

Team

ID	Name	Email	Mobile
20120091	Eslam maher mohamed	e.maher94@gmail.com	01000245173
20120074	Osama alaa el din	osama-alaa—1994@live.com	01090388819
20120137	Bilal mohamed	Bilalfarw@gmail.com	01005186326

Document Purpose and Audience

- This document is brief to my project to explain the main points in this project .
- The users of network and other people that use the facebook , twitter and other social network .
- My project is social network like facebook .

Introduction

- We will focuses on the building and verifying of online social networks for communities of people who share interests and activities, or who are interested in exploring the interests and activities of others, and which necessitates the use of software .
- Social networks can provide a range of benefits to members of an organisation:
 1. **Support for learning** : Social networks can enhance informal learning and support social connections within groups of learners and with those involved in the support of learning.

2. **Support for members of an organisation:** Social networks can potentially be used by all members of an organisation, and not just those involved in working with students. Social networks can help the development of communities of practice.
3. **Engaging with others:** Passive use of social networks can provide valuable business intelligence and feedback on institutional services (although this may give rise to ethical concerns).
4. **Ease of access to information and applications:** The ease of use of many social networking services can provide benefits to users by simplifying access to other tools and applications. The Facebook Platform provides an example of how a social networking service can be used as an environment for other tools.
5. **Common interface:** A possible benefit of social networks may be the common interface which spans work / social boundaries. Since such services are often used in a personal capacity the interface and the way the service works may be familiar, thus minimising training and support needed to exploit the services in a professional context. This can, however, also be a barrier to those who wish to have strict boundaries between work and social activities.

Requirements

- The social networking is designed to make social life more active and stimulating. The social network can help you maintain existing relationships with people and share profile pictures and messages.
 1. There are two kinds of users: one is the normal user and the other is the primary user which has advanced features. Both have the same attributes for each user (name, email, gender, profile picture).

2. user can share his own thoughts with all of his friends which can be read by all the friend users and they can make like or share user post in their profile.
3. User can create and manage different types of group with other users. The idea behind groups is that it's a form of ongoing collaboration product. If you want to have a simple way to communicate with your family members, you can use the groups. Ultimately there are countless purposes for creating groups. And there are two types of group:
 - 1- public group : Anyone can see the group, its members and their posts.
 - 2- private group: Anyone can find the group and see who's in it. Only members can see posts
4. the user can make their own page on the social media there to send out links to specific articles. These may be new articles or content you think your readers will find interesting
5. Users use hashtags to categorize the content of specific post, if user wants to write a post about "education", user may put the word #education (# the symbol of hashtag) in the post to categorize this post as education post. If another user wants to read some posts about education, so user may request all posts contains #education phrase.
6. User can send message to another user(s) in his/her friends list. And he can make the conversation between 2 or more users .