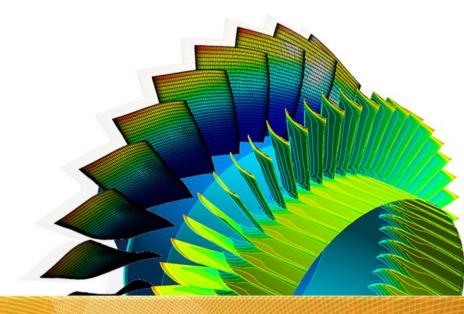
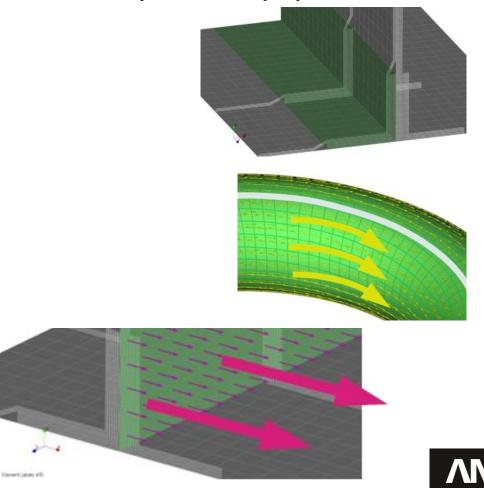


ANSYS Composite PrepPost 19.0

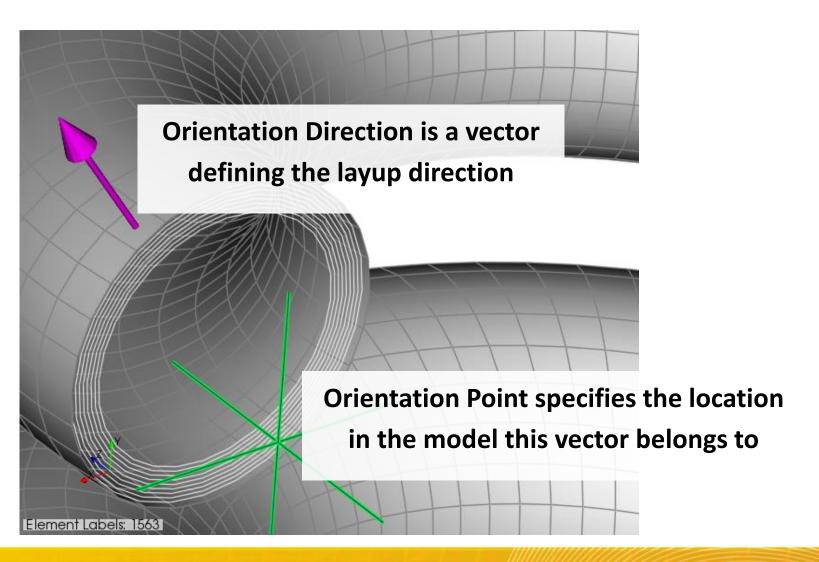
Module 4: Rosettes and Oriented Selection Sets

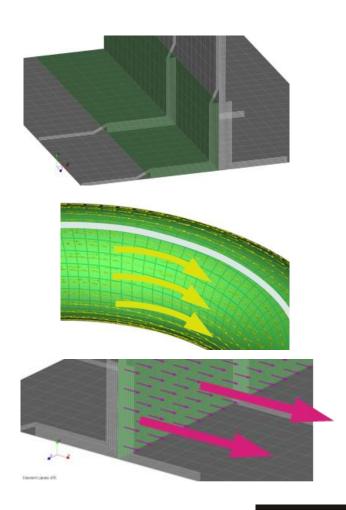


- Oriented Selection Sets define the basis for the layup definition. They
 contain the following important details for a composite layup
 - The area which is later used to apply layers on
 - The direction defining the
 O° fiber direction. All defined
 angles are based on this
 direction
 - The direction in which layers are applied



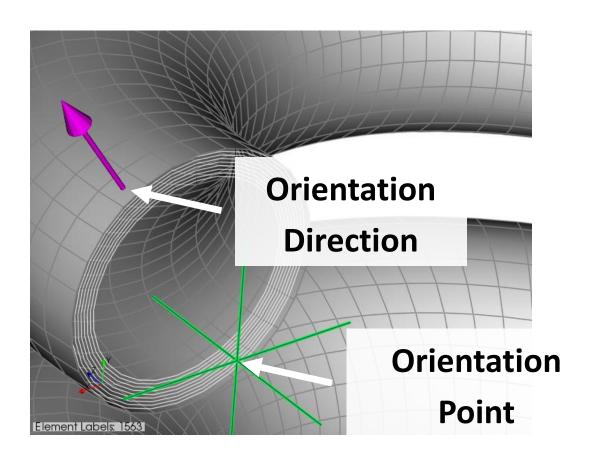
Orientation Point and Orientation Directions

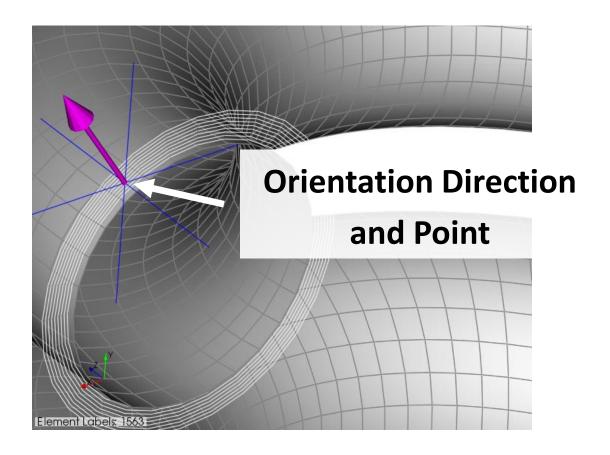






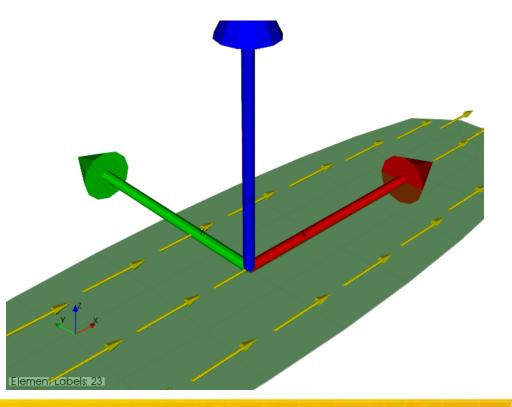
Orientation Point and Orientation Directions

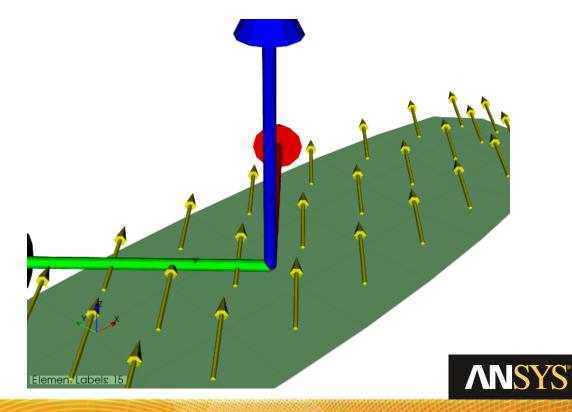






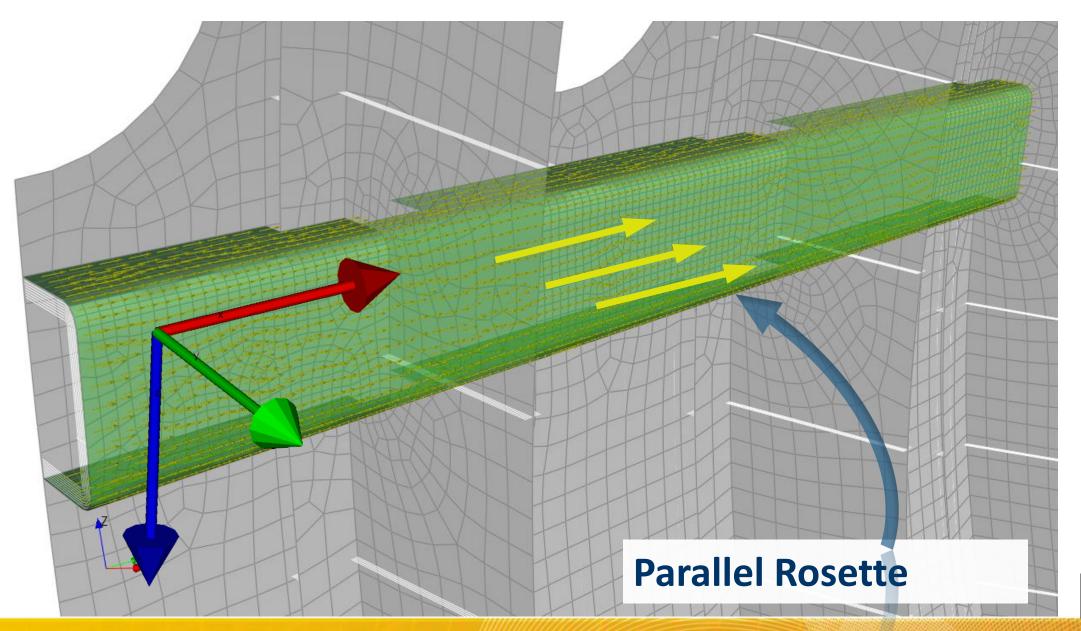
- Rosettes are used to define reference directions (0° Fiber direction)
- The x-axis of a rosette defines the reference direction



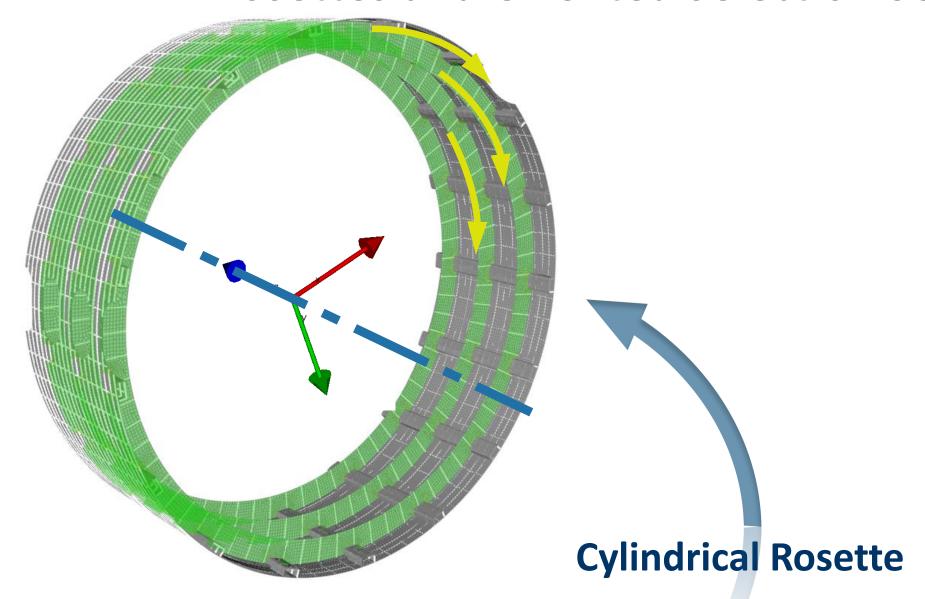


- Different rosettes are available to define the reference direction (0° fiber direction). All rosettes are shown on the next slides.
 - Parallel Rosette
 - Cylindrical Rosette
 - Radial Rosette
 - Spherical Rosette
 - Edge Wise Rosette (fiber reference direction following an edge of the model)

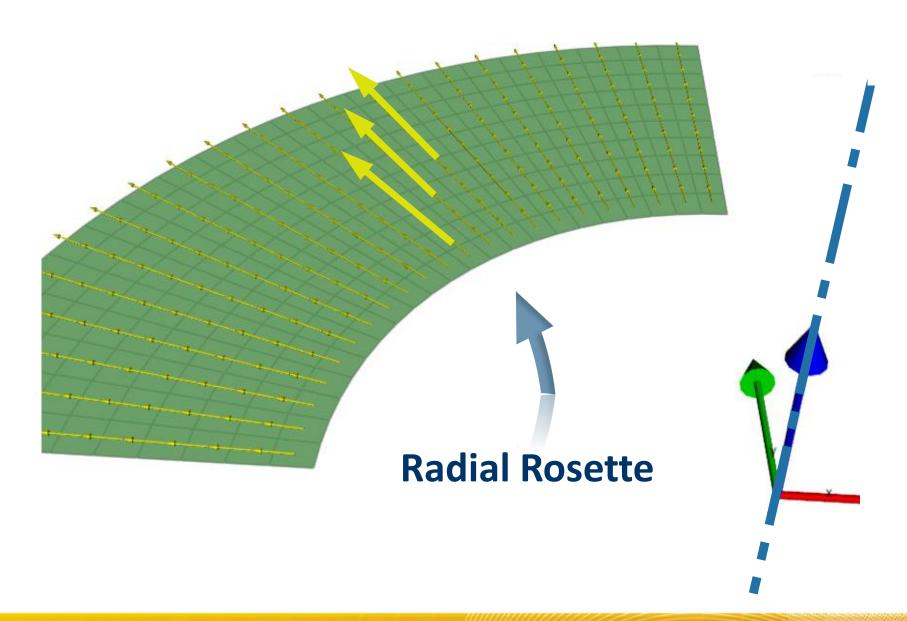




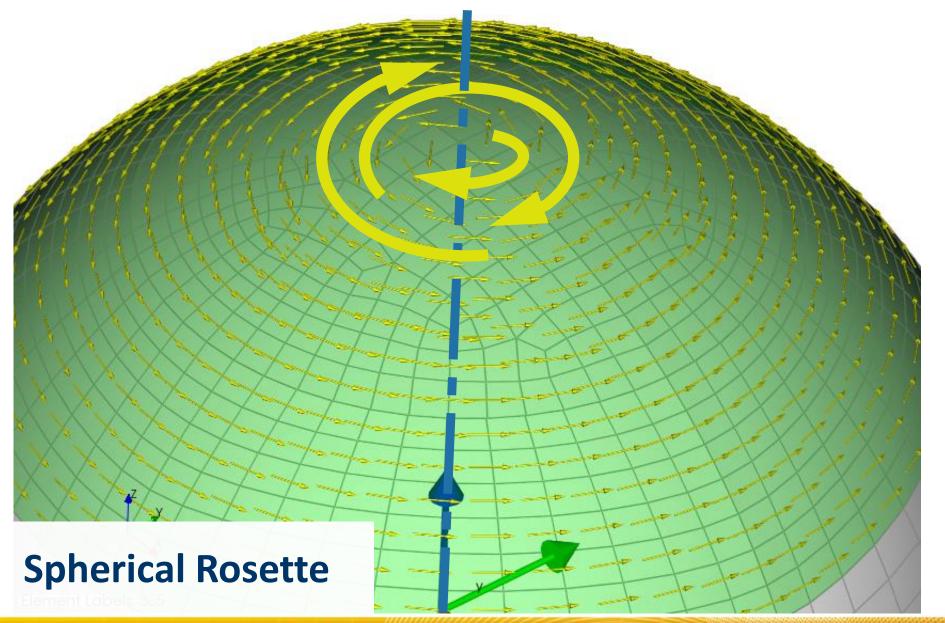




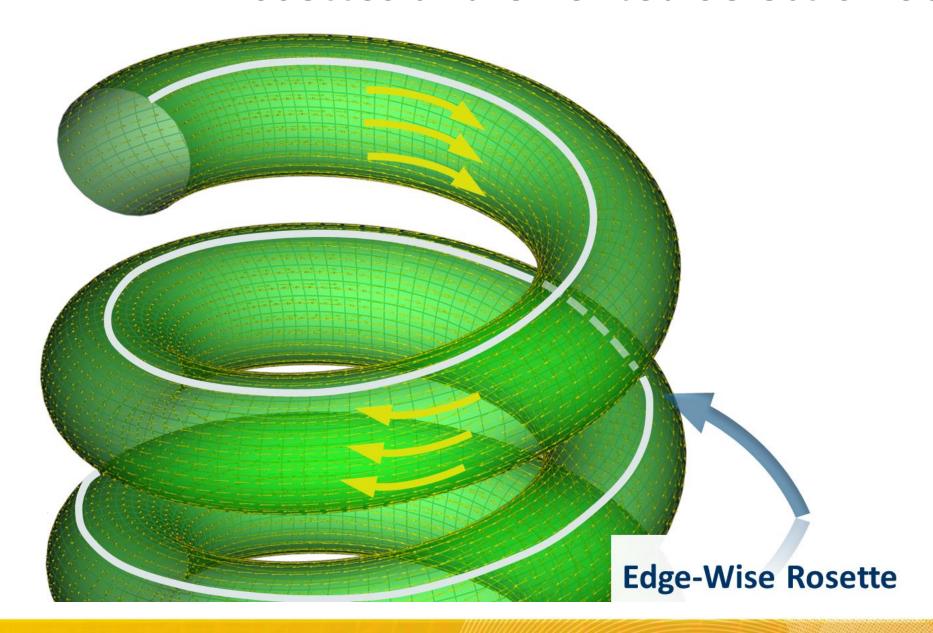




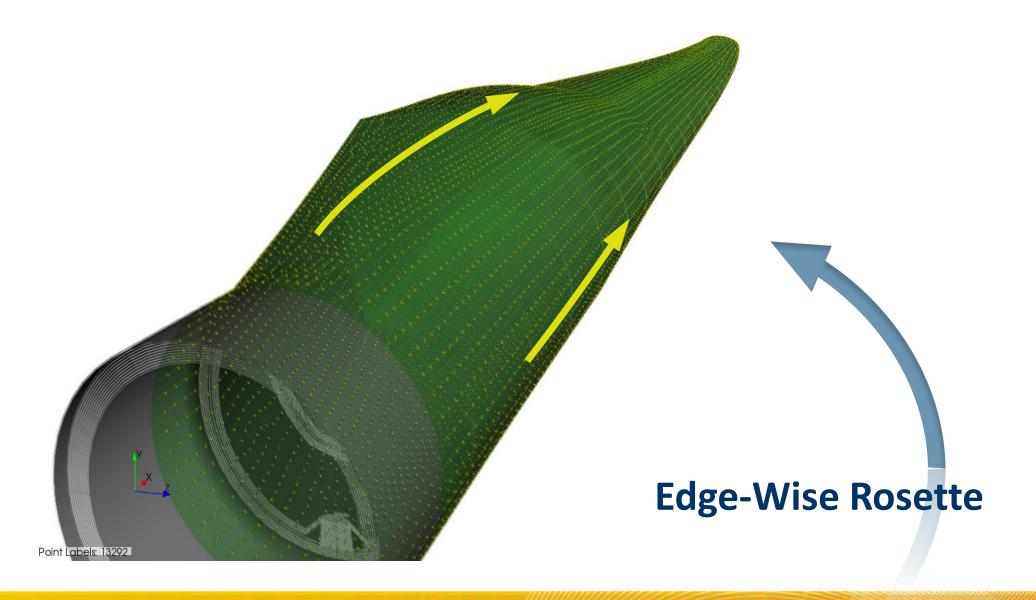








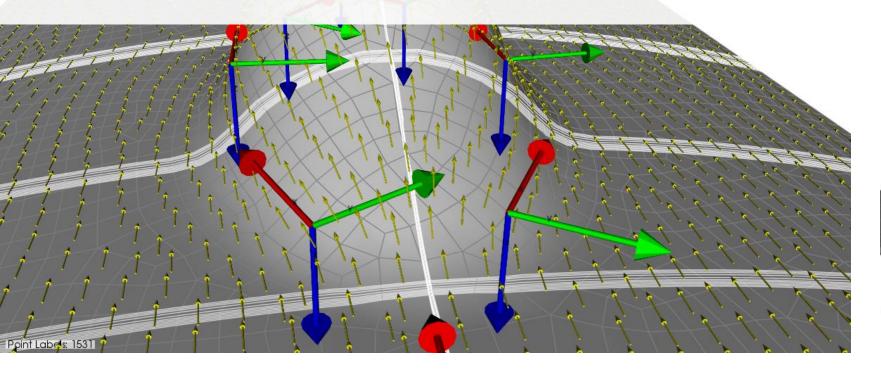


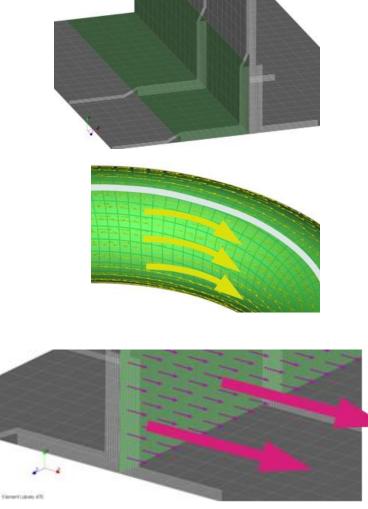




Selection Methods

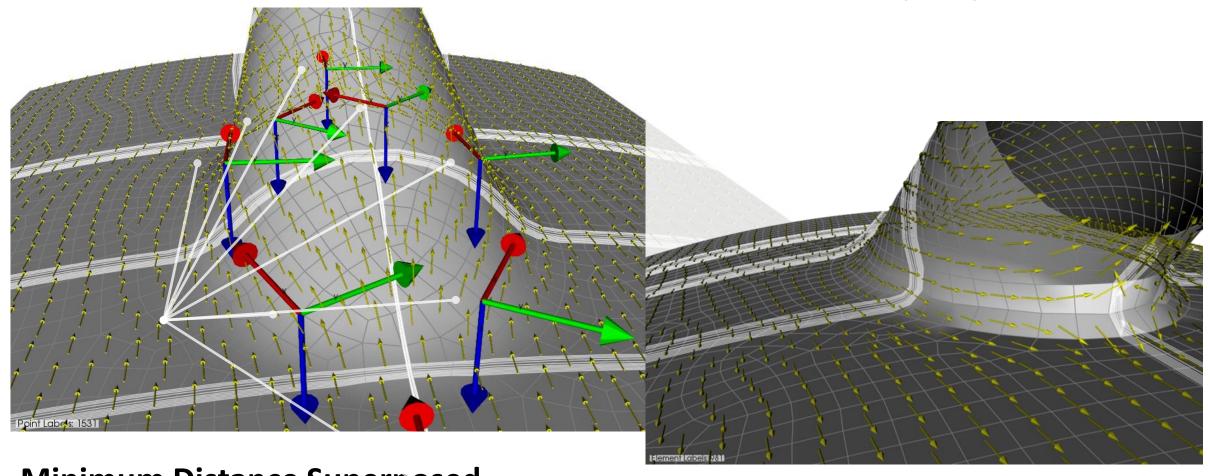
Each element selects the rosette to define its reference direction based on the selection method.







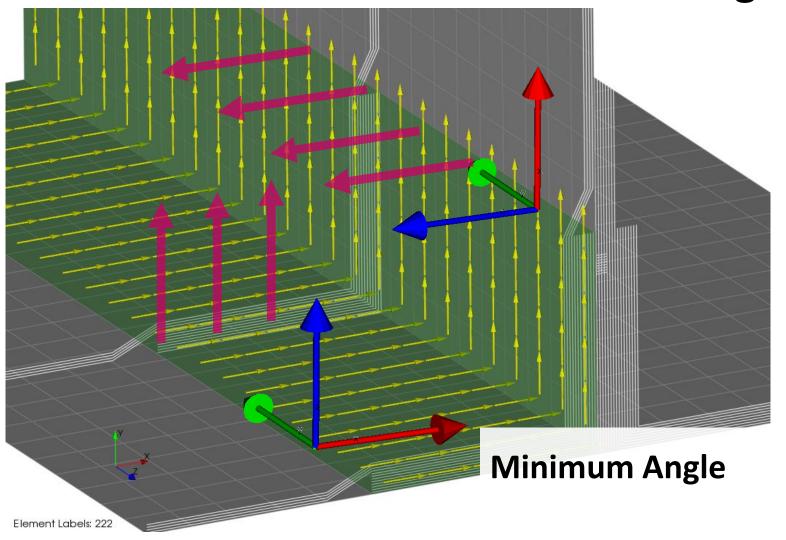
Selection Method Minimum Distance Superposed

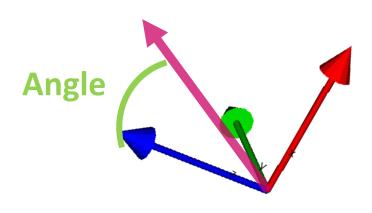


Minimum Distance Superposed



Selection Method Minimum Angle







- Selection Methods
 - ANSYS Classic: The coordinate system is projected on the elements as defined in APDL
 - Maximum Angle: The rosette, from the ones selected, from which z-direction has the maximum angle to the element orientation is selected to define the reference direction
 - Maximum Angle Superposed: Same as Maximum Angle, but all selected coordinate systems are considered and weighted
 - Minimum Angle: Same as Maximum Angle but using the minimum angle
 - Minimum Angle Superposed: Same as Minimum Angle but all selected coordinate systems are considered and weighted



- Selection Methods
 - Minimum Distance: Uses the nearest coordinate system to the element to define the reference direction
 - Minimum Distance Superposed: Same as Minimum Distance but all selected coordinate systems are considered and weighted by the distance to the element
 - Tabular Values: The orientation is interpolated from the values of a Look-up Table.
 The table must include location values and a direction column.

