## Vision-Aided Navigation (086761) Homework #4

Submission in pairs by: 17 December 2017, 13:30. Electronic submission is preferred.

- 1. Factor graph, variable elimination and Bayes net. Consider a smoothing and mapping (SAM) problem where a robot travels through an unknown environment and captures observations using its onboard sensors (e.g. camera). Assume the robot starts at time  $t_0$ , with a known prior  $p(x_0)$  and consider motion and observation models  $p(x_k|x_{k-1},u_{k-1})$  and  $p(z_{k,i}|x_k,l_i)$ , respectively, where  $l_i$  denotes the *i*th landmark. The robot moves according to given controls and observes a single landmark at time instances  $t_1$  and  $t_2$ .
  - (a) Write the joint pdf corresponding to the above scenario until time  $t_4$ :  $p(x_{0:4}, l|u_{0:3}, z_1, z_2)$ .
  - (b) Draw the corresponding factor graph. Explain in detail the relation to the joint pdf and indicate to what each node and edge in graph corresponds.
  - (c) Eliminate the factor graph into a Bayes net, assuming elimination order  $x_0, x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, l$ . Explain in detail to what each node and edge in the Bayes net correspond. Show the corresponding square root information matrix R (you can only indicate what entires are non-zero in that matrix).
  - (d) Repeat the previous clause using a different variable elimination order:  $x_4, x_3, x_2, l, x_1, x_0$ .
  - (e) Which of the two elimination orders you would prefer in terms of estimation accuracy and computational aspects? Please explain in detail.
- 2. Incremental factorization. Consider now the robot, from question 1, executes command  $u_4$  and moves to a new location; denote its new pose by  $x_5$ . Assume the robot observes again the landmark l from the new location.
  - (a) Draw the factor graph of the problem and indicate the new factors and variable nodes.
  - (b) Consider the Bayes net from question 1(c) with elimination order  $x_0, x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, l$ . Perform incremental factorization by updating this Bayes net with the new information using the elimination order  $x_0, x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, l, x_5$ . Indicate what entries in the Bayes net have been changed in this process.
  - (c) Show the corresponding updated square root information matrix R (as earlier, you can only indicate what entires are non-zero in that matrix), and indicate what entries in that matrix have been changed with respect to the same matrix from a previous time.
- 3. Variable ordering. Consider a Jacobian matrix A obtained by linearizing all the terms in a SAM problem (e.g. as in question 1). Access the matrix A from the piazza course website<sup>1</sup>.
  - (a) Calculate the square root information matrix R from A (e.g. via QR factorization). Plot its sparsity pattern and indicate the number of non-zero entries (e.g. use spy command in Matlab).
  - (b) Calculate a better variable ordering, e.g. using the COLAMD algorithm (colamd in Matlab). Recalculate the square root information matrix R using the new variable ordering. Plot its sparsity pattern, indicate the number of non-zero entries, and compare to the previous case (before re-ordering).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>https://piazza.com/technion.ac.il/fall2017/086761/resources.