



# Improving web panel respondent behaviour

The effect of encouragement messages throughout the course of the survey

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#### **BACKGROUND**

# Motivational messages in web surveys

We really appreciate your continued

If extra answers are given with operation. When appropriate thinking, this cannswer all questions free decrease data quality

Motivating respondents might affect respondent's willingness to participate and increase response rates

We really appreciate your continued

Yountrary to F2F, in web surveys appropriate thinking, this cannswer all questions free useful.







#### **BACKGROUND**

## **Previous Research**

Encouragement messages can be placed in the introduction (e.g. Revilla, 2016) or within the survey. For this last case:

- Sakshaug and Crawford (2010) did not find any effect of both generic and tailored encouragement messages on breakoffs. College students-USA.
- Kapelner and Chandler (2010) **found no effect on breakoffs** of showing an alarming encouragement red text asking to answer accurately at the bottom of each question. **Mturk-USA**.
- Al Baghal and Lynn (2015) **increased item response** by prompting an encouragement message after a missed question. **Innovation Panel-UK.**



Limited empirical evidence: **mixed results**, mainly based on **single country** studies and on **non-probability samples**.





#### **BACKGROUND**

## Contribution

- Use of a probability-based web panel
- 2. More **countries** and different **languages**
- 3. Repeating in several waves
- 4. Considering more **indicators**
- 5. Testing more **types** of messages

## **Research Questions**

- 1. RQ1. Does the effect of encouragement messages differ across countries?
- 2. RQ2. Do encouragement messages affect a) non-differentiation, b) self-reported effort and c) survey evaluation?
- 3. RQ3. Do encouragement messages emphasizing the negative consequences of nonresponse/low effort have different effects than messages emphasizing positive consequences?





#### METHOD AND DATA

# The surveys

Survey experiments included in waves 2, 4 and 6 of the CRONOS panel in Great Britain, Estonia and Slovenia. Probability-based panel with participants recruited from ESS Round 8. Welcome survey+6 waves, conducted bi-monthly since February 2017.

Wave 2	Wave 4	Wave 6		
27 <sup>th</sup> April-10 <sup>th</sup> June 2017	7 <sup>th</sup> September- 12 <sup>th</sup> October 2017	9 <sup>th</sup> January- 18 <sup>th</sup> February 2018		
1,763 respondents	1,702 respondents	1,702 respondents		
99 questions: stages of life, family and the Internet use	64 questions: cultural dimensions, the nature and the environment, and personality traits	84 questions: income fairness, social and institutional trust and political efficacy		

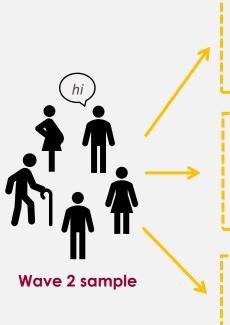






#### METHOD AND DATA

# The experiment



## **Control group**

- Neutral introduction
- No motivational messages throughout the survey

## **Treatment 1-Positive emphasis**

- Introduction w/ positive emphasis
- 4 to 5 messages throughout the questionnaire

## **Treatment 2-Negative emphasis**

- Introduction w/ negative emphasis
- 4 to 5 messages throughout the questionnaire

You have completed
the first section of this
survey. Meaneally varied
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#### METHOD AND DATA

# Indicators and analyses

Since **several motivational messages were used**, comparisons were done for **each block of questions that come after one of the messages**, and before the next one. Except for effort reported and survey evaluation. Indicators used:

#### **Breakoffs**

Proportion of respondents leaving the survey in each set of questions

## **Item nonresponse**

Average proportion of nonresponse over all questions in a block.

## Non-differentiation

Sets of questions using the same scale at least five times in a row and with the items not all in the same direction.

Proportion of pure straight-liners (variance of 0)

## **Effort reported**

Mean effort reported in 5point scale

## **Survey evaluation**

Mean difficulty and enjoyment reported in 5-point scales







			Estonia		(	Great Britai	n		Slovenia	
		Control	Negative	Positive	Control	Negative	Positive	Control	Negative	Positive
Wave 2	Set 1									
	Set 2									
	Set 3									
	Set 4									
	Set 5									
Wave 4	Set 1		-	-						
	Set 2									
	Set 3									
	Set 4									
	Set 5									
Wave 6	Set 1									
	Set 2									
	Set 3									
	Set 4									
	Set 5									
	Set 6									

Note: Z-tests ('prtest' in Stata) at 5% level significance







# Proportion of significant results

#### **Breakoffs**

0.0% of significant differences (0 of 96)

## Item nonresponse

UK: 37.5% of significant differences (12 of 32)

- 37.5% for **positive** emphasis (6 of 16)
- 37.5% for **negative** emphasis (6 of 16)

Estonia: 9.4% of significant differences (3 of 32)

- 8.3% for **positive** emphasis (1 of 12)
- 16.7% for **negative** emphasis (2 of 12))

Slovenia: 9.4% of significant differences (3 of 32)

- 8.3% for positive emphasis (1 of 12)
- 16.7% for **negative** emphasis (2 of 12)



Note: Z-tests ('prtest' in Stata) at 5% level significance for proportions; T-test at 5% level significance for means







# Proportion of significant results

## Straight-liners

**UK**: 7.1% of significant differences (1 of 14)

• 14.3% for **positive** emphasis (1 of 7)

0.0% for negative emphasis (0 of 7)

**Estonia**: 0.0% of significant differences

**Slovenia**: 0.0% of significant differences

## **Effort reported**

**UK**: 0.0% of significant differences

Estonia: 50.0% of significant differences (3 of 6)

33.3% for positive emphasis (1 of 3)

66.66% for negative emphasis (2 of 3)

**Slovenia**: 0.0% of significant differences



Note: Z-tests ('prtest' in Stata) at 5% level significance for proportions;

T-test at 5% level significance for means







# Proportion of significant results

## Difficulty

0.0% of significant differences

## Enjoyment

UK: 16.7% of significant differences (1 of 6)

33.3% for positive emphasis (1 of 3)



• 0% for **negative** emphasis (0 of 3)

**Estonia**: 0-0% of significant differences **Slovenia**: 0.0% of significant differences

Note: Z-tests ('prtest' in Stata) at 5% level significance for proportions; T-test at 5% level significance for means







#### **Discussion and Conclusions**

## Main results

- No clear pattern. Results depend on the indicator considered and the country.
- No impact on the proportion of break-offs. Nevertheless, the proportion of break-offs in the control group are already low.
- In Great Britain, in almost half of the sets, the control group had a higher average proportion of item non-response than one or both treatment groups
- Few effects on straight-lining
- Motivational messages increased self-reported effort in Estonia in waves 2 and 4.
- No clear effect on survey evaluation



#### **Discussion and Conclusions**

## Conclusions

- These findings are similar to what other authors have found in the past.
- Differences across countries.
  - Estonia and Great Britain have opposite results for item nonresponse, variance and completion time.
  - Slovenia presents nearly no significant differences (7 of 140 comparisons).
- The impact of motivational messages also varied depending on their position in the questionnaire
  - Of 26 significant differences, 12 were found in the top sets, 11 in the middles sets and 3 in the bottom sets.
- Overall, positive and negative messages have similar effects both in direction and frequency. Both types of motivational message having relatively little effect



#### **Discussion and Conclusions**

# **Implications**

- Using standard motivational messages to all respondents might not be the correct approach. Adaptative? Targeted?
- Differences across countries exist. Strategies to motivate respondents might be more useful if **country-specific**. Further research in different countries is necessary.

## Limits

- **Data quality** for the CRONOS panel is **already high** (Berzelak, Weber and Revilla, 2018).
- Complex experimental design







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www.seriss.eu/resources/deliverables?

Break off
Proportion of break-offs per set of questions, country and group (in %)

		Estonia			Great Br	itain		Slovenia		
		Control	Negative	Positive	Control	Negative	Positive	Control	Negative	Positive
Wave	Set 1	1.4	1.3	0.0	1.3	2.1	0.8	1.2	0.0	0.6
2	Set 2	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.9	0.4	2.1	0.0	0.0	1.3
	Set 3	1.4	1.3	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.6
	Set 4	1.4	2.6	2.7	0.4	0.4	0.9	0.0	0.0	1.8
	Set 5	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wave	Set 1	0.5	2.0	1.5	1.0	2.1	1.8	1.5	0.6	2.2
4	Set 2	1.0	1.5	0.5	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6
	Set 3	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Set 4	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.5	1.6	1.3	0.5	0.0	0.0
	Set 5	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wave	Set 1	1.5	2.9	3.5	2.9	6.9	3.9	4.3	4.2	2.9
6	Set 2	0.5	1.5	0.0	0.5	1.5	0.9	0.0	0.5	0.0
	Set 3	0.5	0.5	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Set 4	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Set 5	1.0	1.0	0.5	1.4	2.5	0.9	1.0	1.1	0.6
	Set 6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Note: No significant differences







# Item non-response Average proportion of item non-response per set of questions, country and group (in %)

			Estonia		(	Great Britai	n		Slovenia	
		Control	Negative	Positive	Control	Negative	Positive	Control	Negative	Positive
Wave 2	Set 1	3.3	2.8	3.0	2.9	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.0	1.7
	Set 2	0.4	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.1
	Set 3	0.1	0.3*	0.0	0.4	0.0*	0.2*	0.1	0.1	0.1
	Set 4	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.8	0.1*	0.1*	0.3	0.3	0.2
	Set 5	0.1	0.0	0.5	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0
Wave 4	Set 1	0.35	0.0*	0.0*	0.4	0.2*	0.0*	0.1	0.0	0.2
	Set 2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.6	0.0*	0.1*	0.34	0.0*	0.5
	Set 3	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.5	0.1*	0.0*	0.0	0.1	0.2*
	Set 4	1.5	1.5	0.7	2.5	2.4	1.2	1.1	1.4	1.4
	Set 5	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wave 6	Set 1	0.5	0.9	0.5	1.4	0.8	1.1	0.7	0.9	0.9
	Set 2	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.0*	0.1	0.2	0.0
	Set 3	1.1	0.9	0.9	1.1	0.3*	0.5	0.5	1.0*	1.0
	Set 4	0.6	0.8	0.4	1.8	0.8	1.4	0.7	0.6	0.7
	Set 5	2.3	2.1	1.8	4.4	2.6	3.4	2.7	2.0	3.0
	Set 6	0.4	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.4	1.1	0.7	0.6	0.4

Note: \* in column Negative" indicates significant differences between control and negative (5% level)

<sup>\*</sup> in column "Positive" indicates significant differences between control and positive (5% level)







## Variance

# Average variance of answers per set of questions, country and group

			Estonia		(	Great Britai	n	Slovenia			
		Control	Negative	Positive	Control	Negative	Positive	Control	Negative	Positive	
Wave 2	Set 1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.0	
Wave 4	Set 1	3.8	3.7	3.9	4.6	3.8*	4.4	3.9	3.9	3.6	
	Set 2	5.1	5.1	5.3	5.8	5.3	5.7	5.8	5.6	5.5	
	Set 3	1.3	1.5*	1.3	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.6	
	Set 4	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5	
Wave 6	Set 1	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.8	
	Set 2	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.4	

Note: \* in column Negative" indicates significant differences between control and negative (5% level)







# Straight-liners

Proportion of straight-liners per set of questions, country and group (in %)

			Estonia		(	Great Britai	n	Slovenia		
		Control	Negative	Positive	Control	Negative	Positive	Control	Negative	Positive
Wave 2	Set 1	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wave 4	Set 1	0.6	0.0	1.6	1.0	0.0	0.5	3.1	2.2	1.7
	Set 2	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.5	0.0	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0
	Set 3	1.7	0.0	0.5	1.0	1.6	0.0	0.5	2.2	0.0
	Set 4	5.1	4.6	6.8	5.8	6.7	5.5	5.7	6.7	10.3
Wave 6	Set 1	1.0	1.6	1.6	2.5	2.2	0*	2.0	1.7	1.8
	Set 2	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.5	0.0	1.7	1.8

Note: \* in column Negative" indicates significant differences between control and negative (5% level)







# Completion time

Average completion time per set of questions, country and group (in seconds)

			Estonia		(	Great Britai	n		Slovenia	
		Control	Negative	Positive	Control	Negative	Positive	Control	Negative	Positive
Wave 2	Set 1	19.5	21.8*	20.9	17.9	17.6	18.2	18.2	19.2	17.2
	Set 2	19.0	20.8	19.5	17.5	17.4	18.0	18.8	17.4	16.8*
	Set 3	15.3	16.8	15.3	14.7	14.2	14.8	15.3	14.9	13.9
	Set 4	13.4	14.5	13.9	12.2	12.2	12.7	12.7	12.7	11.7
	Set 5	12.0	12.7	12.6	10.0	10.4	11.1	11.6	11.5	10.8
Wave 4	Set 1	16.4	18.4	17.4	14.7	15.0	15.2	14.7	14.1	13.8
	Set 2	14.2	15.2	15.1	13.4	13.5	13.7	12.7	12.3	11.9
	Set 3	12.3	13.2	12.8	11.6	11.3	11.8	11.9	11.8	11.3
	Set 4	15.0	16.5	15.9	14.5	14.4	14.8	13.5	13.1	12.8
	Set 5	9.1	9.7	9.4	9.8	9.6	10.0	9.1	9.7	9.2
Wave 6	Set 1	18.8	20.9	20.0	20.1	16.9*	18.7	19.5	18.4	16.1*
	Set 2	15.5	17.3	17.2	15.8	14.0*	15.3	14.4	14.1	13.6
	Set 3	17.0	19.4*	19.0	16.9	15.8	16.4	15.7	16.0	15.2
	Set 4	34.4	36.8*	36.0	35.1	34.5	34.5	32.6	33.3	33.1
	Set 5	19.7	21.4	21.7	19.1	18.2	18.9	17.4	18.1	18.2
	Set 6	11.7	12.6	12.2	10.3	10.3	10.3	11.1	10.1	10.1

Note: \* in column Negative" indicates significant differences between control and negative (5% level)







## **Effort**

Mean effort reported per wave, country and group

		Estonia		(	Great Britai	n	Slovenia			
	Control	Negative	Positive	Control	Negative	Positive	Control	Negative	Positive	
Wave 2	2.4	2.8*	2.5	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.9	
Wave 4	2.4	2.8*	2.6*	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.9	4.0	3.9	
Wave 6	2.7	3.1	3.0	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.9	4.0	3.9	

Note: \* in column Negative" indicates significant differences between control and negative (5% level)







# Survey evaluation

# Mean survey evaluation per wave, country and group

			Estonia		(	Great Britai	n	Slovenia		
		Control	Negative	Positive	Control	Negative	Positive	Control	Negative	Positive
Wave 2	Difficult	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.6	1.6	1.6
	Enjoy	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.3	3.3*	3.8	3.9	4.0
Wave 4	Difficult	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.9	1.8	1.8
	Enjoy	2.8	2.9	2.9	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.8	3.9	3.8
Wave 6	Difficult	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.8	1.7	1.7
	Enjoy	2.8	2.9	2.9	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.7	3.7	3.8

Note: \* in column Negative" indicates significant differences between control and negative (5% level)





