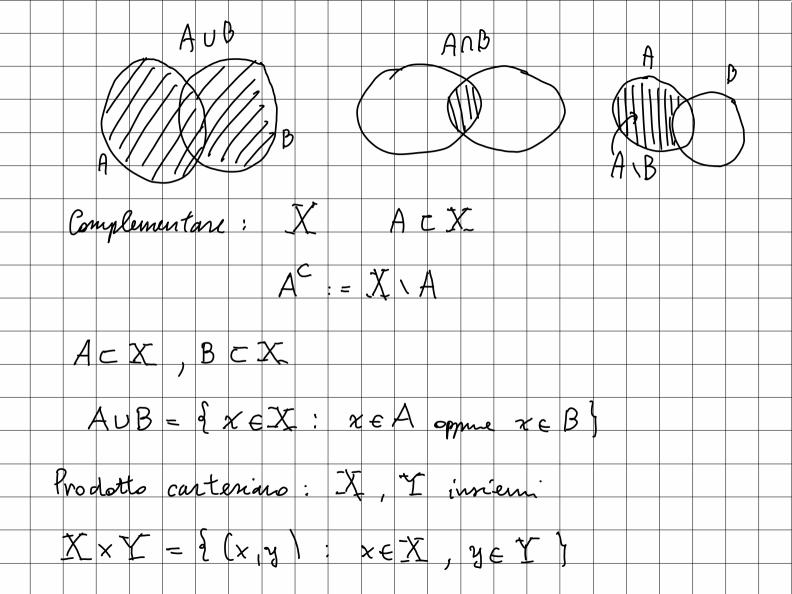
PRECORSO DI MATEMATICA 2021/2022 - CLASSE N Propositione: p può enere vera o falsa LEZ. 1 29/09/2021 congiuriore disginsione p oppure q negarione Implicazione 7 p V q P +> 9 7 p v 7 (7 q) equivalenta 7 (79) / 70 P ⇔ 9 79 => 7P (×) d predicati

Quontification V: per ogni 7: eniste V x : p(x) ] x t.c. p(x) I eniste uno e un solo Esercizi: Negare "tutti i gatti cono nesi" 7(Vx:p(x)) e 3x t.c. 7p(x) "Eniste un gatto che non i nero"

7(] x t. (p(x)) e Yx: 7e(x) se c'i il cole allora faccio una pornegnata " p = > q 7(7p v q) e' (7(7p)) \ (7q) "c'e il se e non façais ma paneggista"

INSIEMI t.c. ∀ x : x ≠ Ø Ø = "innieure vusto" x ∈ X "appartiene" X = { a, b, c, d, e }  $a \in X$ = {b,c,e,d,a  $A \subset X$  (  $A \subseteq X$ VxeA: xeX Unione: x & A U B => x & A oppure x & B Justersessioni: x E A D B E x E A & x E B Difference: x E A \ B => x E A e x & B



Esnain: An (BUC) = (AnB) U(AnC) xeAn(Buc) => xeA e (xeB oppue xeC) = x ∈ A ∩ B oppure x ∈ A ∩ C = => 2 E (AnB) U (AnC)  $A \setminus (B \cup C) = (A \setminus B) \cap (A \setminus C)$ xe A (BUC) = xeA e x & BUC => x = A e (x & B e x & C) => => x e A \ B e x e A \ C => x e (A \ B) n (A \ C)

INSIEMI NUMERICI

N: numeri naturali

N = 
$$\{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, \dots\}$$

n,  $m \in \mathbb{N}$ 
 $n + m \in \mathbb{N}$ 
 $n + m \in \mathbb{N}$ 

Rescare gli  $x \in \mathbb{N}$  t.c.  $x + 2 = 0$ 

Non ha soluzione in  $\mathbb{N}$ 
 $\mathbb{Z}$ : numeri inteni

 $\mathbb{Z} = \{1, \dots, -5, -4, -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, \dots\}$ 
 $m, n \in \mathbb{Z}$ 
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 $m, n \in \mathbb{Z}$ 
 $m, n \in \mathbb{Z}$ 

Equariane: 
$$mx + n = 0$$

$$2x + 3 = 0 \quad \text{non ha solutione in } Z$$

$$Q = \text{numeric rational}$$

$$Q := \left\{ \begin{array}{c} m \\ \hline n \end{array} \right\} \quad m \in Z, \quad n \in Z \setminus \{0\}$$

$$-\frac{3}{4}, \quad \frac{2}{3} \quad x = -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$\frac{m}{n} = \frac{m}{n} \quad \Longrightarrow \quad m \quad n' = m' \quad n$$

$$n - volte$$

$$x \in Q \quad x^n := 2 \cdot ... \cdot x$$

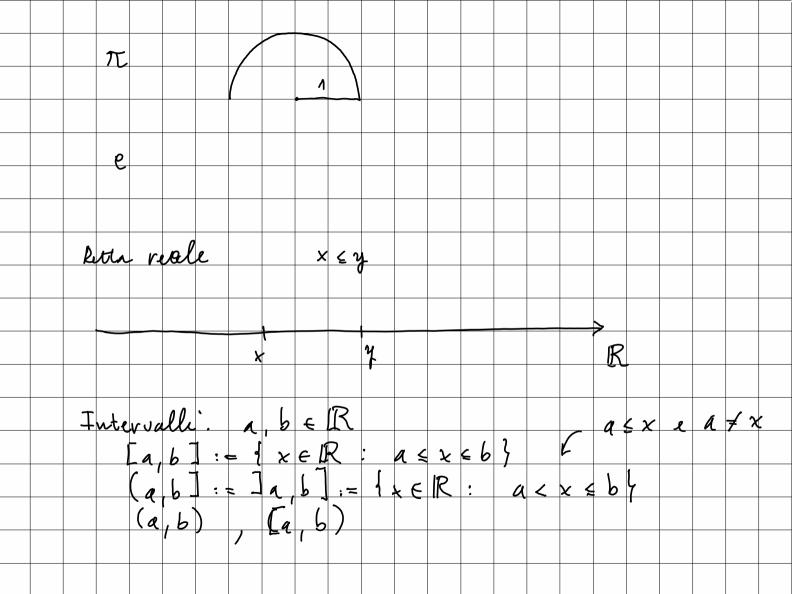
$$n \in M, \quad n > 1$$

$$x^2 = 2 \quad \text{non ha solutione in } Q$$

amociativa:  $\forall x, y, z \in \mathbb{R}$  (x + y) + t = x + (y + z)elemento neuto: 70 ER t. Vx ER: x+0=x opposto:  $\forall x \in \mathbb{R} \exists -x \in \mathbb{R} \ t \cdot c \cdot x + (-x) = 0$ commutatia:  $\forall x, y \in \mathbb{R}$ : x + y = y + xanadina:  $\forall x, y, t \in \mathbb{R}$ :  $x \cdot (y \cdot z) = (x \cdot y) \cdot z$ elementro neutro par. :  $\exists 1 \in \mathbb{R} : t \cdot c$ .  $\forall x \in \mathbb{R} : x \cdot 1 = x$ recipasco:  $\forall x \in \mathbb{R} : 0 \cdot 1 : \exists x = x^{-1} t \cdot c$ .  $x \cdot x^{-1} = 1$ commitativa: \d x, y \in R: \x y \ y \ X distributiva:  $\forall x, y, z \in R$ :  $(x + y), z = x - z + y \cdot z$ (1R, &) religione d'ordine

· R = insieme du numer reali

riflessiva: Yx ∈ |R : X ≤ X trauntiva:  $\forall x, y, z \in \mathbb{R}$ :  $x = y, y \le z \Rightarrow z \in z$ autisimmeraia: \forall x, y \in | x \le y \ e y \le x \rightarrow \times = y totale: V x, y e /R: x < y oppme y & x (R)+,·, ≤  $\forall x,y,z \in \mathbb{R}: x \in y \Rightarrow x + z \in y + z$   $\forall x,y,z \in \mathbb{R}, z > 0: x \leq y \Rightarrow x \neq z \leq y \neq z$ completerta  $A = \{x \in \mathbb{Q} : x > 0 \in x^2 \leq 2\}$  $B = \{x \in \mathbb{Q} : x > 0 \mid 2 \leq x^2\}$ in Q: non e vero che eniste 2 E Q t.c. Yx E A, Yy E B: X S Z E Z Y 12 ∈ R elemento di represazione tra A e B



$$[x, +\infty) := \{x \in \mathbb{R} : a \neq x \}$$

$$(a, +\infty)$$

$$(-\infty, b] := \{x \in \mathbb{R} : x \neq b \}$$

$$(-\infty, b)$$

$$\frac{E_{serviri}}{(-\infty, b)} := \{x \in \mathbb{R} : x \neq k \}$$

$$8x - 3 \neq 7$$

$$8x \leq 10$$

$$18x \leq 10$$

$$2x \leq \frac{10}{8}$$

$$x \in (-\infty, \frac{5}{4}]$$

$$(x-1)(x+3) \ge 0$$

$$x-1 \ge 0 \Rightarrow x \ge 1$$

$$x \ge 0 \Rightarrow x \ge -3$$

$$(x-4) = -4$$

$$(x+3) = +4$$

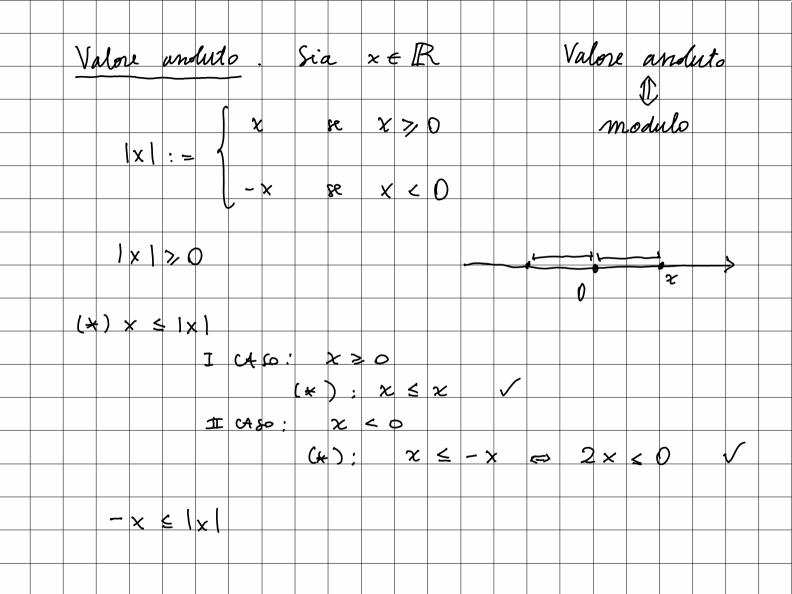
$$+ = -4$$

$$x \le -3 \text{ oppine } x \ge 1$$

$$x \in (-\infty, -3] \cup [1, +\infty)$$

 $x \in (3, +\infty)$ 

x-2 > 1 x-3



$$| - x | = |y| = |x|$$

$$y := -x$$

$$| x | = y = -x$$

$$| x | = y = -x$$

$$| x | = y = -x$$

$$| x | = -x = x$$

$$| y | = -x = x$$

$$| y | = -x = x$$

$$| x |$$

1-3 = 3

 $||3|| \neq 3$ 

II (450: 
$$0 \le x < 4$$
 $x - (-x+1) + (-x+3) < 5$ 
 $x + x - 1 - x + 3 < 5$ 
 $x < 3$ 

III (450:  $1 \le x < 3$ 
 $x - (x-1) + (-x+3) < 5$ 
 $x - (x-1) + (-x+3) < 5$ 
 $x - (x-1) + (-x+3) < 5$ 
 $x - (x-1) + (x-3) < 5$ 
 $x - (x-1) + (x-2) <$ 

T (A): 
$$\frac{x-1}{x+1} < 0$$
  $-1 < x < 1$ 
 $\frac{x-1}{x+1} > 1$   $\Rightarrow \frac{x-1}{x+1} - 1 > 0$ 
 $\frac{x-1}{x+1} > 1$   $\Rightarrow \frac{x-1}{x+1} - 1 > 0$ 
 $\frac{x-1}{x+1} > 1$   $\Rightarrow \frac{x-1}{x+1} - 1 > 0$ 
 $\frac{x+1}{x+1} > 0$   $\Rightarrow \frac{x}{x+1} < 0$ 
 $\Rightarrow \frac{x}{x+1} < 0$ 
 $\Rightarrow \frac{x}{x+1} > 0$ 
 $\Rightarrow \frac{x}{x+1} < 0$ 

Poture: 
$$x \in \mathbb{R}$$
,  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ ,  $n \ge 1$ 

$$x^n := x \cdot \ldots \cdot x$$

$$x \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{o\} : x^0 := 1$$

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$$x \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{o\} : x^0 := \frac{1}{x^n}$$

$$x \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{o\} : x^n := \frac{1}{x^n}$$

$$1 = x^n \cdot \frac{1}{x^n} = x^{n-n} = x^0$$

Estupio: 
$$x^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{x} > 0$$
 $\sqrt{x}$  e' quel numero reale \( \tale \tale

Non ('e' un numero reale y 1 (. y² = -1)

$$2\sqrt{x}$$
 e' un numero reale ben diffició x x > 0

 $2^{n}\sqrt{x}$  e' un ('y^n)² = x > 0

 $3\sqrt{x}$  x > 0

 $3\sqrt{x}$  x > 0 difiniano  $3\sqrt{x}$  :=  $-3\sqrt{x}$  (- $3\sqrt{x}$ ) (- $3\sqrt{x}$ )

 $3\sqrt{x}$  x > 0  $3\sqrt{x}$  =  $-3\sqrt{x}$  (- $3\sqrt{x}$ ) =  $-3\sqrt{x}$ 

$$(1-x)^{4} = -1 \qquad \text{Non if sono } x \in \mathbb{R} \text{ $A.c.}$$

$$(1-x)^{4} = -1$$

$$\sqrt{x^{2}} = \text{ben definita per } x^{2} > 0, \text{ quindiff}$$

$$\forall x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\sqrt{x^{2}} = x \qquad \text{Nol}$$

$$\text{I caso: } x > 0$$

$$\sqrt{x^{2}} = x$$

$$\text{II caso: } x < 0$$

$$\sqrt{x^{2}} = |x|$$

 $\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\chi^3} = \chi$ 

