

LGetCell Obtain a copy of a cell's data

#include <Lists.h>

List Manager Package

void	LGetCell (<i>dataPtr</i> , <i>dataLen</i> , <i>theCell</i> , <i>theList</i>);	
<u>Ptr</u>	<i>dataPtr</i> ;	address of buffer to receive the data
<u>short</u>	<i>*dataLen</i> ;	length of buffer; receives actual size
<u>Cell</u>	<i>theCell</i> ;	the cell to query
<u>ListHandle</u>	<i>theList</i> ;	handle leading to a <u>ListRec</u>

LGetCell copies the current contents of a specified cell into the caller's buffer.

dataPtr is the address of a buffer (the buffer should be at least *dataLen* bytes long). Upon return, the buffer contains the data from the cell (normally text).

dataLen is the address of a short integer. On entry, it must contain the size, in bytes, of the buffer at *dataPtr*. Upon return, it contains the actual length of the data transferred.

theCell identifies the cell whose data you wish to examine.

theList is a handle leading to a variable-length ListRec structure. It is a value previously obtained via LNew.

Returns: none

Notes: **LGetCell** copies cell contents into a local variable. You may be able to realize better performance with the **LFind** function. Use **LFind** to calculate the address of a cell's data and read (or compare, or display, etc.) the contents directly from the list storage area; thereby avoiding a data transfer.

See LNew for an example usage of **LGetCell**.