

Exercise 13-5

Orthogonal matrix 定義

$$\langle e_i, e_j \rangle = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{when } i=j \\ 0 & \text{when } i \neq j \end{cases}$$

(a)

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -\sqrt{3} \\ \sqrt{3} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad e_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \sqrt{3} \end{bmatrix} \quad e_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -\sqrt{3} \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$e_1 \cdot e_2 = 0 \quad \|e_1\| = \|e_2\| = 2,$$

not an orthogonal matrix

(b)

$$A = \frac{1}{5} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 & 0 \\ -4 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$e_1 = \frac{1}{5} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad e_2 = \frac{1}{5} \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad e_3 = \frac{1}{5} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$e_1 \cdot e_2 = e_2 \cdot e_3 = e_1 \cdot e_3 = 0$$

$$\|e_1\| = \|e_2\| = \|e_3\| = 1$$

是 orthogonal matrix

(c)

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{2} & 0 \\ -\sqrt{2}/6 & \sqrt{2}/6 & 2\sqrt{3}/3 \\ 2/3 & -2/3 & 2/3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$e_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} \\ \sqrt{2}/6 \\ 2/3 \end{bmatrix} \quad e_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} \\ \sqrt{2}/6 \\ -2/3 \end{bmatrix} \quad e_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2\sqrt{2}/3 \\ 2/3 \end{bmatrix}$$