

Test Infrastructure Lifecycle

Content

About X-Ray

Target & Scenario Summary

Test Result Details

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About X-Ray

Test Infrastructure Life Cycle

Enterprise clouds leverage hyper-converged infrastructure technologies, mixing compute and storage resources into systems which are then shared by multiple application workloads. When architecting these infrastructures, it is important to test different real-world datacenter scenarios to consistent application performance.

X-Ray models and tests typical datacenter scenarios that mirror the infrastructure lifecycle requirements including: pure infrastructure and application performance, performance while using infrastructure data protection features, performance scaling capabilities, and implications of failure scenarios. As understand how controlled and uncontrolled situations affect—shown below, tests have been categorized into typical phases of the infrastructure lifecycle.

Infrastructure Life Cycle Phase

Related Tests

Infrastructure Performance

Measure raw infrastructure performance.

Four Corner Microbenchmark Throughput Scalability

Application Performance

Model application-specific workloads and measure performance.

VDI Scalability OLTP Simulator

Data Protection

Measure effects of data protection features on application workload performance.

Snapshot Impact VM Clone Impact

Infrastructure Resiliency

Measure effects of unplanned infrastructure failure events on running applications.

Sequential Node Failure Rolling Upgrade Extended Node Failure

Infrastructure Scalability

Measure effects of introducing new application workloads on infrastructure running existing workloads.

Database Colocation HCI Workflow

Testing Summary

| Test Scenarios | Test Result Name | Systems Tested |
|--------------------|--|--|
| Big Data Ingestion | Big Data Ingestion on Non- Nutanix - phx-xray12 | phx-xray12 (4-Node Non-Nutanix 7.0.2 on ESXi) |

Target System Details

phx-xray12

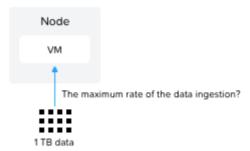
| Cluster Version | Nodes | Usable Capacity |
|-----------------|-------|-----------------|
| 7.0.2 | 4 | 14.55 TiB |

| Node ID | Hypervisor Version | CPU | RAM | Attached Storage |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|------------|---|
| phx-xray12- 2.eng.nutanix.co m | 7.0.2 | 2 x Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2660 v3 @ 2.60GHz Cores - 20 | 255.89 GiB | 2 x INTEL SSDSC2BX80 745.21 GiB SSD 4 x ST91000640NS 931.51 GiB HDD |
| phx-xray12- 1.eng.nutanix.co m | 7.0.2 | 2 x Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2680 v3 @ 2.50GHz Cores - 24 | 511.89 GiB | 2 x INTEL SSDSC2BX80 745.21 GiB SSD 4 x ST91000640NS 931.51 GiB HDD |
| phx-xray12- 4.eng.nutanix.co m | 7.0.2 | 2 x Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2660 v3 @ 2.60GHz Cores - 20 | 255.89 GiB | 2 x INTEL SSDSC2BX48 447.13 GiB SSD 4 x ST91000640NS 931.51 GiB HDD |
| phx-xray12- 3.eng.nutanix.co m | 7.0.2 | 2 x Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2660 v3 @ 2.60GHz Cores - 20 | 255.89 GiB | 2 x INTEL SSDSC2BX80 745.21 GiB SSD 4 x ST91000640NS 931.51 GiB HDD |

Big Data Ingestion

Test Description - (Big Data Ingestion)

This test demonstrates how quickly a single host can ingest a large amount of data. Shorter ingestion times indicate better performance.



How X-Ray runs the test

Test Requirements

vCPU: 4 vCPU per VM.

RAM: 4 GB per VM.

Cluster storage: 1 TB per VM. IP addresses: one per VM.

Setup

Deploy the VM template. Clone one VM on a node.

Measurement

Start the ingestion workload.

Wait until 1 TB of data is ingested.

Big Data Ingestion on vSAN- Test Result Details

Target: phx-xray12 (4 node vSAN 7.0.2 on ESXi)

Preset:

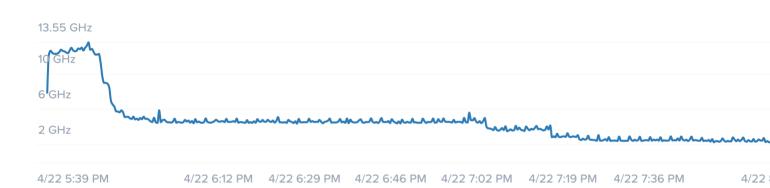
| No data found |
|---------------|
| |

| Start Time | RunTime | Result |
|---------------------------|---------|-----------|
| 4/22/2022, 5:36:39 PM JST | 3 h | Completed |

BigData Ingestion I/O Throughput



Cluster CPU Usage



Cluster Network Bandwidth Received



Cluster Network Bandwidth Transmitted

