



## Experiment : 1.3

**Student Name:** SANJIV GUPTA

**Branch:** CSE

**Semester:** 5<sup>th</sup>

**Subject Name:** Advanced Programming LAB

**UID:** 21BCS-3478

**Section/Group:** 21BCS-IOT-602B

**Date:** 01/09/23

**Subject Code:** 21CSP-314

### **AIM:**

1. WAP to compare two linkedlist
2. WAP to insert a node in sorted linketlist

### **OBJECTIVE:**

- 1) You're given the pointer to the head nodes of two linked lists. Compare the data in the nodes of the linked lists to check if they are equal. If all data attributes are equal and the lists are the same length, return . Otherwise, return.
- 2) You're given the pointer to the head nodes of two linked lists. Compare the data in the nodes of the linked lists to check if they are equal. If all data attributes are equal and the lists are the same length, return . Otherwise, return.

### **CODE:**

#### **Code 1:**

```
static boolean compareLists(SinglyLinkedListNode head1, SinglyLinkedListNode head2) {  
    SinglyLinkedListNode temp1 = head1;  
    SinglyLinkedListNode temp2 = head2;  
  
    while (temp1 != null && temp2 != null) {  
        if (temp1.data != temp2.data) {  
            return false;  
        }  
  
        temp1 = temp1.next;  
        temp2 = temp2.next;  
    }  
  
    return temp1 == null && temp2 == null;  
}
```



# DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

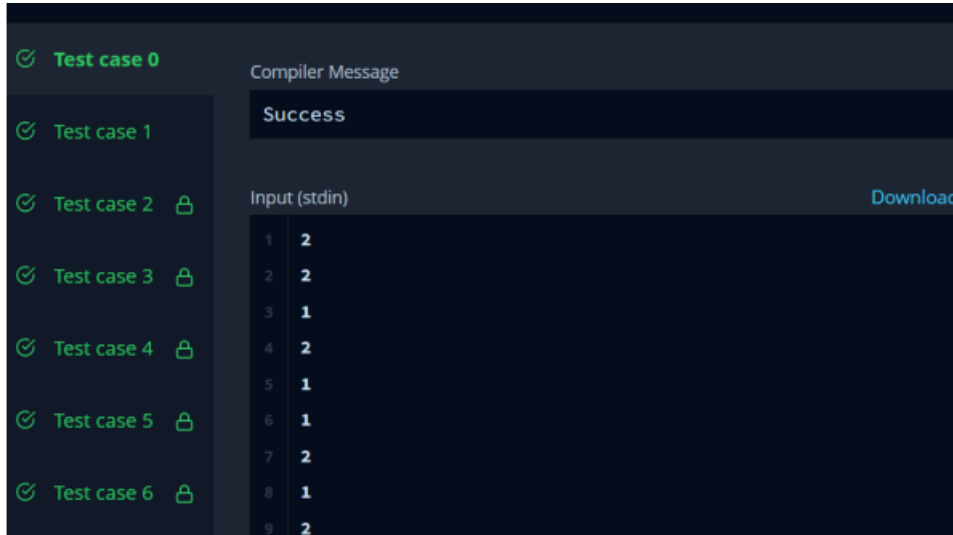
Discover. Learn. Empower.

## Code 2:

```
public static DoublyLinkedListNode sortedInsert(DoublyLinkedListNode llist, int data) {  
    DoublyLinkedListNode newNode = new DoublyLinkedListNode(data);  
  
    if (llist == null) {  
        return newNode;  
    }  
  
    DoublyLinkedListNode current = llist;  
    DoublyLinkedListNode previous = null;  
  
    while (current != null && current.data < data) {  
        previous = current;  
        current = current.next;  
    }  
  
    if (previous == null) {  
        newNode.next = llist;  
        llist.prev = newNode;  
        llist = newNode;  
    } else if (current == null) {  
        previous.next = newNode;  
        newNode.prev = previous;  
    } else {  
        previous.next = newNode;  
        newNode.prev = previous;  
        newNode.next = current;  
        current.prev = newNode;  
    }  
  
    return llist;  
}
```

## OUTPUT:

### OUTPUT 1



Test case 0 ✓

Compiler Message

Success

Test case 1 ✓

Test case 2 ✓

Test case 3 ✓

Test case 4 ✓

Test case 5 ✓

Test case 6 ✓

Input (stdin)

1	2
2	2
3	1
4	2
5	1
6	1
7	2
8	1
9	2

Download

### OUTPUT 2



Test case 0 ✓

Test case 1 ✓

Test case 2 ✓

Test case 3 ✓

Test case 4 ✓

Test case 5 ✓

Test case 6 ✓

Input (stdin)

1	1
2	4
3	1
4	3
5	4
6	10
7	5

Expected Output

1	1	3	4	5	10
---	---	---	---	---	----

Download

## LEARNING OUTCOMES:

1. Learn about Linkedlist manipulation technique.
2. Learn about Linked List conditional logic.
3. Learn about algorithm thinking
4. Learn about mathematical logic