SetFLock Page 1

SetFLock

#include < Files.h>

Lock a file (prevent changes, deletion, renaming, etc.)

<u>File Manager</u>

OSErr SetFLock(fileName, vRefNum);

<u>Str255</u> *fileName*; address of length-prefixed full or partial name

<u>short</u> *vRefNum*; volume or working directory reference

returns Error Code; 0=no error

SetFLock locks a file. This prevents programs from modifying it in any way - deleting, renaming, or writing data to either its data or resource fork.

fileName is the address of a length-prefixed, pascal-style string containing the name of the file to be locked. It may be a partial or full pathname, depending upon the value of *vRefNum*.

vRefNum is the reference number of the volume or working directory that contains the file or directory fileName. Use 0 to specify the default volume.

Returns: an operating system Error Code. It will be one of:

noErr (0)No error extFSErr (-58)External file system fnfErr (-43)File not found (-36) ioErr I/O error nsvErr (-35)No such volume vLckdErr (-46)Volume is locked wPrErr (-44)Diskette is write-protected

Notes: This sets the file's "lock" flag (as found in the ioFlAttrib field of the <u>FileParam</u> structure) and notifies the system of the change (Note: if you change this bit directly, as with **PBSetCatInfo**, the change may not be noticed by the Finder until the file's folder is closed and reopened or the system is restarted).

This prevents programs from deleting (<u>FSDelete</u>), renaming (<u>Rename</u>), or writing (<u>FSWrite</u>) to the file. Any attempt to open the file (<u>FSOpen</u>) for read/write access will fail. Of course, any process can unlock the file (via <u>RstFLock</u>) if it wants such access.

This has no affect on currently-open access paths. Thus, you can open a file for writing, then lock it to prevent other concurrent processes from writing to it. Afterward, use **RstFLock** to unlock the file.

You can lock/unlock an entire volume via **PBSetVInfo** or lock a selected portion of an open file via **PBLockRange**. Use **PBGetFInfo** to see if a file is currently locked (ioFlAttrib bit 1 is set).

Be sure to call **FlushVol** to make sure that the change is written to the disk in a timely manner.