

Cylindrical Coords

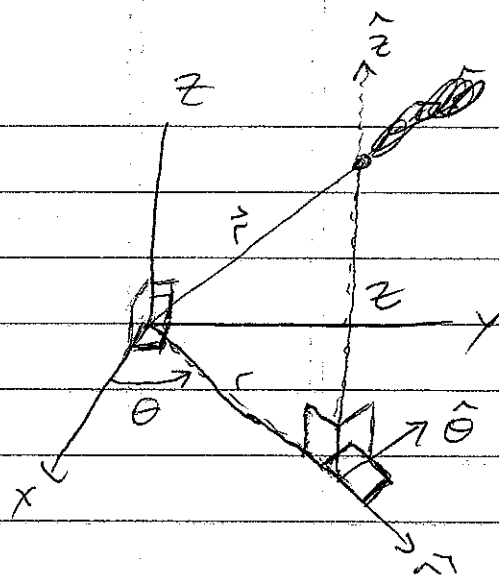
$$\hat{r} = \cos\theta \hat{x} + \sin\theta \hat{y}$$

$$\hat{\theta} = -\sin\theta \hat{x} + \cos\theta \hat{y}$$

$$\hat{z} = \hat{z}$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{r}}{\partial \theta} = \hat{\theta} \quad \frac{\partial \hat{\theta}}{\partial \theta} = -\hat{r}$$

$$\vec{r} = r \hat{r} + z \hat{z}$$



$$\vec{\nabla} = \hat{r} \partial_r + \frac{\hat{\theta}}{r} \partial_\theta + \hat{z} \partial_z$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{A} = \frac{1}{r} \partial_r (r A_r) + \frac{1}{r} \partial_\theta A_\theta + \partial_z A_z$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{A} = \frac{1}{r} \begin{vmatrix} \hat{r} & r \hat{\theta} & \hat{z} \\ \partial_r & \partial_\theta & \partial_z \\ A_r & r A_\theta & A_z \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B} = A_r B_r + A_\theta B_\theta + A_z B_z \quad \vec{A} \times \vec{B} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{r} & \hat{\theta} & \hat{z} \\ A_r & A_\theta & A_z \\ B_r & B_\theta & B_z \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\nabla^2 f = \partial_r^2 f + \frac{1}{r} \partial_r f + \frac{1}{r^2} \partial_\theta^2 f + \partial_z^2 f$$

$$\nabla^2 \vec{A} = \hat{r} \left(\nabla^2 A_r - \frac{A_r}{r^2} - \frac{2}{r^2} \partial_\theta A_\theta \right) + \hat{\theta} \left(\nabla^2 A_\theta - \frac{A_\theta}{r^2} + \frac{2}{r^2} \partial_\theta A_r \right) + \hat{z} \nabla^2 A_z$$

$$\vec{v} \cdot \vec{\nabla} f = v_r \partial_r f + \frac{v_\theta}{r} \partial_\theta f + v_z \partial_z f$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \vec{\nabla} \vec{U} &= (\hat{r} \partial_r + \frac{\hat{\theta}}{r} \partial_\theta + \hat{z} \partial_z) (U_r \hat{r} + U_\theta \hat{\theta} + U_z \hat{z}) \\
 &= \hat{r} \partial_r (U_r \hat{r}) + \hat{r} \partial_r (U_\theta \hat{\theta}) + \hat{r} \partial_r (U_z \hat{z}) \\
 &\quad + \frac{\hat{\theta}}{r} \partial_\theta (U_r \hat{r}) + \frac{\hat{\theta}}{r} \partial_\theta (U_\theta \hat{\theta}) + \frac{\hat{\theta}}{r} \partial_\theta (U_z \hat{z}) \\
 &\quad + \hat{z} \partial_z (U_r \hat{r}) + \hat{z} \partial_z (U_\theta \hat{\theta}) + \hat{z} \partial_z (U_z \hat{z}) \\
 &= (\hat{r} \hat{r}) \partial_r U_r + (\hat{r} \hat{\theta}) \partial_r U_\theta + (\hat{r} \hat{z}) \partial_r U_z \\
 &\quad + (\hat{\theta} \hat{r}) \partial_\theta U_r + U_r \frac{\hat{\theta}(\hat{\theta})}{r} + (\hat{\theta} \hat{\theta}) \partial_\theta U_\theta + U_\theta \frac{\hat{\theta}(-\hat{r})}{r} + \frac{\hat{\theta} \hat{z}}{r} \partial_\theta U_z \\
 &\quad + (\hat{z} \hat{r}) \partial_z U_r + (\hat{z} \hat{\theta}) \partial_z U_\theta + (\hat{z} \hat{z}) \partial_z U_z
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \vec{\nabla} \vec{U} &= \hat{r} \hat{r} (\partial_r U_r) + \hat{r} \hat{\theta} (\partial_r U_\theta) + \hat{r} \hat{z} (\partial_r U_z) \\
 &\quad + \hat{\theta} \hat{r} \left(\frac{\partial_\theta U_r}{r} - \frac{U_\theta}{r} \right) + \hat{\theta} \hat{\theta} \left(\frac{\partial_\theta U_\theta}{r} + \frac{U_r}{r} \right) + \hat{\theta} \hat{z} (\partial_\theta U_z) \\
 &\quad + \hat{z} \hat{r} (\partial_z U_r) + \hat{z} \hat{\theta} (\partial_z U_\theta) + \hat{z} \hat{z} (\partial_z U_z)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{A} \cdot \vec{\nabla} \vec{U} = (A_r \hat{r} + A_\theta \hat{\theta} + A_z \hat{z}) \cdot \vec{\nabla} \vec{U}$$

$$= A_r \hat{r} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \hat{r} \hat{r} & \hat{r} \hat{\theta} & \hat{r} \hat{z} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \end{bmatrix} + A_\theta \hat{\theta} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \hat{\theta} \hat{r} \\ \hat{\theta} \hat{\theta} \\ \hat{\theta} \hat{z} \end{bmatrix} + A_z \hat{z} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \hat{z} \hat{r} \\ \hat{z} \hat{\theta} \\ \hat{z} \hat{z} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= A_r (\partial_r U_r) \hat{r} + A_r (\partial_r U_\theta) \hat{\theta} + A_r (\partial_r U_z) \hat{z} \\
 &\quad + A_\theta \left(\frac{\partial_\theta U_r}{r} - \frac{U_\theta}{r} \right) \hat{r} + A_\theta \left(\frac{\partial_\theta U_\theta}{r} + \frac{U_r}{r} \right) \hat{\theta} + \frac{A_\theta}{r} (\partial_\theta U_z) \hat{z} \\
 &\quad + A_z (\partial_z U_r) \hat{r} + A_z (\partial_z U_\theta) \hat{\theta} + A_z (\partial_z U_z) \hat{z}
 \end{aligned}$$

agrees
w/ plasma NRL book

$$\begin{aligned}
 \vec{A} \cdot \vec{\nabla} \vec{U} &= (A_r \partial_r U_r + \frac{A_\theta}{r} \partial_\theta U_r + A_z \partial_z U_r - \frac{A_\theta U_\theta}{r}) \hat{r} \\
 &\quad + (A_r \partial_r U_\theta + \frac{A_\theta}{r} \partial_\theta U_\theta + A_z \partial_z U_\theta + \frac{A_\theta U_r}{r}) \hat{\theta} \\
 &\quad + (A_r \partial_r U_z + \frac{A_\theta}{r} \partial_\theta U_z + A_z \partial_z U_z) \hat{z}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\vec{A} = \vec{0} \text{ gives } \vec{0} \cdot \vec{\nabla} \vec{U}$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \vec{U} = \partial_i U_j \Rightarrow \partial_r U_\theta = \partial_r U_\theta \hat{r} \hat{\theta}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{\nabla} \vec{U} = & \hat{r} \hat{r} (\partial_r U_r) + \hat{r} \hat{\theta} (\partial_r U_\theta) + \hat{r} \hat{z} (\partial_r U_z) \\ & + \hat{\theta} \hat{r} \left(\frac{\partial_\theta U_r}{r} - \frac{U_\theta}{r} \right) + \hat{\theta} \hat{\theta} \left(\frac{\partial_\theta U_\theta}{r} + \frac{U_r}{r} \right) + \hat{\theta} \hat{z} \left(\frac{\partial_\theta U_z}{r} \right) \\ & + \hat{z} \hat{r} (\partial_z U_r) + \hat{z} \hat{\theta} (\partial_z U_\theta) + \hat{z} \hat{z} (\partial_z U_z) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (\vec{\nabla} \vec{U})^T = & \hat{r} \hat{r} (\partial_r U_r) + \hat{r} \hat{\theta} \left(\frac{\partial_\theta U_r}{r} - \frac{U_\theta}{r} \right) + \hat{r} \hat{z} (\partial_z U_r) \\ & + \hat{\theta} \hat{r} (\partial_r U_\theta) + \hat{\theta} \hat{\theta} \left(\frac{\partial_\theta U_\theta}{r} + \frac{U_r}{r} \right) + \hat{\theta} \hat{z} (\partial_z U_\theta) \\ & + \hat{z} \hat{r} (\partial_r U_z) + \hat{z} \hat{\theta} \left(\frac{\partial_\theta U_z}{r} \right) + \hat{z} \hat{z} (\partial_z U_z) \end{aligned}$$

$$\vec{\nabla}(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{U}) = \vec{\nabla} \left[\frac{1}{r} \partial_r (r U_r) + \frac{1}{r} \partial_\theta U_\theta + \partial_z U_z \right]$$

$$= \left(\hat{r} \partial_r + \frac{\hat{\theta}}{r} \partial_\theta + \hat{z} \partial_z \right) \left(\partial_r U_r + \frac{U_r}{r} + \frac{1}{r} \partial_\theta U_\theta + \partial_z U_z \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{\nabla}(\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{U}) = & \hat{r} \left[\partial_r^2 U_r - \frac{U_r}{r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \partial_r U_r - \frac{1}{r^2} \partial_\theta U_\theta + \frac{1}{r} \partial_r \partial_\theta U_\theta + \partial_r \partial_z U_z \right] \\ & + \hat{\theta} \left[\frac{1}{r} \partial_\theta \partial_r U_r + \frac{1}{r^2} \partial_\theta U_r + \frac{1}{r^2} \partial_\theta^2 U_\theta + \frac{1}{r} \partial_\theta \partial_z U_z \right] \\ & + \hat{z} \left[\partial_z \partial_r U_r + \frac{1}{r} \partial_z U_r + \frac{1}{r} \partial_z \partial_\theta U_\theta + \partial_z^2 U_z \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\nabla^2 \vec{A} = \nabla^2 (A_r \hat{r} + A_\theta \hat{\theta} + A_z \hat{z})$$

$$= \nabla^2 (A_r \hat{r}) + \nabla^2 (A_\theta \hat{\theta}) + \nabla^2 (A_z \hat{z})$$

$$= \hat{r} \nabla^2 A_r + 2 \nabla A_r \cdot \nabla \hat{r} + A_r \nabla^2 \hat{r}$$

$$+ \hat{\theta} \nabla^2 A_\theta + 2 \nabla A_\theta \cdot \nabla \hat{\theta} + A_\theta \nabla^2 \hat{\theta}$$

$$+ \hat{z} \nabla^2 A_z + 2 \nabla A_z \cdot \nabla \hat{z} + A_z \nabla^2 \hat{z}$$

$$= \hat{r} \nabla^2 A_r + 2 [\hat{r} \partial_r A_r + \frac{1}{r} \hat{\theta} \partial_\theta A_r + \hat{z} \partial_z A_r] \cdot [\partial_r \hat{r} + \frac{1}{r} \partial_\theta \hat{\theta} + \partial_z \hat{z}]$$

$$= \hat{r} \nabla^2 A_r + 2 [\hat{r} \partial_r A_r + \frac{\hat{\theta}}{r} \partial_\theta A_r + \hat{z} \partial_z A_r] \cdot [\hat{r} \partial_r \hat{r} + \frac{\hat{\theta}}{r} \partial_\theta \hat{r} + \hat{z} \partial_z \hat{r}]$$

$$+ A_r \nabla^2 \hat{r} + \hat{\theta} \nabla^2 A_\theta + A_\theta \nabla^2 \hat{\theta} + \hat{z} \nabla^2 A_z + A_z \nabla^2 \hat{z}$$

$$+ 2 [\hat{r} \partial_r A_\theta + \frac{\hat{\theta}}{r} \partial_\theta A_\theta + \hat{z} \partial_z A_\theta] \cdot [\hat{r} \partial_r \hat{\theta} + \frac{\hat{\theta}}{r} \partial_\theta \hat{\theta} + \hat{z} \partial_z \hat{\theta}]$$

$$+ 2 [\hat{r} \partial_r A_z + \frac{\hat{\theta}}{r} \partial_\theta A_z + \hat{z} \partial_z A_z] \cdot [\hat{r} \partial_r \hat{z} + \frac{\hat{\theta}}{r} \partial_\theta \hat{z} + \hat{z} \partial_z \hat{z}]$$

$$= \hat{r} \nabla^2 A_r + \hat{\theta} \nabla^2 A_\theta + \hat{z} \nabla^2 A_z + A_r \nabla^2 \hat{r} + A_\theta \nabla^2 \hat{\theta} + A_z \nabla^2 \hat{z}$$

$$+ 2 [\hat{r} \partial_r A_r + \frac{\hat{\theta}}{r} \partial_\theta A_r + \hat{z} \partial_z A_r] \cdot [\hat{\theta} \hat{\theta}]$$

$$+ 2 [\hat{r} \partial_r A_\theta + \frac{\hat{\theta}}{r} \partial_\theta A_\theta + \hat{z} \partial_z A_\theta] \cdot [-\hat{\theta} \hat{r}]$$

$$= \hat{r} \nabla^2 A_r + \hat{\theta} \nabla^2 A_\theta + \hat{z} \nabla^2 A_z + A_r \nabla^2 \hat{r} + A_\theta \nabla^2 \hat{\theta}$$

$$+ \frac{2}{r^2} \partial_\theta A_r \hat{\theta} - \frac{2}{r^2} \partial_\theta A_\theta \hat{r}$$

$$\nabla^2 \hat{r} = \frac{1}{r^2} \partial_\theta \partial_\theta \hat{r} = -\frac{\hat{r}}{r^2}$$

$$\nabla^2 \hat{\theta} = \frac{1}{r^2} \partial_\theta \partial_\theta \hat{\theta} = -\frac{\hat{\theta}}{r^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \nabla^2 \vec{A} = \hat{r} \left(\nabla^2 A_r - \frac{A_r}{r^2} - \frac{2}{r^2} \partial_\theta A_\theta \right)$$

$$+ \hat{\theta} \left(\nabla^2 A_\theta - \frac{A_\theta}{r^2} + \frac{2}{r^2} \partial_\theta A_r \right)$$

$$+ \hat{z} (\nabla^2 A_z)$$

$$\vec{\Pi} = \mu (\nabla \vec{u} + (\nabla \vec{u})^T - \frac{2}{3} \vec{I} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u}))$$

$$\Pi_{ij} = \mu (\partial_i u_j + \partial_j u_i - \frac{2}{3} \delta_{ij} \nabla \cdot \vec{u})$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{\Pi} = \partial_i \Pi_{ij} = \mu [\partial_i (\partial_j u_i) + \partial_i \partial_j u_j - \frac{2}{3} \delta_{ij} \partial_i (\nabla \cdot \vec{u})]$$

$$= \mu [\partial_j \partial_i u_i + \nabla^2 u_j - \frac{2}{3} \partial_j (\nabla \cdot \vec{u})]$$

$$= \mu [\vec{\nabla}_j (\nabla \cdot \vec{u}) + \nabla^2 u_j - \frac{2}{3} \partial_j (\nabla \cdot \vec{u})]$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{\Pi} = \mu [\nabla^2 \vec{u} + \frac{1}{3} \vec{\nabla} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u})]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{\Pi}}{\mu} &= \hat{r} \left(\nabla^2 u_r - \frac{u_r}{r^2} + \frac{2}{r^2} \partial_\theta u_\theta \right) + \hat{\theta} \left(\nabla^2 u_\theta - \frac{u_\theta}{r^2} + \frac{2}{r^2} \partial_\theta u_r \right) \\ &\quad + \hat{z} \nabla^2 u_z + \frac{1}{3} \left[\hat{r} \left\{ \partial_r^2 u_r - \frac{u_r}{r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \partial_r u_r - \frac{1}{r^2} \partial_\theta u_\theta \right. \right. \\ &\quad \left. \left. + \frac{1}{r} \partial_r \partial_\theta u_\theta + \partial_r \partial_z u_z \right\} + \hat{\theta} \left\{ \frac{1}{r} \partial_\theta \partial_r u_r + \frac{1}{r^2} \partial_\theta u_r \right. \right. \\ &\quad \left. \left. + \frac{1}{r^2} \partial_\theta^2 u_\theta + \frac{1}{r} \partial_\theta \partial_z u_z \right\} + \hat{z} \left\{ \partial_z \partial_r u_r + \frac{1}{r} \partial_z u_r \right. \right. \\ &\quad \left. \left. + \frac{1}{r} \partial_z \partial_\theta u_\theta + \partial_z^2 u_z \right\} \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\hat{r} = \nabla^2 u_r - \frac{u_r}{r^2} + \frac{2}{r^2} \partial_\theta u_\theta + \frac{1}{3} \partial_r^2 u_r - \frac{u_r}{3r^2} + \frac{1}{3r} \partial_r u_r$$

$$- \frac{1}{3r^2} \partial_\theta u_\theta + \frac{1}{3r} \partial_r \partial_\theta u_\theta + \frac{1}{3} \partial_r \partial_z u_z$$

$$\hat{\theta} = \nabla^2 u_\theta - \frac{u_\theta}{r^2} + \frac{2}{r^2} \partial_\theta u_r + \frac{1}{3r} \partial_\theta \partial_r u_r + \frac{1}{3r^2} \partial_\theta u_r$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3r^2} \partial_\theta^2 u_\theta + \frac{2}{3r} \partial_\theta \partial_z u_z$$

$$\hat{z} = \nabla^2 u_z + \frac{1}{3} \partial_z \partial_r u_r + \frac{1}{3r} \partial_z u_r + \frac{1}{3r} \partial_z \partial_\theta u_\theta + \frac{1}{3} \partial_z^2 u_z$$

$$\frac{\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{\Pi}}{\mu} = \left[\overbrace{\partial_r^2 U_r + \frac{1}{r} \partial_r U_r + \frac{1}{r^2} \partial_\theta^2 U_r + \partial_z^2 U_r}^{\nabla^2 U_r} - \frac{U_\theta}{r^2} + \frac{2}{r^2} \partial_\theta U_r \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{3r} \partial_\theta \partial_r U_r + \frac{1}{3r^2} \partial_\theta U_r + \frac{1}{3r^2} \partial_\theta^2 U_\theta + \frac{2}{3} \partial_\theta \partial_z U_z \right] \hat{r}$$

$$+ \left[\overbrace{\partial_r^2 U_r + \frac{1}{r} \partial_r U_r + \frac{1}{r^2} \partial_\theta^2 U_r + \partial_z^2 U_r}^{\nabla^2 U_r} - \frac{2}{3r} U_r + \frac{2}{3r^2} \partial_\theta U_\theta \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{3} \partial_r^2 U_r - \frac{1}{3r^2} U_r + \frac{1}{3r} \partial_r U_r - \frac{1}{3r^2} \partial_\theta U_\theta + \frac{1}{3r} \partial_r \partial_\theta U_\theta \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{3} \partial_r \partial_z U_z \right] + \\ \hat{\theta} \left[\partial_r^2 U_\theta + \frac{1}{r} \partial_r U_\theta + \frac{1}{r^2} \partial_\theta^2 U_\theta + \partial_z^2 U_\theta - \frac{1}{r^2} U_\theta + \frac{2}{r^2} \partial_\theta U_r \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{3r} \partial_\theta \partial_r U_r + \frac{1}{3r^2} \partial_\theta U_r + \frac{1}{3r^2} \partial_\theta^2 U_\theta + \frac{1}{3r} \partial_\theta \partial_z U_z \right] + \\ \hat{z} \left[\partial_r^2 U_z + \frac{1}{r} \partial_r U_z + \frac{1}{r^2} \partial_\theta^2 U_z + \partial_z^2 U_z + \frac{1}{3} \partial_z \partial_r U_r + \frac{1}{3r} \partial_z U_r \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{3r} \partial_z \partial_\theta U_\theta + \frac{1}{3} \partial_z^2 U_z \right]$$

$$\frac{\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{\Pi}}{\mu} = \left[\frac{4}{3} \partial_r^2 U_r + \frac{4}{3r} \partial_r U_r + \frac{5}{3r^2} \partial_\theta^2 U_\theta - \frac{4}{3r^2} U_r + \frac{1}{r^2} \partial_\theta^2 U_r + \partial_z^2 U_r \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{3} \partial_r \partial_z U_z + \frac{1}{3r} \partial_r \partial_\theta U_\theta \right] \hat{r} + \\ \left[\partial_r^2 U_r + \frac{1}{r} \partial_r U_\theta + \frac{4}{3} \partial_\theta^2 U_\theta + \partial_z^2 U_\theta - \frac{1}{r^2} U_\theta \right. \\ \left. + \frac{2}{3r^2} \partial_\theta U_r + \frac{1}{3r} \partial_\theta \partial_r U_r + \frac{1}{3r} \partial_\theta \partial_z U_z \right] \hat{\theta} + \\ \left[\partial_r^2 U_z + \frac{1}{r} \partial_r U_z + \frac{1}{r^2} \partial_\theta^2 U_z + \frac{4}{3} \partial_z^2 U_z + \frac{1}{3} \partial_z \partial_r U_r \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{3r} \partial_z U_r + \frac{1}{3r} \partial_z \partial_\theta U_\theta \right] \hat{z}$$

$$(\nabla U)_{ij} = \partial_i U_j$$

$$\vec{\Pi} = \vec{\nabla} \vec{U} \quad \text{where } \vec{A} \circ \vec{B} = A_{ij} B_{ij}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{\Pi}_{ij} (\nabla U)_{ij} &= \Pi_{11} \nabla U_{11} + \Pi_{12} \nabla U_{12} + \Pi_{13} \nabla U_{13} + \\ &\quad \Pi_{21} \nabla U_{21} + \Pi_{22} \nabla U_{22} + \Pi_{23} \nabla U_{23} + \\ &\quad \Pi_{31} \nabla U_{31} + \Pi_{32} \nabla U_{32} + \Pi_{33} \nabla U_{33} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Pi_{ij} = \mu \left(\overset{\nabla U}{\partial_i U_j} + \overset{(\nabla U)^T}{\partial_j U_i} - \frac{2}{3} \delta_{ij} \partial_k U_k \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \left(-\frac{2}{3} \delta_{ij} \partial_k U_k \right) \partial_i U_j &= -\frac{2}{3} \partial_k U_k \partial_i U_j \delta_{ij} \\ &= -\frac{2}{3} (\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{U}) \partial_j U_j \\ &= -\frac{2}{3} (\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{U})^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} + \frac{2}{3} (\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{U})^2 - \vec{\Pi} \circ \vec{\nabla} \vec{U} &= \cancel{\mu} \cancel{\mu} \partial_1 U_1 \partial_1 U_1 + \partial_1 U_1^T \partial_1 U_1 + \partial_1 U_2 \partial_1 U_2 + \partial_2 U_1^T \partial_1 U_2 \\ &\quad + \partial_1 U_3 \partial_1 U_3 + \partial_3 U_1^T \partial_1 U_3 + \\ &\quad \partial_2 U_1 \partial_2 U_1 + \partial_2 U_2^T \partial_2 U_1 + \partial_2 U_2 \partial_2 U_2 + \partial_2 U_2^T \partial_2 U_2 \\ &\quad + \partial_2 U_3 \partial_2 U_3 + \partial_3 U_2^T \partial_2 U_3 + \\ &\quad \partial_3 U_1 \partial_3 U_1 + \partial_3 U_3^T \partial_3 U_1 + \partial_3 U_2 \partial_3 U_2 + \partial_2 U_3^T \partial_3 U_2 \\ &\quad + \partial_3 U_3 \partial_3 U_3 + \partial_3 U_3^T \partial_3 U_3 \end{aligned}$$

T superscript denotes it is from the $\nabla U^T: \nabla U$ term, not the ∇U^T matrix

i.e. $\partial_3 U_2^T = \partial_3 U_2$ (based on the indices of $\partial_i U_j + \partial_j U_i$)

so the transpose was taken when the indices were reversed so it still refers to elements of $\vec{\nabla} \vec{U}$ matrix

different matrix ← same indices

$$\nabla U_{ij} [\nabla U_{ij} + (\nabla U^T)_{ij}] = \pi_{ij} \nabla U_{ij} \frac{2}{3} (\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{U})^2$$

$$\nabla U_{ij} = [\partial_i U_j + \partial_j U_i] \partial_i U_j$$

↑ ↑ ↑
same matrix, different indices

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{2}{3} (\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{U})^2 + \frac{\pi}{\mu} : \vec{\nabla} \vec{U} &= 2(\partial_r U_r)^2 + (\partial_r U_\theta)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial_\theta U_r - U_\theta}{r} \right) (\partial_r U_\theta) \\ &\quad + (\partial_r U_z)^2 + (\partial_z U_r) (\partial_r U_z) + \left(\frac{\partial_\theta U_r - U_\theta}{r} \right)^2 \\ &\quad + (\partial_r U_\theta) \left(\frac{\partial_\theta U_r - U_\theta}{r} \right) + 2 \left(\frac{\partial_\theta U_\theta + U_r}{r} \right)^2 \\ &\quad + \left(\frac{\partial_\theta U_z}{r} \right)^2 + (\partial_z U_\theta) \left(\frac{\partial_\theta U_z}{r} \right) + (\partial_z U_r)^2 \\ &\quad + (\partial_r U_z) (\partial_z U_r) + (\partial_z U_\theta)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial_\theta U_z}{r} \right) (\partial_z U_\theta) \\ &\quad + 2(\partial_z U_r)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\pi}{\mu} : \vec{\nabla} \vec{U} &= -\frac{2}{3} (\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{U})^2 + 2(\partial_r U_r)^2 + (\partial_r U_\theta)^2 + 2(\partial_r U_\theta) \left(\frac{\partial_\theta U_r - U_\theta}{r} \right) \\ &\quad + (\partial_r U_z)^2 + 2(\partial_z U_r) (\partial_r U_z) + \left(\frac{\partial_\theta U_r - U_\theta}{r} \right)^2 \\ &\quad + 2 \left(\frac{\partial_\theta U_\theta + U_r}{r} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial_\theta U_z}{r} \right)^2 + 2(\partial_z U_\theta) \left(\frac{\partial_\theta U_z}{r} \right) \\ &\quad + (\partial_z U_r)^2 + (\partial_z U_\theta)^2 + 2(\partial_z U_z)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{U})^2 &= \left(\partial_r A_r + \frac{A_r}{r} + \frac{1}{r} \partial_\theta A_\theta + \partial_z A_z \right)^2 \\
 &= (\partial_r A_r)^2 + \left(\frac{A_r}{r} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial_\theta A_\theta}{r} \right)^2 + 2 \left(\partial_z A_z \right)^2 \\
 &\quad + \frac{2 A_r \partial_r A_r}{r} + 2 \frac{\partial_r A_r \partial_\theta A_\theta}{r} + 2 \partial_r A_r \partial_z A_z \\
 &\quad + \frac{2 A_r \partial_\theta A_\theta}{r^2} + \frac{2 A_r \partial_z A_z}{r} + 2 \frac{\partial_\theta A_\theta \partial_z A_z}{r}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{U}}{r} = -\frac{2}{3} \frac{(\partial_r U_r)^2}{r^2} - \frac{2}{3} \frac{(U_r)^2}{r^2} - \frac{2}{3} \frac{(\partial_\theta U_\theta)^2}{r^2} - \frac{2}{3} \frac{(\partial_z U_z)^2}{r^2}$$

$$-\frac{4}{3} \frac{U_r \partial_r U_r}{r} - \frac{4}{3} \frac{\partial_r U_r \partial_\theta U_\theta}{r} - \frac{4}{3} \partial_r U_r \partial_z U_z$$

$$-\frac{4}{3} \frac{U_r}{r^2} \partial_\theta U_\theta - \frac{4}{3} \frac{U_r}{r} \partial_z U_z - \frac{4}{3} \frac{\partial_\theta U_\theta \partial_z U_z}{r}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &+ 2(\partial_r U_r)^2 + (\partial_r U_\theta)^2 + 2(\partial_r U_\theta) \left(\frac{\partial_\theta U_r}{r} - \frac{U_\theta}{r} \right) \\
 &+ (\partial_r U_z)^2 + 2\partial_z U_r \partial_r U_z + \left(\frac{\partial_\theta U_r}{r} - \frac{U_\theta}{r} \right)^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$+ 2 \left(\frac{\partial_\theta U_\theta}{r} + \frac{U_\theta}{r} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial_\theta U_z}{r} \right)^2 + 2\partial_z U_\theta \frac{\partial_\theta U_z}{r}$$

$$+ (\partial_z U_r)^2 + (\partial_z U_\theta)^2 + 2(\partial_z U_z)^2$$

$$= \frac{4}{3} \frac{(\partial_r U_r)^2}{r^2} - \frac{2}{3} \frac{U_r^2}{r^2}$$

$$= \frac{4}{3} \frac{(\partial_r U_r)^2}{r^2} - \frac{2}{3} \frac{U_r^2}{r^2} - \frac{2}{3} \frac{(\partial_\theta U_\theta)^2}{r^2} - \frac{2}{3} \frac{(\partial_z U_z)^2}{r^2} - \frac{4}{3} \frac{U_r \partial_r U_r}{r}$$

$$-\frac{4}{3} \frac{\partial_r U_r \partial_\theta U_\theta}{r} - \frac{4}{3} \partial_r U_r \partial_z U_z - \frac{4}{3} \frac{U_r \partial_\theta U_\theta}{r^2} - \frac{4}{3} \frac{U_r \partial_z U_z}{r}$$

$$-\frac{4}{3} \frac{\partial_\theta U_\theta \partial_z U_z}{r} + (\partial_r U_\theta)^2 + 2\partial_r U_\theta \partial_\theta U_r - 2 \frac{U_\theta \partial_r U_\theta}{r}$$

$$+ (\partial_r U_z)^2 + 2\partial_z U_r \partial_r U_z + \frac{(\partial_\theta U_r)^2}{r^2} - 2 \frac{U_\theta \partial_\theta U_r}{r^2} + \frac{U_\theta^2}{r^2}$$

$$+ 2 \frac{(\partial_\theta U_\theta)^2}{r^2} + 4 \frac{U_\theta \partial_\theta U_\theta}{r^2} + 2 \frac{U_\theta^2}{r^2} + \frac{(\partial_\theta U_z)^2}{r^2} + 2\partial_z U_\theta \frac{\partial_\theta U_z}{r}$$

$$+ (\partial_z U_r)^2 + (\partial_z U_\theta)^2 + 2(\partial_z U_z)^2$$

$$\frac{\hbar}{\mu} \vec{\nabla}^2 \psi = \frac{4}{3} (\partial_r \psi_r)^2 - \frac{2}{3} \frac{\psi_r^2}{r^2} + \frac{4}{3} \frac{(\partial_\theta \psi_\theta)^2}{r^2} + \frac{4}{3} (\partial_z \psi_z)^2$$

$$+ \frac{4}{3} \frac{\psi_r \partial_r \psi_r}{r} - \frac{4}{3} \frac{\partial_r \psi_r \partial_\theta \psi_\theta}{r} - \frac{4}{3} \partial_r \psi_r \partial_z \psi_z$$

$$- \frac{4}{3} \frac{\psi_r \partial_\theta \psi_\theta}{r^2} - \frac{4}{3} \frac{\psi_r \partial_z \psi_z}{r} - \frac{4}{3} \frac{\partial_\theta \psi_\theta \partial_z \psi_z}{r}$$

$$+ (\partial_r \psi_\theta)^2 + 2 \frac{\partial_r \psi_\theta \partial_\theta \psi_r}{r} - 2 \frac{\psi_\theta \partial_r \psi_\theta}{r} + (\partial_r \psi_z)^2$$

$$+ 2 \partial_z \psi_r \partial_r \psi_z + \frac{(\partial_\theta \psi_r)^2}{r^2} - 2 \frac{\psi_\theta \partial_\theta \psi_r}{r^2} + 3 \frac{\psi_\theta^2}{r^2}$$

$$+ 4 \frac{\psi_\theta \partial_\theta \psi_\theta}{r^2} + \frac{(\partial_\theta \psi_z)^2}{r^2} + 2 \frac{\partial_z \psi_\theta \partial_\theta \psi_z}{r} + (\partial_z \psi_r)^2 + (\partial_z \psi_\theta)^2$$

Fluid Equations

$$1) P = (\gamma - 1) C_v \rho T = \rho \frac{\gamma}{\gamma - 1} \frac{S}{C_v} = \rho \frac{kT}{m}$$

$$2) \rho T \frac{DS}{Dt} = -\nabla \cdot (k \nabla T) + \Pi : \nabla \vec{u} + \eta \left(\frac{e}{4\pi} \right)^2 |\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B}|^2$$

$$3) \partial_t \rho + \vec{u} \cdot \nabla \rho + \rho \nabla \cdot \vec{u} = 0$$

$$4) \rho \frac{D\vec{u}}{Dt} = -\vec{\nabla} [P + \frac{\vec{B}^2}{8\pi} + \phi_{\text{eff}}] + 2\vec{u} \times \vec{\Omega} + \vec{\nabla} \cdot \Pi + \frac{(\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B}) \times \vec{B}}{4\pi}$$

$$5) \partial_t \vec{B} = \vec{\nabla} \times (\vec{u} \times \vec{B}) + \eta \nabla^2 \vec{B} \quad (\text{assumes } \eta = \text{const})$$

$$\vec{B} = 0 :$$

$$1) P = (\gamma - 1) C_v \rho T$$

$$2) \rho T \frac{DS}{Dt} = -\nabla \cdot (k \nabla T) + \Pi : \nabla \vec{u}$$

$$3) \frac{D\rho}{Dt} = -\rho \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{u}$$

$$4) \rho \frac{D\vec{u}}{Dt} = -\nabla [P + \phi_{\text{eff}}] + 2\vec{u} \times \vec{\Omega} + \vec{\nabla} \cdot \Pi$$

Derivation of $T \alpha_T \frac{ds}{c_p} = \frac{1}{\Gamma_1} \frac{dP}{P} - \frac{ds}{s}$

(1) $\frac{\partial a}{\partial b} \bigg|_c \frac{\partial b}{\partial a} \bigg|_c = 1$ (2) $\frac{\partial a}{\partial b} \bigg|_c \frac{\partial b}{\partial c} \bigg|_a \frac{\partial c}{\partial a} \bigg|_b = -1$

$\Gamma_1 \equiv \frac{\partial P}{\partial s} \bigg|_P \frac{s}{P}$ $ds = \frac{\partial s}{\partial P} \bigg|_P dP + \frac{\partial s}{\partial s} \bigg|_P ds$

$-\frac{1}{s} \frac{\partial s}{\partial s} \bigg|_P ds = -\frac{1}{s} \frac{\partial s}{\partial s} \bigg|_P \frac{\partial s}{\partial P} \bigg|_P dP = -\frac{1}{s} \frac{\partial s}{\partial s} \bigg|_P \frac{\partial s}{\partial s} \bigg|_P dP$

$= -\frac{1}{s} \frac{\partial s}{\partial s} \bigg|_P \frac{\partial s}{\partial P} \bigg|_P dP - \frac{ds}{s}$ using (1)

$= \frac{1}{s} \frac{\partial s}{\partial P} \bigg|_P dP - \frac{ds}{s}$ using (2)

$= \frac{P}{P} \frac{1}{s} \frac{\partial s}{\partial P} \bigg|_P dP - \frac{ds}{s} = \left[\frac{1}{\Gamma_1} \frac{dP}{P} - \frac{ds}{s} \right]$

$dh = T ds + \frac{1}{s} dP \Rightarrow T = \frac{\partial h}{\partial s} \bigg|_P \frac{1}{s} = \frac{\partial h}{\partial P} \bigg|_s$

$\frac{\partial}{\partial s} \frac{\partial h}{\partial P} \bigg|_s = \frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial s \partial P} = \frac{\partial}{\partial s} \left(\frac{1}{s} \right) = -\frac{1}{s^2} \frac{\partial s}{\partial s} \bigg|_P \Rightarrow s \frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial s \partial P} = -\frac{1}{s} \frac{\partial s}{\partial s} \bigg|_P$

$-\frac{1}{s} \frac{\partial s}{\partial s} \bigg|_P = s \frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial s \partial P} = s \frac{\partial}{\partial P} \left(\frac{\partial h}{\partial s} \right) = s \frac{\partial T}{\partial P} \bigg|_s$

$= -s \frac{\partial s}{\partial P} \bigg|_T \frac{\partial T}{\partial s} \bigg|_P$ using (2)

$= -s \frac{\partial s}{\partial P} \bigg|_T \frac{T}{c_p}$ using $c_p \equiv T \frac{\partial s}{\partial T} \bigg|_P$

$$g = h - TS \Rightarrow dg = dh - Tds - SdT = \frac{1}{\rho} dp + s dT$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial g}{\partial p} \right|_T = \frac{1}{\rho} \Rightarrow \left. \frac{\partial^2 g}{\partial p \partial T} \right|_P = -\frac{1}{\rho^2} \left. \frac{\partial s}{\partial T} \right|_P$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial g}{\partial T} \right|_P = -s \Rightarrow -\left. \frac{\partial s}{\partial p} \right|_T = \left. \frac{\partial^2 g}{\partial p \partial T} \right|_P$$

$$-\frac{1}{\rho} \left. \frac{\partial s}{\partial T} \right|_P = -\frac{\rho T}{c_p} \left. \frac{\partial s}{\partial p} \right|_T = \frac{\rho T}{c_p} \left. \frac{\partial^2 g}{\partial p \partial T} \right|_P = \frac{-\rho T}{c_p \rho^2} \left. \frac{\partial s}{\partial T} \right|_P$$

$$= -\frac{T}{c_p} \frac{1}{\rho} \left. \frac{\partial s}{\partial T} \right|_P \equiv \frac{\alpha_T T}{c_p}$$

$$\alpha_T \equiv -\frac{1}{\rho} \left. \frac{\partial s}{\partial T} \right|_P$$

$$-\frac{1}{\rho} \left. \frac{\partial s}{\partial T} \right|_P ds = \frac{dp}{\rho T} - \frac{ds}{\rho}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{\alpha_T T}{c_p} ds = \frac{dp}{\rho T} - \frac{ds}{\rho}}$$

$$\text{Ideal gas} \Rightarrow \alpha_T = 1/T, \rho = \gamma$$

$$\frac{ds}{c_p} = \frac{dp}{\gamma T} - \frac{ds}{\gamma}$$

$$\frac{1}{c_p} \frac{Ds}{Dt} = \frac{1}{\gamma} \frac{D \log P}{Dt} - \frac{D \log \gamma}{Dt}$$

Derivation of Pressure Egn

Ideal gas $\Rightarrow \alpha = 1/\gamma$, $\Gamma_1 = \gamma$, $P = (\gamma-1)c_v \rho T$ $c_p = \gamma c_v$

$$\therefore \frac{ds}{c_p} = \frac{dp}{\gamma P} - \frac{ds}{\gamma} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{c_p} \frac{DS}{Dt} = \frac{1}{\gamma} \frac{D \log P}{Dt} - \frac{D \log \rho}{Dt}$$

$$\frac{DS}{Dt} = + \frac{1}{\rho T} \nabla \cdot (k \nabla T) + \frac{1}{\rho T} \overset{\leftrightarrow}{\Pi} : \nabla \vec{U} + \mathcal{N} \left(\frac{c^2}{4\pi} \right) (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B})^2$$

$$\frac{1}{\gamma} \frac{D \log P}{Dt} - \frac{D \log \rho}{Dt} = + \frac{1}{\rho T c_p} \nabla \cdot (k \nabla T) + \frac{1}{\rho T c_p} \overset{\leftrightarrow}{\Pi} : \nabla \vec{U} + \frac{\mathcal{N}}{c_p} \left(\frac{c}{4\pi} \right)^2 (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B})^2$$

$$\frac{1}{\gamma} \frac{D \log P}{Dt} = - \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{U} + \frac{1}{\rho T c_p} \nabla \cdot (k \nabla T) + \frac{1}{\rho T c_p} \overset{\leftrightarrow}{\Pi} : \nabla \vec{U} + \frac{\mathcal{N}}{c_p} \left(\frac{c}{4\pi} \right)^2 |\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B}|^2$$

$$\frac{DP}{Dt} = - \gamma P \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{U} + \frac{P}{c_v \rho T} \nabla \cdot (k \nabla T) + \frac{P}{\rho T c_v} \overset{\leftrightarrow}{\Pi} : \nabla \vec{U} + \frac{P \mathcal{N}}{c_v} \left(\frac{c}{4\pi} \right)^2 |\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B}|^2$$

$$\frac{DP}{Dt} = - \gamma P \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{U} + (\gamma-1) \nabla \cdot (k \nabla T) + (\gamma-1) \overset{\leftrightarrow}{\Pi} : \nabla \vec{U} + \frac{P \mathcal{N}}{c_v} \left(\frac{c}{4\pi} \right)^2 |\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B}|^2$$