## **Hands-on exercises**

## Question 1.

(a) Based on the given information, the projection matrix is given by:

Assumption: skew = 0

$$P = K_{3\times3} \begin{bmatrix} R \mid t \end{bmatrix}_{(3\times4)} = \begin{bmatrix} f_x & s & u_0 \\ 0 & f_y & v_0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} R_{3\times3} \mid t_{3\times1} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} 480 & 0 & 320 \\ 0 & 480 & 270 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0.5363 & -0.8440 & 0 & -451.2459 \\ 0.8440 & 0.5363 & 0 & 257.0322 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 400 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} 257.42 & -405.12 & 320 & -88598.032 \\ 405.12 & 257.42 & 270 & 231375.456 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 400 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (b) In total, the projection of a 3D point onto the screen is performed in 3 stages:
  - 1. The points is translated and rotated into the camera coordinates using Rotation + translation matrix
  - 2. The point is translated into the homogeneous coordinates
  - 3. The homogenous coordinates are being normalized into the regular pixel position coordinates

Solving each step separately:

1. Convert the 3D point into Camera coordinates

$$\begin{bmatrix} X_c \\ Y_c \\ Z_c \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} R \mid t \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_w \\ Y_w \\ Z_w \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5363 & -0.8440 & 0 & -451.2459 \\ 0.8440 & 0.5363 & 0 & 257.0322 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 400 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 350 \\ -250 \\ -35 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -52.54 \\ 418.357 \\ 365 \end{bmatrix}$$

2. Get the homogenous coordinates:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \tilde{u} \\ \tilde{v} \\ \tilde{w} \end{bmatrix} = K_{3 \times 3} \begin{bmatrix} X_c \\ Y_c \\ Z_c \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 91580.368 \\ 299361.456 \\ 365 \end{bmatrix}$$

3. Obtaining the normalized (real) coordinates:

$$\begin{bmatrix} u \\ v \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{u}{\widetilde{w}} \\ \frac{\widetilde{v}}{\widetilde{w}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} u \\ v \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 250.9 \\ 820.17 \end{bmatrix}$$

## (c) Re-Projection error - is defined as:

$$v = z - \pi(x, l)$$

In our case:

$$z = \begin{bmatrix} 241.5\\169 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\pi(x, l) = \begin{bmatrix} 250.9\\820.17 \end{bmatrix}$$

Meaning:

$$v = \begin{bmatrix} 241.5 \\ 169 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 250.9 \\ 820.17 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -9.405 \\ -651.168 \end{bmatrix}$$