

**CSE 4502 : Operating Systems Lab**  
**Islamic University of Technology (IUT)**  
**Department of CSE**  
**Time : 1 Hour 20 Mins**  
**Date: Monday, 07 November 2022**  
**Total Marks: 50**

1. Write a shell script having the name `crdir.sh` with an aim to create nested directories, names of which are to be provided in the parameter list. The script will take `n` parameters (`n ≥ 1`) as filenames, where the parameter sequence has the following meaning -

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`p_1` = Name of parent directory  
`p_2` = Name of subdirectory 1  
.  
`p_n` = Name of subdirectory n

You must ensure that the script creates the nested directories under the `Documents` directory. Also, if the user makes any usage error while typing the command, the following provisions must be there,

- a. While executing the script without the directory names, syntax error should be raised and must be addressed with a prompt of the following nature,

```
$. /crdir.sh

Syntax Error!!
Syntax : ./crdir.sh <dir> <subdir_1> <subdir_2> ... <subdir_N>
For more information type: ./crdir.sh -h
```

- b. When the script is called with `-h`, the output should be the following.

```
$. /crdir.sh -h

- ./crdir.sh creates files in the Documents directory.
- Syntax : ./crdir.sh <dir> <subdir_1> <subdir_2> ... <subdir_N>
-- Parameter 1 <dir> : Name of the parent directory.
-- Parameter 2 <subdir_1> : Name of the 1st sub-directory.
-- .
-- Parameter N <subdir_N> : Name of the Nth sub-directory.
```

2. Write a shell script that takes a number as a parameter and prints it in reverse order. It should support the following requirements.

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You must ensure that if the user makes any usage error while typing the command, the following provisions must be there,

- a. While executing the script without the directory names, syntax error should be raised and must be addressed with a prompt of the following nature,

```
./reverse_integer.sh

Syntax Error!!
Syntax : ./reverse_integer.sh <number_1> <number_2> ... <number_N>
For more information type: ./reverse_integer.sh -h
```

- b. When the script is called with `-h`, the output should be the following.

```
./reverse_integer.sh -h

./reverse_integer.sh prints numbers in reverse order, each in a new line.
- Syntax : ./reverse_integer.sh <number_1> <number_2> ... <number_N>
-- Parameter 1 <number_1> : First number to be printed in reverse.
-- Parameter 2 <number_2> : Second number to be printed in reverse.
--
-- Parameter N <number_N> : Nth number to be printed in reverse.
```

For multiple integer inputs, it should print each integer in reverse order in separate lines.

Name your shell script using the following format `reverse_integer.sh` for example: `reverse_integer.sh`.

| Input   | Output   |
|---|--|
| <code>./reverse-integer_190041016.sh</code>             | Please provide the correct input in the below format.<br>Usage: <code>./reverse-integer_190041016.sh</code> number |
| <code>./reverse-integer_190041016.sh</code><br>1234     | Reverse of 1234 is 4321  |
| <code>./reverse-integer_190041016.sh</code><br>1234 235 | Reverse of 1234 is 4321<br>Reverse of 235 is 532   |

3. Write a shell script that will prompt the user for an input string. The script will return an output string only consisting of the **consonants** from the given input string. 10

Note: strings will not contain any *spaces*.

| Input  | Output                            |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| <code>./consonants.sh maurisluctuserosatnibhiaculistempus</code> | <code>mrslctsrstnbhclstmps</code> |

4. Write a shell script `split.sh` that takes in a list of integers and non-integers (including characters and strings) as parameters and prints out the list of integers and non-integers separately. 5

**Hint:** Use the following condition while checking for integers.

```
if [[ $var =~ ^[+-]?[0-9]+$ ]]
then....
```

The input and output should have the following format:

| Input   | Output   |
|---|--|
| <code>./split.sh 100 a 1.1 1 2 -1 help</code> | List of Integers: [100 1 2 -1]<br>List of Non-Integers: [a 1.1 help] |