[Template:Pp-move](/wiki/Template:Pp-move" \o "Template:Pp-move) [Template:About](/wiki/Template:About) [Template:Use mdy dates](/wiki/Template:Use_mdy_dates) [Template:Infobox website](/wiki/Template:Infobox_website)

The **Internet Movie Database** (abbreviated **IMDb**) is an [online database](/wiki/Online_database) of information related to [films](/wiki/Film), [television programs](/wiki/Television_program) and [video games](/wiki/Video_game), including cast, production crew, fictional characters, biographies, plot summaries, trivia and reviews. Actors and crew can post their own résumé and upload photos of themselves for a yearly fee. U.S. users can view over 6,000 movies and television shows from CBS, Sony, and various independent filmmakers.

Launched in 1990 by professional computer programmer [Col Needham](/wiki/Col_Needham), the company was incorporated in the UK as Internet Movie Database Ltd in 1996 with revenue generated through advertising, licensing and partnerships. In 1998 it became a subsidiary of [Amazon.com](/wiki/Amazon.com), who were then able to use it as an advertising resource for selling DVDs and videotapes.

[Template:As of](/wiki/Template:As_of), IMDb has approximately 3.7 million titles (including episodes) and 7 million personalities in its database,[[1]](#cite_note-1) as well as 67 million registered users. It is ranked 53 in [Alexa](/wiki/Alexa_Internet) Top Global sites ranking.

The site enables registered users to submit new material and request edits to existing entries. Although all data is checked before going live, the system has been open to abuse and occasional errors are acknowledged. Users are also invited to rate any film on a scale of 1 to 10, and the totals are converted into a [weighted mean](/wiki/Weighted_arithmetic_mean)-rating that is displayed beside each title, with online filters employed to deter [ballot-stuffing](/wiki/Ballot-stuffing). The site also features message boards which stimulate regular debates among authenticated users.

## Contents

* 1 History[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=1)]
  + 1.1 History before website[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=2)]
  + 1.2 On the web[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=3)]
  + 1.3 As an independent company[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=4)]
  + 1.4 As Amazon.com subsidiary[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=5)]
* 2 Television episodes[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=6)]
* 3 Characters' filmography[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=7)]
* 4 Instant viewing[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=8)]
* 5 Content and format[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=9)]
  + 5.1 Data provided by subjects[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=10)]
  + 5.2 Copyright, vandalism and error issues[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=11)]
  + 5.3 Data format and access[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=12)]
  + 5.4 Film titles[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=13)]
* 6 Ancillary features[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=14)]
  + 6.1 User ratings of films[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=15)]
    - 6.1.1 Film rankings (IMDb Top 250)[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=16)]
  + 6.2 Fan activity[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=17)]
* 7 Litigation[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=18)]
* 8 See also[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=19)]
* 9 References[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=20)]
* 10 External links[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=21)]

## History[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=1)]

### History before website[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=2)]

[Template:Refimprove section](/wiki/Template:Refimprove_section) IMDb originated with a [Usenet](/wiki/Usenet) posting by British film fan and professional computer programmer [Col Needham](/wiki/Col_Needham) entitled "Those Eyes", about actresses with beautiful eyes. Others with similar interests soon responded with additions or different lists of their own. Needham subsequently started a (male) "Actors List", while Dave Knight began a "[Directors](/wiki/Film_director) List", and Andy Krieg took over "THE LIST" from Hank Driskill, which would later be renamed the "Actress List". Both lists had been restricted to people who were alive and working, but soon retired people were added, so Needham started what was then (but did not remain) a separate "Dead Actors/Actresses List". The goal of the participants now was to make the lists as inclusive as possible.

By late 1990, the lists included almost 10,000 movies and television series correlated with actors and actresses appearing therein. On October 17, 1990, Needham developed and posted a collection of [Unix](/wiki/Unix) [shell scripts](/wiki/Shell_script) which could be used to search the four lists, and thus the database that would become the IMDb was born.[[2]](#cite_note-2) At the time, it was known as the "rec.arts.movies movie database", but by 1993 had been moved out of the Usenet group as an independent website underwritten and controlled by Needham and personal followers. Other website users were invited to contribute data which they may have collected and verified, on a volunteer basis, which greatly increased the amount and types of data to be stored. Entire new sections were added.

As the site grew huge, full production crews, uncredited performers and other demographic data were added. Needham's group allowed some advertising to support ongoing operations of the site, including the hiring of full-time paid data managers. All the primary staff came (and still come) from the burgeoning computer industry and/or training schools and did not have extensive expertise in visual media.[Template:Citation needed](/wiki/Template:Citation_needed) In 1998, unable to secure sufficient funding from limited advertising, contributions and unable to raise support from the visual media industries or academia, Needham sold the IMDb site to Amazon.com, on condition that its operation would remain in the hands of Needham and his small cadre of managers, who soon were able to move into full-time paid staff positions.

### On the web[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=3)]

The database had been expanded to include additional categories of filmmakers and other demographic material, as well as trivia, biographies, and plot summaries. The movie ratings had been properly integrated with the list data and a centralized email interface for querying the database had been created by Alan Jay. Later in the year[Template:When](/wiki/Template:When) it moved onto the [World Wide Web](/wiki/World_Wide_Web) (a network in its infancy at that time) under the name of *Cardiff Internet Movie Database*.[[3]](#cite_note-3) The database resided on the servers of the computer science department of [Cardiff University](/wiki/Cardiff_University) in [Wales](/wiki/Wales). [Rob Hartill](/wiki/Rob_Hartill) was the original web interface author. In 1994 the email interface was revised to accept the submission of all information meaning that people no longer had to email the specific list maintainer with their updates. However, the structure remained that information received on a single film was divided among multiple section managers, the sections being defined and determined by categories of film personnel and the individual filmographies contained therein. Over the next few years, the database was run on a network of [mirrors](/wiki/Web_mirror) across the world with donated bandwidth.[Template:Citation needed](/wiki/Template:Citation_needed)

The website is [Perl](/wiki/Perl)-based.[[4]](#cite_note-4) As of May 2011, the site has been [filtered in China](/wiki/Internet_censorship_in_the_People's_Republic_of_China) for more than one year, although many users address it through [proxy server](/wiki/Proxy_server) or by [VPN](/wiki/VPN).[[5]](#cite_note-5) On October 17, 2010, IMDb launched original video (www.imdb.com/20) in celebration of its 20th anniversary.[[6]](#cite_note-6)

### As an independent company[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=4)]

In 1996 IMDb was incorporated in the United Kingdom, becoming the Internet Movie Database Ltd. Founder Col Needham became the primary owner as well as the figurehead. General revenue for site operations was generated through advertising, licensing and partnerships.[Template:Citation needed](/wiki/Template:Citation_needed)

### As Amazon.com subsidiary[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=5)]

In 1998, [Jeff Bezos](/wiki/Jeff_Bezos), founder, owner and CEO of Amazon.com, struck a deal with Col Needham and other principal shareholders to buy IMDb outright and attach it to Amazon as a subsidiary, private company.[[7]](#cite_note-7) This gave IMDb the ability to pay the shareholders salaries for their work, while Amazon.com would be able to use the IMDb as an advertising resource for selling DVDs and videotapes.

IMDb continued to expand its functionality. On January 15, 2002, it added a subscription service known as IMDbPro, aimed at entertainment professionals. IMDbPro was announced and launched at the 2002 [Sundance Film Festival](/wiki/Sundance_Film_Festival). It provides a variety of services including film production and box office details, as well as a company directory.

As an additional incentive for users, as of 2003, users identified as one of "the top 100 contributors" of hard data received complimentary free access to IMDbPro for the following calendar year; for 2006 this was increased to the top 150 contributors, and for 2010 to the top 250.[[8]](#cite_note-8) In 2008 IMDb launched their first official foreign language version with the German IMDb.de. Also in 2008, IMDb acquired two other companies, [Withoutabox](/wiki/Withoutabox) and [Box Office Mojo](/wiki/Box_Office_Mojo).

## Television episodes[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=6)]

On January 26, 2006, "Full Episode Support" came online, allowing the database to support separate cast and crew listings for each episode of every television series. This was described by Col Needham as "the largest change we've ever made to our data model",[Template:Citation needed](/wiki/Template:Citation_needed) and increased the number of titles in the database from 485,000 to nearly 755,000.[Template:Citation needed](/wiki/Template:Citation_needed)

## Characters' filmography[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=7)]

On October 2, 2007,[Template:Citation needed](/wiki/Template:Citation_needed) the characters' filmography was added. Character entries are created from character listings in the main filmography database, and as such do not need any additional verification by IMDb staff. They have already been verified when they are added to the main filmography.

## Instant viewing[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=8)]

On September 15, 2008, a feature was added that enables instant viewing of over 6,000 movies and television shows from CBS, Sony and a number of [independent film](/wiki/Independent_film) makers, with direct links from their profiles.[[9]](#cite_note-9) Due to licensing restrictions, this feature is only available to viewers in the United States.[[10]](#cite_note-10)

## Content and format[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=9)]

### Data provided by subjects[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=10)]

In 2006, IMDb introduced its "Résumé Subscription Service", where actors and crew can post their own [résumé](/wiki/Résumé) and upload photos of themselves[[11]](#cite_note-11) for a yearly fee.[[12]](#cite_note-12) The base annual charge for including a photo with an account was $39.95 until 2010, when it was increased to $54.95. IMDb résumé pages are kept on a sub-page of the regular entry about that person, with a regular entry automatically created for each résumé subscriber who does not already have one.[[13]](#cite_note-13) As of 2012, Resume Services is now included as part of an IMDbPro subscription, and is no longer offered as a separate subscription service.

### Copyright, vandalism and error issues[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=11)]

All volunteers who contribute content to the database technically retain copyright on their contributions but the compilation of the content becomes the exclusive property of IMDb with the full right to copy, modify, and sublicense it and they are verified before posting.[[14]](#cite_note-14) Credit is not given on specific title or filmography pages to the contributor(s) who have provided information. Conversely, a credited text entry, such as a plot summary, may be corrected for content, grammar, sentence structure, perceived omission or error, by other contributors without having to add their names as co-authors. Due to the process of having the submitted data or text reviewed by a section manager, IMDb is different from database projects like [Wikipedia](/wiki/Wikipedia), [Discogs](/wiki/Discogs) or [OpenStreetMap](/wiki/OpenStreetMap) in that contributors cannot add, delete, or modify the data or text on impulse, and the manipulation of data is controlled by IMDb technology and salaried staff.[[15]](#cite_note-15) IMDb has been subject to deliberate additions of false information; in 2012 a spokesperson said: "We make it easy for users and professionals to update much of our content, which is why we have an 'edit page.' The data that is submitted goes through a series of consistency checks before it goes live. Given the sheer volume of the information, occasional mistakes are inevitable, and, when reported, they are promptly fixed. We always welcome corrections."[[16]](#cite_note-16) The Java Movie Database (JMDB)[[17]](#cite_note-17) is reportedly creating an IMDb\_Error.log file that lists all the errors found while processing the IMDb plain text files. A Wiki alternative to IMDb is Open Media Database[[18]](#cite_note-18) whose content is also contributed by users but licensed under [CC-by](/wiki/Creative_Commons_license) and the [GFDL](/wiki/GNU_Free_Documentation_License). Since 2007, IMDb has been experimenting with wiki-programmed sections for complete film synopses, parental guides, and FAQs about titles as determined by (and answered by) individual contributors.

### Data format and access[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=12)]

IMDb does not provide an [API](/wiki/Web_API) for automated queries. However, most of the data can be downloaded as [compressed](/wiki/Data_compression) plain text files and the information can be extracted using the [command-line interface](/wiki/Command-line_interface) tools provided.[[19]](#cite_note-19) Beside that there is the Java-based [graphical user interface](/wiki/Graphical_user_interface) (GUI) application available which is able to process the compressed plain text files and allow to search and display the information.[[17]](#cite_note-17) This GUI application supports different languages but the movie related data is of course English as made available by IMDb. A [Python](/wiki/Python_(programming_language)) package called IMDbPY can also be used to process the compressed plain text files into a number of different [SQL](/wiki/SQL) databases, enabling easier access to the entire dataset for searching or data mining.[[20]](#cite_note-20)

### Film titles[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=13)]

The IMDb has sites in [English](/wiki/English_language) as well as versions translated completely or in part into other languages ([Danish](/wiki/Danish_language), [Finnish](/wiki/Finnish_language), [French](/wiki/French_language), [German](/wiki/German_language), [Hungarian](/wiki/Hungarian_language), [Italian](/wiki/Italian_language), [Polish](/wiki/Polish_language), [Portuguese](/wiki/Portuguese_language), [Spanish](/wiki/Spanish_language) and [Romanian](/wiki/Romanian_language)). The non-English language sites display film titles in the specified language. While originally the IMDb's [English language](/wiki/English_language) sites displayed titles according to their original country-of-origin language, in 2010 the IMDb began allowing individual users in the [UK](/wiki/United_Kingdom) and [USA](/wiki/United_States) to choose primary title display by either the original-language titles, or the [US](/wiki/United_States) or [UK](/wiki/United_Kingdom) release title (normally, in [English](/wiki/English_language)).

## Ancillary features[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=14)]

### User ratings of films[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=15)]

As one adjunct to data, the IMDb offers a [rating scale](/wiki/Rating_scale) that allows users to rate films on a scale of one to ten. The rating system has been claimed to be flawed for several reasons.[[21]](#cite_note-21) IMDb indicates that submitted ratings are filtered and weighted in various ways in order to produce a [weighted mean](/wiki/Weighted_mean) that is displayed for each film, series, and so on. It states that filters are used to avoid [ballot stuffing](/wiki/Ballot_stuffing); the method is not described in detail to avoid attempts to circumvent it. In fact, it sometimes produces an extreme difference between the weighted average and the arithmetic mean.

#### Film rankings (IMDb Top 250)[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=16)]

The IMDb Top 250 list is a listing of the top rated 250 films of all-time, based on ratings by the registered users of the website using the methods described. Currently, [*The Shawshank Redemption*](/wiki/The_Shawshank_Redemption) is #1 on the list.[[22]](#cite_note-22) The 'top 250' rating is based on only the ratings of "regular voters". The exact number of votes a registered user would have to make to be considered to be a user who votes regularly has been kept secret. IMDb has stated that to maintain the effectiveness of the top 250 list they *"deliberately do not disclose the criteria used for a person to be counted as a regular voter"*.[[23]](#cite_note-23) In addition to other weightings, the top 250 films are also based on a weighted rating formula referred to in [actuarial science](/wiki/Actuarial_science) as a *credibility formula*.[[24]](#cite_note-24) This label arises because a statistic is taken to be more credible the greater the number of individual pieces of information; in this case from eligible users who submit ratings. Though the current formula is not disclosed, IMDb originally used the following formula to calculate their weighted rating:[[25]](#cite_note-25)[[26]](#cite_note-26)

<math>W = \frac{Rv + Cm}{v+m} </math>

where:

<math>W\ </math> = weighted rating

<math>R\ </math> = average for the movie as a number from 0 to 10 (mean) = (Rating)

<math>v\ </math> = number of votes for the movie = (votes)

<math>m\ </math> = minimum votes required to be listed in the Top 250 (currently 25,000)

<math>C\ </math> = the mean vote across the whole report (currently 7.0)

The <math>W\ </math> in this formula is equivalent to a Bayesian posterior mean (See [Bayesian statistics](/wiki/Bayesian_statistics)).

The IMDb also has a Bottom 100 feature which is assembled through a similar process although only 1500 votes must be received to qualify for the list.[[27]](#cite_note-27) The top 250 list comprises a wide range of feature films, including major releases, cult films, independent films, critically acclaimed films, silent films and non-English language films. Short films and TV episodes are not included.

Since 2015, there has been a Top 250 list devoted to ranking television shows. [[28]](#cite_note-28)

### Fan activity[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=17)]

One of the most-used features of the Internet Movie Database is the message boards that coincide with every title (excepting, as of 2013, TV episodes[[29]](#cite_note-29)) and name entry, along with over 140 main boards. This section is one of the more recent features of IMDb, having its beginnings in 2001. In order to post on the message boards a user needs to "authenticate" their account via cell phone, credit card, or by having been a recent customer of the parent company [Amazon.com](/wiki/Amazon.com). Message boards have expanded in recent years. The Soapbox started in 1999 is a general message board meant for debates on any subject. The Politics board started in 2007 is a message board to discuss politics, news events and current affairs as well as history and economics. Both these message boards have become the most popular message boards in IMDb, more popular on a long term basis than any individual movie message board.

## Litigation[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=18)]

In 2011, in the case of [*Hoang v. Amazon.com*](/wiki/Hoang_v._Amazon.com), IMDb was sued by an anonymous actress for more than [Template:Currency](/wiki/Template:Currency) due to IMDb's revealing her age (40, at the time).[[30]](#cite_note-30) The actress claimed that revealing her age could cause her to lose acting opportunities.[[31]](#cite_note-31) Judge [Marsha J. Pechman](/wiki/Marsha_J._Pechman), a U.S. district judge in Seattle, dismissed the lawsuit, saying the actress had no grounds to proceed with an anonymous complaint. The actress re-filed and so revealed that the complainant is Huong Hoang of Texas, who uses the stage name Junie Hoang.[[32]](#cite_note-32) In 2013, Pechman dismissed all causes of action except for a [breach of contract](/wiki/Breach_of_contract) claim against IMDb; a jury then sided with IMDb on that claim.[[33]](#cite_note-33) [Template:As of](/wiki/Template:As_of), an appeal was filed.<ref name=9thcir-calendar>[Template:Cite web](/wiki/Template:Cite_web)</ref>[[34]](#cite_note-34) All claims against IMDB were dismissed by the court in March 2015, handing Hoang zero damages.[[35]](#cite_note-35) Also in 2011, in the case of United Video Properties Inc., et al. v. Amazon.Com Inc. et al.,[[36]](#cite_note-36) IMDb and Amazon were sued by [Rovi Corporation](/wiki/Rovi_Corporation) and others for patent infringement over their various program listing offerings.[[37]](#cite_note-37) The patent claims were ultimately construed in a way favorable to IMDb and Rovi/United Video Properties lost the case, though as of November 2014 it is on appeal.[[38]](#cite_note-38)

## See also[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=19)]

[Template:Div col](/wiki/Template:Div_col)

* [AllMovie](/wiki/AllMovie)
* [AllMusic](/wiki/AllMusic) – a similar database, but for music
* [AllRovi](/wiki/AllRovi) – a commercial database launched by the Rovi Corporation that compiles information from the former services Allmovie and Allmusic
* [Animator.ru](/wiki/Animator.ru)
* [Big Cartoon DataBase](/wiki/Big_Cartoon_DataBase)
* [DBCult Film Institute](/wiki/DBCult_Film_Institute)
* [Filmweb](/wiki/Filmweb)
* [FindAnyFilm.com](/wiki/FindAnyFilm.com)
* [Flickchart](/wiki/Flickchart)
* [Internet Adult Film Database](/wiki/Internet_Adult_Film_Database)
* [Internet Movie Cars Database](/wiki/Internet_Movie_Cars_Database) (IMCDb)
* [Internet Movie Firearms Database](/wiki/Internet_Movie_Firearms_Database) (IMFDb)
* [Internet Book Database](/wiki/Bibliographic_database) (IBookDb)
* [Internet Broadway Database](/wiki/Internet_Broadway_Database) (IBDb)
* [Internet Off-Broadway Database](/wiki/Internet_Off-Broadway_Database) (IOBDb)
* [Internet Speculative Fiction Database](/wiki/Internet_Speculative_Fiction_Database) (ISFDb)
* [Internet Theatre Database](/wiki/Internet_Theatre_Database) (ITDb)
* [List of films considered the best](/wiki/List_of_films_considered_the_best)
* [List of films considered the worst](/wiki/List_of_films_considered_the_worst)
* [Metacritic](/wiki/Metacritic)
* [Rotten Tomatoes](/wiki/Rotten_Tomatoes)
* [TheTVDB](/wiki/TheTVDB)

[Template:Div col end](/wiki/Template:Div_col_end)

## References[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=20)]

[Template:Reflist](/wiki/Template:Reflist)

## External links[[edit](/index.php?title=(none)&action=edit&section=21)]

[Template:Wikidata property](/wiki/Template:Wikidata_property)

* [Official website](http://www.imdb.com/)

[Template:Amazon](/wiki/Template:Amazon) [Template:Webby Awards](/wiki/Template:Webby_Awards)

[Template:Authority control](/wiki/Template:Authority_control)

[Category:Amazon.com acquisitions](/wiki/Category:Amazon.com_acquisitions) [Category:Entertainment Internet forums](/wiki/Category:Entertainment_Internet_forums) [Category:Film websites](/wiki/Category:Film_websites) [Category:Internet properties established in 1990](/wiki/Category:Internet_properties_established_in_1990) [Category:Online film databases](/wiki/Category:Online_film_databases) [Category:Recommender systems](/wiki/Category:Recommender_systems) [Category:Social cataloging applications](/wiki/Category:Social_cataloging_applications) [Category:Television websites](/wiki/Category:Television_websites) [Category:Webby Award winners](/wiki/Category:Webby_Award_winners) [Category:American websites](/wiki/Category:American_websites) [Category:Online databases](/wiki/Category:Online_databases) [Category:1990 establishments in the United States](/wiki/Category:1990_establishments_in_the_United_States)