RECURSION (Basics) SOLUTIONS

Solution 1:

```java
public class Solution {
    public static void allOccurences(int arr[], int key, int i) {
        if(i == arr.length) {
            return;
        }

        if(arr[i] == key) {
            System.out.print(i+" ");
        }
        allOccurences(arr, key, i+1);
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int arr[] = {3, 2, 4, 5, 6, 2, 7, 2, 2};
        int key = 2;
        allOccurences(arr, key, 0);
        System.out.println();
    }
}
```


Solution 2:

```java
public class Solution {
    static String digits[] = {"zero", "one", "two", "three", "four", "five", "six",
"seven", "eight", "nine"};

    public static void printDigits(int number) {
        if(number == 0) {
            return;
        }

        int lastDigit = number%10;
        printDigits(number/10);
        System.out.print(digits[lastDigit]+" ");
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        printDigits(1234);
```

```
        System.out.println();
    }
}
```

Solution 3 :

```
public class Solution {
    public static int length(String str) {
        if(str.length() == 0) {
            return 0;
        }

        return length(str.substring(1)) + 1;
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String str = "abcde";
        System.out.println(length(str));
    }
}
```

Solution 4 :

```
public class Solution {
    public static int countSubstrs(String str, int i, int j, int n) {
        if (n == 1) {
            return 1;
        }
        if (n <= 0) {
            return 0;
        }

        int res = countSubstrs(str, i + 1, j, n - 1) +
                countSubstrs(str, i, j - 1, n - 1) -
                countSubstrs(str, i + 1, j - 1, n - 2);

        if (str.charAt(i) == str.charAt(j)) {
            res++;
        }
```

```
        return res;
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String str = "abcab";
        int n = str.length();
        System.out.print(countSubstrs(str, 0, n-1, n));
    }
}
```

Solution 5 :

```
public class Solution {
    public static void towerOfHanoi(int n, String src, String helper, String dest) {
        if(n == 1) {
        System.out.println("transfer disk " + n + " from " + src + " to " + dest);
        return;
        }

        //transfer top n-1 from src to helper using dest as 'helper'
        towerOfHanoi(n-1, src, dest, helper);
        //transfer nth from src to dest
        System.out.println("transfer disk " + n + " from " + src + " to " + helper);
        //transfer n-1 from helper to dest using src as 'helper'
        towerOfHanoi(n-1, helper, src, dest);
    }

    public static void main(String args[]) {
        int n = 4;
        towerOfHanoi(n, "A", "B", "C");
    }
}
```


The Solution for this particular question has also been discussed here : https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=u-HgzgYe8KA

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