

**PtInRect**

Find if a point is enclosed by a rectangle

#include &lt;Quickdraw.h&gt;

**Quickdraw**

<u>Boolean</u>	<b>PtInRect</b> ( <i>thePoint</i> , <i>theRect</i> );	
<u>Point</u>	<i>thePoint</i> ;	point of interest
<u>Rect</u>	* <i>theRect</i> ;	rectangle to query
	<b>returns</b>	Is <i>thePoint</i> inside of <i>theRect</i> ?

**PtInRect** returns TRUE if a specified point (actually the pixel below and to the right of the point) is enclosed by a specified rectangle.

*thePoint* is any point on the coordinate plane, in either local or global coordinates.

*theRect* is the address of a rectangle structure, using the same coordinate system as *thePoint*.

**Returns:** a Boolean value indicating whether or not *thePoint* is enclosed by *theRect*. It is one of:

FALSE Not enclosed

TRUE Is enclosed.

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Notes: If *thePoint* is on the bottom or rightmost border of *theRect*, this function returns FALSE, since the mathematical border of the rectangle is infinitely thin and thus, is not part of the pixels enclosed by the rectangle.

If you use this function often in time-critical code, you may wish to avoid the trap overhead and use a series of integer comparisons instead; e.g.:

```
if ( (p.h > r.top) && (p.h < r.bottom)
    && (p.v > r.left) && (p.v < r.right) ) . . .
```

Use **PinRect** to move a point from outside to inside a rectangle.