Securing & testing REST APIs in ASP.NET Core

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Agenda

Securing APIs

- Authentication & authorization
- Other methods

Testing APIs during development

Testing APIs with Postman

Demos

Q&A



API SECURITY

Security breaches of APIs

- According to OWASP:
 - Broken object level authorization
 - Broken authentication
 - Broken object property level authorization
 - Unrestricted resource consumption
 - Broken function level authorization
 - Unrestricted access to sensitive business flows
 - Server-side request forgery
 - Security misconfiguration
 - Improper inventory management
 - Unsafe consumption of APIs

Options for authenticating APIs

- No authentication
- Windows authentication
- Cookie-based authentication
- API keys
- Basic authentication
- Token-based authentication

Typical methods for authenticating with APIs

Method	Use cases
None	Serving non-sensitive read-only data like version info, public keys, etc.
API keys	Longer-lived; security concerns for storage; only used by client apps you trust
	Basically, a random auto-generated string like: AlzaSyDaGmWKa4JsXZ-HjGw7ISLn_3namBGewQe
Tokens	Short-lived, secure and easily portable across platforms; can be encrypted and refreshed.
	Typically, a based 64 encoded JWT: eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCl6lkpXVCJ9.eyJzdWliOiIxMjM0NTY30DkwIiwibmFtZSl6lkpvaG4gRG9lIiwiaWF0IjoxNTE2MjM5MDIyfQ.SflKxwRJSMeKKF2QT4fwpMeJf36P0k6yJV_adQssw5c

Setting up token-based authentication

- Add a package reference to Microsoft.AspNetCore.Authentication.JwtBearer
- Call the AddAuthentication / AddJwtBearer extension methods during startup and setting the appropriate options and validation params. E.g.:

```
builder.Services.AddAuthentication(JwtBearerDefaults.AuthenticationScheme)
.AddJwtBearer(jwtOptions => {
     jwtOptions.MetadataAddress = builder.Configuration["Api:MetadataAddress"];
     // Optional if the MetadataAddress is specified
     jwtOptions.Authority = builder.Configuration["Api:Authority"];
      jwtOptions.Audience = builder.Configuration["Api:Audience"];
     jwtOptions.TokenValidationParameters = new TokenValidationParameters {
                 Validatelssuer = true,
                 ValidateAudience = true,
                 ValidatelssuerSigningKey = true,
                 ValidAudiences = builder.Configuration.GetSection("Api:ValidAudiences").Get<string[]>(),
                 ValidIssuers = builder.Configuration.GetSection("Api:ValidIssuers").Get<string[]>()
      jwtOptions.MapInboundClaims = false;
});
```

Methods to authorize callers

- By user, role, scope or something custom
- Typically, added via a policy that validates incoming claims
- Highly customizable in ASP.NET
- MVC controller-based APIs
 - Apply the Authorize attribute filter globally, at the controller level or at an individual action level
- Minimal APIs
 - Configure authorization requirements in a global policy
 - Applying individual policies to resources
- Minimum amount of code:
 - builder.Services.AddAuthorization();

Authorization examples

- By user(s)
 - E.g.: [Authorize(Users="Alice,Bob")]
- By role(s)
 - E.g.: [Authorize(Roles="Administrators")]
- By scope(s)
 - E.g.: policy.RequireClaim("scope", "web-api:admin");

Filters and model validation

- Filters
 - Validate the request parameters and body that are sent to an endpoint
 - Log information about the request and response
 - Validate that a request is targeting a supported API version
- Input model validation
 - Data annotations
 - Filters
 - FluentValidation or MiniValidation

Rate Limiting

- Uses:
 - Prevents abuse
 - Ensures fair usage
 - Protects resources
 - Enhances security and prevents DoS attacks
 - Improves performance
 - Helps manage costs
- Available via NuGet package: Microsoft.AspNetCore.RateLimiting
 - Currently a release candidate

Other methods for securing APIs

- Use HTTPS
- Logging and monitoring
- Error handling
- Versioning

API TESTING

Types of API testing

- Unit test individual services and components in isolation
- Integration test the interaction between different parts of your API, including dependencies like databases or external services
- Functional test endpoints and their responses from an end-user perspective
- Load evaluate the performance of your APIs under different load conditions
- Security verify that your API is secure and protected from common vulnerabilities

When and how to test APIs

- During development
 - CLI options:
 - curl
 - HttpRepl
 - UI options:
 - .http files
 - Swagger UI / Swashbuckle (.NET 8 and earlier)
 - Scalar
 - dotnet user-jwts (generating JWTs for secured APIs)
- Post-development
 - SoapUI
 - Postman

Testing APIs during development - .http files

- Provides a convenient way to exercise web APIs from Visual Studio
- A simple text file to add one or more HTTP requests to different endpoints. E.g.:

GET {{HostAddress}}/api/album/5

Authorization: Bearer

eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCl6lkpXVCJ9.eyJ1bmlxdWVfbmFtZSl6lmxpbmtzliwic3ViljoibGlua3MiLC

Accept: application/json

- Supports variables that can be shared or scoped to a specific environment via httpclient.env.json file
- Support for comments, user secrets, built-in primitives (random int, datetime), etc.

Testing APIs during development — user-jwts

- Create JWTs for testing scoped to local project
- · Less overhead than using a full-blown authorization server
- Must run the API via HTTP i.e.: HTTPS only will not work
- CLI:

Usage: dotnet user-jwts [options] [command]

Options:

- -p|--project The path of the project to operate on. Defaults to the project in the current directory.
- -o|--output The format to use for displaying output from the command. Can be one of 'default', 'token', or 'json'.
- -h|--help Show help information

Commands:

clear Remove all issued JWTs for a project

create Issue a new JSON Web Token

key Display or reset the signing key used to issue JWTs

list Lists the JWTs issued for the project

print Print the details of a given JWT

remove Remove a given JWT

Use "dotnet user-jwts [command] --help" for more information about a command.

Testing APIs with Postman

- Perform functional testing
 - Manually
 - Scheduled
 - Via CLI with build pipelines
- Performance testing
- Test APIs individually or as a collection
- Add scripts for pre- and post-request processing
 - Read and set variables
 - Run tests
- Built-in libraries plus, the ability to add third-party ones

DEMOS

Version check:

- Visual Studio 2022
- .NET 9.0 / ASP.NET Core 9.0
- Sqlite
- Duende IdentityServer
- Postman 11.39+

Q&A



