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1  /*
2     Modbus slave example.
3
4     Control and Read Arduino I/Os using Modbus serial connection.
5
6     This sketch show how to use the callback vector for reading and
7     controleing Arduino I/Os.
8
9     * Control digital pins mode using holding registers 0 .. 13.
10    * Controls digital output pins as modbus coils.
11    * Reads digital inputs state as discreet inputs.
12    * Reads analog inputs as input registers.
13    * Write and Read EEPROM as holding registers.
14
15    The circuit: ( see: ./extras/ModbusSetch.pdf )
16    * An Arduino.
17    * 2 x LEDs, with 220 ohm resistors in series.
18    * A switch connected to a digital input pin.
19    * A potentiometer connected to an analog input pin.
20    * A RS485 module (Optional) connected to RX/TX and a digital control pin.
21
22    Created 8 12 2015
23    By Yaacov Zamir
24
25    https://github.com/yaacov/ArduinoModbusSlave
26
27  */
28
29  #include <EEPROM.h>
30  #include <ModbusSlave.h>
31
32  /* slave id = 1, control-pin = 8, baud = 9600
33     */
34  #define SLAVE_ID 1
35  #define CTRL_PIN 8
36  #define BAUDRATE 9600
37
38  #define PIN_MODE_INPUT 0
39  #define PIN_MODE_OUTPUT 1
40
41  /**
42   * Modbus object declaration.
43   */
44  Modbus slave(SLAVE_ID, CTRL_PIN);
45
46  void setup() {
47      uint16_t pinIndex;
48      uint16_t eepromValue;
49
50      /* set pins for mode.
51       */
52      for (pinIndex = 3; pinIndex < 14; pinIndex++) {
```

```
53     // get one 16bit register from eeprom
54     EEPROM.get(pinIndex * 2, eepromValue);
55
56     // use the register value to set pin mode.
57     switch (eepromValue) {
58         case PIN_MODE_INPUT:
59             pinMode(pinIndex, INPUT);
60             break;
61         case PIN_MODE_OUTPUT:
62             pinMode(pinIndex, OUTPUT);
63             break;
64     }
65 }
66
67 // RS485 control pin must be output
68 pinMode(CTRL_PIN, OUTPUT);
69
70 /* register handler functions.
71  * into the modbus slave callback vector.
72  */
73 slave.cbVector[CB_READ_COILS] = readDigital;
74 slave.cbVector[CB_READ_DISCRETE_INPUTS] = readDigital;
75 slave.cbVector[CB_WRITE_COILS] = writeDigitalOut;
76 slave.cbVector[CB_READ_INPUT_REGISTERS] = readAnalogIn;
77 slave.cbVector[CB_READ_HOLDING_REGISTERS] = readMemory;
78 slave.cbVector[CB_WRITE_HOLDING_REGISTERS] = writeMemory;
79
80 // set Serial and slave at baud 9600.
81 Serial.begin( BAUDRATE );
82 slave.begin( BAUDRATE );
83 }
84
85 void loop() {
86     /* listen for modbus commands con serial port.
87     *
88     * on a request, handle the request.
89     * if the request has a user handler function registered in cbVector.
90     * call the user handler function.
91     */
92     slave.poll();
93 }
94
95 /**
96  * Handel Read Input Status (FC=01/02)
97  * write back the values from digital pins (input status).
98  *
99  * handler functions must return void and take:
100  *     uint8_t fc - function code.
101  *     uint16_t address - first register/coil address.
102  *     uint16_t length/status - length of data / coil status.
103  */
104 uint8_t readDigital(uint8_t fc, uint16_t address, uint16_t length) {
```

```
105     // read digital input
106     for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {
107         // write one boolean (1 bit) to the response buffer.
108         slave.writeCoilToBuffer(i, digitalRead(address + i));
109     }
110
111     return STATUS_OK;
112 }
113
114 /**
115  * Handel Read Holding Registers (FC=03)
116  * write back the values from eeprom (holding registers).
117  */
118 uint8_t readMemory(uint8_t fc, uint16_t address, uint16_t length) {
119     uint16_t value;
120
121     // read program memory.
122     for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {
123         EEPROM.get((address + i) * 2, value);
124
125         // write uint16_t value to the response buffer.
126         slave.writeRegisterToBuffer(i, value);
127     }
128
129     return STATUS_OK;
130 }
131
132 /**
133  * Handel Read Input Registers (FC=04)
134  * write back the values from analog in pins (input registers).
135  */
136 uint8_t readAnalogIn(uint8_t fc, uint16_t address, uint16_t length) {
137     // read analog input
138     for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {
139         // write uint16_t value to the response buffer.
140         slave.writeRegisterToBuffer(i, analogRead(address + i));
141     }
142 }
143
144 /**
145  * Handle Force Single Coil (FC=05) and Force Multiple Coils (FC=15)
146  * set digital output pins (coils).
147  */
148 uint8_t writeDigitalOut(uint8_t fc, uint16_t address, uint16_t length) {
149     // set digital pin state(s).
150     for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {
151         digitalWrite(address + i, slave.readCoilFromBuffer(i));
152     }
153
154     return STATUS_OK;
155 }
156
```

```
157 /**
158  * Handle Write Holding Register(s) (FC=06, FC=16)
159  * write data into eeprom.
160  */
161 uint8_t writeMemory(uint8_t fc, uint16_t address, uint16_t length) {
162     uint16_t value;
163     uint16_t registerIndex;
164
165     // write to eeprom.
166     for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {
167         registerIndex = address + i;
168
169         // get uint16_t value from the request buffer.
170         value = slave.readRegisterFromBuffer(i);
171
172         EEPROM.put(registerIndex * 2, value);
173
174         /* if this register sets digital pins mode,
175          * set the digital pins mode.
176          */
177         if (registerIndex > 2 && registerIndex < 14 && registerIndex != CTRL_PIN) ➤
178         {
179             // use the register value to set pin mode.
180             switch (value) {
181                 case PIN_MODE_INPUT:
182                     pinMode(registerIndex, INPUT);
183                     break;
184                 case PIN_MODE_OUTPUT:
185                     pinMode(registerIndex, OUTPUT);
186                     break;
187             }
188         }
189     }
190     return STATUS_OK;
191 }
192
```