## **Experiment: 3.3**

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Subject Name: AIML Lab Subject Code: 21CSH-316

1. AIM: Implement Exploratory Data Analysis on any data set.

#### 2. Objective:

To Learn about Meta-data.

#### 3. Tools/Resource Used:

- 1. Python programming language.
- 2. Jupyter Notebook.

## 4. Algorithm:

- Import libraries: Use pandas, numpy, and data visualization tools.
- Load dataset.
- Display initial data overview.
- Check and handle missing values and duplicates.
- Explore data through univariate and bivariate analysis.
- Visualize correlations between numeric variables.
- Detect and address outliers if needed.
- Summarize findings and plan next steps.

### 5. Program Code:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

data = {
   'student_id': range(1, 11),
```

# CHANDIGARH

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plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))

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```
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   'age': [18, 19, 20, 22, 21, 20, 19, 18, 23, 22],
   'gender': ['Male', 'Female', 'Male', 'Male', 'Female', 'Male', 'Female', 'Male', 'Female', 'Male'],
   'study_hours': [4, 6, 5, 3, 7, 6, 5, 4, 8, 7],
   'test scores': [85, 92, 78, 88, 96, 79, 90, 84, 93, 87]
df = pd.DataFrame(data)
print(df.head())
summary = df.describe()
print(summary)
missing\_values = df.isnull().sum()
print(missing_values)
duplicates = df.duplicated().sum()
print("Number of duplicate rows:", duplicates)
# Remove duplicates if present
df = df.drop\_duplicates()
# Example histogram for age
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.histplot(df['age'], kde=True)
plt.title('Age Distribution')
plt.xlabel('Age')
plt.show()
# Example scatter plot for study hours vs. test scores
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.scatterplot(data=df, x='study_hours', y='test_scores')
plt.title('Study Hours vs. Test Scores')
plt.xlabel('Study Hours')
plt.ylabel('Test Scores')
plt.show()
# Example count plot for gender
```

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```
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sns.countplot(data=df, x='gender')

plt.title('Gender Distribution')

plt.xlabel('Gender')

plt.ylabel('Count')

plt.show()

correlation_matrix = df.corr()

plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))

sns.heatmap(correlation_matrix, annot=True, cmap='coolwarm')

plt.title('Correlation Matrix')

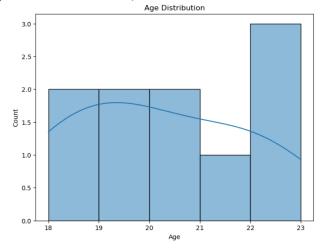
plt.show()
```

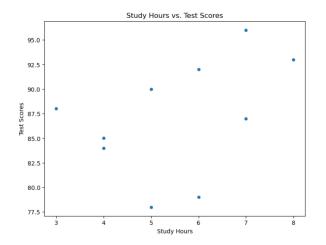
## 6. Output/Result:

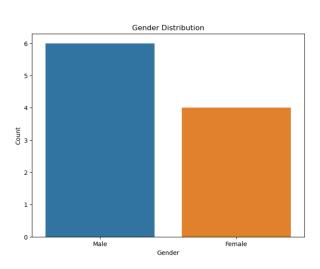
	student_id	age	gender	study_hours	test_scores	
0	1	18	Male	4	85	
1	2	19	Female	6	92	
2	3	20	Male	5	78	
3	4	22	Male	3	88	
4	5	21	Female	7	96	

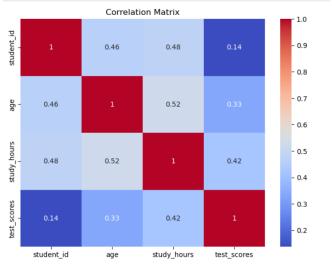
```
student_id
                        age study_hours test_scores
                              10.000000
count
        10.00000 10.00000
                                           10.000000
         5.50000 20.20000
                               5.500000
                                           87.200000
mean
std
         3.02765
                  1.75119
                               1.581139
                                            5.865151
         1.00000 18.00000
                               3.000000
                                           78.000000
min
25%
         3.25000 19.00000
                               4.250000
                                           84.250000
50%
         5.50000 20.00000
                               5.500000
                                           87.500000
75%
         7.75000 21.75000
                               6.750000
                                           91.500000
        10.00000
                  23.00000
                               8.000000
                                           96.000000
max
student_id
              0
age
              0
              0
gender
study_hours
              0
test scores
dtype: int64
Number of duplicate rows: 0
```











## 7. Learning Outcomes:

- Implement to implement different python library.
   Understand the concept of EDA process.