## Rechnerarchitektur Serie 5

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- 1 Theorie-Teil
- 1.1 Aufgabe 1

## 2 Praktischer Teil

## Listing 1: knightRider.s

```
/\star TODO: Task (b) Please fill in the following lines, then remove this line.
1
2
                Dominik Bodenmann
    * author(s):
3
          Orlando Signer
   * modified:
               2014-05-09
6
   */
7
8
   .include "nios_macros.s"
9
   .include "address_map.s"
10
11
  /******************************
12
   * TEXT SECTION
13
   */
14
   .text
15
16
  17
  * Entry point.
18
   */
19
  .global _start
20
  _start:
21
22
    /* set up sp and fp */
   movia sp, 0x007FFFFC
                             # stack starts from largest memory address
23
           fp, sp
    /\star This program exercises a few features of the DE1 basic computer.
26
27
     \star It performs the following:
28
           1. displays a red light wandering from LEDR0 to LEDR9 and back again
29
          (and so on...)
           2. speed of light can be increased by KEY3, decreased by KEY1 and
30
         initial value can be restored by KEY2
31
32
     /* set up timer interval = 0x0000C350 steps * 1/(50 \text{ MHz}) = 1 millisecond*/
    movia r15, TIMER_COUNTER_LOW
    movui r16, 0xC350
35
           r16, 0(r15)
36
    sthio
37
    movia r15, TIMER_COUNTER_HIGH
38
    movui r16, 0x0000
39
    sthio r16, 0(r15)
40
41
    /* start interval timer, enable its interrupts */
42
    movia r15, TIMER_STOP_START_CONT_ITO
43
           r16, 0b0111
                       \# START = 1, CONT = 1, ITO = 1
44
    sthio r16, 0(r15)
```

```
46
     /* enable pushbutton interrupts */
47
     movia r16, PUSHBUTTON_BASE
48
     movi r15, 0b01110  # set all 3 interrupt mask bits to 1 (bit 0 is Nios
49
         II Reset)
     stwio r15, 8(r16)
50
51
     /* enable processor interrupts */
52
            r16, 0b011
                            # enable interrupts for timer and pushbuttons
     movi
53
     wrctl
             ienable, r16
54
55
     movi
             r16, 1
     wrctl
           status, r16
     /\star r16 holds the value for the blinking LED (the position of the ball)
      \star r17 holds the current phase (1=Init 3=Play game 4=Finished)
59
      \star r18 is used to keep track of the direction (if 1, go up, else down
60
      * r19, r20 are variables for free usage (no global usage)
61
      \star r21 stores the amount of time we want to wait each step (speed of the
62
         ball)
      \star r22 stores the points for player 1 and 2 (bit 0 to 3 for player 1, bit 4
63
          to 7 for player 2)
      \star r23 stores the button presses (0b1000 k3 pressed, 0b0010 k1 pressed, 0
         b1010 both pressed)
65
     /* Initialize first red LED (light up) */
67
68
     INIT:
     movia
            r15, RED_LED_BASE
69
             r16, 0x1 # Code for first LED
     movi
70
             r18, 0x0
                         # Direction bit (will be inverted first)
     movi
71
     movi
             r17, 0x1
                         # Set init phase
72
                         # How long to wait each step (0xF4 = 250)
73
     movi
             r21, 0xF4
             r22, 0x0
                         # reset score
74
     movi
     call
             SHOW_SCORE
75
             CHECK_PHASE
     br
76
77
    CHECK_PHASE:
78
            r19, 0x1
79
     movi
             r17, r19, INIT_GAME
     beq
                                     # state 1: init
80
             r19, 0x3
     movi
81
             r17, r19, PLAY_GAME
                                     # state 3: playing
82
     bea
     movi
             r19, 0x4
83
             r17, r19, FINISHED_GAME # state 4: finished
84
     beq
             INIT
                             # if something is messed up, go back to init phase
85
86
     /* Init phase: blinking LEDR4 and LEDR5 until both players press KEY1 and
87
        KEY3 */
     INIT_GAME:
88
     movi r19, 0b1010
89
     beq
             r23, r19, START_GAME
                                   # if k1 and k3 are pressed, start the game
90
     movi
             r19, 0x10 # Store value for L4
91
92
     beq
             r16, r19, SHOW_L5  # Check if only L4 is active. SHOW_L5 if true
                               # Else jump to SHOW_L4
93
             SHOW_L4
```

```
stwio r16, 0(r15) # Store value for L4 br DFIAV
     SHOW_L4:
   movi
97
                            # Jump to delay
98
99
     SHOW_L5:
100
                              # Store value for L5
     movi r16, 0x20
101
     movi r16, 0x20
stwio r16, 0(r15)
                                # Display LEDs
102
     br
            DELAY
                             # Jump to delay
103
104
105
     /* Start the game */
106
     START_GAME:
           r21, 0xF4
107
     movi
                                # Reset game speed
            r19, TIME
108
     movia
     ldwio r20, 0(r19)
                                # Get the Time from the Counter
109
             r18, r20, 0x1
                                # Set the direction
110
     andi
            r16, 0x10
                              # set the ball to the 4th led
     movi
111
            r17, 0x3
                               # Set phase 3
    movi
112
   movi
            r23, 0x0
                               # reset pressed buttons
113
            SHOW_SCORE
     call
114
   br
            PLAY_GAME
115
116
117 PLAY_GAME:
118 br DO_DISPLAY_1
119
120
   DO_DISPLAY_1:
121
   movi r19, 0x1
             r16, r19, LOWER_BORDER  # Check if we hit lower border
   beq
122
     movi
            r19, 0x200
123
            r16, r19, UPPER_BORDER # Check if we hit upper border
124
     bea
            r19, 0b10
     movi
125
             r19, r23, PLAYER_1_FAIL # No border, but player 1 pressed button
126
     beq
     movi
             r19, 0b1000
127
             r19, r23, PLAYER_2_FAIL # No border, but player 2 pressed button
     beq
128
                               # reset pressed buttons
129
     movi
             r23, 0x0
130
    DO_DISPLAY_2:
131
132 movi r19, 0x1
            r18, r19, DO_DISPLAY_UP # Check if we are going upwards (jump to
     beq
133
      DISPLAY_UP, if we are)
     br DO_DISPLAY_DOWN
                                  # go To DISPLAY_DOWN if we're not going
134
        upwards
135
     DO_DISPLAY_UP:
136
                             # Display current position
# Shift the value to the left (next LED)
137
     stwio r16, 0(r15)
     slli r16, r16, 0x1
138
                            # Delay the next output
            DELAY
139
     br
140
     DO_DISPLAY_DOWN:
141
     stwio r16, U(rio,
srai r16, r16, 0x1  # Shift the varue -
PETAV  # Delay the next output
                              # Display current position
# Shift the value to the right (previous LED)
142
143
144
     br
145
    DELAY:
146
```

```
# reset all pressed buttons
    movi r23, 0x0
   br REAL_DELAY
                            # do the real delay
148
149
     REAL_DELAY:
150
     movia r19, TIME
151
     ldwio r20, O(r19) # Get the Time from the Counter
152
           r20, r21, REAL_DELAY # Check if we already waited more than (r21
153
      ) seconds
     stwio r0, 0(r19)
                              # Reset Time counter
154
     br CHECK_PHASE
                              # Go to display the next position
155
156
157
     LOWER_BORDER:
     andi r19, r23, 0b0010 # check if k1 has pressed
158
            r20, 0b0010
159
           r19, r20, INVERT_DIRECTION # player pressed button -> invert
160
     direction
     br PLAYER_1_FAIL # player didnt press button
161
162
     UPPER_BORDER:
163
     andi r19, r23, 0b1000 # check if k1 has pressed
164
           r20, 0b1000
165
           r19, r20, INVERT_DIRECTION # player pressed button -> invert
166
     direction
           PLAYER_2_FAIL  # player didnt press button
167
168
169
   INVERT_DIRECTION:
                                # Subtract a fixed amount to the current
     subi r21, r21, 0x10
170
     waiting time
     xori r18, r18, 0x1
                             # Invert the direction after we hit the border
171
    br
           DO_DISPLAY_2
172
173
     PLAYER_1_FAIL:
174
            r20, r22
                             # get score
175
            r20, r20, 0xF0
                            # get score from player 2
# shift right by 4 to get correct score
176
     andi
177
     srli
            r20, r20, 0x4
           r19, 0xA
                             # max score 10
178
     movi
           r20, r19, PLAYER_2_WIN # if p2 reached 10 poins, he wins
179
     bge
     addi r22, r22, 0x10
                             # else add one point
180
           START_GAME
                              # start the game
     br
181
182
   PLAYER_2_FAIL:
183
           r20, r22
                             # get score
   mov
184
           r20, r20, 0x0F
    andi
                              # get score from player 1
185
                            # max score 10
           r19, 0xA
186
   bge
           r20, r19, PLAYER_1_WIN # if p1 reached 10 poins, he wins
187
     addi r22, r22, 0x01 # else add one point
188
           START_GAME
                              # start the game
189
    br
190
   PLAYER_1_WIN:
191
     movi r17, 0x4
                            # set phase 4
192
193
     movi
            r16, 0b1111
194
     stwio r16, 0(r15)
                             # Display 4 leds for p1
     br
            DELAY
195
196
```

```
197
    PLAYER_2_WIN:
198
     movi r17, 0x4
                           # set phase 4
199
            r16, 0b1111000000
200
     movi
     stwio r16, 0(r15)
                               # Display 4 leds for p2
201
            DELAY
     br
202
203
     FINISHED_GAME:
andi r19, r23, 0b0100  # check ll k2 pro-
-10 r0. INIT  # init if k2 is pressed
     FINISHED_GAME:
204
205
206
207
     br
208
209
     SHOW_SCORE:
210
     mov r12, ra
                               # store the return address, so we can later jump
      back
            r20, r22, 0xF0
                                  # get score from player 2
     andi
211
             r20, r20, 0x4
                                # shift right by 4 to get correct score
     srli
212
            LED_NUMBER
     call
213
            r19, r10
     mov
214
     slli
                                # shift the number to the left
            r19, r19, 24
215
216
            r20, r22, 0x0F
                                  # get score from player 1
217
    andi
   call
            LED_NUMBER
218
219
    or
             r19, r19, r10
                                # combine the 2 LED-numbers
220
   movia
             r20, HEX3_HEX0_BASE  # stores the hex base addres
221
   stwio
              r19, 0(r20) # store the numbers to the LEDs
            ra, r12
222
     mov
     ret
223
224
225
     /\star Gets the number from r20 and converts it into a LED-number and stores it
226
         in r10 */
     LED_NUMBER:
227
     movi r10, 0b00111111
                                  #Display value for 0
228
             r11, 0x0
229
     movi
            r20, r11, RETURN
                                  #Check if score is 0
230
     beq
231
            r10, 0b00000110
                                   #Display value for 1
232
     movi
     movi r11, 0x1
233
            r20, r11, RETURN
                                   #Check if score is 1
234
     beq
235
            r10, 0b01011011
     movi
                                   #Display value for 2
236
            r11, 0x2
237
     movi
     beq
            r20, r11, RETURN
                                   #Check if score is 2
238
239
           r10, 0b01001111
                                   #Display value for 3
240
     movi
     movi r11, 0x3
^{241}
             r20, r11, RETURN
                                   #Check if score is 3
242
     beq
243
           r10, 0b01100110
244
     movi
                                   #Display value for 4
245
     movi r11, 0x4
                                   #Check if score is 4
246
     beq
             r20, r11, RETURN
247
    movi r10, 0b01101101
                                  #Display value for 5
248
```

```
movi r11, 0x5
249
250
    beq
          r20, r11, RETURN
                              #Check if score is 5
251
     movi r10, 0b01111101
                               #Display value for 6
252
     movi r11, 0x6
253
           r20, r11, RETURN
                               #Check if score is 6
     beq
254
255
          r10, 0b00000111
     movi
                               #Display value for 7
256
     movi r11, 0x7
257
258
     beq
           r20, r11, RETURN
                               #Check if score is 7
259
           r10, 0b01111111
260
     movi
                               #Display value for 8
           r11, 0x8
261
     movi
           r20, r11, RETURN
                               #Check if score is 8
262
     beq
263
           r10, 0b01101111
                               #Display value for 9
    movi
264
         r11, 0x9
    movi
265
           r20, r11, RETURN
                              #Check if score is 9
    beq
266
267
   RETURN:
268
    ret
269
271
   * DATA SECTION
272
   */
273 .data
274
_{\rm 275} /* to count how much time has passed*/
276 .global TIME
277 TIME:
    .word 0
278
279
  /* TODO: Task (c) you may also want to add things here (but you don't need to
280
281 .end
```

## Listing 2: pushbutton.s

```
_{\rm 1} /* TODO: Task (b) Please fill in the following lines, then remove this line.
2
   * author(s): Dominik Bodenmann
3
         Orlando Signer
4
   * modified: 2014-05-09
5
6
7
   */
  .include "nios_macros.s"
9
.include "address_map.s"
11
12
  /****************************
13
   * Pushbutton - Interrupt Service Routine
14
15
   **************************************
  .global PUSHBUTTON_ISR
17
18 PUSHBUTTON_ISR:
19
    /\star r19, r20 are variables for free usage (no global usage). \star/
20
    /\star r23 stores the button presses (0b1000 k3 pressed, 0b0010 k1 pressed, 0
21
       b1010 both pressed) */
22
23
    movia
          r19, PUSHBUTTON_BASE
^{24}
   ldwio r20, 0xC(r19) # store pressed button in r20
          r0, 0xC(r19)  # clear the interrupt
r23, r23, r20  # store currently pressed button to r23
    stwio r0, 0xC(r19)
27
    xor
28
   ret
29
30 .end
```