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Ptr data type

#include < Types.h >

typedef char \* **Ptr**; /\* generic pointer to a signed byte \*/

Notes: All pointers in Macintosh programming are 32-bit values. A Ptr is generally used in cases where the data type is unknown or as a quasi-"void", which you will need to coerce into a standard data type. Nearly all system-defined data structures have a specific name typedef'd for programming convenience.

A <u>Handle</u> is a pointer to a signed byte. A <u>StringPtr</u> is a pointer to an unsigned byte.

See Byte for descriptions of pString (Pascal string) and ASCIIZ (C-string).