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This is final project in the course "Software Synthesis and Automated Reasoning" (236347)

Technion - Israel Institute of Technology

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Download CorSys



- The implementation is available in GitHub: https://github.com/orel-adivi/CorSys
- The project also has a website: https://orel-adivi.github.io/CorSys/
- The README.md contains all the documentation: https://github.com/orel-adivi/CorSys/blob/main/README.md

The problem



- Programmers make mistakes.
- Input-output specifications given by the user may be incorrect.
- We would like to generalize a concept for a solution, previously presented by Peleg and Polikarpova (2020).

CorSys is a program synthesizer, which synthesizes best-effort Python expressions while weighting the chance for mistakes in given user outputs, using various metrics for mistake probability evaluation.

Usage



```
✓ Image: Src

  ∨ lio
        InputOutputPairReader.py
        MetricReader.py
        SearchSpaceReader.py

✓ metrics
        CalculationMetric.py
        CombinedMetric.py
        DefaultMetric.py
        HammingMetric.py
        HomophoneMetric.py
        KeyboardMetric.py
        LevenshteinMetric.py
        Normal Metric.py
        PermutationMetric.py
        VectorMetric.py
  Expression.py
        InputOutputPairs.py
        🛵 Metric.py
        SearchSpace.py

✓ ■ synthesizer

        BestEffortProgramGenerator.py
        ExpressionGenerator.py
        6 Observational Equivalence Manager.py
        ProgramGenerator.py
```

```
usage: Synthesizer.py [-h] -io INPUT_OUTPUT_FILE -s SEARCH_SPACE_FILE
                      [-m {DefaultMetric,NormalMetric,CalculationMetric,VectorMetric,HammingMetric,LevenshteinMetric,PermutationMetric
                      [-mp METRIC_PARAMETER]
                      [-t {match,accuracy,height,top,best_by_height,penalized_height,interrupt}]
                      [-tp TACTIC_PARAMETER] [-mh MAX_HEIGHT] [--statistics]
CorSys - Synthesizing best-effort python expressions while weighting the
chance for mistakes in given user outputs.
options:
 -h, --help
                        show this help message and exit
 -io INPUT_OUTPUT_FILE, --input-output INPUT_OUTPUT_FILE
                        the root for the input-output file
 -s SEARCH_SPACE_FILE, --search-space SEARCH_SPACE_FILE
                        the root for the search space file
  -m {DefaultMetric,NormalMetric,CalculationMetric,VectorMetric,HammingMetric,LevenshteinMetric,PermutationMetric,KeyboardMetric,Homo
                        the metric for the synthesizer (default =
                        'DefaultMetric')
  -mp METRIC PARAMETER, --metric-parameter METRIC PARAMETER
                        the parameter for the metric
 -t {match,accuracy,height,top,best_by_height,penalized_height,interrupt}, --tactic {match,accuracy,height,top,best_by_height,penali
                        the tactic for the synthesizer (default = 'height')
  -tp TACTIC_PARAMETER, --tactic-parameter TACTIC_PARAMETER
                        the parameter for the tactic
  -mh MAX_HEIGHT, --max-height MAX_HEIGHT
                        the max height for the synthesizer to search (default
                        = 2)
 --statistics
                        whether to present statistics
For help with the synthesizer please read SUPPORT.md .
```

Metrics



- DefaultMetric this metric uses the default implementation for equality of values.
- NormalMetric this metric uses a normal distribution function to determine the relative distance between two numbers. The --metric-parameter defines the standard deviation value for use.
- CalculationMetric this metric considers two values closer if the differences between them can be explained by manual calculation mistakes.
- VectorMetric this metric lets the user choose a vector distance function and then uses it to measure the distance between values. The --metric-parameter defines the vector distance function and can be one of braycurtis, canberra, correlation, cosine, jensenshannon, hamming, jaccard, russellrao, and yule.
- HammingMetric this metric computes the Hamming distance between strings and normalizes it according to the string length.
- LevenshteinMetric this metric computes the Levenshtein distance between strings and normalizes it according to the string length. The --metric-parameter defines whether to use the recursive implementation (with memoization), in the case the truth value is True, or the dynamic programming implementation, in the case the truth value is False.
- PermutationMetric this metric considered lists equal if they contain the same elements, regardless of order.
- KeyboardMetric this metric computes the distance between two characters based on the physical distance between their keys on a
 QWERTY keyboard.
- HomophoneMetric this metric considers two strings closer if they are pronounced similarly.

Tactics



- match the first expression whose distance value is equal or less than the defined value is returned. The --tactic-parameter defines the threshold distance for returning an expression and should be between 0.0 to the number of examples.
- accuracy the first expression whose distance value, divided by the number of examples, is equal or less than the defined value is returned. The --tactic-parameter defines the threshold distance, after normalization, for returning an expression, and should be between 0.0 to 1.0.
- height the best expression, among all possible expressions whose syntax-tree height is up to the defined value, is returned. Please note that the height threshold is defined by --max-height parameter, and --tactic-parameter is ignored.
- top the best expressions, among all possible expressions whose syntax-tree height is up to the defined value, are returned, one in each line (in descending accuracy). The --tactic-parameter defines the number of expressions to return.
- best_by_height the best expressions, among all possible expressions whose syntax-tree height is up to the defined value, are returned, one in each line, so each line represents a different syntax-tree height limit. Please note that the maximal syntax-tree height is defined by --max-height parameter, and --tactic-parameter is ignored.
- penalized_height the best expression, among all possible expressions whose syntax-tree height is up to the defined, is returned. Each expression is penalized according to its syntax-tree height, so smaller expressions are preferred. The --tactic-parameter defines the penalty for each addition of one for the syntax-tree height and should be between 0.0 to 1.0.
- interrupt the best expression, until finishing searching all possible expressions whose syntax-tree height is up to the defined or until keyboard interrupt (ctrl + c), is returned. The --tactic-parameter is ignored.

Benchmarks



The following benchmarks are available:

- benchmark_1 this is a sanity benchmark, testing integer expression synthesis with DefaultMetric.
- benchmark_2 this benchmark tests float expression synthesis with DefaultMetric.
- benchmark_3 this benchmark tests string-related expression synthesis with DefaultMetric.
- benchmark_4 this benchmark tests list-related expression synthesis with DefaultMetric.
- benchmark_5 this is a numerical error benchmark, testing float expression synthesis with NormalMetric.
- benchmark_6 this is a calculation error benchmark, testing integer expression synthesis with CalculationMetric.
- benchmark_7 this is a typo benchmark, testing string expression synthesis with LevenshteinMetric.
- benchmark_8 this is a typo benchmark, testing string expression synthesis with KeyboardMetric.
- benchmark_9 this is a typo benchmark, testing string expression synthesis with HomophoneMetric.
- benchmark_10 this is a list-element typo benchmark, testing list expression synthesis with HammingMetric.

Project Engineering



Continuous Integration

In order to ensure the correctness of commits sent to the GitHub server, a continuous integration pipeline was set. These checks are run automatically for each pull request and each push. The following actions were set:

- 1. Build basic tests are run with the updated code, to ensure the lack of syntax errors.
- 2. Benchmarks all the benchmarks are run with the updated code, to ensure its correctness.
- 3. Style check the coding style is automatically checked using Flake8, to match the PEP8 coding standard.
- 4. Vulnerabilities check the updated code is checked to ensure it does not contain any known vulnerability.
- 5. Dependency review the dependencies are reviewed to check for any security issues.
- 6. Website the CorSys website is updated with the current information.
- 7. Dependabot the dependency versions (in requirements.txt) are updated regularly.

For the relevant actions, the checks were run in all the supported Python version (CPython 3.9 and CPython 3.10), and on all supported operating systems - Windows (Windows Server 2022), macOS (macOS Big Sur 11), and Linux (Ubuntu 20.04).

Suggestions for Future Research



We could not synthesize expressions whose syntax-tree height is 3 (due to both long runtime and RAM requirements).

- Adding additional metrics
- Analyzing the frequency of user mistakes
- Dealing with incorrect input specifications
- Improving the efficiency with different implementations
- Improving the efficiency with jitting
- Testing the current implementation
- Using the current implementation for different tasks

Corsys

Demo time!