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Лабораторная работа №4 по курсу
«Операционные системы»

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Постановка задачи

Вариант 9.

Исследовать два аллокатора памяти: необходимо реализовать два алгоритма (**Списки свободных блоков (наиболее подходящее)** и **алгоритм двойников**) аллокации памяти и сравнить их по следующим характеристикам:

- Фактор использования
- Скорость выделения блоков
- Скорость освобождения блоков
- Простота использования аллокатора

Требуется создать две динамические библиотеки, реализующие два аллокатора, соответственно.

Общий метод и алгоритм решения

Использованные системные вызовы:

- `int write(int filedes, const void *buf, size_t nbyte);` – записывает данные из буфера в файловый дескриптор.
- `int read(int filedes, void *buf, size_t nbyte);` – читает данные из файлового дескриптора в буфер.
- `void* mmap(void *addr, size_t len, int prot, int flags, int fd, off_t offset);` – выделяет память, размещает файл или устройство в память процесса.
- `void* munmap(void *addr, size_t len);` – удаляет размещение.

В работе реализованы две динамические библиотеки, экспортирующие функции аллокатора. Программа загружает указанную библиотеку и разрешает имена функций. Если библиотеку загрузить не удалось, или одна из функций не найдена, программа использует fallback-аллокатор, использующий `mmap/munmap`.

Библиотека «`alloc-1`» реализует алгоритм списка свободных блоков. При создании аллокатора выделяется один большой блок размером с доступную память. При выделении ищется блок с наиболее подходящим размером: ближайшим к выделяемому размеру. Блок удаляется из списка и разбивается, чтобы создать новый свободный. При освобождении памяти блок возвращается в список первым элементом, а блоки, находящиеся в памяти рядом, сливаются. Такой метод аллокации прост в реализации, но при длительной работе может возникнуть значительная фрагментация памяти.

В «`alloc-2`» реализован алгоритм двойников («`Buddy allocator`»). Аллокатор требует, чтобы доступная ему память была степенью двойки, иначе не получится делить блоки. Внутри хранится список свободных блоков для каждого порядка степеней двойки. При выделении памяти определяется минимальный порядок, достаточный для размещения запроса, и из списка свободных блоков извлекается первый подходящий. Если блок оказывается больше, чем требуется, он разделяется на два равных, один из которых возвращается в список меньшего порядка, а другой используется для размещения данных.

При освобождении памяти проверяется, находится ли соседний блок («`buddy`») в списке свободных блоков. Если соседний блок найден, они объединяются в блок более высокого порядка. Процесс повторяется, пока это возможно. Алгоритм обеспечивает быстрое выделение и

освобождение памяти. Однако, только блоки размерами, кратными степеням двойки, могут быть выделены, из-за чего остаётся неиспользованная память.

Подход тестирования

Для тестирования производительности аллокаторов программа реализует два подхода.

В первом программа выделяет 512 блоков со случайным размером до 1 КБ. Случайным образом освобождается половина блоков, затем вместо них выделяются новые. Такой подход позволяет выявить ошибки в реализации.

Второй подход заключается в некоем fuzz-тестировании аллокаторов. Программа делает 200000 итераций, в которых она либо выделяет новый блок, либо освобождает старый. Такой подход позволяет сделать более точный замер производительности.

Результаты тестирования

	Free List	Buddy	Fallback
alloc	0.002933s	0.002492s	0.004760s
free	0.001186s	0.001031s	0.001851s
fuzz	0.524958s	0.250028s	0.476698s

Код программы

alloc-1/alloc.c

```
#define LIBRARY

#include "alloc.h"

#include <stdbool.h>
#include <string.h>

static const size_t MIN_SIZE = 16;

typedef struct Block {
    size_t size;
    struct Block *next;
    bool used;
} Block;

struct Allocator {
    /** Pointer to the first free block. */
    Block *head;
    /** Total memory available to the allocator. */
    size_t size;
};

Allocator *allocator_create(void *memory, size_t size) {
```

```

    if (!memory || size < sizeof(Allocator)) return NULL;

    Allocator *allocator = (Allocator *)memory;

    allocator->head = (Block *)((char *)memory + sizeof(Allocator));
    allocator->size = size;

    // Initialize head (first) block.
    allocator->head->size = size - sizeof(Allocator) - sizeof(Block);
    allocator->head->next = NULL;
    allocator->head->used = false;

    return allocator;
}

void allocator_destroy(Allocator *allocator) {
    if (!allocator) return;
    memset(allocator, 0, allocator->size);
}

void *allocator_alloc(Allocator *allocator, size_t size) {
    if (!allocator || !size) return NULL;

    // Find the most suitable block (closest to |size|.)
    Block *current = allocator->head, *previous = NULL;
    Block *best = NULL, *prevBest = NULL;

    while (current) {
        if (!current->used && current->size >= size) {
            if (!best || current->size < best->size) {
                best = current;
                prevBest = previous;
            }
        }

        previous = current;
        current = current->next;
    }

    if (!best) {
        // No block found.
        return NULL;
    }

    // Remove 'best' from the free list.
    if (prevBest) {
        prevBest->next = best->next;
    } else {
        allocator->head = best->next;
    }
}

```

```

// If it makes sense to insert a new block (i.e., if we have some space),
// insert one.
size_t leftover = best->size - size;

if (leftover >= MIN_SIZE + sizeof(Block)) {
    Block *newBlock = (Block *)((char *)best + sizeof(Block) + size);
    newBlock->size = leftover - sizeof(Block);
    newBlock->used = false;

    // Insert the block at the top of the list.
    newBlock->next = allocator->head;
    allocator->head = newBlock;
}

best->size = size;
best->used = true;

return (char *)best + sizeof(Block);
}

void allocator_free(Allocator *allocator, void *memory) {
    if (!allocator || !memory) return;

    Block *block = (Block *)((char *)memory - sizeof(Block));

    // Insert the block at the top of the list.
    block->next = allocator->head;
    block->used = false;
    allocator->head = block;

    // Merge blocks that are right next to each other.
    Block *current = allocator->head;

    while (current && current->next) {
        Block *next = current->next;

        bool canMerge =
            (Block *)((char *)current + sizeof(Block) + current->size) == next;

        if (canMerge) {
            current->size += sizeof(Block) + next->size;
            current->next = next->next;
        } else {
            current = next;
        }
    }
}

```

alloc-2/alloc.c

```
#define LIBRARY
```

```

#include "alloc.h"

#include <stdbool.h>
#include <unistd.h>

#define MAX_ORDER 30

typedef struct Block {
    /** Linked list pointer for the free list. */
    struct Block *next;
    /** The power-of-two order of this block. */
    size_t order;
} Block;

struct Allocator {
    /** Keep a free list for each order from 0..MAX_ORDER. */
    Block *free_lists[MAX_ORDER + 1];
    /** Start (base) of the entire memory region managed. */
    void *start;
    /** Total size of the memory region. */
    size_t size;
};

/** Returns the smallest power-of-two order that can fit 'size' bytes. */
static size_t get_order(size_t size) {
    size_t order = 0;
    size_t blockSize = 1;

    while (blockSize < size) {
        blockSize <= 1;
        ++order;
    }

    return order;
}

/** Computes 2^order. */
static size_t order_to_block_size(size_t order) { return (size_t)1 << order; }

/** Returns an offset within the allocator's memory. */
static size_t get_offset(Allocator *allocator, void *ptr) {
    return (size_t)((char *)ptr - (char *)allocator->start);
}

/** Converts from offset to actual pointer in the memory region */
static void *offset_to_ptr(Allocator *allocator, size_t offset) {
    return (void *)((char *)allocator->start + offset);
}

```

```

/** Finds buddy of a given block. */
static void *find_buddy(Allocator *allocator, void *block_ptr, size_t order) {
    size_t offset = get_offset(allocator, block_ptr);
    size_t buddyOffset = offset ^ order_to_block_size(order);

    return offset_to_ptr(allocator, buddyOffset);
}

/** Insert a block into the free list for a given order. */
static void add_to_free_list(Allocator *allocator, Block *block, size_t order) {
    block->order = order;
    block->next = allocator->free_lists[order];

    allocator->free_lists[order] = block;
}

/** Remove a block from the free list. */
static void remove_from_free_list(Allocator *allocator, Block *block,
                                  size_t order) {
    Block *previous = NULL;
    Block *current = allocator->free_lists[order];

    while (current) {
        if (current == block) {
            // Found it, remove it from the list
            if (previous) {
                previous->next = current->next;
            } else {
                allocator->free_lists[order] = current->next;
            }
            return;
        }
        previous = current;
        current = current->next;
    }
}

Allocator *allocator_create(void *memory, size_t size) {
    if (!memory || size < sizeof(Allocator)) return NULL;

    Allocator *allocator = (Allocator *)memory;

    /* Initialize all free lists to NULL */
    for (int i = 0; i <= MAX_ORDER; i++) {
        allocator->free_lists[i] = NULL;
    }

    allocator->start = (char *)memory + sizeof(Allocator);
    allocator->size = size - sizeof(Allocator);

    size_t order = get_order(allocator->size);

```

```

size_t exactBlockSize = order_to_block_size(order);

if (exactBlockSize != allocator->size) {
    const char msg[] =
        "warn: size of memory region is not a power of two, might cause "
        "issues\n";
    write(STDOUT_FILENO, msg, sizeof(msg) - 1);
}

// Create one free block covering the entire buddy region.
Block *block = (Block *)allocator->start;

block->order = order;
block->next = NULL;

allocator->free_lists[order] = block;

return allocator;
}

void allocator_destroy(Allocator *allocator) { (void)allocator; }

void *allocator_alloc(Allocator *allocator, size_t size) {
    if (!size) return NULL;

    // Figure out which order can fit `size`.
    size_t neededOrder = get_order(size + sizeof(Block));

    // Find a free block at or above that order, then split down if needed.
    size_t currentOrder = neededOrder;
    while (currentOrder <= MAX_ORDER &&
        allocator->free_lists[currentOrder] == NULL) {
        currentOrder++;
    }
    if (currentOrder > MAX_ORDER) {
        // No block big enough.
        return NULL;
    }

    // Remove that block from the free list.
    Block *block = allocator->free_lists[currentOrder];
    remove_from_free_list(allocator, block, currentOrder);

    // Split down to the needed order
    while (currentOrder > neededOrder) {
        currentOrder--;

        size_t halfSize = order_to_block_size(currentOrder);
        // The buddy block starts half_size bytes after `block`.
        Block *buddy = (Block *)((char *)block + halfSize);

```



```

        // Put the buddy in the free list of the smaller order.
        add_to_free_list(allocator, buddy, currentOrder);
    }

    // |block| is now exactly big enough.
    block->order = neededOrder;
    block->next = NULL;

    return (void *)((char *)block + sizeof(Block));
}

void allocator_free(Allocator *allocator, void *memory) {
    if (!memory) return;

    Block *block = (Block *)((char *)memory - sizeof(Block));
    size_t order = block->order;

    // Coalesce as far as possible.
    while (order < MAX_ORDER) {
        void *buddyAddr = find_buddy(allocator, block, order);

        // Look for the buddy in the free list of this 'order'.
        bool foundBuddy = false;

        Block *previous = NULL;
        Block *current = allocator->free_lists[order];

        while (current) {
            if ((void *)current == buddyAddr) {
                foundBuddy = true;
                // Remove from free list.
                if (previous) {
                    previous->next = current->next;
                } else {
                    allocator->free_lists[order] = current->next;
                }
                break;
            }
            previous = current;
            current = current->next;
        }

        if (!foundBuddy) {
            break; // can't coalesce
        }

        // Merge blocks.
        if (buddyAddr < (void *)block) {
            block = (Block *)buddyAddr;
        }
    }
}

```

```

        ++order;
    }

    // Add (possibly merged) block back.
    add_to_free_list(allocator, block, order);
}

```

example/main.c

```

#include <dlfcn.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/mman.h>
#include <time.h>

#include "alloc.h"
#include "bootleg_stdio.h"
#include "fallback.h"

static const size_t MEMORY_SIZE =
    1024 * 1024 + 264 /* sizeof(BuddyAllocator) */;

static pfnAllocatorCreate allocatorCreate;
static pfnAllocatorDestroy allocatorDestroy;
static pfnAllocatorAlloc allocatorAlloc;
static pfnAllocatorFree allocatorFree;

static bool load_symbols(void* library) {
    allocatorCreate = (pfnAllocatorCreate)dlsym(library, "allocator_create");
    if (!allocatorCreate) {
        blg_perrorf("can't find `allocator_create`\n");
        return false;
    }

    allocatorDestroy = (pfnAllocatorDestroy)dlsym(library, "allocator_destroy");
    if (!allocatorDestroy) {
        blg_perrorf("can't find `allocator_destroy`\n");
        return false;
    }

    allocatorAlloc = (pfnAllocatorAlloc)dlsym(library, "allocator_alloc");
    if (!allocatorAlloc) {
        blg_perrorf("can't find `allocator_alloc`\n");
        return false;
    }

    allocatorFree = (pfnAllocatorFree)dlsym(library, "allocator_free");
    if (!allocatorFree) {
        blg_perrorf("can't find `allocator_free`\n");
        return false;
    }

    return true;
}

```

```

}

static size_t rand_size() {
    static const size_t BLOCK_SIZE = 1024;

    return rand() % BLOCK_SIZE + 1;
}

static void test_allocator(Allocator* allocator) {
    static const size_t BLOCK_COUNT = 512;

    void* blocks[BLOCK_COUNT];

    clock_t startAlloc = clock();

    for (size_t i = 0; i != BLOCK_COUNT; ++i) {
        size_t size = rand_size();

        blocks[i] = allocatorAlloc(allocator, size);
        blg_printf("alloc(%zu) = %p\n", size, blocks[i]);

        if (!blocks[i]) {
            blg_perrorf("can't allocate block\n");
        }
    }

    clock_t endAlloc = clock();
    clock_t startFree = clock();

    // Free half of the blocks randomly.
    for (size_t i = 0; i != BLOCK_COUNT / 2; ++i) {
        size_t idx = rand() % BLOCK_COUNT;

        allocatorFree(allocator, blocks[idx]);
        blg_printf("free(%p)\n", blocks[idx]);

        blocks[idx] = NULL;
    }

    clock_t endFree = clock();

    // Try to allocate on the freed blocks.
    for (size_t i = 0; i != BLOCK_COUNT; ++i) {
        if (blocks[i]) continue;

        size_t size = rand_size();

        blocks[i] = allocatorAlloc(allocator, size);
        blg_printf("alloc(%zu) = %p\n", size, blocks[i]);
    }
}

```

```

        if (!blocks[i]) {
            blg_perrorf("can't allocate block\n");
        }
    }

    blg_printf("alloc took %fs\n",
        (double)(endAlloc - startAlloc) / CLOCKS_PER_SEC);
    blg_printf("free took %fs\n",
        (double)(endFree - startFree) / CLOCKS_PER_SEC);

    for (size_t i = 0; i != BLOCK_COUNT; ++i) {
        allocatorFree(allocator, blocks[i]);
    }
}

static void stress_allocator(Allocator* allocator) {
    static const size_t ITERATIONS = 200000;
    static const size_t BLOCK_COUNT = 20000;

    void* blocks[BLOCK_COUNT];

    for (size_t i = 0; i != BLOCK_COUNT; ++i) {
        blocks[i] = NULL;
    }

    clock_t start = clock();

    // Keep track of how many blocks are in use and randomly decide,
    // whether to allocate or free.
    size_t used = 0;

    for (size_t op = 0; op < ITERATIONS; op++) {
        bool alloc = true;

        if (used == 0) {
            alloc = true;
        } else if (used == BLOCK_COUNT) {
            alloc = false;
        } else {
            alloc = rand() % 2;
        }

        if (alloc) {
            size_t idx;
            do {
                idx = rand() % BLOCK_COUNT;
            } while (blocks[idx] != NULL);

            size_t size = rand_size();

```

```

        blocks[idx] = allocatorAlloc(allocator, size);

        if (blocks[idx]) {
            ++used;
        } else {
            // Allocation failed
        }
    } else {
        size_t idx;
        do {
            idx = rand() % BLOCK_COUNT;
        } while (blocks[idx] == NULL);

        allocatorFree(allocator, blocks[idx]);
        blocks[idx] = NULL;

        --used;
    }
}

clock_t end = clock();

double elapsed = (double)(end - start) / CLOCKS_PER_SEC;
blg_printf("stress test took %fs\n", elapsed);

for (size_t i = 0; i != BLOCK_COUNT; ++i) {
    allocatorFree(allocator, blocks[i]);
}

}

static int cleanup(int retVal, void* library, void* memory,
                  Allocator* allocator) {
    if (allocator) allocatorDestroy(allocator);
    if (memory) munmap(memory, MEMORY_SIZE);
    if (library) dlclose(library);

    return retVal;
}

int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
    void* library = NULL;
    void* memory = NULL;
    Allocator* allocator = NULL;

    library = dlopen(argv[1], RTLD_LOCAL | RTLD_NOW);
    bool libraryLoaded = false;

    // Try to load the allocator library from argv[1].
    if (argc > 1 && library) {
        libraryLoaded = load_symbols(library);
    }
}

```

```

// If we can't load one of the symbols, use fallbacks.
if (!libraryLoaded) {
    blg_printf("can't load allocator library, using fallbacks");

    allocatorCreate = fb_allocator_create;
    allocatorDestroy = fb_allocator_destroy;
    allocatorAlloc = fb_allocator_alloc;
    allocatorFree = fb_allocator_free;
}

// Create a 1 MiB memory region.
memory = mmap(NULL, MEMORY_SIZE, PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE,
               MAP_PRIVATE | MAP_ANONYMOUS, -1, 0);

if (memory == MAP_FAILED) {
    blg_perrorf("can't create memory region\n");
    return cleanup(1, library, memory, allocator);
}

// Create an allocator.
allocator = allocatorCreate(memory, MEMORY_SIZE);

if (!allocator) {
    blg_perrorf("can't create allocator\n");
    return cleanup(2, library, memory, allocator);
}

// Test the allocator.
srand(123456);

test_allocator(allocator);
stress_allocator(allocator);

return cleanup(0, library, memory, allocator);
}

```

example/fallback.c

```

#include "fallback.h"

#include <sys/mman.h>

struct Allocator {
    /** Some data to silence the compiler's empty
     * struct warning. */
    char marker;
};

static Allocator DUMMY_ALLOCATOR = (Allocator){'\0'};

```

```

typedef struct Block {
    size_t size;
} Block;

Allocator* fb_allocator_create(void* memory, size_t size) {
    return &DUMMY_ALLOCATOR;
}

void fb_allocator_destroy(Allocator* allocator) {
    // no-op
}

void* fb_allocator_alloc(Allocator* allocator, size_t size) {
    Block* block =
        (Block*)mmap(NULL, sizeof(Block) + size, PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE,
                     MAP_ANONYMOUS | MAP_PRIVATE, -1, 0);
    if (block == MAP_FAILED) return NULL;

    block->size = size;

    return (char*)block + sizeof(Block);
}

void fb_allocator_free(Allocator* allocator, void* memory) {
    if (!memory) return;

    Block* block = (Block*)((char*)memory - sizeof(Block));

    // Free allocated memory for the block.
    munmap(block, block->size + sizeof(Block));
}

```

Протокол работы программы

Тестирование:

```

skidunion@apollo example % ./lab_4_example ../alloc-1/liblab_4_alloc_1.dylib

alloc(961) = 0x104dd0028
alloc(432) = 0x104dd0401
alloc(165) = 0x104dd05c9
-- snip --
free(0x104dd82e7)
free(0x104df10e4)
free(0x104de2028)
-- snip --
alloc(1024) = 0x104e13bb5
alloc(259) = 0x104dfc33c
alloc(273) = 0x104e0dcd1
-- snip --

```

```

alloc took 0.002933s
free took 0.001186s
stress test took 0.524958s
skidunion@apollo example % ./lab_4_example ../alloc-2/liblab_4_alloc_2.dylib
alloc(961) = 0x100fbc118
alloc(432) = 0x100fbc518
alloc(165) = 0x100fbc718
-- snip --
free(0x100fbcf98)
free(0x100fe8118)
free(0x100fd3318)
-- snip --
alloc(1024) = 0x100ffe918
alloc(259) = 0x100fc2518
alloc(273) = 0x100fc8b18
-- snip --
alloc took 0.002492s
free took 0.001031s
stress test took 0.250028s
skidunion@apollo example % ./lab_4_example
can't load allocator library, using fallbacks
alloc(961) = 0x102888008
alloc(432) = 0x10288c008
alloc(165) = 0x102890008
-- snip --
free(0x102980008)
free(0x102d18008)
free(0x102aac008)
-- snip --
alloc(1024) = 0x102890008
alloc(259) = 0x102898008
alloc(273) = 0x10289c008
-- snip --
alloc took 0.004760s
free took 0.001851s
stress test took 0.476698s

```

Dtrace:

```

skidunion@apollo example % sudo dtruss -a ./lab_4_example ../alloc-1/liblab_4_alloc_1.dylib
Password:

```

```

PID/THRD  RELATIVE  ELAPSD    CPU  SYSCALL(args)                                = return

```


1886/0x3c88:	146:	0:	0 fork()	= 0 0	
1886/0x3c88:	153	31	6 munmap(0x102BDC000, 0x8C000)	= 0 0	
1886/0x3c88:	160	7	6 munmap(0x102C68000, 0x8000)	= 0 0	
1886/0x3c88:	170	11	10 munmap(0x102C70000, 0x4000)	= 0 0	
1886/0x3c88:	185	43	14 munmap(0x102C74000, 0x4000)	= 0 0	
1886/0x3c88:	186	1	1 munmap(0x102C78000, 0x50000)	= 0 0	
1886/0x3c88:	202	1	0 crossarch_trap(0x0, 0x0, 0x0)	= -1 Err#45	
1886/0x3c88:	227	24	23 open(".\0", 0x100000, 0x0)	= 3 0	
1886/0x3c88:	229	2	2 fcntl(0x3, 0x32, 0x16D2B3278)	= 0 0	
1886/0x3c88:	231	2	1 close(0x3)	= 0 0	
102 0	1886/0x3c88:	237	5	4 fsgetpath(0x16D2B3288, 0x400, 0x16D2B3268)	=
14 0	1886/0x3c88:	253	16	15 fsgetpath(0x16D2B3298, 0x400, 0x16D2B3278)	=
	1886/0x3c88:	258	1	0 csrctl(0x0, 0x16D2B369C, 0x4)	= -1 Err#1
0 0	1886/0x3c88:	262	4	3 __mac_syscall(0x199531ACF, 0x2, 0x16D2B35E0)	=
	1886/0x3c88:	263	0	0 csrctl(0x0, 0x16D2B368C, 0x4)	= -1 Err#1
0 0	1886/0x3c88:	267	3	2 __mac_syscall(0x19952E902, 0x5A, 0x16D2B3620)	=
	1886/0x3c88:	280	7	6 sysctl([unknown, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0] (2), 0x16D2B2BA8, 0x16D2B2BA0,	
0x199530553, 0xD)	= 0 0				
	1886/0x3c88:	281	1	1 sysctl([CTL_KERN, 140, 0, 0, 0, 0] (2), 0x16D2B2C58, 0x16D2B2C50,	
0x0, 0x0)	= 0 0				
	1886/0x3c88:	288	5	4 open("/\0", 0x20100000, 0x0)	= 3 0
= 4 0	1886/0x3c88:	304	16	15 openat(0x3, "System/Cryptexes/OS\0", 0x100000, 0x0)	
	1886/0x3c88:	305	1	0 dup(0x4, 0x0, 0x0)	= 5 0
	1886/0x3c88:	310	5	4 fstatat64(0x4, 0x16D2B2731, 0x16D2B26A0)	= 0 0
= 6 0	1886/0x3c88:	315	5	4 openat(0x4, "System/Library/dyld/\0", 0x100000, 0x0)	
	1886/0x3c88:	316	1	0 fcntl(0x6, 0x32, 0x16D2B2730)	= 0 0
	1886/0x3c88:	317	0	0 dup(0x6, 0x0, 0x0)	= 7 0
	1886/0x3c88:	317	0	0 dup(0x5, 0x0, 0x0)	= 8 0
	1886/0x3c88:	318	1	0 close(0x3)	= 0 0
	1886/0x3c88:	318	0	0 close(0x5)	= 0 0
	1886/0x3c88:	318	0	0 close(0x4)	= 0 0
	1886/0x3c88:	319	0	0 close(0x6)	= 0 0
0 0	1886/0x3c88:	320	2	1 __mac_syscall(0x199531ACF, 0x2, 0x16D2B3120)	=
0 0	1886/0x3c88:	322	2	1 shared_region_check_np(0x16D2B2D40, 0x0, 0x0)	=
82 0	1886/0x3c88:	326	4	3 fsgetpath(0x16D2B32A0, 0x400, 0x16D2B31E8)	=
	alloc took 0.000027s				
	free took 0.000039s				

stress test took 0.497871s

```
1886/0x3c88:      328      1      0 fcntl(0x8, 0x32, 0x16D2B32A0)          = 0 0
1886/0x3c88:      329      0      0 close(0x8)              = 0 0
1886/0x3c88:      329      0      0 close(0x7)              = 0 0
1886/0x3c88:      336      2      1 getfsstat64(0x0, 0x0, 0x2)          = 10 0
1886/0x3c88:      343      8      7 getfsstat64(0x102F66110, 0x54B0, 0x2)      = 10 0
1886/0x3c88:      348      5      4 getattrlist("/\0", 0x16D2B31D0, 0x16D2B3140) =
0 0
1886/0x3c88:      358      7      7
stat64("/System/Volumes/Preboot/Cryptexes/OS/System/Library/dyld/dyld_shared_cache_arm64e\0",
0x16D2B3530, 0x0) = 0 0
dtrace: error on enabled probe ID 1690 (ID 845: syscall::stat64:return): invalid address (0x0) in
action #12 at DIF offset 12
1886/0x3c88:      399      28      2 stat64("/Users/skidunion/Work/Depot/Personal/mai-os-3-sem/cmake-
build-release/src/lab-4/example/lab_4_example\0", 0x16D2B29E0, 0x0) = 0 0
1886/0x3c88:      416      16      15 open("/Users/skidunion/Work/Depot/Personal/mai-os-3-sem/cmake-
build-release/src/lab-4/example/lab_4_example\0", 0x0, 0x0) = 3 0
1886/0x3c88:      424      9      7 mmap(0x0, 0x95A0, 0x1, 0x40002, 0x3, 0x0) =
0x102FA8000 0
1886/0x3c88:      426      2      1 fcntl(0x3, 0x32, 0x16D2B2AF8)          = 0 0
1886/0x3c88:      426      1      0 close(0x3)              = 0 0
1886/0x3c88:      429      2      1 munmap(0x102FA8000, 0x95A0)          = 0 0
1886/0x3c88:      431      2      1 stat64("/Users/skidunion/Work/Depot/Personal/mai-os-3-sem/cmake-
build-release/src/lab-4/example/lab_4_example\0", 0x16D2B2F50, 0x0) = 0 0
1886/0x3c88:      458      4      3 stat64("/usr/lib/libc++.1.dylib\0", 0x16D2B1E90, 0x0)
= -1 Err#2
1886/0x3c88:      464      2      2
stat64("/System/Volumes/Preboot/Cryptexes/OS/usr/lib/libc++.1.dylib\0", 0x16D2B1E40, 0x0)
= -1 Err#2
1886/0x3c88:      508      2      2 stat64("/usr/lib/system/libdispatch.dylib\0", 0x16D2AFAB0, 0x0)
= -1 Err#2
1886/0x3c88:      510      2      2
stat64("/System/Volumes/Preboot/Cryptexes/OS/usr/lib/system/libdispatch.dylib\0", 0x16D2AFA60, 0x0)
= -1 Err#2
1886/0x3c88:      511      1      0 stat64("/usr/lib/system/libdispatch.dylib\0", 0x16D2AFAB0, 0x0)
= -1 Err#2
1886/0x3c88:      520      1      1 stat64("/usr/lib/libSystem.B.dylib\0", 0x16D2B1E90, 0x0)
= -1 Err#2
1886/0x3c88:      523      1      1
stat64("/System/Volumes/Preboot/Cryptexes/OS/usr/lib/libSystem.B.dylib\0", 0x16D2B1E40, 0x0)
= -1 Err#2
1886/0x3c88:      746      41      38 open("/dev/dtracehelper\0", 0x2, 0x0)          = 3 0
1886/0x3c88:     1062      316      315 ioctl(0x3, 0x80086804, 0x16D2B1A88)          = 0 0
1886/0x3c88:     1079      72      7 close(0x3)              = 0 0
1886/0x3c88:     1251      51      22 open("/Users/skidunion/Work/Depot/Personal/mai-os-3-sem/cmake-
build-release/src/lab-4/example/lab_4_example\0", 0x0, 0x0) = 3 0
1886/0x3c88:     1256      5      3 __mac_syscall(0x199531ACF, 0x2, 0x16D2B1190) =
0 0
1886/0x3c88:     1273      16      14 map_with_linking_np(0x16D2B0F60, 0x1, 0x16D2B0F90)
= 0 0
1886/0x3c88:     1275      2      1 close(0x3)              = 0 0
1886/0x3c88:     1279      4      3 mprotect(0x102B50000, 0x4000, 0x1)          = 0 0
```

```

= 0 0      1886/0x3c88:      1546      30      0 shared_region_check_np(0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF, 0x0, 0x0)

      1886/0x3c88:      1550      3      2 mprotect(0x102F64000, 0x40000, 0x1) = 0 0

      1886/0x3c88:      1720      3      2 access("/AppleInternal/XBS/.isChrooted\0", 0x0, 0x0)
= -1 Err#2

      1886/0x3c88:      1932      4      1 bsdthread_register(0x199834D2C, 0x199834D20, 0x4000)
= 1073746399 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2118      3      1 getpid(0x0, 0x0, 0x0) = 1886 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2124      5      4 shm_open(0x1996CFF51, 0x0, 0x65747379) = 3 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2125      2      1 fstat64(0x3, 0x16D2B1E20, 0x0) = 0 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2129      5      3 mmap(0x0, 0x40000, 0x1, 0x40001, 0x3, 0x0) =
0x102FB0000 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2132      1      0 close(0x3) = 0 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2146      1      0 ioctl(0x2, 0x4004667A, 0x16D2B1ECC) = 0 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2153      1      0 mprotect(0x102FBC000, 0x4000, 0x0) = 0 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2154      1      0 mprotect(0x102FC8000, 0x4000, 0x0) = 0 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2158      1      0 mprotect(0x102FCC000, 0x4000, 0x0) = 0 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2159      1      0 mprotect(0x102FD8000, 0x4000, 0x0) = 0 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2163      1      0 mprotect(0x102FDC000, 0x4000, 0x0) = 0 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2163      1      0 mprotect(0x102FE8000, 0x4000, 0x0) = 0 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2169      2      1 mprotect(0x102FB4000, 0xA0, 0x1) = 0 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2170      1      0 mprotect(0x102FB4000, 0xA0, 0x3) = 0 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2174      1      1 mprotect(0x102FB4000, 0xA0, 0x1) = 0 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2177      1      0 mprotect(0x102FEC000, 0x4000, 0x1) = 0 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2182      2      1 mprotect(0x102FF0000, 0xA0, 0x1) = 0 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2215      3      1 mprotect(0x102FF0000, 0xA0, 0x3) = 0 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2219      1      0 mprotect(0x102FF0000, 0xA0, 0x1) = 0 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2220      1      1 mprotect(0x102FB4000, 0xA0, 0x3) = 0 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2223      1      0 mprotect(0x102FB4000, 0xA0, 0x1) = 0 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2224      1      1 mprotect(0x102FEC000, 0x4000, 0x3) = 0 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2226      1      0 mprotect(0x102FEC000, 0x4000, 0x1) = 0 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2228      2      1 mprotect(0x102F64000, 0x40000, 0x3) = 0 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2232      1      0 mprotect(0x102F64000, 0x40000, 0x1) = 0 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2243      1      0 objc_bp_assist_cfg_np(0x199461000, 0x800000018001C1048, 0x0)
= -1 Err#5

      1886/0x3c88:      2432      1      0 issetugid(0x0, 0x0, 0x0) = 0 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2463      2      1 mprotect(0x102F64000, 0x40000, 0x3) = 0 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2508      6      4 getentropy(0x16D2B1538, 0x20, 0x0) = 0 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2543      1      0 mprotect(0x102F64000, 0x40000, 0x1) = 0 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2568      1      0 mprotect(0x102F64000, 0x40000, 0x3) = 0 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2573      1      0 mprotect(0x102F64000, 0x40000, 0x1) = 0 0

      1886/0x3c88:      2590      14     13 getatrrlist("/Users/skidunion/Work/Depot/Personal/mai-os-3-
sem/cmake-build-release/src/lab-4/example/lab_4_example\0", 0x16D2B1DB0, 0x16D2B1DC8) = 0 0

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1886/0x3c88:      2604      12      12 access("/Users/skidunion/Work/Depot/Personal/mai-os-3-sem/cmake-
build-release/src/lab-4/example\0", 0x4, 0x0)      = 0 0

1886/0x3c88:      2613      10      9 open("/Users/skidunion/Work/Depot/Personal/mai-os-3-sem/cmake-
build-release/src/lab-4/example\0", 0x0, 0x0)      = 3 0

1886/0x3c88:      2615      2      1 fstat64(0x3, 0x122E04450, 0x0)      = 0 0

1886/0x3c88:      2616      1      0 csrctl(0x0, 0x16D2B1FDC, 0x4)      = 0 0

1886/0x3c88:      2619      2      1 fcntl(0x3, 0x32, 0x16D2B1C98)      = 0 0

1886/0x3c88:      2620      1      1 close(0x3)      = 0 0

1886/0x3c88:      2631      9      9 open("/Users/skidunion/Work/Depot/Personal/mai-os-3-sem/cmake-
build-release/src/lab-4/example/Info.plist\0", 0x0, 0x0)      = -1 Err#2

1886/0x3c88:      2646      2      1 proc_info(0x2, 0x75E, 0xD)      = 64 0

1886/0x3c88:      2661      3      2 csops_audittoken(0x75E, 0x10, 0x16D2B2020)      =
0 0

1886/0x3c88:      2677      10      8 sysctl([unknown, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0] (2), 0x16D2B2378, 0x16D2B2370,
0x19CC66D3D, 0x15)      = 0 0

1886/0x3c88:      2678      2      1 sysctl([CTL_KERN, 138, 0, 0, 0, 0] (2), 0x16D2B2408, 0x16D2B2400,
0x0, 0x0)      = 0 0

1886/0x3c88:      2680      1      0 csops(0x75E, 0x0, 0x16D2B24AC)      = 0 0

1886/0x3c88:      2685      3      2 mprotect(0x102F64000, 0x40000, 0x3)      = 0 0

1886/0x3c88:      2835      22      21 open("../alloc-1/liblab_4_alloc_1.dylib\0", 0x0, 0x0)
= 3 0

1886/0x3c88:      2837      2      1 fcntl(0x3, 0x32, 0x16D28B4F8)      = 0 0

1886/0x3c88:      2839      2      1 close(0x3)      = 0 0

1886/0x3c88:      2845      4      3 stat64("../alloc-1/liblab_4_alloc_1.dylib\0", 0x16D28B050, 0x0)
= 0 0

1886/0x3c88:      2847      1      1 stat64("../alloc-1/liblab_4_alloc_1.dylib\0", 0x16D28AA80, 0x0)
= 0 0

1886/0x3c88:      2854      7      6 open("../alloc-1/liblab_4_alloc_1.dylib\0", 0x0, 0x0)
= 3 0

1886/0x3c88:      2862      9      7 mmap(0x0, 0x82F8, 0x1, 0x40002, 0x3, 0x0)      =
0x102B60000 0

1886/0x3c88:      2863      1      0 fcntl(0x3, 0x32, 0x16D28AB98)      = 0 0

1886/0x3c88:      2864      0      0 close(0x3)      = 0 0

1886/0x3c88:      2891      9      8 open("/Users/skidunion/Work/Depot/Personal/mai-os-3-sem/cmake-
build-release/src/lab-4/alloc-1/liblab_4_alloc_1.dylib\0", 0x0, 0x0)      = 3 0

1886/0x3c88:      3003      235     111 fcntl(0x3, 0x61, 0x16D28A848)      = 0 0

1886/0x3c88:      3039      37      34 fcntl(0x3, 0x62, 0x16D28A848)      = 0 0

1886/0x3c88:      3105      63      58 mmap(0x102B6C000, 0x4000, 0x5, 0x40012, 0x3, 0x0)
= 0x102B6C000 0

1886/0x3c88:      3137      8      5 mmap(0x102B70000, 0x4000, 0x3, 0x40012, 0x3, 0x4000)
= 0x102B70000 0

1886/0x3c88:      3141      5      3 mmap(0x102B74000, 0x4000, 0x1, 0x40012, 0x3, 0x8000)
= 0x102B74000 0

1886/0x3c88:      3145      4      3 close(0x3)      = 0 0

1886/0x3c88:      3163      6      3 munmap(0x102B60000, 0x82F8)      = 0 0

1886/0x3c88:      3261      12      10 open("/Users/skidunion/Work/Depot/Personal/mai-os-3-sem/cmake-
build-release/src/lab-4/alloc-1/liblab_4_alloc_1.dylib\0", 0x0, 0x0)      = 3 0

1886/0x3c88:      3318      4      2 close(0x3)      = 0 0

1886/0x3c88:      3324      5      3 mprotect(0x102B70000, 0x4000, 0x1)      = 0 0

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1886/0x3c88:      3352      3      1 mmap(0x0, 0x100108, 0x3, 0x41002, 0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF, 0x0)
= 0x102B78000 0

1886/0x3c88:      3355      2      1 getrusage(0x0, 0x16D28C520, 0x0)          = 0 0
1886/0x3c88:      3377      1      0 getrusage(0x0, 0x16D28C520, 0x0)          = 0 0
1886/0x3c88:      3377      0      0 getrusage(0x0, 0x16D28C520, 0x0)          = 0 0
1886/0x3c88:      3414      1      0 getrusage(0x0, 0x16D28C520, 0x0)          = 0 0

1886/0x3c88:      3500      7      6 write(0x1, "alloc took 0.000027s\n\0", 0x15)          =
21 0

1886/0x3c88:      3501      1      0 write(0x1, "free took 0.000039s\n\0", 0x14)          =
20 0

1886/0x3c88:      3792      0      0 getrusage(0x0, 0x16D28C520, 0x0)          = 0 0
1886/0x3c88:     501662      4      1 getrusage(0x0, 0x16D28C520, 0x0)          = 0 0

1886/0x3c88:     501676     12     11 write(0x1, "stress test took 0.497871s\n\0", 0x1B)
= 27 0

1886/0x3c88:     503005     16     15 munmap(0x102B78000, 0x100108)          = 0 0
1886/0x3c88:     503075      9      9 munmap(0x102B6C000, 0xC000)          = 0 0

```

CALL	COUNT
bsdthread_register	1
crossarch_trap	1
csops	1
csops_audittoken	1
exit	1
fstatat64	1
getentropy	1
getpid	1
issetugid	1
map_with_linking_np	1
objc_bp_assist_cfg_np	1
proc_info	1
shm_open	1
access	2
fstat64	2
getattrlist	2
getfsstat64	2
ioctl	2
openat	2
shared_region_check_np	2
csrctl	3
dup	3
fsgetpath	3
write	3
__mac_syscall	4

sysctl	4
getrusage	6
mmap	7
fcntl	9
munmap	9
open	11
stat64	13
close	16
mprotect	27

Вывод

В ходе выполнения этой лабораторной работы я познакомился с алгоритмами выделения памяти: список свободных элементов и алгоритм двойников, научился работать с динамическими библиотеками в среде POSIX. Основные трудности возникли при реализации алгоритма двойников: неясно, как хранить блоки. Сам код часто не делал то, чего от него хотелось, потребовалось много времени на отладку. В процессе тестирования первый бенчмарк не показал особой разницы между алгоритмами, пришлось дорабатывать.