Rechnerarchitektur Serie XXX

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1 Theorie-Teil

1.1 Aufgabe 1

Listing 1: Ausgabe

```
1 A: 10
2 B: 11
3 C: 12
```

2 Programmierteil

Listing 2: mips.c

```
/\star TODO: Task (b) Please fill in the following lines, then remove this line.
1
2
    * author(s): Dominik Bodenmann
3
       Orlando Signer
4
5
6
    * modified: 2010-01-07
7
8
    */
10 #include <stdlib.h>
   #include <stdio.h>
   #include <string.h>
12
13 #include "mips.h"
14
  /* The "Hardware" */
15
16 byte memory[MEMORY_SIZE];
17 word registers[REGISTER_COUNT];
18 word pc;
19
20 /* To stop the MIPS machine */
21 int doRun;
^{22}
```

```
23 /* In case you want to watch the machine working */
24 int verbose = TRUE;
25
  /* Operation and function dispatcher */
26
27 Operation operations[OPERATION_COUNT];
28 Function functions[FUNCTION_COUNT];
   /* ================== */
30
  /* Some useful helpers */
31
32
33
   /* Assembles the given parts of an I-type instruction into a single word*/
34 word create_itype_hex(unsigned immediate, unsigned rt, unsigned rs, unsigned
       opcode) {
35
     return immediate + (rt << 16) + (rs <<21) + (opcode << 26);</pre>
36
  }
37
   /* Assembles the given parts of an J-type instruction into a single word*/
  word create_jtype_hex(unsigned address, unsigned opcode) {
     return address + (opcode << 26);</pre>
40
41 }
42
  /* Assembles the given parts of an R-type instruction into a single word*/
  word create_rtype_hex(unsigned funct, unsigned shamt, unsigned rd, unsigned
       rt, unsigned rs, unsigned opcode) {
     return funct + (shamt << 6) + (rd << 11) + (rt << 16) + (rs <<21) + (opcode
          << 26);
46
  }
47
   /\star Extends a 16 bit halfword to a 32 bit word with the value of the most
48
       significant bit */
   word signExtend(halfword value) {
49
       return (value ^ 0x8000) - 0x8000;
50
51
   /\star Extends a 16 bit halfword to a 32 bit word by adding leading zeros \star/
53
54 word zeroExtend(halfword value) {
       return (value | 0x00000000);
55
  }
56
57
  /* To make some noise */
58
   void printInstruction(Instruction *i) {
59
       Operation o = operations[i->i.opcode];
60
       Function f;
61
       switch (o.type) {
62
           case iType:
               printf("%-4s %02i=0x%08ux, %02i=0x%08ux, 0x%04x\n", o.name, i->i.
                   rt, registers[i->i.rt], i->i.rs, registers[i->i.rs], i->i.
                   immediate );
               break;
65
           case jType:
66
               printf("%-4s 0x%08x\n", o.name, i->j.address);
67
               break;
68
69
           case rType:
               f = functions[i->r.funct];
```

```
printf("%-4s %02i=0x%08ux, %02i=0x%08ux, %02i=0x%08ux, 0x%04x\n",
71
                   f.name, i->r.rd, registers[i->r.rd], i->r.rs, registers[i->r
                   .rs],i->r.rt, registers[i->r.rt],i->r.shamt);
               break;
72
           case specialType:
73
              printf("%-4s\n", o.name);
74
               break;
75
76
       }
77
78
79
   /* Memory operations */
81
82
   /* Store a word to memory */
83 void storeWord(word w, word location) {
84
    /* TODO: Task (c) implement storeWord here */
     memory[location] = (w >> (8*3));
85
    memory[location+1] = (w \gg (8*2));
86
     memory[location+2] = (w \gg (8*1));
87
     memory[location+3] = w;
88
  }
89
90
   /* Load a word from memory */
92 word loadWordFrom(word location) {
    word w = 0;
     w += (memory[location] << (8*3));
94
     w += (memory[location+1] << (8*2));
95
     w += (memory[location+2] << (8*1));
96
     w += memory[location+3];
97
     return w;
98
99
100
   /* ------ */
101
   /* Initialize and run */
102
   void assignOperation(unsigned short opCode, const char name[OP_NAME_LENGTH
103
       +1], InstructionType type, void (*operation)(Instruction*)) {
       strcpy(operations[opCode].name, name);
104
       operations[opCode].type=type;
105
       operations[opCode].operation = operation;
106
107
   }
108
   void assignFunction (unsigned short funct, const char name [FUNC_NAME_LENGTH
109
       +1], void (*function)(Instruction*)) {
       strcpy(functions[funct].name, name);
110
       functions[funct].function = function;
111
112
113
114 /* Initialize the "hardware" and operation and function dispatcher */
115 void initialize() {
    int i;
116
     /* Initialize operations */
117
     for (i=0; i<OPERATION_COUNT; ++i) {</pre>
118
       assignOperation(i, "ndef", specialType, &undefinedOperation);
119
120
```

```
assignOperation(OC_ZERO, "zero", rType, &opCodeZeroOperation);
      /* To stop the MIPS machine */
122
123
      assignOperation(OC_STOP, "stop", specialType, &stopOperation);
124
      assignOperation(OC_ADDI, "addi", iType, &mips_addi);
125
            assignOperation(OC_JAL, "jal", jType ,&mips_jal);
126
      assignOperation(OC_LUI, "lui", iType ,&mips_lui);
127
      assignOperation(OC_LW, "lw", iType, &mips_lw);
128
      assignOperation(OC_ORI, "ori", iType, &mips_ori);
129
      assignOperation(OC_SW, "sw", iType, &mips_sw);
130
131
132
      /* Initialize operations with OpCode = 0 and corresponding functions */
133
      for (i=0; i<FUNCTION_COUNT; ++i) {</pre>
        assignFunction(i, "ndef", &undefinedFunction);
134
135
      assignFunction(FC_ADD, "add", &mips_add);
136
      assignFunction(FC_SUB, "sub", &mips_sub);
137
138
            /* Initialize memory */
139
      for (i=0; i<MEMORY_SIZE; ++i) {</pre>
140
        memory[i] = 0;
141
142
143
      /* Initialize registers */
144
      for (i=0; i<REGISTER_COUNT; ++i) {</pre>
145
146
        registers[i]= 0;
147
148
      /* Stack pointer */
149
      SP = 65535;
150
151
      /* Initialize program counter */
152
153
154
      /* Yes, we want the machine to run */
155
      doRun = TRUE;
156
157
158
   /* Fetch and execute */
159
   void run() {
160
      while (doRun) {
161
        /* Fetch Instruction*/
162
        word w = loadWordFrom(pc);
163
        Instruction *instruction = (Instruction *) &w;
164
        /* Please note: the program counter is incremented before the operation
            is executed */
166
        pc += 4;
        /* Execute Instruction*/
167
        operations[instruction->i.opcode].operation(instruction);
168
        /* In case you want to watch the machine */
169
                     if (verbose) {
170
171
                         printInstruction(instruction);
172
```

```
174
175
176
   /* "Special" operations --- only for "internal" usage */
177
178
   /* To deal with "undefined" behaviour */
179
  void undefinedOperation(Instruction *instruction) {
180
      printf("%s in %s, line %i: Unknown opcode: %x\n",__func__, __FILE__,
181
           _LINE__, instruction->i.opcode);
      exit(0);
182
183
184
   /* To deal with "undefined" behaviour */
   void undefinedFunction(Instruction *instruction) {
      printf("%s in %s, line %i: Unknown funct: %x\n",__func__, __FILE__,
187
          __LINE__, instruction->r.funct);
       exit(0);
188
   }
189
190
   /* To deal with operations with opcode = 0 */
191
   void opCodeZeroOperation(Instruction *instruction) {
192
     functions[instruction->r.funct].function(instruction);
193
194
195
   /* To stop the machine */
196
  void stopOperation(Instruction *instruction) {
197
       doRun = FALSE;
198
199
200
   201
   /* Implemented MIPS operations */
202
   /* ADD */
204
   void mips_add(Instruction *instruction) {
205
       /* TODO: Task (e) implement ADD here */
206
       InstructionTypeR r = instruction->r;
207
      word rt = registers[r.rt];
208
      word rs = registers[r.rs];
209
      registers[r.rd] = rt + rs;
210
211 }
212
213 /* ADDI */
/* TODO: Task (e) implement ADDI here */
      InstructionTypeI i = instruction->i;
216
217
      word rs = registers[i.rs];
      word immediate = (signed) signExtend(i.immediate);
218
      registers[i.rt] = rs + immediate;
219
   }
220
221
222
   /* JAL */
/* TODO: Task (e) implement JAL here */
```

```
InstructionTypeJ j = instruction->j;
225
                       /st We dont need to add 4 to the PC as it is incremented before the
226
                                operation. */
227
                      RA = pc;
                      pc = (pc \& 0xF0000000) + (j.address << 2);
228
229
230
          /* LUI */
231
        void mips_lui(Instruction *instruction) {
232
                /* TODO: Task (e) implement LUI here */
233
234
                      InstructionTypeI i = instruction->i;
235
                      registers[i.rt] = i.immediate << 16;</pre>
236
237
          /* LW */
238
        void mips_lw(Instruction *instruction) {
239
                 InstructionTypeI i = instruction->i;
240
                \verb|registers[i.rt]| = \verb|loadWordFrom(registers[i.rs]| + (\verb|signed|) signExtend(i.registers[i.re]|) + (\verb|signed|) signExtend(i.registers[i.re]|) + (\verb|signed|) signExtend(i.registers[i.registers[i.registers]]) + (\verb|signed|) signExtend(i.registers[i.regist
241
                           immediate));
         }
242
243
         /* ORI */
244
InstructionTypeI i = instruction->i;
                 registers[i.rt] = registers[i.rs] | zeroExtend(i.immediate);
248
         }
249
         /* SUB */
250
void mips_sub(Instruction *instruction) {
                InstructionTypeR r = instruction->r;
252
                 registers[r.rd] = (signed)registers[r.rs] - (signed)registers[r.rt];
253
254
          /* SW */
256
257
          void mips_sw(Instruction *instruction) {
             /* TODO: Task (e) implement SW here */
258
                      InstructionTypeI i = instruction->i;
259
                      word location = registers[i.rs] + (signed) signExtend(i.immediate);
260
                      storeWord(registers[i.rt], location);
261
262 }
```

Listing 3: test.c

```
/\star TODO: Task (b) Please fill in the following lines, then remove this line.
1
                    Dominik Bodenmann
    * author(s):
3
                    Orlando Signer
4
    * modified:
                    2010-01-07
5
6
   #include <stdlib.h>
9
10 #include <stdio.h>
11 #include <assert.h>
12 #include "mips.h"
13
   /* executes exactly the given instrution */
14
   void test_execute(word instr) {
15
     word w;
16
17
     Instruction *instruction;
     /* Store the executable word */
19
     storeWord(instr, pc);
20
21
     /* Fetch the next Instruction */
22
     w = loadWordFrom(pc);
23
     instruction = (Instruction *) &w;
24
25
     pc += 4;
26
     /* Execute the fetched instruction*/
27
     operations[instruction->i.opcode].operation(instruction);
29
     assert(ZERO == 0);
30 }
31
32 /* ADD */
33 void test_add() {
     T1=1;
34
     T2=1;
35
     test_execute(create_rtype_hex(FC_ADD, 0x0000, I_T0, I_T1, I_T2, OC_ADD));
36
37
     assert (T0==2);
     T1=1;
40
     T2 = -1;
     \texttt{test\_execute(create\_rtype\_hex(FC\_ADD, 0x0000, I\_T0, I\_T1, I\_T2, OC\_ADD));}
41
     assert (T0==0);
42
43
     T1 = -1;
44
     T2=-1;
45
     test_execute(create_rtype_hex(FC_ADD, 0x0000, I_T0, I_T1, I_T2, OC_ADD));
46
47
     assert (T0==-2);
48
  }
49
50 /* ADDI */
51 void test_addi() {
   test_execute(create_itype_hex(0xFFFF, I_T0, I_ZERO, OC_ADDI));
```

```
assert (T0 == -1);
53
     test_execute(create_itype_hex(1, I_T0, I_T0, OC_ADDI));
54
     assert (T0 == 0);
55
56
     test_execute(create_itype_hex(0xFFFF, I_T0, I_ZERO, OC_ADDI));
57
58
      assert (T0 == -1);
     test_execute(create_itype_hex(0xFFFF, I_T0, I_T0, OC_ADDI));
59
      assert (T0 == -2);
60
61
      test_execute(create_itype_hex(3, I_T0, I_ZERO, OC_ADDI));
62
63
      assert (T0 == 3);
64
      test_execute(create_itype_hex(1, I_T1, I_T0, OC_ADDI));
65
      assert (T0 == 3);
      assert(T1 == 4);
66
67 }
68
   /* JAL */
69
70 void test_jal() {
        int pcSaved;
71
        word w;
72
        Instruction* instruction;
73
74
       pc = 0x00000000;
75
76
       pcSaved = pc;
77
      test_execute(create_jtype_hex(0x0001, OC_JAL));
78
      assert (RA == pcSaved + 4);
79
       assert (pc == 4);
80
        /* The following test is executed manually as the desired pc is outside
81
            the memory,
         * i.e. the test needs to bypass actually storing the instruction in the
82
             memory.
83
      initialize();
84
        pc = 0xAF000000;
      pcSaved = pc;
        w = create_jtype_hex(0x0001, OC_JAL);
87
        instruction = (Instruction *) &w;
88
89
       operations[instruction->i.opcode].operation(instruction);
90
      assert (RA == pcSaved + 4);
91
        assert (pc == 0xA0000004);
92
93 }
94
   /* LUI */
96 void test_lui() {
        test_execute(create_itype_hex(0xFFFF, I_T0, I_ZERO, OC_LUI));
97
        assert (T0 == 0xFFFF0000);
98
99
        test_execute(create_itype_hex(0x0001, I_T0, I_ZERO, OC_LUI));
100
        assert (T0 == 0 \times 00010000);
101
   }
102
103
104 /* LW */
```

```
void test_lw() {
        /* TODO: Task (d) add test for LW here */
106
107
        word location1 = 0 \times 00001000;
108
        word w = 0x87654321;
109
        T1 = location1;
110
111
        storeWord(w, location1);
112
        test_execute(create_itype_hex(0x0000, I_T0, I_T1, OC_LW));
113
        assert (w == T0);
114
115
    }
116
117
    /* ORI */
118
    void test_ori() {
        /* TODO: Task (d) add test for ORI here */
119
        word w = 0xAAAAAAAA; /* 0b1010.... */
120
        T1 = w;
121
122
        test_execute(create_itype_hex(0x5555, I_T0, I_T1, OC_ORI)); /* 0x5555 0
123
           b0101... */
        assert (0xAAAAFFFF == T0);
124
125
        w = 0xFFFF0000;
126
127
        T1 = w;
128
        test_execute(create_itype_hex(0xFFFF, I_T0, I_T1, OC_ORI));
129
        130
    }
131
   /* SUB */
132
   void test_sub() {
133
        /* TODO: Task (d) add test for SUB here */
134
        /* T0 = T2 -T1 */
135
        T1=1;
136
      T2=1;
137
      test_execute(create_rtype_hex(FC_SUB, 0x0000, I_T0, I_T1, I_T2, OC_SUB));
138
139
      assert (T0==0);
140
      T1=1;
141
      T2=-1:
142
      test_execute(create_rtype_hex(FC_SUB, 0x0000, I_T0, I_T1, I_T2, OC_SUB));
143
      assert (T0==-2);
144
145
      T1 = -1;
146
      T2=1;
147
      test_execute(create_rtype_hex(FC_SUB, 0x0000, I_T0, I_T1, I_T2, OC_SUB));
148
149
      assert (T0==2);
150
      T1 = -1;
151
      T2 = -1;
152
      test_execute(create_rtype_hex(FC_SUB, 0x0000, I_T0, I_T1, I_T2, OC_SUB));
153
      assert (T0==0);
154
155
   }
156
157 /* SW */
```

```
158 void test_sw() {
       word location1 = 0x00001000;
159
160
       word location2 = 0 \times 00001004;
161
       word w = 0xFFFFFFFF;
162
       T0 = w;
163
       T1 = location1;
164
       test_execute(create_itype_hex(0x0000, I_T0, I_T1, OC_SW));
165
       assert(loadWordFrom(location1) == w);
166
167
168
       w = 0x12345678;
169
       T0 = w;
170
       T1 = location2;
       test_execute(create_itype_hex(0xFFFC, I_T0, I_T1, OC_SW));
171
       assert(loadWordFrom(location1) == w);
172
173 }
174
   /*
175
       ______
   /* make sure you've got a "fresh" environment for every test */
176
   void execute_test(void (*test)(void)) {
177
       initialize();
178
179
       test();
180 }
181
182 /* executes all tests */
int main (int argc, const char * argv[]) {
    execute_test(&test_add);
184
     execute_test(&test_addi);
185
     execute_test(&test_jal);
186
187
     execute_test(&test_lui);
     execute_test(&test_lw);
188
     execute_test(&test_ori);
189
190
     execute_test(&test_sub);
191
     execute_test(&test_sw);
     return 0;
192
193 }
```