### Introduction

Mathematical Decision-Optimization (DO) Model  $M(\mathbf{w})$  (\*):

$$\begin{aligned} \textbf{x}^*(\textbf{w}) \in \text{arg min}_{\textbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n, \textbf{y} \in \mathbb{R}^m} & f(\textbf{x}, \textbf{y}, \textbf{w}) \\ \text{s.t.} & \textbf{g}(\textbf{x}, \textbf{y}, \textbf{w}) \leq \textbf{0} \\ & \textbf{y} = \textbf{h}(\textbf{x}, \textbf{w}) \\ & \textbf{x} \in \Omega(\textbf{w}) \end{aligned}$$

 $\mathbf{w} \in \mathbb{R}^k$  – fixed uncontrollable.  $\Omega(\mathbf{w})$  – polytope (possibly unbounded).

(\*) Maragno\*, D., Wiberg\*, H., Bertsimas, D., Birbil, S. I., Hertog, D. d., and Fajemisin, A. (2021). *Mixed-Integer Optimization with Constraint Learning*.

#### Introduction

## Learned DO Model $\widehat{M}(\mathbf{w})$ :

$$\begin{array}{lll} \widehat{\mathbf{x}}^*(\mathbf{w}) \in \arg\min_{\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n, \mathbf{y} \in \mathbb{R}^m} & \widehat{\mathbf{f}}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{w}) & \longleftarrow \text{learn} \\ & \text{s.t.} & \mathbf{g}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{w}) \leq \mathbf{0} \\ & \mathbf{y} = \widehat{\mathbf{h}}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{w}) \\ & \mathbf{x} \in \Omega(\mathbf{w}) \end{array} & \longleftarrow \text{learn}$$

 $\mathbf{w} \in \mathbb{R}^k$  – fixed uncontrollable.  $\Omega(\mathbf{w})$  – polytope (possibly unbounded).

- UN World Food Programme (INFORMS Edelman Award 2021): Food palatibility prediction in food basket cost minimization.
- Louisville Metropolitan Sewer District and Tetra Tech (INFORMS Edelman Award 2019 Finalist): Rainfall prediction in wastewater storage maximization.

# Quality-Driven Framework

What We Want:

$$\begin{aligned} \widehat{x}^* &= \widehat{x}^*(w), & \widehat{y}^* &= h(\widehat{x}^*, w) \\ x^* &= x^*(w), & y^* &= h(x^*, w) \end{aligned}$$

(a) close to optimum

$$f(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}^*, \widehat{\mathbf{y}}^*, \mathbf{w}) - f(\mathbf{x}^*, \mathbf{y}^*, \mathbf{w}) \leq \epsilon$$

(b) feasible

$$g(\widehat{x}^*,\widehat{y}^*,w) \leq 0$$

## Quality-Driven Framework

What We Can:

known policy: 
$$\mathbf{x}_0 = \mathbf{x}_0(\mathbf{w}), \mathbf{y}_0 = \mathbf{h}(\mathbf{x}_0, \mathbf{w})$$

(a) improve upon policy

$$\Pr[f(\mathbf{x}_0, \mathbf{y}_0, \mathbf{w}) - f(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}^*, \widehat{\mathbf{h}}(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}^*, \mathbf{w}), \mathbf{w}) \ge \epsilon] \ge (1 - \delta_1)$$

(b) likely feasible

$$\mathsf{Pr}[\mathbf{g}(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}^*,\widehat{\mathbf{h}}(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}^*,\mathbf{w}),\mathbf{w}) \leq \mathbf{0}] \geq (1-\delta_2)$$

# Quality-Driven Framework

#### What We Can:

known policy: 
$$\mathbf{x}_0 = \mathbf{x}_0(\mathbf{w}), \mathbf{y}_0 = \mathbf{h}(\mathbf{x}_0, \mathbf{w})$$

(a) improve upon policy: Probability of Improvement (Pol)

$$\Pr[f(\mathbf{x}_0, \mathbf{y}_0, \mathbf{w}) - f(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}^*, \widehat{\mathbf{h}}(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}^*, \mathbf{w}), \mathbf{w}) \ge \epsilon] \ge (1 - \delta_1)$$

(b) likely feasible: Probability of Constraint Satisfaction (PoCS)

$$\mathsf{Pr}[\mathbf{g}(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}^*,\widehat{\mathbf{h}}(\widehat{\mathbf{x}}^*,\mathbf{w}),\mathbf{w}) \leq \mathbf{0}] \geq (1-\delta_2)$$

## Pol and PoCS

**Gaussian Process**: *f* as a "random variable".

$$f|D \sim GP$$

 $\implies$  Value @ point (x, y, w)

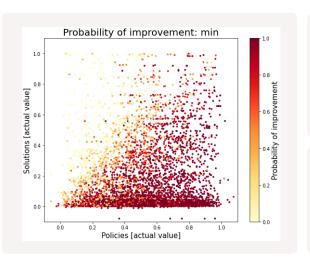
$$f(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{w}) \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_{GP}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{w}), \sigma_{GP}^2(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{w}))$$

 $\implies$  Value @ 2 points  $(\mathbf{x}', \mathbf{y}', \mathbf{w}'), (\mathbf{x}'', \mathbf{y}'', \mathbf{w}'')$ 

$$(f(\mathbf{x}',\mathbf{y}',\mathbf{w}'),f(\mathbf{x}'',\mathbf{y}'',\mathbf{w}''))\sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_{GP},\mathbf{\Sigma}_{GP})$$

⇒ Pol and PoCS estimation

#### Pol and PoCS



Pol of 5593 pairs  $(\hat{\mathbf{x}}^*, \mathbf{x}_0)$  associated with 1718 randomly generated  $(\mathbf{f}, \Omega, \mathbf{D}, \mathbf{x}^*)$  in dimensions 2, 3 using **DOFramework**.

FP	2.6%
FN	9.2%

FP: Pol  $\geq 0.5$ ,  $f(\hat{\mathbf{x}}^*) \geq f(\mathbf{x}_0)$ 

FN: Pol  $\leq$  0.5,  $f(\hat{\mathbf{x}}^*) \leq f(\mathbf{x}_0)$