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BinarySearchArrayTest.java
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    * OST - Uebungen 'Algorithmen & Datenstrukturen (AlgDat)'
    * Version: Sun Sep 15 17:54:57 CEST 2024
3
   package ex01.baseline.task04;
   import java.util.ArrayList;
8
   import java.util.Random;
   public class BinarySearchArrayTest {
12
13
     protected ArrayList<Integer> arrayList;
14
     public BinarySearchArrayTest() {
       arrayList = new ArrayList<>();
16
17
18
     public void clear() {
       arrayList = new ArrayList<>();
20
21
22
     public void generateTree(int nodes) {
23
       for (int i: new Random().ints(nodes, 0, Integer.MAX_VALUE).toArray()) {
24
25
         if (arravList.size() == 0)
26
           arrayList.add(i);
27
            add(0, arrayList.size() - 1, i);
28
29
30
31
32
      * Adds 'content' recursively into the ArrayList by applying a Binary-Search.
33
34
       * @param lower The lower bound (inclusive) of the range where to insert the content
35
       * @param upper The upper bound (inclusive) of the range where to insert the content
36
37
      ^{\star} @param content The number to insert into the ArrayList.
     public void add(int lower, int upper, int content) {
40
       // TODO Implement here...
41
42
43
44
45
     public boolean verify(int size, boolean exiting) {
46
       int arrayListSize = arrayList.size();
47
       if (arrayListSize != size) {
          System.err.println("ERROR: bad size: " + arrayListSize);
48
49
          if (exiting)
           System.exit(1);
50
          } else {
           return false;
52
53
54
       int lhs = Integer.MIN_VALUE;
55
56
       boolean failure = false;
       for (int i = 0; i < arrayList.size(); i++) {
57
         int rhs = arrayList.get(i);
58
         if (lhs > rhs) {
59
60
           System.out.format("ERROR: wrong order at [%d]: %d > %d\n", i, lhs, rhs);
            failure = true;
61
62
           break;
63
         lhs = rhs;
65
```

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        if (failure) {
          if (arrayListSize < 20) {
           System.out.println(arrayList);
68
69
          if (exiting)
70
            System.exit(2);
71
72
          } else {
73
           return false;
74
75
76
        return true;
77
78
     public static void main(String[] args) {
79
        System.out.println("ARRAYLIST based TEST");
81
       System.out.println("Please be patient, the following operations may take some time
       final int BEGINSIZE = 10000:
82
        final int TESTRUNS = 100;
83
        final int VARYSIZE = 10;
84
85
        BinarySearchArrayTest binarySearchArray = new BinarySearchArrayTest();
86
87
        double avgTime = 0;
        long startTime;
88
89
        for (int i = 0; i < TESTRUNS; i++) {
90
         binarySearchArray.clear();
         startTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
91
         int size = BEGINSIZE + i * VARYSIZE;
92
         binarySearchArray.generateTree(size);
93
94
          avgTime = ((avgTime * i) + (System.currentTimeMillis() - startTime))
             / (i + 1);
95
         binarySearchArray.verify(size, true);
97
98
        System.out.println("Test successful, result is as follows:");
99
        System.out.println("Average time for generation is: " + avgTime + " ms");
101
102
103
104
105
106
   /* Session-Log:
107
108 ARRAYLIST based TEST
   Please be patient, the following operations may take some time...
   Test successful, result is as follows:
   Average time for generation is: 5.16ms
112
113
114
```

BinarySearchArrayJUnitTest.java 15.9.2024 17:54:57 Page 1/2 * OST - Uebungen 'Algorithmen & Datenstrukturen (AlgDat)' * Version: Sun Sep 15 17:54:57 CEST 2024 3 4 package ex01.baseline.task04; import static org.junit.Assert.assertTrue; import java.util.Arravs; import java.util.List; import java.util.Random; import java.util.stream.Collectors; import org.junit.Before; import org.junit.FixMethodOrder; import org.junit.Test; import org.junit.runners.MethodSorters; @FixMethodOrder(MethodSorters.NAME_ASCENDING) public class BinarySearchArrayJUnitTest { // Stress-Test: private static final int NUMBER_OF_TESTS = 10_000; 25 private static final int MIN SIZE = 1; private static final int MAX_SIZE = 32; private static final int LOWER BOUND = 0; // inclusive private static final int UPPER_BOUND = 10; // inclusive 30 BinarySearchArrayTest binarySearchArray = new BinarySearchArrayTest(); public void setUp() 33 34 binarySearchArray.clear(); 35 37 @Test 38 public void test 1() { fillBinarySearchArray(Arrays.asList(1, 2)); 39 assertTrue(binarySearchArray.verify(2, false)); 42 @Test 43 public void test_2() { 45 fillBinarySearchArray(Arrays.asList(2, 1)); assertTrue(binarySearchArray.verify(2, false)); 46 47 @Test public void test_3() { 50 fillBinarySearchArray(Arrays.asList(1, 1)); 51 assertTrue(binarySearchArray.verify(2, false)); 52 53 55 56 public void test_4() { fillBinarySearchArray(Arrays.asList(1, 2, 3)); 58 assertTrue(binarySearchArray.verify(3, false)); 59 60 @Test 61 62 public void test_5() { fillBinarySearchArray(Arrays.asList(3, 2, 1)); 63 64 assertTrue(binarySearchArray.verify(3, false)); 65

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     public void test_6() {
68
69
       fillBinarySearchArray(Arrays.asList(3, 1, 2));
70
       assertTrue(binarySearchArray.verify(3, false));
71
72
     @Test
73
74
     public void test_7() {
75
       fillBinarySearchArray(Arrays.asList(1, 1, 1));
       assertTrue(binarySearchArray.verify(3, false));
77
78
79
     public void test_StressTest()
       new Random().ints(NUMBER_OF_TESTS, MIN_SIZE, MAX_SIZE + 1).forEach(size -> {
81
82
         List<Integer> list = new Random()
             .ints(size, LOWER_BOUND, UPPER_BOUND + 1).boxed()
83
              .collect(Collectors.toList());
         System.out.println(list);
85
         binarySearchArray.clear();
86
         fillBinarySearchArray(list);
87
         System.out.println(binarySearchArray.arrayList);
         assertTrue(binarySearchArray.verify(list.size(), false));
89
90
91
92
     private void fillBinarySearchArray(List<Integer> list) {
93
       for (int i: list) {
94
95
         if (binarySearchArray.arrayList.size() == 0) {
           binarySearchArray.arrayList.add(i);
96
           binarySearchArray.add(0, binarySearchArray.arrayList.size() - 1, i);
98
99
100
101
102
103
```