

NLP

October 17, 2023

```
[1]: import pandas as pd

#unlabeled dataset
jobs = pd.read_csv("/Users/poojagrewal/Downloads/remote_jobs - remote_jobs.csv")
print(jobs.head())
print(jobs.shape)
```

	url	company_name \
0	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/activecampaign-e...	ActiveCampaign
1	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/betterup-marketi...	BetterUp
2	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/siege-media-digi...	Siege Media
3	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/gusto-head-of-pr...	Gusto
4	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/myfbaprep-partne...	MyFBAPrep

	job_title \
0	Event Marketing and Brand Activation Manager
1	Marketing Manager, Conversion Optimization
2	Digital PR Specialist
3	Head of Product Marketing & Revenue
4	Partner Marketing Manager

	company_info	country \
0	Grow your business with customer experience au...	US
1	We're reworking how you work	US
2	Brands trust us to deliver best-in-class conte...	US
3	The all-in-one people platform for payroll, be...	US
4	Make Logistics Your Competitive Advantage	Remote-First

	job_type	industries	salary \
0	Internship	Marketing	0
1	Full-Time	Marketing	0
2	Full-Time	Marketing	\$60K - \$69K
3	Full-Time	Marketing	0
4	Contract	Marketing	0

	skills \
0	Event Marketing, Non-Tech
1	Marketing Manager, Non-Tech

```

2           Non-Tech, Public Relations
3 Marketing Manager, Non-Tech, Product, Product ...
4 Co-Marketing, Marketing Manager, Non-Tech, Par...

```

```

                                points
0                               NaN
1                               NaN
2                               NaN
3                               NaN
4 Plan, coordinate, and execute marketing activi...
(400, 10)

```

```

[2]: #labeled dataset
SSOC = pd.read_csv("/Users/poojagrewal/Downloads/SSOC2020 Alphabetical Index -
↳SSOC 2020 Alpha Index.csv")
SSOC = SSOC.rename(columns={'SSOC 2020 Alphabetical Index Description':
↳'job_title'})
SSOC = SSOC[['SSOC 2020', 'job_title']]
print(SSOC.head())

```

```

SSOC 2020      job_title
0      11110  Legislator (government)
1      11110    Member of parliament
2      11110    Minister (government)
3      11110    Parliamentarian
4      11110  President (government)

```

```

[14]: import pandas as pd
import re
import nltk
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
nltk.download('punkt')
nltk.download('wordnet')
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize

# Clean and preprocess job_title column of labeled dataset
SSOC['job_title'] = SSOC['job_title'].apply(lambda x: re.sub(r'[^a-zA-Z\s]',
↳'', str(x))) # remove special characters
SSOC['job_title'] = SSOC['job_title'].apply(lambda x: ' '.join([word.lower()
↳for word in x.split() if word.lower() not in stopwords.words('english')])) #
↳remove stopwords and convert to lowercase

# Clean and preprocess job_title column of non-labeled dataset
jobs['job_title'] = jobs['job_title'].apply(lambda x: re.sub(r'[^a-zA-Z\s]',
↳'', str(x))) # remove special characters

```

```

jobs['job_title'] = jobs['job_title'].apply(lambda x: ' '.join([word.lower()
    ↪for word in x.split() if word.lower() not in stopwords.words('english')])) #
    ↪remove stopwords and convert to lowercase

# Tokenize and preprocess points column of non-labeled dataset
jobs['points'] = jobs['points'].fillna('')
jobs['points'] = jobs['points'].apply(lambda x: ' '.join([word.lower() for word
    ↪in word_tokenize(x) if word.lower() not in stopwords.words('english')])) #
    ↪remove stopwords and convert to lowercase

# Clean and preprocess skills column of non-labeled dataset
jobs['skills'] = jobs['skills'].apply(lambda x: re.sub(r'[~a-zA-Z\s]', '',
    ↪str(x))) # remove special characters
jobs['skills'] = jobs['skills'].apply(lambda x: ' '.join([word.lower() for word
    ↪in x.split() if word.lower() not in stopwords.words('english')])) # remove
    ↪stopwords and convert to lowercase

# Clean and preprocess company_info column of non-labeled dataset
jobs['company_info'] = jobs['company_info'].apply(lambda x: re.
    ↪sub(r'[~a-zA-Z\s]', '', str(x))) # remove special characters
jobs['company_info'] = jobs['company_info'].apply(lambda x: ' '.join([word.
    ↪lower() for word in x.split() if word.lower() not in stopwords.
    ↪words('english')])) # remove stopwords and convert to lowercase

# Stemming and Lemmatization
from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer, PorterStemmer
stemmer = PorterStemmer()
lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()

jobs['points'] = jobs['points'].apply(lambda x: ' '.join([stemmer.stem(word)
    ↪for word in word_tokenize(x)])) # stemming
jobs['points'] = jobs['points'].apply(lambda x: ' '.join([lemmatizer.
    ↪lemmatize(word) for word in word_tokenize(x)])) # lemmatization

# Define the set of stop words to use
en_sw = set(stopwords.words('english'))
additional_stopwords = ["'d", "'ll", "'re", "'s", "'ve", 'could', 'might',
    ↪'must', 'n't', 'need', 'sha', 'wo', 'would']
en_sw.update(additional_stopwords)

# Remove additional stopwords from points column of non-labeled dataset
jobs['points'] = jobs['points'].apply(lambda x: ' '.join([word for word in
    ↪word_tokenize(x) if word not in en_sw]))

```

```

[nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to
[nltk_data]      /Users/poojagrewal/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] Package punkt is already up-to-date!

```

```
[nltk_data] Downloading package wordnet to
[nltk_data] /Users/poojagrewal/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] Package wordnet is already up-to-date!
```

```
[15]: cleaned_jobs = pd.read_csv("/Users/poojagrewal/Downloads/cleaned_jobs_dataset.
      ↪csv").fillna({'points': ''})
      cleaned_ssoc = pd.read_csv("/Users/poojagrewal/Downloads/cleaned_ssoc_dataset.
      ↪csv")
      print(cleaned_jobs.head())
```

	url	company_name \
0	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/activecampaign-e...	ActiveCampaign
1	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/betterup-marketi...	BetterUp
2	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/siege-media-digi...	Siege Media
3	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/gusto-head-of-pr...	Gusto
4	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/myfbaprep-partne...	MyFBAPrep

	job_title \
0	event marketing brand activation manager
1	marketing manager conversion optimization
2	digital pr specialist
3	head product marketing revenue
4	partner marketing manager

	company_info	country \
0	grow business customer experience automation	US
1	reworking work	US
2	brands trust us deliver bestinclass content tr...	US
3	allinone people platform payroll benefits hr	US
4	make logistics competitive advantage	Remote-First

	job_type	industries	salary \
0	Internship	Marketing	0
1	Full-Time	Marketing	0
2	Full-Time	Marketing	\$60K - \$69K
3	Full-Time	Marketing	0
4	Contract	Marketing	0

	skills \
0	event marketing nontech
1	marketing manager nontech
2	nontech public relations
3	marketing manager nontech product product mark...
4	comarketing marketing manager nontech partners...

	points
0	

```
1
2
3
4 plan coordinate execute marketing activities p...
```

```
[19]: #create bag of words COUNT with customized sklearn
'''{r}
bag of words (BoW) count is created using the CountVectorizer class
from the sklearn.feature_extraction.text module. The stop_words parameter
is set to the variable en_sw, which is a set of English stopwords from
the NLTK library. The tokenizer parameter is set to the word_tokenize
function from the nltk.tokenize module, which tokenizes the input text
into individual words.

An analyzer is built from the vectorizer using the build_analyzer
method of the CountVectorizer class.
A stem_analyzer function is defined which takes a document as input,
tokenizes it, and applies stemming to each token using the PorterStemmer
from the nltk.stem module. The function returns a list of stemmed tokens.

A new CountVectorizer object is created with the analyzer parameter set
to the stem_analyzer function. This vectorizer object is then fit
to the "points" column of the "jobs" dataset using the fit_transform
method, which creates a document-term matrix of word counts.
The toarray() method is then called on this matrix to convert it into a
2D NumPy array, and the feature names (i.e., the words) are extracted
using the get_feature_names() method of the vectorizer object.

The resulting BoW count matrix is stored in the variable freq_skl,
and the feature names are stored in feature_name.
'''

from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
vectorizer = CountVectorizer(stop_words=en_sw, tokenizer=word_tokenize)
analyzer = vectorizer.build_analyzer()

def stem_analyzer(doc):
    return [stemmer.stem(w) for w in analyzer(doc)]

stem_vectorizer = CountVectorizer(analyzer=stem_analyzer)
bow_skl = stem_vectorizer.fit_transform(cleaned_jobs["points"])
freq_skl = bow_skl.toarray()
feature_name = stem_vectorizer.get_feature_names_out()
```

```
[20]: # Explore the top words by counts
import numpy as np
word_name = feature_name
```

```
word_count = np.sum(freq_skl, axis=0)
index_sort = np.argsort(word_count)
top_index = index_sort[-50:]
top_word = [word_name[ind] for ind in top_index[::-1]]
print(top_word)
```

```
['work', 'experi', 'team', 'und', 'product', 'develop', 'commun', 'year',
'remot', 'skill', 'hour', 'abil', 'flexibl', 'project', 'understand', 'du',
'mit', 'support', 'onlin', 'design', 'applic', 'manag', 'base', 'environ',
'engin', 'custom', 'busi', 'time', 'media', 'compani', 'knowledg', 'familiar',
'english', 'new', 'code', 'use', 'job', 'schedul', 'process', 'strong',
'cultur', 'content', 'interview', 'tool', 'partner', 'build', 'task',
'profession', 'well', 'zu']
```

```
[22]: # Create bag of words TFIDF with customized sklearn
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer

tfidf_vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(analyzer=stem_analyzer)
tfidf_skl = tfidf_vectorizer.fit_transform(cleaned_jobs['points'])
tokens = tfidf_vectorizer.get_feature_names_out()
```

```
[23]: # Explore the top words by tfidf
import numpy as np
word_name = tokens
word_count = np.sum(tfidf_skl.toarray(), axis=0)
index_sort = np.argsort(word_count)
top_index = index_sort[-50:]
top_word = [word_name[ind] for ind in top_index[::-1]]
print(top_word)
```

```
['work', 'experi', 'team', 'commun', 'onlin', 'year', 'remot', 'skill',
'develop', 'product', 'base', 'hour', 'flexibl', 'media', 'abil', 'und',
'applic', 'cultur', 'project', 'news', 'familiar', 'support', 'task', 'map',
'english', 'environ', 'design', 'schedul', 'busi', 'understand', 'k', 'use',
'custom', 'du', 'salari', 'engin', 'social', 'profession', 'knowledg',
'countri', 'full', 'practic', 'initi', 'mit', 'earn', 'fit', 'time', 'week',
'independ', 'partner']
```

```
[ ]: #pip install spacy
#pip install --upgrade pydantic
```

```
[24]: import re

# Define lists of keywords for responsibilities, qualifications, and benefits
responsibilities_keywords = ["manage", "develop", "coordinate", "implement",
↵ "communicate", "analyze", "create", "design", "monitor", "improve"]
qualifications_keywords = ["degree", "experience", "knowledge", "skill"]
```

```

benefits_keywords = ["health", "insurance", "vacation", "paid", "time", "off",
↳ "flexible", "remote", "work", "life", "balance", "401k"]

# Define empty lists to store the extracted values
responsibilities_list = []
qualifications_list = []
benefits_list = []

points = cleaned_jobs['points']
for point in points:
    if not isinstance(point, str):
        responsibilities_list.append([])
        continue

    # Extract job responsibilities
    matches = re.findall(r"(?:" + "|".join(responsibilities_keywords) +
↳ r")\s+(\w+[\s\w]*)", point, re.IGNORECASE)
    responsibilities = [match.strip() for match in matches]
    responsibilities_list.append(responsibilities)

    # Extract job qualifications
    matches = re.findall(r"(?:" + "|".join(qualifications_keywords) +
↳ r")\s+(\w+[\s\w]*)", point, re.IGNORECASE)
    qualifications = [match.strip() for match in matches]
    qualifications_list.append(qualifications)

    # Extract job benefits
    matches = re.findall(r"(?:" + "|".join(benefits_keywords) +
↳ r")\s+(\w+[\s\w]*)", point, re.IGNORECASE)
    benefits = [match.strip() for match in matches]
    benefits_list.append(benefits)

# Add the new columns to the dataframe
cleaned_jobs["responsibilities"] = responsibilities_list
cleaned_jobs["qualifications"] = qualifications_list
cleaned_jobs["benefits"] = benefits_list

# Print the first few rows of the updated dataframe
#print(cleaned_jobs['benefits'].head(30))
#print(cleaned_jobs['responsibilities'].head(30))
#print(cleaned_jobs['qualifications'].head(30))

cleaned_jobs.head(30)

```

[24]:

	url	company_name \
0	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/activecampaign-e...	ActiveCampaign
1	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/betterup-marketi...	BetterUp

2	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/siege-media-digi...	Siege Media
3	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/gusto-head-of-pr...	Gusto
4	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/myfbaprep-partne...	MyFBAPrep
5	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/grafana-labs-mar...	Grafana Labs
6	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/help-scout-seo-s...	Help Scout
7	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/brex-content-des...	Brex
8	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/stripe-customer-...	Stripe
9	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/duckduckgo-senio...	DuckDuckGo
10	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/eyeo-brand-strat...	Eyeco
11	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/10up-senior-ux-d...	10up
12	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/brex-manager-pro...	Brex
13	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/kinsta-full-stac...	Kinsta
14	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/dropbox-internat...	Dropbox
15	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/general-assembly...	General Assembly
16	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/cloudflare-suppo...	Cloudflare
17	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/khan-academy-sen...	Khan Academy
18	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/boulevard-data-a...	Boulevard
19	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/shopify-data-sci...	Shopify
20	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/cb-insights-data...	CB Insights
21	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/octopus-deploy-a...	Octopus Deploy
22	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/nannyml-senior-d...	NannyML
23	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/graphcms-ecosyst...	GraphCMS
24	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/angellist-ventur...	Angellist
25	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/semaphore-releas...	Semaphore
26	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/okta-sr-quality-...	Okta
27	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/monzo-ios-engineer/	Monzo
28	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/grafana-labs-pla...	Grafana Labs
29	https://nodesk.co/remote-jobs/dropbox-software...	Dropbox

	job_title \
0	event marketing brand activation manager
1	marketing manager conversion optimization
2	digital pr specialist
3	head product marketing revenue
4	partner marketing manager
5	marketing analytics demand generation intern
6	seo specialist
7	content design
8	customer marketing manager
9	senior designer ad creative art direction
10	brand strategy lead
11	senior ux designer
12	manager product design
13	fullstack web designer
14	international internal communications manager
15	uxdi instructor lead
16	support project manager intern summer

17 senior data scientist analyst marketing
 18 data analyst
 19 data science manager emea
 20 data research associate
 21 account director bilingual
 22 senior data science writer
 23 ecosystem technology partner manager
 24 venture associate
 25 release engineer
 26 sr quality assurance engineer account services
 27 ios engineer
 28 platform engineering intern program
 29 software development engineer intern test summer

	company_info	country \
0	grow business customer experience automation	US
1	reworking work	US
2	brands trust us deliver bestinclass content tr...	US
3	allinone people platform payroll benefits hr	US
4	make logistics competitive advantage	Remote-First
5	composable open source observability platform	US
6	simple customer service software education	US
7	financial os next generation business	US
8	online payment processing internet businesses	US
9	smarter search without tracking	Remote-First
10	develops open source software makers adblockplus	Remote-First
11	finely crafted websites content tools	Remote-First
12	financial os next generation business	US
13	application hosting database hosting managed w...	Remote-First
14	keep life organised work moving one place	Ireland
15	leading source training staffing career transi...	US
16	web performance security company	US
17	learn anything free everyone forever	Canada
18	software selfcare	US
19	best ecommerce platform made	EMEA
20	build software predicts technology trends	US
21	automated deployment release management tool	Germany
22	monitor decisions taken ai ensuring always add...	Remote-First
23	join graphcms building cuttingedge content man...	Remote-First
24	world meets startups	Remote-First
25	best cicd solution highperformance engineering...	EMEA
26	identity company stands trust	US
27	bank lives phone mission make money work everyone	US
28	composable open source observability platform	EMEA
29	keep life organised work moving one place	US

job_type industries salary \

0	Internship	Marketing	0
1	Full-Time	Marketing	0
2	Full-Time	Marketing	\$60K - \$69K
3	Full-Time	Marketing	0
4	Contract	Marketing	0
5	Internship	Marketing	0
6	Full-Time	Marketing	\$99K - \$107K
7	Full-Time	Design	0
8	Full-Time	Marketing	0
9	Full-Time	Design	0
10	Full-Time	Marketing	0
11	Full-Time	Design	0
12	Full-Time	Design	0
13	Full-Time	Design	0
14	Not specified	Marketing	0
15	Full-Time	Other	0
16	Internship	Operations	0
17	US	Other	0
18	Full-Time	Other	0
19	Full-Time	Other	0
20	Full-Time	Other	0
21	Not specified	Sales	0
22	Full-Time	Other	0
23	Full-Time	Other	0
24	Full-Time	Other	0
25	Latin America	Engineering	0
26	Full-Time	Engineering	0
27	Full-Time	Engineering	0
28	Internship	Engineering	0
29	Internship	Engineering	0

	skills \
0	event marketing nontech
1	marketing manager nontech
2	nontech public relations
3	marketing manager nontech product product mark...
4	comarketing marketing manager nontech partners...
5	entrylevel nontech
6	nontech seo
7	content designer
8	marketing manager nontech
9	designer
10	brand marketing nontech
11	ux designer
12	product product designer
13	web designer
14	communications nontech

15 instructor ux designer
 16 entrylevel project manager
 17 data data scientist nonprofit
 18 data
 19 data scientist
 20 data finance research
 21 account manager nontech
 22 content writer data data scientist technical w...
 23 account manager business development partner m...
 24 finance nontech venture capital
 25 aws cloud engineer google cloud kubernetes linux
 26 engineer qa
 27 engineer ios mobile developer swift
 28 backend engineer engineer entrylevel
 29 engineer entrylevel test engineer

points \

0
 1
 2
 3
 4 plan coordinate execute marketing activities p...
 5
 6
 7
 8
 9
 10
 11
 12
 13
 14
 15
 16
 17
 18
 19
 20
 21
 22 work closely founders research product teams s...
 23 customercentric goaldriven believe innovation ...
 24
 25 charge testing release process collaborate clo...
 26
 27
 28
 29

	responsibilities \
0	[]
1	[]
2	[]
3	[]
4	[execute marketing activities partners manage ...
5	[]
6	[]
7	[]
8	[]
9	[]
10	[]
11	[]
12	[]
13	[]
14	[]
15	[]
16	[]
17	[]
18	[]
19	[]
20	[]
21	[]
22	[interactive visualizations code ensure nannym...
23	[recommend products solutions establishing mut...
24	[]
25	[support hosting solutions maintain release do...
26	[]
27	[]
28	[]
29	[]

	qualifications \
0	[]
1	[]
2	[]
3	[]
4	[]
5	[]
6	[]
7	[]
8	[]
9	[]
10	[]
11	[]
12	[]

13		[]
14		[]
15		[]
16		[]
17		[]
18		[]
19		[]
20		[]
21		[]
22	[developing productionready ml algorithms pyth...	
23	[building relationships partner customer teams...	
24		[]
25	[experience shipping onpremises enterprise sof...	
26		[]
27		[]
28		[]
29		[]

	benefits	
0		[]
1		[]
2		[]
3		[]
4	[timezones]	
5		[]
6		[]
7		[]
8		[]
9		[]
10		[]
11		[]
12		[]
13		[]
14		[]
15		[]
16		[]
17		[]
18		[]
19		[]
20		[]
21		[]
22	[closely founders research product teams shape...	
23	[together responsibility accountability owners...	
24		[]
25	[people love healthy hour work week friendly s...	
26		[]
27		[]

28
29

[]
[]

```
[29]: '''{r}
- plot the top words by industry and topic
'''

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
from sklearn.decomposition import LatentDirichletAllocation

# Define CountVectorizer with desired parameters
cv = CountVectorizer(stop_words='english', max_df=0.95, min_df=2,
    ↪ngram_range=(1,2))

# Set the color for the plot
color = "#FFB6C1"

# Loop through each industry and find the top topics in their job titles
for industry in cleaned_jobs['industries'].unique():
    # Filter the jobs dataframe for the current industry
    industry_jobs = cleaned_jobs[cleaned_jobs['industries'] == industry]
    # Fit the vectorizer to the 'job_title' column of the industry jobs
    cv.fit(industry_jobs['job_title'])

    # Transform the 'job_title' column into a document-term matrix
    dtm = cv.transform(industry_jobs['job_title'])

    # Create an LDA object with the desired number of topics
    num_topics = 1
    lda_model = LatentDirichletAllocation(n_components=num_topics,
    ↪random_state=42)

    # Fit the model to the document-term matrix
    lda_model.fit(dtm)

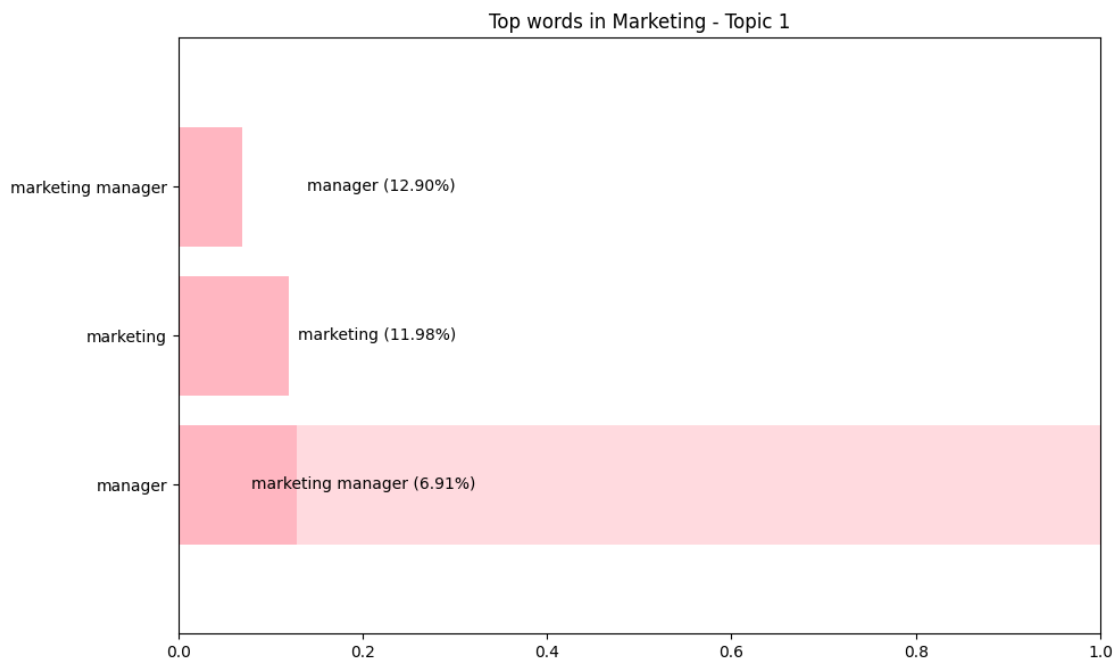
    # Define a function to display the top words from each topic
    def display_topics(model, feature_names, num_top_words):
        top_words_list = []
        for topic_idx, topic in enumerate(model.components_):
            top_keywords = [(feature_names[i], topic[i]/np.sum(topic)) for i in
    ↪topic.argsort()[::-num_top_words - 1:-1]]
            top_words_list.append(top_keywords)
        return top_words_list

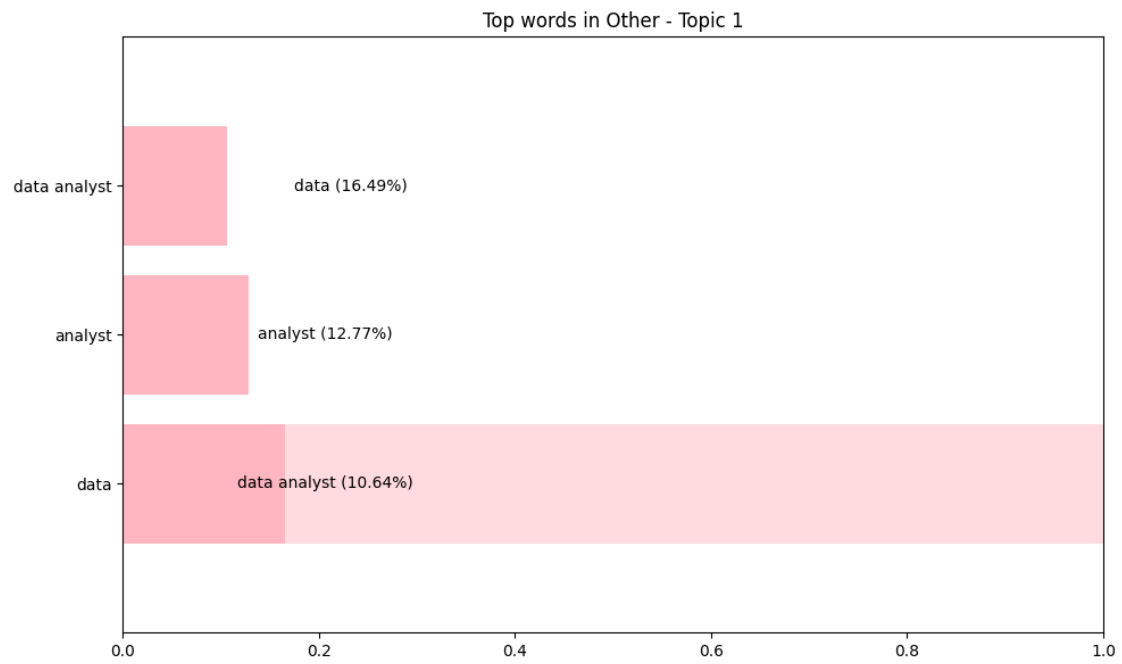
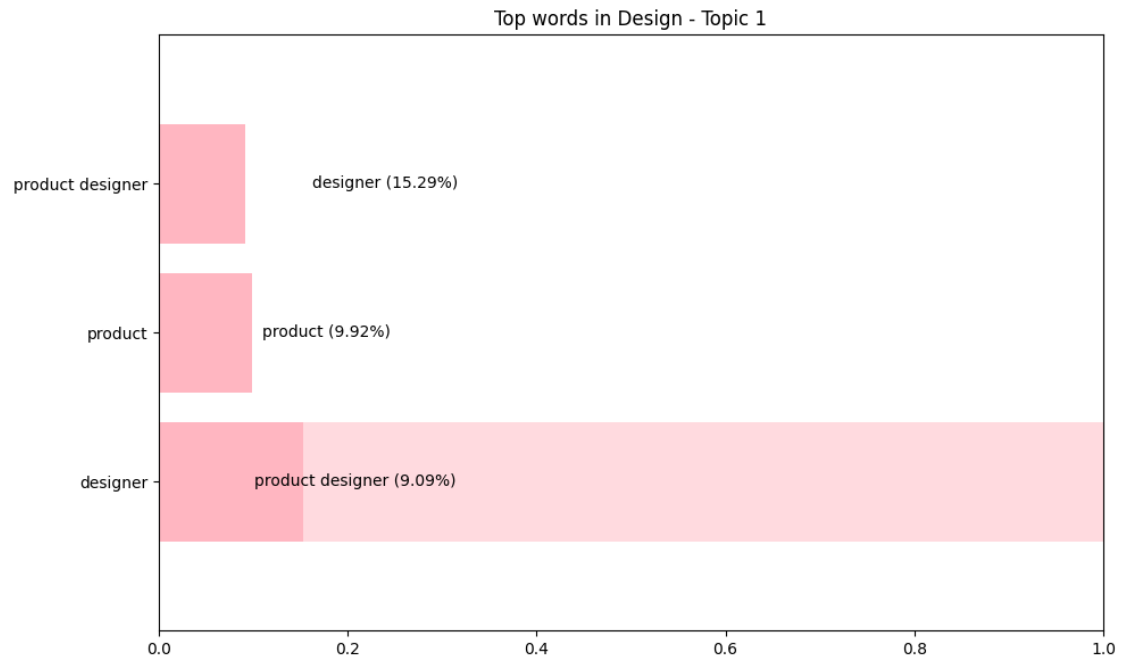
    # Get the top topics and their associated words for the industry
    top_words = display_topics(lda_model, cv.get_feature_names_out(), 3)
```

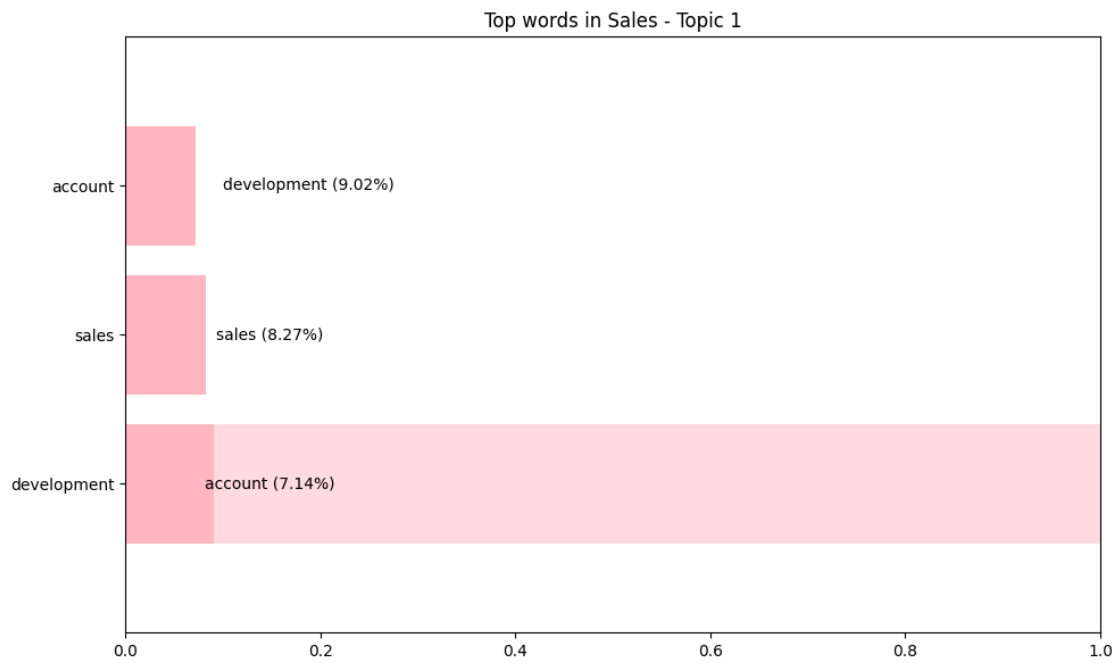
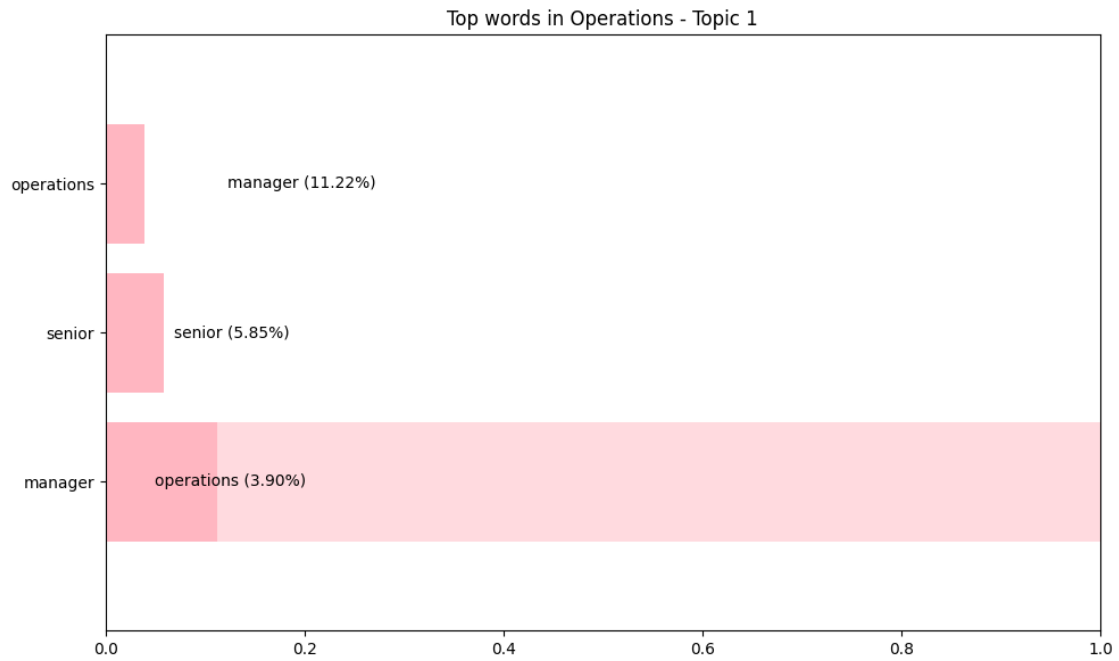
```

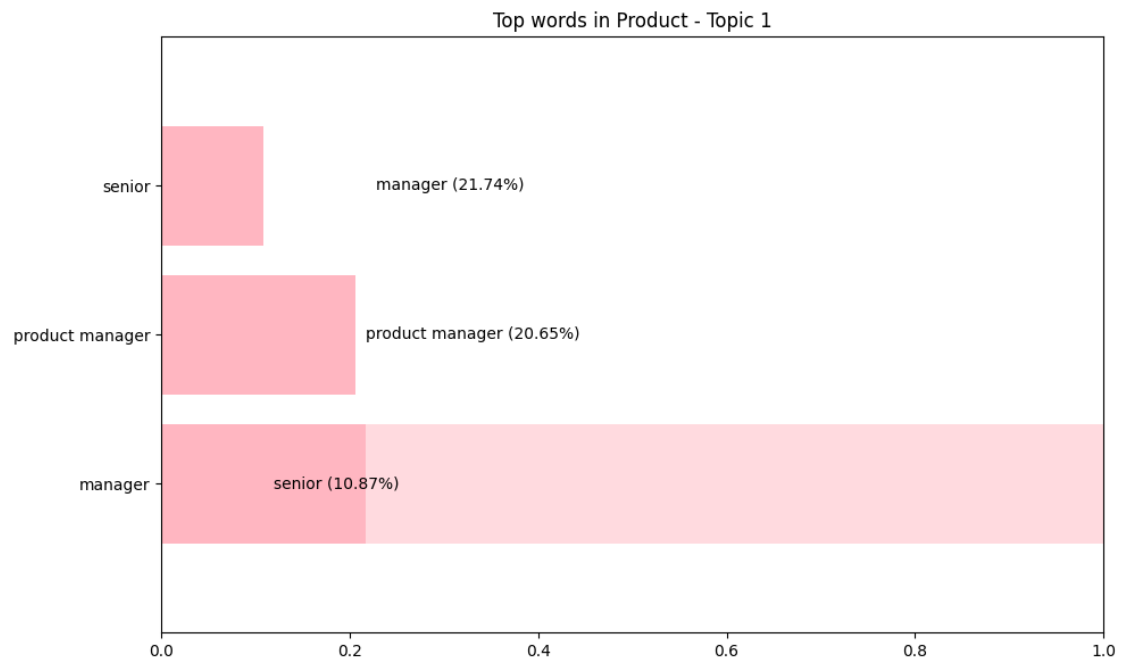
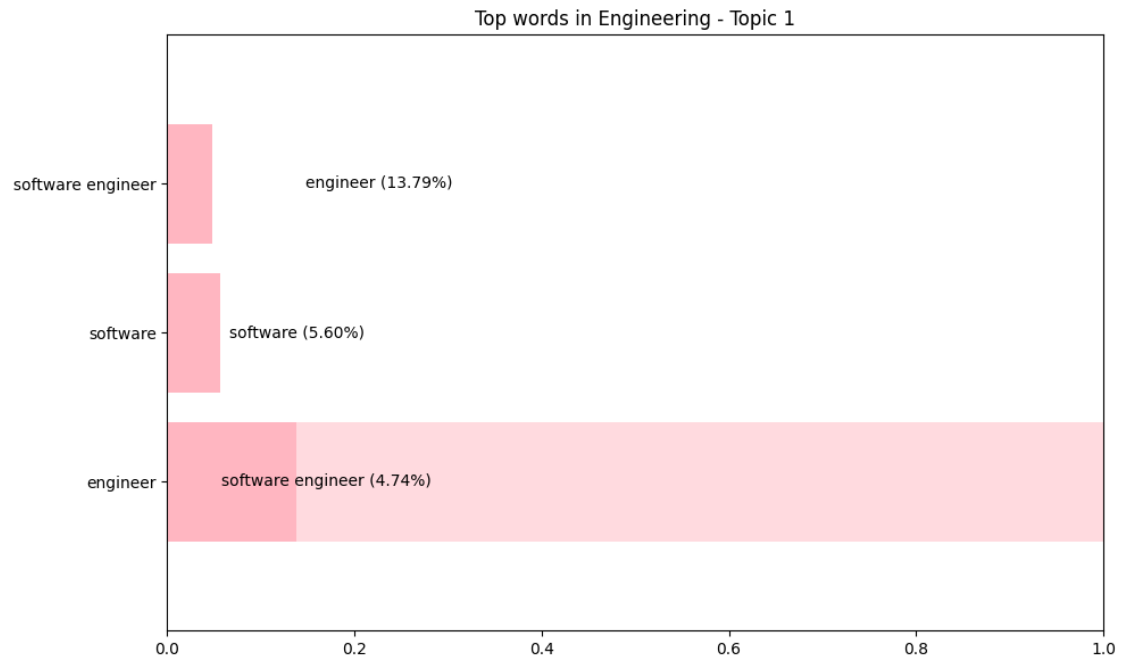
# Create a bar chart for each topic
plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
for topic_idx, topic_words in enumerate(top_words):
    plt.barh([f"Topic {topic_idx+1}"], [1], color=color, alpha=0.5)
    y_pos = np.arange(len(topic_words))[:-1]
    x_pos = [word_prob[1] for word_prob in topic_words][::-1]
    plt.barh(y_pos, x_pos, color=color)
    for i, (word, prob) in enumerate(topic_words):
        plt.text(prob+0.01, y_pos[i], f"{word} ({prob:.2%})", va="center")
    plt.xlim([0, 1])
    plt.ylim([-1, len(topic_words)])
    plt.yticks(range(len(topic_words)), [word for word, prob in
↪topic_words])
    plt.title(f"Top words in {industry} - Topic {topic_idx+1}")
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.show()

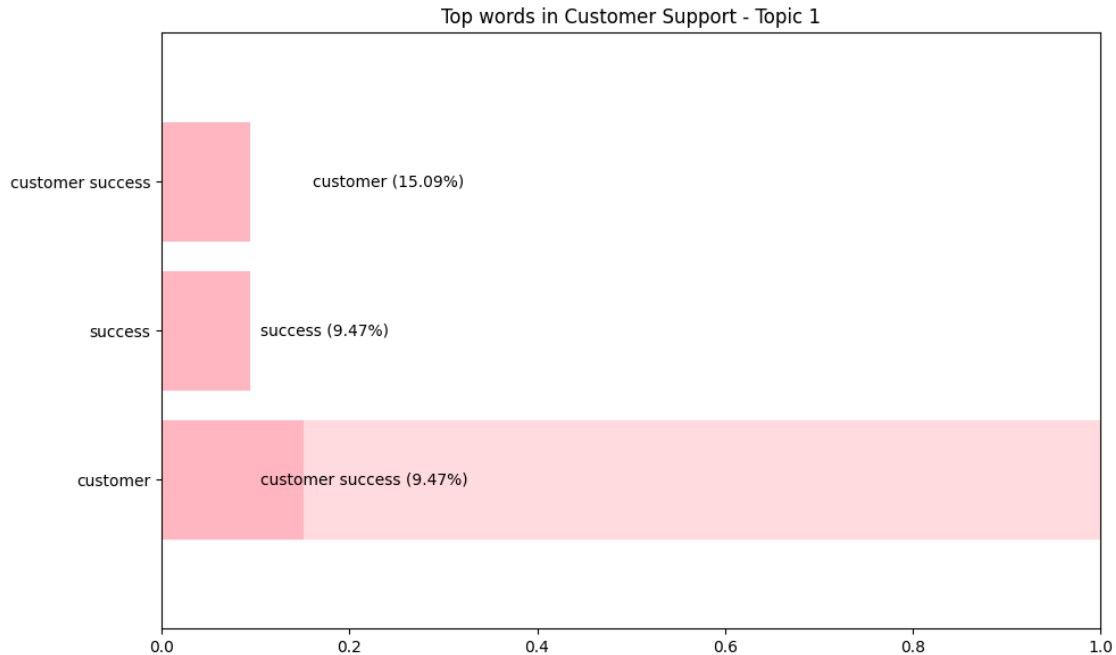
```











```
[32]: from datasets import load_dataset
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

# Split the labeled data into train and test sets
train_data, test_data = train_test_split(cleaned_ssoc, test_size=0.2,
    random_state=42)
print(train_data)
print(test_data)

# Save the training set and testing set to separate CSV files
train_data.to_csv('train_dataset.csv', index=False)
test_data.to_csv('test_dataset.csv', index=False)
```

```
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-
packages/tqdm/auto.py:21: TqdmWarning: IProgress not found. Please update
jupyter and ipywidgets. See
https://ipywidgets.readthedocs.io/en/stable/user_install.html
from .autonotebook import tqdm as notebook_tqdm
```

```
SSOC 2020 job_title
664 13420 health services manager
4367 33313 freight inspectorincoming quality inspector fr...
```

4161	32400	veterinary assistant
208	12193	operations directorgeneral manager sfwenvironm...
5318	51112	air hostess aircrew
...
5734	54130	prison warden
5191	43141	coding clerk
5390	51311	fb executive
860	14121	food services store manager
7270	81420	plastics laminator

[6705 rows x 2 columns]

	SSOC 2020	job_title
2865	26120	adjudicator
8173	93332	truck loader
5933	71120	bricklayer construction
4857	36100	nursery school teacher
6857	75390	fabrics repairer
...
1129	21311	biomedical nanotechnology research scientist
7160	81251	sheet metal spinner
6395	73130	jewel setter
5720	54121	police constable
3139	26521	flutist

[1677 rows x 2 columns]

```
[35]: #trying for fun
from gensim.models import Word2Vec, KeyedVectors

# Tokenize the job_title column
data = [row.split(' ') for row in cleaned_ssoc['job_title']]

# Train a Word2Vec model on the tokenized job_title column
model = Word2Vec(data, min_count=3, vector_size=100, workers=3, window=5, sg=1,
    epochs=100)

# Save the trained word vectors to a file
model.wv.save_word2vec_format('vectors.kv', binary=True)

# Load the trained word vectors from the file
word_vectors = KeyedVectors.load_word2vec_format('vectors.kv', binary=True)

# Get the list of words in the vocabulary
words = list(word_vectors.index_to_key)

# Print the list of words
#print(words)
```

```

# Explore relationships between words
word1 = 'analyst'
word2 = 'machine'
print(f"Similarity between '{word1}' and '{word2}': {word_vectors.
    ↪similarity(word1, word2)}")

# Map new words to the vector space
new_word = 'programming'
print(f"Vector representation of '{new_word}': {word_vectors[new_word]}")

```

```

Similarity between 'analyst' and 'machine': 0.17255747318267822
Vector representation of 'programming': [-0.61112374 -0.05657014  0.22469619
0.28364      -0.44403413 -0.289874
-0.34934992  0.5734066  -0.06208234 -0.43059972  0.06194444 -0.5441969
-0.17961998 -0.20258233  0.0128432  0.03245772  0.02500661 -0.54600245
 0.3759271  -0.36747542  0.73641825 -0.318087   0.22887765  0.03946764
-0.4210757   0.68849945 -0.63713306  0.02472589  0.18615648  0.26614985
-0.12027439  0.19654961  0.45121232 -0.813081   -0.04206379  0.61168796
 0.10973629 -0.05091398 -0.07452362 -0.22194774  0.14084585 -0.32045656
 0.3522506   0.160962   -0.00569785 -0.09806851 -0.27507904  0.02199258
 0.19263768  0.1491626  -0.5785498   0.15970841  0.69931954  0.5721956
 0.26628387 -0.1486726  -0.166907   0.47890863 -0.21747401  0.22871628
 0.00463984  0.26408875  0.5623532   0.39671814 -0.5362544   0.13415706
 0.18390684  0.3632501   0.17562474  0.39739686 -0.3902734  -0.0096298
-0.07587623 -0.00961866  0.15085302  0.09576426  0.15380363  0.23961432
 0.03866796 -0.29133603 -0.33881772 -0.04829717 -0.02509066  0.31236476
-0.3090384  -0.04044955 -0.12887569 -0.356607   0.52258706 -0.18679208
 0.28844693 -0.1504067  -0.138986   0.27622804  0.52003896 -0.12552471
-0.451733   -0.49155277 -0.52762836 -0.29303637]

```

```

[36]: from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer, TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB
from sklearn.svm import LinearSVC
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, precision_score, recall_score, ↪
    ↪f1_score
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.model_selection import StratifiedKFold

# Split the labeled data into train and test sets
train_data, test_data = train_test_split(cleaned_ssoc, test_size=0.2, ↪
    ↪random_state=42)

# Define the models to use

```

```

models = [
    ('Naive Bayes with CountVectorizer', MultinomialNB(), CountVectorizer(),
     ↪{'alpha': [0.1, 0.5, 1.0]}),
    ('Naive Bayes with TfidfVectorizer', MultinomialNB(), TfidfVectorizer(),
     ↪{'alpha': [0.1, 0.5, 1.0]}),
    ('Decision Tree with CountVectorizer', DecisionTreeClassifier(),
     ↪CountVectorizer(), {'max_depth': [None, 10, 50, 100]}),
    ('Decision Tree with TfidfVectorizer', DecisionTreeClassifier(),
     ↪TfidfVectorizer(), {'max_depth': [None, 10, 50, 100]}),
    ('Random Forest with CountVectorizer', RandomForestClassifier(),
     ↪CountVectorizer(), {'n_estimators': [50, 100, 200], 'max_depth': [None, 10,
     ↪50, 100]}),
    ('Random Forest with TfidfVectorizer', RandomForestClassifier(),
     ↪TfidfVectorizer(), {'n_estimators': [50, 100, 200], 'max_depth': [None, 10,
     ↪50, 100]}),
    ('SVM with CountVectorizer', LinearSVC(), CountVectorizer(), {'C': [0.1, 1,
     ↪10]}),
    ('SVM with TfidfVectorizer', LinearSVC(), TfidfVectorizer(), {'C': [0.1, 1,
     ↪10]})
]

# Define the cross-validation strategy
cv = StratifiedKFold(n_splits=5, shuffle=True, random_state=42)

# Loop through each model, fit the data and evaluate the performance using
↪cross-validation
for name, model, vectorizer, params in models:
    # Fit the vectorizer to the training data
    train_vectors = vectorizer.fit_transform(train_data['job_title'])

    # Perform grid search cross-validation to find the best hyperparameters
    clf = GridSearchCV(model, params, cv=cv)
    clf.fit(train_vectors, train_data['SSOC 2020'])

    # Make predictions on the test data using the best model found
    test_vectors = vectorizer.transform(test_data['job_title'])
    y_pred = clf.predict(test_vectors)

    # Evaluate the model performance
    accuracy = accuracy_score(test_data['SSOC 2020'], y_pred)
    precision = precision_score(test_data['SSOC 2020'], y_pred,
    ↪average='weighted', zero_division=1)
    recall = recall_score(test_data['SSOC 2020'], y_pred, average='weighted',
    ↪zero_division=1)
    f1 = f1_score(test_data['SSOC 2020'], y_pred, average='weighted')

```

```

# Print the performance metrics for the current model
print(f"Model: {name}")
print(f"Best Parameters: {clf.best_params_}")
print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy}")
print(f"Precision: {precision}")
print(f"Recall: {recall}")
print(f"F1 Score: {f1}")
print("\n")

```

```

/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-
packages/sklearn/model_selection/_split.py:737: UserWarning: The least populated
class in y has only 1 members, which is less than n_splits=5.

```

```
warnings.warn(
```

```

Model: Naive Bayes with CountVectorizer
Best Parameters: {'alpha': 0.1}
Accuracy: 0.43410852713178294
Precision: 0.7458299924363061
Recall: 0.43410852713178294
F1 Score: 0.39082156629150555

```

```

/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-
packages/sklearn/model_selection/_split.py:737: UserWarning: The least populated
class in y has only 1 members, which is less than n_splits=5.

```

```
warnings.warn(
```

```

Model: Naive Bayes with TfidfVectorizer
Best Parameters: {'alpha': 0.1}
Accuracy: 0.40429338103756707
Precision: 0.7502641279334091
Recall: 0.40429338103756707
F1 Score: 0.3533154614893246

```

```

/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-
packages/sklearn/model_selection/_split.py:737: UserWarning: The least populated
class in y has only 1 members, which is less than n_splits=5.

```

```
warnings.warn(
```

```

Model: Decision Tree with CountVectorizer
Best Parameters: {'max_depth': None}
Accuracy: 0.4108527131782946
Precision: 0.7238777214882429
Recall: 0.4108527131782946
F1 Score: 0.40946753481195153

```

```
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-  
packages/sklearn/model_selection/_split.py:737: UserWarning: The least populated  
class in y has only 1 members, which is less than n_splits=5.
```

```
warnings.warn(
```

```
Model: Decision Tree with TfidfVectorizer
```

```
Best Parameters: {'max_depth': None}
```

```
Accuracy: 0.358974358974359
```

```
Precision: 0.6566175579164613
```

```
Recall: 0.358974358974359
```

```
F1 Score: 0.36547730386508254
```

```
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-  
packages/sklearn/model_selection/_split.py:737: UserWarning: The least populated  
class in y has only 1 members, which is less than n_splits=5.
```

```
warnings.warn(
```

```
Model: Random Forest with CountVectorizer
```

```
Best Parameters: {'max_depth': None, 'n_estimators': 200}
```

```
Accuracy: 0.5002981514609421
```

```
Precision: 0.7438874422013969
```

```
Recall: 0.5002981514609421
```

```
F1 Score: 0.49364141871061884
```

```
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-  
packages/sklearn/model_selection/_split.py:737: UserWarning: The least populated  
class in y has only 1 members, which is less than n_splits=5.
```

```
warnings.warn(
```

```
Model: Random Forest with TfidfVectorizer
```

```
Best Parameters: {'max_depth': None, 'n_estimators': 100}
```

```
Accuracy: 0.456768038163387
```

```
Precision: 0.6948528592137229
```

```
Recall: 0.456768038163387
```

```
F1 Score: 0.4496128619510709
```

```
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-  
packages/sklearn/model_selection/_split.py:737: UserWarning: The least populated  
class in y has only 1 members, which is less than n_splits=5.
```

```
warnings.warn(
```

```
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-  
packages/sklearn/svm/_classes.py:32: FutureWarning: The default value of `dual`  
will change from `True` to `auto` in 1.5. Set the value of `dual` explicitly  
to suppress the warning.
```

```
warnings.warn(
```


Model: SVM with CountVectorizer
Best Parameters: {'C': 1}
Accuracy: 0.5497912939773405
Precision: 0.7539879728699048
Recall: 0.5497912939773405
F1 Score: 0.5407857802791008

```
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-  
packages/sklearn/model_selection/_split.py:737: UserWarning: The least populated  
class in y has only 1 members, which is less than n_splits=5.
```

```
warnings.warn(  

```

```
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-  
packages/sklearn/svm/_classes.py:32: FutureWarning: The default value of `dual`  
will change from `True` to `auto` in 1.5. Set the value of `dual` explicitly  
to suppress the warning.
```

```
warnings.warn(  

```

```
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-  
packages/sklearn/svm/_classes.py:32: FutureWarning: The default value of `dual`  
will change from `True` to `auto` in 1.5. Set the value of `dual` explicitly  
to suppress the warning.
```

```
warnings.warn(  

```

```
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-  
packages/sklearn/svm/_classes.py:32: FutureWarning: The default value of `dual`  
will change from `True` to `auto` in 1.5. Set the value of `dual` explicitly  
to suppress the warning.
```

```
warnings.warn(  

```

```
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-  
packages/sklearn/svm/_classes.py:32: FutureWarning: The default value of `dual`  
will change from `True` to `auto` in 1.5. Set the value of `dual` explicitly  
to suppress the warning.
```

```
warnings.warn(  

```

```
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-  
packages/sklearn/svm/_classes.py:32: FutureWarning: The default value of `dual`  
will change from `True` to `auto` in 1.5. Set the value of `dual` explicitly  
to suppress the warning.
```

```
warnings.warn(  

```

```
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-  
packages/sklearn/svm/_classes.py:32: FutureWarning: The default value of `dual`  
will change from `True` to `auto` in 1.5. Set the value of `dual` explicitly  
to suppress the warning.
```

```
warnings.warn(  

```

```
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-  
packages/sklearn/svm/_classes.py:32: FutureWarning: The default value of `dual`  
will change from `True` to `auto` in 1.5. Set the value of `dual` explicitly  
to suppress the warning.
```

```
warnings.warn(  

```

```
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-  
packages/sklearn/svm/_classes.py:32: FutureWarning: The default value of `dual`  
will change from `True` to `'auto'` in 1.5. Set the value of `dual` explicitly  
to suppress the warning.
```

```
warnings.warn(  
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-  
packages/sklearn/svm/_classes.py:32: FutureWarning: The default value of `dual`  
will change from `True` to `'auto'` in 1.5. Set the value of `dual` explicitly  
to suppress the warning.
```

```
warnings.warn(  
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-  
packages/sklearn/svm/_classes.py:32: FutureWarning: The default value of `dual`  
will change from `True` to `'auto'` in 1.5. Set the value of `dual` explicitly  
to suppress the warning.
```

```
warnings.warn(  
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-  
packages/sklearn/svm/_classes.py:32: FutureWarning: The default value of `dual`  
will change from `True` to `'auto'` in 1.5. Set the value of `dual` explicitly  
to suppress the warning.
```

```
warnings.warn(  
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-  
packages/sklearn/svm/_classes.py:32: FutureWarning: The default value of `dual`  
will change from `True` to `'auto'` in 1.5. Set the value of `dual` explicitly  
to suppress the warning.
```

```
warnings.warn(  
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-  
packages/sklearn/svm/_classes.py:32: FutureWarning: The default value of `dual`  
will change from `True` to `'auto'` in 1.5. Set the value of `dual` explicitly  
to suppress the warning.
```

```
warnings.warn(  
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-  
packages/sklearn/svm/_classes.py:32: FutureWarning: The default value of `dual`  
will change from `True` to `'auto'` in 1.5. Set the value of `dual` explicitly  
to suppress the warning.
```

```
warnings.warn(  
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-  
packages/sklearn/svm/_classes.py:32: FutureWarning: The default value of `dual`  
will change from `True` to `'auto'` in 1.5. Set the value of `dual` explicitly  
to suppress the warning.
```

```
warnings.warn(  
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-  
packages/sklearn/svm/_classes.py:32: FutureWarning: The default value of `dual`  
will change from `True` to `'auto'` in 1.5. Set the value of `dual` explicitly  
to suppress the warning.
```

```
warnings.warn(  

```

Model: SVM with TfidfVectorizer

Best Parameters: {'C': 10}

Accuracy: 0.5414430530709601
Precision: 0.7408800177494274
Recall: 0.5414430530709601
F1 Score: 0.53372106338198

```
[38]: from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer, TfidfVectorizer
      from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB
      from sklearn.svm import LinearSVC
      from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
      from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, precision_score, recall_score, f1_score
      from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier

      # Split the labeled data into train and test sets
      train_data, test_data = train_test_split(cleaned_ssoc, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)

      # Define the models to use
      models = [
          ('Naive Bayes with CountVectorizer', MultinomialNB(), CountVectorizer()),
          ('Naive Bayes with TfidfVectorizer', MultinomialNB(), TfidfVectorizer()),
          ('Decision Tree with CountVectorizer', DecisionTreeClassifier(), CountVectorizer()),
          ('Decision Tree with TfidfVectorizer', DecisionTreeClassifier(), TfidfVectorizer()),
          ('Random Forest with CountVectorizer', RandomForestClassifier(), CountVectorizer()),
          ('Random Forest with TfidfVectorizer', RandomForestClassifier(), TfidfVectorizer()),
          ('SVM with CountVectorizer', LinearSVC(), CountVectorizer()),
          ('SVM with TfidfVectorizer', LinearSVC(), TfidfVectorizer())
      ]

      # Loop through each model, fit the data and evaluate the performance
      for name, model, vectorizer in models:
          # Fit the vectorizer to the training data
          train_vectors = vectorizer.fit_transform(train_data['job_title'])

          # Transform the test data using the same vectorizer
          test_vectors = vectorizer.transform(test_data['job_title'])

          # Fit the model to the training data
          model.fit(train_vectors, train_data['SSOC 2020'])

          # Make predictions on the test data
```

```

y_pred = model.predict(test_vectors)

# Evaluate the model performance
accuracy = accuracy_score(test_data['SSOC 2020'], y_pred)
precision = precision_score(test_data['SSOC 2020'], y_pred,
↪average='weighted', zero_division=1)
recall = recall_score(test_data['SSOC 2020'], y_pred, average='weighted',
↪zero_division=1)
f1 = f1_score(test_data['SSOC 2020'], y_pred, average='weighted')

# Print the performance metrics for the current model
print(f"Model: {name}")
print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy}")
print(f"Precision: {precision}")
print(f"Recall: {recall}")
print(f"F1 Score: {f1}")
print("\n")

```

Model: Naive Bayes with CountVectorizer
Accuracy: 0.28920691711389385
Precision: 0.7843289167817011
Recall: 0.28920691711389385
F1 Score: 0.24138009699461668

Model: Naive Bayes with TfidfVectorizer
Accuracy: 0.18604651162790697
Precision: 0.8663963113370651
Recall: 0.18604651162790697
F1 Score: 0.15322777820328284

Model: Decision Tree with CountVectorizer
Accuracy: 0.41741204531902204
Precision: 0.729854590179532
Recall: 0.41741204531902204
F1 Score: 0.41909465757128905

Model: Decision Tree with TfidfVectorizer
Accuracy: 0.3595706618962433
Precision: 0.674915795630009
Recall: 0.3595706618962433
F1 Score: 0.3674359338626936

Model: Random Forest with CountVectorizer
Accuracy: 0.48300536672629696
Precision: 0.7317805657735863
Recall: 0.48300536672629696
F1 Score: 0.4775837294056962

Model: Random Forest with TfidfVectorizer
Accuracy: 0.4537865235539654
Precision: 0.6898007657344256
Recall: 0.4537865235539654
F1 Score: 0.4514382096781464

```
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-  
packages/sklearn/svm/_classes.py:32: FutureWarning: The default value of `dual`  
will change from `True` to `'auto'` in 1.5. Set the value of `dual` explicitly  
to suppress the warning.
```

```
warnings.warn(
```

Model: SVM with CountVectorizer
Accuracy: 0.5497912939773405
Precision: 0.7539879728699048
Recall: 0.5497912939773405
F1 Score: 0.5407857802791008

```
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-  
packages/sklearn/svm/_classes.py:32: FutureWarning: The default value of `dual`  
will change from `True` to `'auto'` in 1.5. Set the value of `dual` explicitly  
to suppress the warning.
```

```
warnings.warn(
```

Model: SVM with TfidfVectorizer
Accuracy: 0.5235539654144306
Precision: 0.7296693620046573
Recall: 0.5235539654144306
F1 Score: 0.50894700187864

```
[39]: #tried hyperparameter tuning for svm model but only slight diff to SVM with  
      ↪TfidfVectorizer  
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline  
from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV  
  
# Split the labeled data into train and test sets
```

```

train_data, test_data = train_test_split(cleaned_ssoc, test_size=0.2,
    ↪random_state=42)

# Define the models to use
models = [
    ('Naive Bayes with CountVectorizer', MultinomialNB(), CountVectorizer(),
    ↪{}),
    ('Naive Bayes with TfidfVectorizer', MultinomialNB(), TfidfVectorizer(),
    ↪{}),
    ('SVM with CountVectorizer', LinearSVC(), CountVectorizer(), {'model__C':
    ↪[0.1, 1, 10]}),
    ('SVM with TfidfVectorizer', LinearSVC(), TfidfVectorizer(), {'model__C':
    ↪[0.1, 1, 10]})
]

# Loop through each model, fit the data and evaluate the performance
for name, model, vectorizer, param_grid in models:
    # Create a pipeline with the vectorizer and model
    pipeline = Pipeline([
        ('vectorizer', vectorizer),
        ('model', model)
    ])

    # Perform grid search with cross-validation to find the best hyperparameters
    grid_search = GridSearchCV(pipeline, param_grid=param_grid, cv=5)
    grid_search.fit(train_data['job_title'], train_data['SSOC 2020'])

    # Make predictions on the test data
    y_pred = grid_search.predict(test_data['job_title'])

    # Evaluate the model performance
    accuracy = accuracy_score(test_data['SSOC 2020'], y_pred)
    precision = precision_score(test_data['SSOC 2020'], y_pred,
    ↪average='weighted', zero_division=1)
    recall = recall_score(test_data['SSOC 2020'], y_pred, average='weighted',
    ↪zero_division=1)
    f1 = f1_score(test_data['SSOC 2020'], y_pred, average='weighted')

    # Print the performance metrics for the current model
    print(f"Model: {name}")
    print(f"Best hyperparameters: {grid_search.best_params_}")
    print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy}")
    print(f"Precision: {precision}")
    print(f"Recall: {recall}")
    print(f"F1 Score: {f1}")
    print("\n")

```



```
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-  
packages/sklearn/model_selection/_split.py:737: UserWarning: The least populated  
class in y has only 1 members, which is less than n_splits=5.
```

```
warnings.warn(  

```

```
Model: Naive Bayes with CountVectorizer
```

```
Best hyperparameters: {}
```

```
Accuracy: 0.28920691711389385
```

```
Precision: 0.7843289167817011
```

```
Recall: 0.28920691711389385
```

```
F1 Score: 0.24138009699461668
```

```
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-  
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```

```
warnings.warn(  

```

```
Model: Naive Bayes with TfidfVectorizer
```

```
Best hyperparameters: {}
```

```
Accuracy: 0.18604651162790697
```

```
Precision: 0.8663963113370651
```

```
Recall: 0.18604651162790697
```

```
F1 Score: 0.15322777820328284
```

```
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-  
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Model: SVM with CountVectorizer
Best hyperparameters: {'model__C': 1}
Accuracy: 0.5497912939773405
Precision: 0.7539879728699048
Recall: 0.5497912939773405
F1 Score: 0.5407857802791008

```

```

/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.11/lib/python3.11/site-
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