOW YOUR DIGNITY _____ DISOBEY YOUR TEACHER.
52.
53. HIS BETTER HALF _____ A GOOD HOUSE KEEPER.
54.
55. THEY _____ BIRDS OF A FEATHER.
56.

57. WE WILL DEFEND OUR COUNTRY _____ ANY COST.

58.

59. MY SON IS THE APPLE _____ MY EYES.

60. PMS Exam English Subject Important Idioms Mcqs

61. Posted by administrator on 29 April 2014, 6:38 am

62. PMS Exam English Subject Important Idioms Mcqs

63. PMS Exam English Subject Important Idioms Mcqs

64. A Bird In The Hand Is Worth Two In The Bush:

65. Having something that is certain is much better than taking a risk for more, because

66. chances are you might lose everything.

67. A Blessing In Disguise:

68. Something good that isn't recognized at first.

69. A Chip On Your Shoulder:

70. Being upset for something that happened in the past.

71. A Dime A Dozen:

72. Anything that is common and easy to get.

73. A Doubting Thomas:

74. A skeptic who needs physical or personal evidence in order to believe something.

75. A Drop in the Bucket:

76. A very small part of something big or whole.

77. A Fool And His Money Are Easily Parted:

78. It's easy for a foolish person to lose his/her money.

79. A House Divided Against Itself Cannot Stand:

80. Everyone involved must unify and function together or it will not work out.

81. A Leopard Can't Change His Spots:

82. You cannot change who you are.

83. A Penny Saved Is A Penny Earned:

84. By not spending money, you are saving money (little by little).

85. A Picture Paints a Thousand Words:

86. A visual presentation is far more descriptive than words.

87. A Piece of Cake:

88. A task that can be accomplished very easily.

89. A Slap on the Wrist:

90. A very mild punishment.

91. A Taste Of Your Own Medicine:

92. When you are mistreated the same way you mistreat others.

93. A Toss-Up:

94. A result that is still unclear and can go either way.

95.

96. Actions Speak Louder Than Words:

97. It's better to actually do something than just talk about it.

98. Add Fuel To The Fire:

99. Whenever something is done to make a bad situation even worse than it is.

100. Against The Clock:

101. Rushed and short on time.

102. All Bark And No Bite:

103. When someone is threatening and/or aggressive but not willing to engage in a fight.
104. All Greek to me:
105. Meaningless and incomprehensible like someone who cannot read, speak, or
106. understand any of the Greek language would be.
107. All In The Same Boat:
108. When everyone is facing the same challenges.
109. An Arm And A Leg:
110. Very expensive. A large amount of money.
111. An Axe To Grind:
112. To have a dispute with someone.
113. Apple of My Eye:
114. Someone who is cherished above all others.
115. As High As A Kite:
116. Anything that is high up in the sky.
117. At The Drop Of A Hat:
118. Willing to do something immediately.
119. B
120. Back Seat Driver:
121. People who criticize from the sidelines, much like someone giving unwanted advice
122. from the back seat of a vehicle to the driver.
123. Back To Square One:
124. Having to start all over again.
125. Back To The Drawing Board:
126. When an attempt fails and it's time to start all over.
127. Baker's Dozen:
128. Barking Up The Wrong Tree:
129. A mistake made in something you are trying to achieve.
130. Beat A Dead Horse:
131. To force an issue that has already ended.
132. Beating Around The Bush:
133. Avoiding the main topic. Not speaking directly about the issue.
134. Bend Over Backwards:
135. Do whatever it takes to help. Willing to do anything.
136. Between A Rock And A Hard Place:
137. Stuck between two very bad options.
138. Bite Off More Than You Can Chew:
139. To take on a task that is way to big.
140. Bite Your Tongue:
141. To avoid talking.
142. Blood Is Thicker Than Water:
143. The family bond is closer than anything else.
144. Blue Moon:
145. A rare event or occurrence.
146. Break A Leg:
147. A superstitious way to say 'good luck' without saying 'good luck', but rather the
148. opposite.
149. Buy A Lemon:
150. To purchase a vehicle that constantly gives problems or stops running after you drive
151. it away.
152. Can't Cut The Mustard :
153. Someone who isn't adequate enough to compete or participate.
154. Cast Iron Stomach:
155. Someone who has no problems, complications or ill effects with eating anything or

156. drinking anything.
157. Charley Horse:
158. Stiffness in the leg / A leg cramp.
159. Chew someone out:
160. Verbally scold someone.
161. Chip on his Shoulder:
162. Angry today about something that occurred in the past.
163. Chow Down:
164. To eat.
165. Close but no Cigar:
166. To be very near and almost accomplish a goal, but fall short.
167. Cock and Bull Story:
168. An unbelievable tale.
169. Come Hell Or High Water:
170. Any difficult situation or obstacle.
171. Crack Someone Up:
172. To make someone laugh.
173. Cross Your Fingers:
174. To hope that something happens the way you want it to.
175. Cry Over Spilt Milk:
176. When you complain about a loss from the past.
177. Cry Wolf:
178. Intentionally raise a false alarm.
179. Cup Of Joe:
180. A cup of coffee.
181. Curiosity Killed The Cat:
182. Being Inquisitive can lead you into a dangerous situation.
183. Cut to the Chase:
184. Leave out all the unnecessary details and just get to the point.

185. English Synonyms for Public Service Commission Exams

186. Posted by [administrator](#) on 29 April 2014, 6:16 am

187. English Synonyms For Public Service Commission Exams

188. English Synonyms for Public Service Commission Exams

Words	Synonyms
Gigantic	Huge, Massive
Glow	Shine, Glisten
Grief	Sorrow, Sadness
Grievous	Painful, Hurtful
Hamper	Impede, Hinder

Happiness	Joy, Delight, Mirth
Hate	Despise, Detest, Scorn
Healthy	Hearty, Wholesome, Strong
Heaven	Paradise
Help	Aid, Assistance
Hide	Conceal
High	Elevated, Lofty, Exalted
Honour	Prestige
Humility	Modesty, Humbleness
Illegal	Unlawful
Imagine	Fancy, Think
Imperial	Kingly, Royal
Industrious	Hardworking, Diligent
Inherit	Inborn, Natural
Injure	Harm, Wound
Intend	Propose, Mean
Journey	Travel, Tour, Trip
Jubilant	Exultant, Joyful
Just	Right, Proper
Knave	Villain
Knowledge	Information, Awareness
Lenient	Mild, Liberal
Lethal	Deadly, Fatal
Lethargy	Sluggishness, Laziness
Liberty	Freedom, Independence
Light	Ignite, Inflamm
Likeness	Resemblance, Similarity
Loyal	Devoted, Faithful
Lucky	Fortunate
Manifest	Clear, Evident

Words	Synonyms
Abnormal	Unusual, Irregular
Abolish	Eradicate, Remove
Abound	Flourish, Overflow
Academical	Educational, Scholarly
Accede	Consent, Agree
Accumulate	Collect, Gather
Accurate	Correct, Exact
Acquaintance	Awareness, Familiarity
Acquire	Obtain, Procure
Active	Alert, Lively, Energetic
Adequate	Sufficient, Suitable
Admire	Appreciate, Praise
Admit	Confess
Aid	Help, Assistance
Aim	Goal, Purpose, Objective
Alien	Foreigner, Stranger
Allow	Permit, Admit
Ancient	Old
Anger	Fury Wrath
Anguish	Agony, Pain
Arrogant	Haughty, Proud
Attack	Aggression, Assault
Authentic	Genuine, Acceptable
Battle	Fight, Encounter, Conflict
Begin	Start, Commence
Blame	Accuse, Censure
Bleak	Dismal, Hopeless
Bliss	Joy, Pleasure
Blunder	Big Mistake, Error

Bold	Fearless, Courageous
Brave	Gallant, Courageous
Brief	Concise
Brutal	Savage, Cruel
Build	Construct
Calculation	Count
Catch	Grab, Grasp
Change	Shift, Exchange, Alter
Charming	Attractive, Bewitching
Clever	Skillful, Ingenious
Coarse	Rough
Collision	Clash, Conflict, Impact
Compromise	Settlement, Adjustment
Conscious	Aware, Assured, Certain
Convey	Communicate, Shift, Transport
Costly	Precious, Expensive

English Mcqs Paper for Pcs Exam

Posted by administrator on 6 April 2014, 12:59 am

English Mcqs Paper For Pcs Exam

English Mcqs Paper for Pcs Exam

1) Repetition of same vowel sound ?

Assonance

2) The poet who used extensive alliteration ?

Keats

3) Withering heights written by ?

Hardy

4) The poem "Byzantium" is written about ?

Imaginary city

5) Carl Sandburg born at ?

Illinois

6) T.S. Eliot was ?

Irish poet

7) Wasteland of Eliot is dedicated to ?

Ezra Pound

8) Shakespeare acted in one of plays of ?

Ben Johnson

9)Elizabeth Sewell born in ?

England

10) Linguistics is combination of _____ words ?

Two

11)Sound produced with obstruction of air ?

I chose “diphthongs” but later I came to know right option was other,don’t remember right now.

12)Semantics meaning ?

Study of meanings

13)Word language consists of two _____ words

Latin

14)Simon is character in one of _____ novels

Golding

15)“Everyman in his humor” written by ?

Ben johnson

16) Caretaker written by ?

Pinter

17)Waiting for Godot’s original language ?

French

18) Stream of consciousness ?

Virginia Woolf

19) “Sejanus” is satirical tragedy by ?

Ben johnson

20)Unified sensibility ?

Donne

21)Winding Stair is poem by ?

W.B.Yeats

22) Synaesthesia

Unification of senses

23) Time machine-the invisible man written by ?

H.G Wells

24)The egoist written by ?

George Meredith

25) Hardy’s own classification of novels?

Three

26)George Eliot wrote Adam Bede at age of ?

I wrote 20 but it was 40

27)Age of George Eliot ?

Victorian

28) Chaucer was ?

sarcastic poet

29)Renaissance period ?

1550-1660

30)King Lear written in ?

1603 to 1606

31)17th century’s historical event ?

Famine or Civil war

32)Paradise lost was written in ?

1667

33)1660 – 1790 is rise of ?

34)Literature became secular towards end of ?

35)Tragicomedy of Shakespeare is also called ?

Reconciliation play

36) Type of literature, art or music is called ?

Genre

37) Enthusiastic addiction to study of Greek and Roman antiquity led to ?

None (Because it led to Hellenism, romanticism)

38) Prospero was protagonist of ?

Patinae

39) Age of Pope is called ?

Augustan

40) Metaphysical poet is essay by ?

T.S. Eliot

41) Treatise on liberty written by ?

42) Figure of speech, exaggeration for emphasis ?

Rhetoric

43) Adonis written for ?

Keats

44) Songs of innocence and experience belong to ?

William Blake

45) Original title of Pride and Prejudice

First Impressions

46) Shelley's first work ?

Queen Mab

47) First writer of Picaresque novel ?

48) The road not taken by Frost is included in his collection ?

Mountain Interval

49) Bacon was intellectually great but morally weak. Who said this ?

50) Swift's irony fused into ?

humor

51) Nothing is beneath science, nor above science. Who said ?

Russell

52) Bird in "Ancient mariner" ?

Albatross

53) Milton got blind in age of ?

43

54) Hemingway's nick in later age ?

Papa

55) Donne's faith ?

Protestant

56) John Keats gave up career of ____ to become a poet
farming or medicine

57) Poet who studied at Cambridge but got no degree ?

Patinae

58) Which century is most important epoch in intellectual history ?

14th

59) During age of Chaucer, England passed through ?

Medievalism

60) Marlow's primitive tragedy ?

Dr. Faustus

61) Shakespeare comedy rival ?

62) Shakespeare comedy contain continental and ?

Mediterranean

63) Shakespeare's heroines have ?

Feminine traits

64) Who emerged as philosopher in "Merchant of Venice" ?

- 65) Which play started with incident of ship wreck ?
66) Sir Gwain and Green knight poems were written in ____ age
67) Process of introducing new words ?
68) War between flesh and spirit in which novel of Hardy ?
69) Norman conquest in ?
70) Queen Elizabeth descended throne from ?

Lecturer English MCQs Past Paper

Lecturer English MCQs Past Paper

- 1) Who belongs to the Absurd School of Drama?
(a) Shaw (b) Beckett (c) Pinter
(d) Eliot (e) None of these
- 2) "To the Light House" is written by:
(a) Lawrence (b) Dylan Thomas (c) Hemingway
(d) Forster (e) None of these
- 3) "I am too much in the sun" in "Hamlet" is spoken by:
(a) Polonius (b) Claudius (c) Hamlet
(d) Ophelia (e) None of these
- 4) "Ulysses" is written by:
(a) James Joyce (b) Virginia Woolf (c) Hardy
(d) Forster (e) None of these
- 5) Elizabeth is a character from Jane Austen's:
(a) Emma (b) Pride and Prejudice (c) Mansfield Park
(d) Northanger Abby (e) None of these
- 6) "Tear Idle Tears" is a poem by:
(a) Frost (b) Browning (c) Yeats
(d) Eliot (e) None of these
- 7) "Thought Fox" is written by:
(a) Ted Hughes (b) Philip Larkin (c) Heaney
(d) Sylvia Plath (e) None of these
- 8) "Major Barbara" is written by:
(a) Beckett (b) Pinter (c) Eliot
(d) Shaw (e) None of these
- 9) Lilliput is a character from:
(a) Gulliver's Travels (b) Pygmalion (c) Sons & lovers
(d) Old man and the sea (e) None of these
- 10) "Fire and Ice" is written by:
(a) Eliot (b) Yeats (c) Frost
(d) Auden (e) None of these

- 11) Swift belong to:
(a) Renaissance period (b) Restoration (c) Romantic period
(d) Augustan age (e) None of these
- 12) The Novel of Lawrence banned by the government was:
(a) Sons and Lovers (b) Lady Chatterley's Lover (c) Women in Love
(d) The Rainbow (e) None of these
- 13) "Undo this Button" is a line from Shakespeare's:
(a) Hamlet (b) Othello (c) King Lear
(d) Julius Caesar (e) None of these
- 14) "Ode to Psyche" is a poem by:
(a) Milton (b) Byron (c) Keats
(d) Blake (e) None of these
- 15) "I am no Prince Hamlet" is a line written by:
(a) Shakespeare (b) Yeats (c) Eliot
(d) Auden (e) None of these
- 16) "Things fall apart" is a line from Yeats's:
(a) Among School Children (b) Byzantium (c) Sailing to Byzantium
(d) The Second coming (e) None of these
- 17) "Good fences make good neighbours" is from Frost's:
(a) Revelation (b) Mending (c) Pasture
(d) Birches (e) None of these
- 18) 'April is the Cruellest month of all' is taken from Eliot's:
(a) The Wasteland (b) The Hollow men (c) East Coker
(d) Prufrock (e) None of these
- 19) "A Farewell to Arms" is written by:
(a) Faulkner (b) Hemmingway (c) James Joyce
(d) Virginia Woolf (e) None of these
- 20) "A passage to India" is written by:
(a) Forester (b) Conrad (c) Lawrence
(d) Hardy (e) None of these
- 21) "Ode to West Wind" was written by:
(a) Keats (b) Shelley (c) Byron
(d) Blake (e) None of these
- 22) Keats was born in:
(a) 1770 (b) 1779 (c) 1795
(d) 1790 (e) None of these
- 23) Dream Children was written by:
(a) Leigh Hunt (b) Charles Lamb (c) Hazlitt
(d) Ruskin (e) None of these
- 24) "Picture of Dorian Gray" was written by:
(a) Oscar Wilde (b) Dickens (c) Hardy

- (d) George Eliot (e) None of these
- 25) Ruskin belonged to:
- (a) Romantic age (b) Modern age (c) Victorian age
(d) Augustan age (e) None of these
- 26) Wordsworth lived from:
- (a) 1770 – 1832 (b) 1775 – 1859 (c) 1770 – 1850
(d) 1770 – 1802 (e) None of these
- 27) "Heroes and Hero Worship" was written by:
- (a) Mill (b) Carlyle (c) Macaulay
(d) Coleridge (e) None of these
- 28) "Fair Seed time had my Soul" is from:
- (a) Ode to autumn (b) To a Highland girl (c) Ancient Mariner
(d) Child Harold's Pilgrimage (e) None of these
- 29) "Great Expectations" was written by:
- (a) George Eliot (b) Thackeray (c) Hardy
(d) Dickens (e) None of these
- 30) "Lotus Eaters" is written by:
- (a) Tennyson (b) Browning (c) Mathew Arnold
(d) Hardy (e) None of these
- 31) Lamb, Leigh Hunt and Hazlitt are:
- (a) Poets (b) Dramatists (c) Essayists
(d) Novelists (e) None of these
- 32) "My Last Duchess" was written by:
- (a) Keats (b) Coleridge (c) Tennyson
(d) Browning (e) None of these
- 33) Emily Bronte is the writer of:
- (a) Wuthering Heights (b) Emma (c) Under the greenwood Tree
(d) Mr Chips (e) None of these
- 34) "Poetry is a spontaneous overflow of powerful feeling" is a definition of poetry by:
- (a) Keats (b) Wordsworth (c) Shelley
(d) Coleridge (e) None of these
- 35) "Heard Melodies are sweet but those unheard are sweeter" is a line from:
- (a) Ode on a Grecian Urn (b) Ode to a nightingale (c) The Prelude
(d) Ode to Autumn (e) None of these
- 36) "Waverley" was written by:
- (a) Scott (b) Hardy (c) Jane Austen
(d) Dickens (e) None of these
- 37) "We are Seven" is written by:
- (a) Keats (b) Shelly (c) Byron
(d) Hardy (e) None of these
- 38) "Past and present" is written by:

- (a) Mill (b) Lamb (c) Hazlitt
(d) Carlyle (e) None of these
- 39) "Modern Painters" is written by:
(a) Ruskin (b) Carlyle (c) Mill
(d) Macaulay (e) None of these
- 40) "Byron is the" writer of:
(a) Don Jaun (b) Prometheus Unbound (c) Adonias
(d) Lucy Gray (e) None of these
- 41) In Shakespeare's Tragedies Character is not Destiny but there is Character and Destiny is a remark by:
(a) Nicoll (b) Goddord (c) Bradley
(d) Coleridge (e) None of these
- 42) "How came he dead? I shall not be juggled with: To hell allegiance! Vows, to the blackest devil!
Is a speech in Hamlet spoken by:
(a) Hamlet (b) Laertes (c) Polonius
(d) Claudius (e) None of these
- 43) Aspect of the Novel is written by:
(a) David Cecil (b) Walter Allen (c) Arnold Kettle
(d) E.M. Forster (e) None of these
- 44) Lotos Eaters is a poem by:
(a) Browning (b) Tennyson (c) Yeats
(d) Frost (e) None of these
- 45) 'The Hollow Men' is written by:
(a) T.S. Eliot (b) Ezra Pound (c) Yeats
(d) Larkin (e) None of these
- 46) William Faulkner was awarded Nobel Prize for literature in:
(a) 1949 (b) 1950 (c) 1951
(d) 1953 (e) None of these
- 47) G.B. Shaw was awarded Nobel Prize for literature in:
(a) 1925 (b) 1929 (c) 1930
(d) 1949 (e) None of these
- 48) 'The Winding Stair' is written by:
(a) Ted Hughes (b) T.S. Eliot (c) W.B. Yeats
(d) W.H. Auden (e) None of these
- 49) 'Murder in the Cathedral' is a play written by:
(a) Shakespeare (b) Marlowe (c) Oscar Wilde
(d) T.S. Eliot (e) None of these

English Synonyms Mcqs Test

Posted by [administrator](#) on 2 April 2014, 1:51 am

English Synonyms Mcqs Test

English Synonyms Mcqs Test

Abandon

vacate ✓
foil
lose
gain

Abdicate

give up ✓
imperious
rude
dissent

Blasphemy

impiety ✓
reverence
divide
fuse

Cajole

lure ✓
warm
suggest
doubtful

Dubious

unreliable ✓
recede
profound
exculpate

Ebb

recede ✓
swell
propound
exculpate

Foment

provoke ✓
extirpate
isolation
abrasion

Gag

silence ✓
animate
avoke
superb

Havoc

devastation ✓
knowledge
prosperity
fact

Idolize

adore ✓
execrate
loathe
fickle

Huddle

confuse ✓
arrange
neutral
genuine

Illusion

hallucination ✓
reality
fact
purge

Imbecile

idiotic ✓
pure
shrewd
innate

Jocund

gay ✓
barren
mourning
puzzle

Kernel

nucleus ✓
broad
stranger
kind

Limpid

clear ✓
muddy
resembling
strict

Melancholy

sadness ✓
dissolve
joy
petty

Nullify

slanting ✓
horizontal
bore
disregard

Purulent

corrupt ✓
peaceable
healthy
prudish

Prosalc

dull ✓
dashing
litigious
petulant

Quack

imposter ✓
gull
amount
defy

Stupendous

marvelous ✓
ordinary
weak
abandon

Tacit

silent ✓
formal
fear

celestial

Vindicate

justify ✓
accustom
perverse
pungent

Abhor

detest ✓
crave
reconcile
rude

Abnegation

rejection ✓
complete
indulgence
final

Bellicose

pugnacious ✓
agile
peaceful
stupefy

Capricious

uncertain ✓
constant
brave
pause

Desuetude

obsolescence ✓
custom

argue
dissent

Ebullient

exuberant ✓
deight
still
obscure

Fulminate

clamour ✓
barren
misfire
prodigal

Grugal

thrifty ✓
prolific
clamour
efficacious

Garb

dress ✓
rage
trivial
distort

Hypocrite

pretender ✓
tumult
noise
genuine

Impeccable

perfect ✓

trivial
penniless
spare

Impair

Injure ✓
better
saucy
plite

Juvenile

youthful ✓
akin
mature
related

Kindle

light ✓
burn
extingusih
dark

Lucid

clear ✓
broad
lovely
fidelity

Mendacity

deception ✓
beggary
candour
promise

English Preposition Mcqs For Lecturer Test

English Preposition Mcqs for Lecturer Test

Akhtar was broken _____ from his old friends.

- away ✓
- with
- of
- in

I was amazed _____ his misbehavior

- at ✓
- in
- for
- with

Saleem amused us _____ jokes.

- with ✓
- in
- for
- of

Arifa has been fully cured _____ the chronic pain in her legs

- of ✓
- in
- from
- with

I was astonished _____ his failure.

- at ✓

in
on
for

The rains have set _____.

in ✓
of
on
out

He is capable _____ doing anything

of ✓
in
about
for

He is fully contented _____ his life.

with ✓
of
ro
in

Aslam is not known _____ my brother.

to ✓
for
with
about

You should not jest _____ his poverty

at ✓
in
for
with

There was no heir _____ the throne.

to ✓
in
on
over

He got _____ his illness in two weeks

over ✓
on
by
with

The shopkeeper has charged me ten rupees
_____ this book

for ✓
on
in
of

We can compare life _____ a drama

to ✓
in
for
from

He is not living _____ his means.

within ✓
for
in
from

I am aware _____ my short-comings

of ✓
at
over
with

He is lax _____ morals

in ✓
on
with
of

He part _____ all his possessions happily

with ✓
on
for
from

Piety makes _____ happiness

for ✓
on
with
from

You should refrain _____ hurting her feelings

from ✓
to
of
over

I had the privilege _____ knowing him intimately

of ✓
in
for
with

She provoked him _____ anger

to ✓
for
on
after

This course of action will be prejudicial _____ the interests of our country

in ✓
of
after
with

Amer has been blessed _____ a soon

of ✓
with
for
upon

He is always boasting _____ his wealth

of ✓
for
with
upon

Our neighbor died _____ over work

from ✓
to
in
for

Alia parted _____ her parents in tears

from ✓
of
with
by

**I took strong objection _____ the
prokkposal**

to ✓
with
against
on

She was mistaken _____ a switch

for ✓
with
over
from

I am badly in need _____ money

of ✓
for
on
with

Aslim was married _____ Amina

to ✓
by
with
for

He has disposed _____ his house

of ✓
in
at
from

He was never entitled _____ this high post

to ✓
of
for
over

Razia is fit _____ joining her duty

for ✓
to
in
from

We have full faith _____ our leaders

in ✓
of
from
with

He has servants to attend _____ him

upon ✓
in
over
to

He is averse _____ hard work

to ✓
on
upon
with

He has recently taken _____ drinking

to ✓
from
on
for

I prefer death _____ dishonor

to ✓
than
from
in

His father prevailed _____ him to join the government service

upon ✓
on
in
from

He was excluded _____ the team

from ✓

on
by
for

There is an exception _____ every rule

to ✓
in
for
with

He is very grateful _____ me

to ✓
for
from
with

He has copied this letter word _____ word

from ✓
with
in
by

The water supply at last gave _____

out ✓
of
off
about

English MCQs for Public Service Commission Lecturers' Test

English MCQs for Public Service Commission Lecturers' Test

- "Soldier's pay" is the work of
2. "War and Peace" is written by
3. Metaphysical Poets belong to

4. "Adventures of the Wonder Land" is the work of
 5. Off-spring of a horse is called
 6. Sound of elephants is called
 7. What is the basic difference between Simile and Metaphor?
 8. Analogy. Hacked:Original
 9. Antonym of Brawl is
 10. Synonym of the word Caesarian is
 - 11.Originally English Language is taken from
 12. Synonym of the word "Promiscuous" is
 - 13.originator of historical novel?
 - 14.Synonymn of abate
 15. emendation
 16. syn:grandeur
 - 17.....change in circumstances.
 - 18.who is called mother of poor?
 19. interested about
 20. Absalum and abysilence
 - 21.hottest planet
 - 22.distance b/w sun and earth
 - 23.shape of planets and satellites of sun
 - 24.Commander in of infidels in battle badr
 - 25.second kalima
 - 26.last sonnet of keats
 - 27.play on-words
 - 28.natural beauty and imagination
 - 29.English is family oflanguage.
 - 30.The position of earth from pnumbra
 - 31.Crime and Punishment is wrtten by
 32. Cogito ergo sum
 - 33.what was the name of the first fort that Brits built in India?
 - 34.what's the date of Mairaj?
 - 35.when was the capital changed from Calcutta to Delhi?
 - 36.when is the prayer of Kasuf offered?
 37. whats the old word for storehouse?
 38. whats the word for the formation of a word from a sound associated with what is named?
 39. he left his father's roof is a____?
 40. headlights of the car____?
 41. what was keats last poem?
 - 42.whose title was Mother of the poor?
 - 43.Hindu Muslims came in reflection
- English MCQs for Public Service Commission Lecturers' Test**
English MCQs Lecturers' Test

1) Repetition of same vowel sound ?

Assonance

2) The poet who used extensive alliteration ?

Keats

3) Wuthering heights written by ?

Emily Brontë

4) The poem “Byzantium” is written about ?

Imaginary city

5) Carl Sandburg born at ?

Illinois

6) T.S. Eliot was ?

American by birth; British from 1927

7) Wasteland of Eliot is dedicated to ?

Ezra Pound

8) Shakespeare acted in one of plays of ?

Ben Jonson

9) Elizabeth Sewall born in ?

England

10) Linguistics is combination of _____ words ?

Two

11) Sound produced with obstruction of air ?

consonant

12) Semantics meaning ?

“Study of meanings”

13) Word language consists of two _____ words

Latin

14) Simon is character in one of _____ novels

Golding

15) “Everyman in his humour” written by ?

Ben Johnson

16) Caretaker written by ?

Pinter

17) Waiting for Godot’s original language ?

French

18) Stream of consciousness ?

Virginia Woolf

19) “Sejanus” is satirical tragedy by ?

Ben Johnson

20) Unified sensibility ?

Donne

21) Winding Stair is poem by ?

W.B. Yeats

22) Synaesthesia

Unification of senses

23) Time machine-the invisible man written by ?

H.G Wells

24) The egoist written by ?

George Meredith

25) Hardy's own classification of novels?

Three

26) George Eliot wrote Adam Bede at age of ?

40

27) Age of George Eliot ?

Victorian

28) Chaucer was ?

sarcastic poet

29) Renaissance period ?

1550-1660

30)King Lear written in ?

1603 to 1606

31)17th century's historical event ?

Civil war

32)Paradise lost was written in ?

1667

33)1660 – 1790 is rise of ?

I chose "Drama" but it's not confirm.Kindly confirm it

34)Literature became secular towards end of ?

18th century

35)Tragicomedy of Shakespeare is also called ?

Reconciliation play

36)Type of literature,art or music is called ?

Genre

37)Enthusiastic addiction to study of Greek and Roman antiquity led to ?

None (Because it led to hellenism,romantism)

38)Prospero was protagonist of ?

The Tempest

39)Age of Pope is called?

Augusten

40)Metaphysical poet is essay by ?

T.S Eliot

41) Treatise on liberty written by ?

Martin Luther

42)Figure of speech,exaggeration for emphasis ?

Rhetoric

43) Adonis written for ?

Keats

44)Songs of innocence and experience belong to ?

William Blake

45)Original title of Pride and Prejudice

First Impressions

46)Shelley's first work?

Queen Mab

47)First writer of Picaresque novel ?

I chose Thackeray.Kindly confirm it.

48)The road not taken by Frost is included in his collection ?

Mountain Interval

49) Bacon was intellectually great but morally weak. Who said this ?

?

50) Swift's irony fused into ?

humour

51) Nothing is beneath science, nor above science. Who said ?

I chose Russell

52) Bird in "Ancient mariner" ?

Albatross

53) Milton got blind in age of ?

43

54) Hemingway's nick in later age ?

Papa

55) Donne's faith ?

Protestant

56) John Keats gave up career of _____ to become a poet

medicine

57) Poet who studied at Cambridge but got no degree ?

ST Coleridge

58) Which century is most important epoch in intellectual history ?

14th

59) During age of Chaucer, England passed through ?

Medievalism

60) Marlow's primitive tragedy ?

Tamberlaine

61) Shakespeare comedy rival ?

Ben Jonson

62) Shakespeare comedy contain continental and ?

Mediterranean

63) Shakespeare's heroines have ?

Feminine traits

64) Who emerged as philosopher in "Merchant of Venice" ?

Portia

65) Which play started with incident of ship wreck ?

?

66) Sir Gwain and Green knight poems were written in ____ age

67) Process of introducing new words ?

Coinage

68)War between flesh and spirit in which novel of Hardy ?

Jude of the Obscure

69)Norman conquest in ?

1066

70)Queen Elizabeth descended throne from ?

1. Robert Stuart 2. Robert.... 3. James Stuart

71)University wits estimated literary period is little more than years.

10 years, 8 years, 7 years, 6 years

72)Brazen

“Shy”

73)Capricious

“Recollect”

74)Extrinsic

=====

75)fluster

=====

76) Obdurate

submissive

Synonyms

77)Truncate

shorten

78)Impetuous

“irrational”

79)nincompoop

Foolish

80)Elocution

81)Ulysses poem was written by?

Tennyson

82)Far fetched metaphor ?

Conceit

83)Because I couldnot stop for death written by ?

Emily Dickinson

84)Ted Hughes and Sylvia Plath were?

Husband and wife

85. People do not exist in _____ but in functioning_____

Isolation,communities

86. The military censors_____passages in letters that they thought might _____ security.

=====

87. Only a _____person could be _____to the suffering of people

88. Volcanic rock very often looks shiny because it had been _____

Igneous

89. Fire station had been gone on _____ at once

To

90) antonym of callous is

English Word Meaning For PCS,PMS & CSS Exams

Abbreviation A shortened form of a word or phrase

Abolish Do away with wholly

Accelerate To increase the speed; to hasten the progress of

Accountable Liable to be called to account

Actuary One who calculates premium

Adolescence The period between childhood and adulthood

Aggravate To increase the gravity of an offence or the intensity of a disease

Aggressor A person who attacks first

Agnostic One who doubts the existence of god

Alienate To turn friends in enemies

Altruist A person who loves every body

Amateur One who does something not professionally but for pleasure

Ambidextrous Of a person who can use both hands equally well

Ambiguous A sentence whose meaning is unclear

Ambivalent Having opposing feelings

Amnesty General pardon

Amphibian A land animal that breeds in water

Anarchist One who is out to subvert a government

Anarchy Absence of government

Anonymous A book written by an unknown author

Answerable A person liable to be called to account for his action

Antedate To date before the true time

Anthropology A study of man

Antidote A medicine to counteract the effect of another medicine

Antiseptic A medicine that prevents decomposing

Antonym A word opposite in meaning to another

Appreciate To rise in value

Arbitrator A person appointed by parties to settle the disputes between them

Archaeology A study of ancient things

Aristocracy A Government by the Nobles
Arsenal A place where weapons and ammunitions are stored
Atheist One who does not believe in the existence of God
Audience An assembly of hearers at a lecture or concert
Auditor One who makes an official examination of accounts
Autobiography A life history written by oneself
Autocracy A Government by one
Avaricious Of a person extremely desirous of money
Behead Cut off the head
Bibliophile A great lover of books
Bigamy Practice of having two wives or husbands
Bigot One who has narrow and prejudiced religious views
Bilingual A person who speaks two languages
Biography A life history written by somebody else
Biology The science which treats with life
Botany The branch of biology dealing with plant life
Brittle Hard but liable to be easily broken
Bureaucracy A Government by the officials
Callous A man devoid of kind feeling and sympathy
Cannibal Of a man or animal that feeds on its own species
Carnivorous A flesh eating animal
Catalogue A list of books
Celibacy Abstinence from sex
Celibate One who is unmarried
Centenarian A person who is above hundred years
Centenary Celebration of a hundredth year, once –a-century
Colleague A co-worker or a fellow-worker in the same institution
Congenital Belonging or pertaining to an individual from birth
Contemporaries People living at the same time
Contemporary Belonging to the same period of time
Convalescent One who is recovering from illness
Cosmology Science of origin of universe
Cosmopolitan One who can make himself at home in all countries
Cosmopolite A citizen of the world
Credulous A person who readily believes whatever is told to him/her.
Cynic One who questions everything
Delegate To give one
Democracy Government of the people, for the people, by the people
Depreciate To go down in value
Deteriorate To go from bad to worse
Disenfranchisement To take away some one

Draw A game in which neither party wins

Drawn/ Tie A game or battle in which neither party wins

Word Meaning

Eccentric One who has strange habits

Ecology Study of environment

Edible A thing that is fit to be eaten

Effeminate Of a man showing feminine attributes

Egotist A person who always thinks of himself ; somebody who is selfish or self-centered

Eligible One who is qualified for election

Elucidate To explain something mysterious or difficult

Embezzlement Misappropriation of money

Emphasize To lay special stress on

Epicure Somebody who has refined taste for food; somebody who loves sensual pleasure and luxury

Epidemic A contagious disease which spreads over a huge area

Epitaph Inscription on a tombstone

Equestrian A person who rides on horse-back

Equilibrium A state of perfect balance

Eradicate Destroy or get rid of something completely; root out an evil or bad practice

Ethnology A study of races

Etiquette Established rules of conduct; rules of acceptable behavior

Etymology A study of derivation of words

Exonerate Free somebody from blame or guilt

Extempore A speech delivered without any previous preparation

Facsimile An exact copy

Fanatic A man who has too much enthusiasm for his own religion

Fastidious A person difficult to please

Fatal Anything that leads to death

Fatalist A person who believes in fate

Feminist One who thinks only of welfare of women

Foregone Something that has been determined beforehand

Fratricide The murder or murderer of one

Germicide A medicine that kills germs

Glutton One who eats too much

Gratis Without payment

Gregarious Of animals living in flocks

Gullible One who is easily deceived

Herbivorous A grass eating animal

Homicide Murder of a human being

Honorary A position for which no salary is paid

Hostility Intense aggression or anger state of antagonism

Humanitarian One who feels sympathetic towards human beings

Hung Assembly or parliament in which no party has got clear majority
Hypocrite One who pretends to be what he is not
Idiosyncrasy A person's peculiar habit
Idolatry Worship of idols
Illegal That which is against law
Illegible A handwriting that cannot be read
Illicit That is prohibited by law
Illiterate A person who cannot read or write
Immigrant One who lives in a foreign country
Imperceptible That which cannot be noticed
Impervious A person who remains unmoved and unaffected by other people's opinions, suggestions
Impracticable That which cannot be practiced
Impregnable Incapable of being seized by attack
Improbable That which is not likely to happen
Inanimate Without life
Inaudible A sound that cannot be heard
Incomprehensible A statement which cannot be understood
Incorrigible One who cannot be corrected
Incredible That which cannot be believed
Incurable That which cannot be cured
Indefatigable One incapable of being tired
Indefensible That which cannot be defended
Indescribable That which cannot be described
Indispensable Something that is essential and cannot be dispensed with
Inevitable That which cannot be avoided
Inexplicable That which cannot be explained
Infallible A remedy which never fails
Infanticide The act of killing an infant
Inflammable Something that is quickly and easily set on fire and burned
Inimitable A method that cannot be imitated
Insatiable That which cannot be satisfied
Insoluble Incapable of being dissolved in a liquid
Insolvent One who is unable to pay his debts
Intestate One who dies without a Will
Introspection The action of looking back on past time
Invincible That which cannot be conquered
Invisible A thing that cannot be seen with human eyes
Invulnerable That which cannot be hurt
Irrelevant Not applicable
Irreparable A loss of damage that cannot be compensated
Irrevocable That cannot be altered or withdrawn

Irritable A man who is easily irritated
Jurisdiction The area over which an official has control
Word Meaning
Legal That which is lawful
Maiden The first speech made by a person
Manuscript Handwritten book
Matinee A cinema show which is held in the afternoon
Matricide Killing of one's own mother; killer of one's own mother
Medieval Belonging to the Middle Ages
Mercenary One who can do anything for money
Misanthrope One who hates mankind
Misanthropist Hater of mankind
Misogamist A person who does not believe in the institution of marriage
Misogynist A person who hates women
Mobocracy Rule by the mob
Monarchy A Government by a king or queen
Monogamy Practice of having one wife or husband
Namesake Somebody or something with the same name as somebody or something else
Neophyte One who is a newcomer
Notorious A person with an evil reputation
Novice One who is new to a trade or profession
Numismatics Science of coins or medals
Obsolete A thing no longer in use
Oligarchy A Government by the few
Omnipotent All-powerful; possessing complete power and authority
Omnipresent One who is present everywhere
Omniscient A person who knows everything
Omnivorous An animal or a human being that eats any kind of food
Opaque That through which light cannot pass
Optimist One who looks at the bright side of things; somebody positive
Ornithology A study of birds
Orphanage A place where orphans live
Panacea A supposed cure for all diseases or problems
Parasite A person supported by another and giving him/her nothing in return
Patricide Killing of one's own father; killer of one's own father
Pauper One who has no money
Pedestrian One who goes on foot
Pessimist One who looks on the dark side of things
Philanthropist Lover of mankind
Philistine One who does not care for art, literature etc
Physiology A study of the body

Plagiarist One who copies from other writers
Plutocracy A Government by the rich
Polyandry Practice of having several husbands
Polygamy Practice of having several wives
Polyglot One who knows many languages
Posthumous A book published after the death of its author
Postmortem Medical examination of a dead body
Postscript A short message added on to the end of a letter after the signature
Potable Water fit for drinking
Predator An animal who preys on other animals
Psephology Systematic study of election trends
Pseudonym To write under a different name
Regicide Murder of the king
Reticent One who speaks less
Sacrilege Violating the sanctity of a church
Samaritan One who helps others Good
Sinecure An office with high salary but no work
Smuggler A person who imports or exports goods into or from a country secretly because they are illegal or in order to avoid paying duty on them
Soporific A drug or other substance that induces sleep
Stoic One who is indifferent to pleasure or pain
Suicide Murder of self
Synonyms Words which have the same meaning
Theist One who believes in God
Translucent That through which light can partly pass
Transparent That through which light can pass
Turncoat One who changes sides
Valetudinarian One who always thinks himself to be ill
Vandal One who damages public property
Vegetarian Somebody who doesn't eat meat or fish
Venial A pardonable offense
Ventriloquist One who can throw his voice
Veteran Somebody who is considerably experienced in something
Volunteer One who works for free
Zoology A study of animals
Zoology The branch of biology dealing with the study of animals

English Mcqs Practice Test

WHAT IS ANTONYMS OF WORD TORSION

straightening

talk

turn

emotion

COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE

THIS IS THE BEST BOOK

of all others on History

of any other on History

of all on History

of any other in History

WHAT IS ANTONYMS OF WORD INIQUITY

cruelty

injustice

equitable

intensity

COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE

NO SOONER DID THE THIEF SEE THE POLICEMAN

he ran away

he had run away

when he ran away

than he ran away

WHAT IS ANTONYMS OF WORD STUBBORN

suborn

obstinate

ductile

stub

**COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE
HE IS A**

fine, young, tall energetic man

young, fine, tall & energetic man

tall, young, energetic & fine man

fine, tall, young & energetic man

WHAT IS SYNONYMS OF WORD FORAY

fire

brightness

lineage

dump-founded

**COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE
IF I WERE NOT BUSY, I**

shall go with you

will go with you

would have gone with you

would go with you

COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE
WHAT DO YOU

say to a cup of tea

tell a cup of tea

utter to a cup of tea

narrate a cup of tea

COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE
I DONT AGREE WITH YOU; I THINK

it is fairly good film

it is rather a good film

it is rather fairly good film

it is fairly rather good film

COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE
IT IS TIME THAT

the children go to bed

the children went to bed

the children go to their bed

the children went to their bed

COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE
HARDLY

he reached the college, it began to rain

we reached college, then it began to rain

we reached college, when it began to rain

had we reached the college, when it began to rain

PICK THE CORRECT RESPONSE FROM FOLLOWING SENTENCE
I ALWAYS PRAISE HIM FOR HIS MERITS, BUT HE ALWAYS TURNS YOU
POINTING OUT YOUR DEMERITS

at

to

on

for

WHAT IS ANTONYMS OF WORD RESTORATION

lexicon

balm

hoarding

depredation

WHAT IS SYNONYMS OF WORD NIGHTMARE

story

journey

incubus

owl

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