### ASSR-1611

High Current, 1 Form A, Solid State Relay (MOSFET)  $(60V/2.5A/0.1\Omega)$ 



# **Data Sheet**





#### **Description**

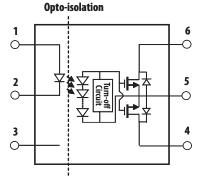
The ASSR-1611 is specifically designed for high current applications, commonly found in the industrial equipments. The relay is a solid-state replacement for single-pole, normally-open, (1 Form A) electromechanical relays.

The ASSR-1611 consists of an AlGaAs infrared light-emitting diode (LED) input stage optically coupled to a high-voltage output detector circuit. The detector consists of a high-speed photovoltaic diode array and driver circuitry to switch on/off two discrete high voltage MOSFETs. The relay turns on (contact closes) with a minimum input current of 5mA through the input LED. The relay turns off (contact opens) with an input voltage of 0.8V or less.

The ASSR-1611 connection A, as shown in the schematic, allows the relay to switch either ac or dc loads. The connection B, with its advantages of reduced on-resistance and higher output current, allows the relays to switch dc loads only.

The electrical and switching characteristics are specified over the temperature range of -40°C to +85°C.

#### **Functional Diagram**



**Truth Table** 

LED	Output
Off	Open
On	Close

#### **Features**

- Compact Solid-State Bi-directional Signal Switch
- Single Channel Normally-off Single-Pole-Single-Throw (SPST) Relay
- 60V Output Withstand Voltage
- 2.5A or 5A Current Rating
- Low Input Current: CMOS Compatibility
- Low On-Resistance:  $20m\Omega$  Typical for DC-only,  $65m\Omega$  Typical for AC/DC
- High Speed Switching: 3.2ms (T<sub>on</sub>), 0.1ms (T<sub>off</sub>) Typical
- High Transient Immunity: >1kV/μs
- High Input-to-Output Insulation Voltage
  - (Safety and Regulatory Approvals)
    UL recognized 3750 V<sub>RMS</sub> and 5000 V<sub>RMS</sub>\* for 1 min per UL1577
  - CSA Component Acceptance

\*5000 V<sub>RMS</sub>/1 Minute rating is for Option X21 only. (Please consult your regional Avago representatives)

#### **Applications**

- Industrial Controls
- Factory Automation
- Data Acquisition
- Measuring Instrument
- Medical System
- Security System
- EMR / Reed Relay Replacement

**CAUTION:** It is advised that normal static precautions be taken in handling and assembly of this component to prevent damage and/or degradation which may be induced by ESD.

#### **Ordering Information**

ASSR-1611 is UL Recognized with 3750  $V_{RMS}$  and 5000  $V_{RMS}$  (option X21\*) for 1 minute per UL1577 and is approved under CSA Components Acceptance Notice #5.

	Option					
Part Number	RoHS Compliant	Package	Surface Mount	Gullwing	Tape & Reel	Quantity
	-001E					50i+ +l
ASSR-1611	-301E	300mil DIP-6	X	Х		– 50 units per tube
	-501E	-	X	Х	Х	1000 units per reel

To order, choose a part number from the part number column and combine with the desired option from the option column to form an order entry.

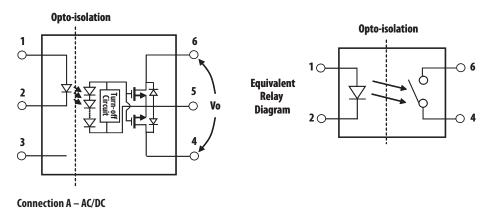
#### Example 1:

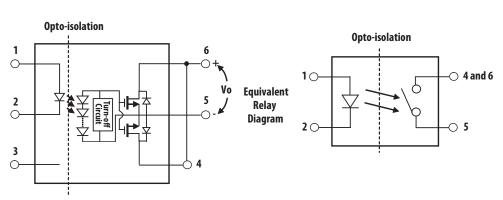
ASSR-1611-501E to order product of 300mil DIP-6 Gull Wing Surface Mount package in Tape and Reel packaging and RoHS Compliant.

x021\* - 'Please consult your regional Avago representatives'

#### **Schematic**

#### ASSR-1611

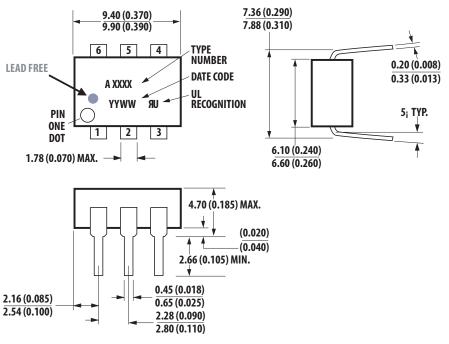




Connection B - DC Only

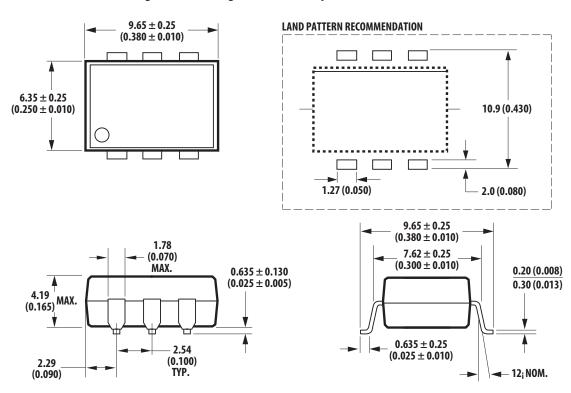
### **Package Outline Drawings**

#### ASSR-1611 6-Pin DIP Package



**DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS AND (INCHES).** 

#### ASSR-1611 6-Pin DIP Package with Gull Wing Surface Mount Option 300



NOTE: FLOATING LEAD PROTRUSION IS 0.25 mm (10 mils) MAX.

### **Solder Reflow Temperature Profile**

Recommended reflow condition as per JEDEC Standard, J-STD-020 (latest revision). Non-Halide Flux should be used.

### **Regulatory Information**

The ASSR-1611 is approved by the following organizations:

UL

Approved under UL 1577, component recognition program up to  $V_{ISO} = 3750 \, V_{RMS}$  and  $5000 \, V_{RMS}$  (option x21).

CSA

Approved under CSA Component Acceptance Notice #5.

### **Insulation and Safety Related Specifications**

Parameter	Symbol	ASSR-1611	Units	Conditions
Minimum External Air Gap (Clearance)	L(101)	7.1	mm	Measured from input terminals to output terminals, shortest distance through air.
Minimum External Tracking (Creepage)	L(102)	7.4	mm	Measured from input terminals to output terminals, shortest distance path along body.
Minimum Internal Plastic Gap (Internal Clearance)		0.08	mm	Through insulation distance conductor to conductor, usually the straight line distance thickness between the emitter and detector.
Tracking Resistance (Comparative Tracking Index)	CTI	175	V	DIN IEC 112/VDE 0303 Part 1
Isolation Group (DIN VDE0109)		Illa		Material Group (DIN VDE 0109)

# **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Max.	Units	Note
Storage Temperature		T <sub>S</sub>	-55	125	°C	
Operating Temperatur	re .	T <sub>A</sub>	-40	85	°C	
Junction Temperature		Tj		125	°C	
Lead Soldering Cycle	Temperature			260	°C	
	Time			10	sec	
Input Current	Average	I <sub>F</sub>		25	mA	
	Surge			50	mA	
	Transient			1000	mA	
Reversed Input Voltage		$V_R$		5	V	
Input Power Dissipation	on	P <sub>IN</sub>		40	mW	
Output Power	Connection A	Po		625	mW	
Dissipation	Connection B			880	mW	
Average Output	Connection A	Io		2.5	А	1
Current $(T_A=25^{\circ}C, T_C \le 100^{\circ}C)$	Connection B	_		5	Α	1
Output Voltage	Connection A	Vo	- 60	60	V	2
(T <sub>A</sub> =25°C)	Connection B		0	60	V	
Solder Reflow Temper	ature Profile			See Lead Free IR	Profile	

## **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Units	Note
Input Current (ON)	$I_{F(ON)}$	5	20	mA	
Input Voltage (OFF)	$V_{F(OFF)}$	0	0.8	V	
Operating Temperature	T <sub>A</sub>	-40	+85	°C	

# **Package Characteristics**

Unless otherwise specified, operating temperature  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ .

Parameter	Sym.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions	Note
Input-Output Momentary Withstand Voltage		3750				$RH \le 50\%$ , t=1min, $T_A = 25$ °C	
	$V_{ISO}$	5000			V <sub>RMS</sub>	RH ≤ 50%, t=1min, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C, option X21	3, 4
Input-Output Resistance	R <sub>I-O</sub>		10 <sup>14</sup>		Ω	V <sub>I-O</sub> =500 Vdc	
Input-Output Capacitance	C <sub>I-O</sub>		0.8		рF	V <sub>I-O</sub> =0Vdc, f=1MHz	3

### **Electrical Specifications (DC)**

Over recommended operating  $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to 85°C,  $I_F = 5\text{mA}$  to 10mA, unless otherwise specified.

Parameter		Sym.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions	Fig.	Note
Output Withst	and Voltage	VO(OFF)	60	68		V	V <sub>F</sub> =0.8V, I <sub>O</sub> =250μA, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	3	
			55			V	V <sub>F</sub> =0.8V, I <sub>O</sub> =250μA	3	
Output Leaka	ge Current	I <sub>O(OFF)</sub>		0.01	0.1	μΑ	V <sub>F</sub> =0.8V, V <sub>O</sub> =60V, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	5	
					5	μΑ	V <sub>F</sub> =0.8V, V <sub>O</sub> =55V	4	
Output Off-Ca	pacitance	C <sub>(OFF)</sub>		1400		рF	V <sub>F</sub> =0.8V, V <sub>O</sub> =0V, f=1MHz	6	
Output Offset	Voltage	V <sub>(OS)</sub>		1		μV	I <sub>F</sub> =5mA, I <sub>O</sub> =0mA		
Input Reverse Voltage	Breakdown	V <sub>R</sub>	5			V	I <sub>R</sub> =10μA		
Input Forward	l Voltage	V <sub>F</sub>	1.1	1.3	1.7	V	I <sub>F</sub> =5mA	7, 8	
resistance —	Connection A	R <sub>(ON)</sub>		0.065	0.1	Ω	I <sub>F</sub> =5mA, I <sub>O</sub> =2.5A,	9, 10	5
	Connection B	-		0.02	0.035	Ω	— Pulse ≤30ms, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	11	

### **Switching Specifications (AC)**

Over recommended operating  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to 85°C,  $I_F = 5$ mA to 10mA, unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Sym.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions	Fig.	Note
Turn On Time	T <sub>ON</sub>		3.2	5.0	ms	I <sub>F</sub> =5mA, I <sub>O</sub> =1.0A, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	12, 13	
				10.0	ms	I <sub>F</sub> =5mA, I <sub>O</sub> =1.0A		
			1.6	2.5	ms	I <sub>F</sub> =10mA, I <sub>O</sub> =1.0A, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	12, 14	
				5.0	ms	I <sub>F</sub> =10mA, I <sub>O</sub> =1.0A		
Turn Off Time	T <sub>OFF</sub>		0.1	0.5	ms	I <sub>F</sub> =5mA, I <sub>O</sub> =1.0A, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	15, 16	
				1	ms	I <sub>F</sub> =5mA, I <sub>O</sub> =1.0A		
			0.06	0.2	ms	I <sub>F</sub> =10mA, I <sub>O</sub> =1.0A, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	15, 17	
				0.5	ms	I <sub>F</sub> =10mA, I <sub>O</sub> =1.0A		
Output Transient Rejection	dV <sub>O</sub> /dt	1	7		kV/μs	$\Delta V_{O}$ =60V, $R_{M} \ge 1M\Omega$ , $C_{M}$ =1000pF, $T_{A}$ =25°C		6
Input-Output Transient Rejection	dVI₋ <sub>O</sub> /dt	1	≥10		kV/μs	V <sub>DD</sub> =5V, ΔVI <sub>-O</sub> =1000V, R <sub>L</sub> =1kΩ, C <sub>L</sub> =25pF, T <sub>A</sub> =25°C		6

#### Notes:

- 1. For derating, refer to Figure 1 and 2.
- 2. The voltage across the output terminals of the relay should not exceed this rated withstand voltage. Over-voltage protection circuits should be added in some applications to protect against over-voltage transients.
- 3. Device is considered as a two terminal device: pins 1, 2, and 3 shorted together and pins 5, 6, and 7 shorted together.
- 4. The Input-Output Momentary Withstand Voltage is a dielectric voltage rating that should not be interpreted as an input-output continuous voltage rating. For the continuous voltage rating refer to the IEC/EN/DIN EN 60747-5-2 Insulation Characteristics Table (if applicable), your equipment level safety specification, or Avago Application Note 1074, "Optocoupler Input-Output Endurance Voltage."
- 5. During the pulsed R<sub>(ON)</sub> measurement (I<sub>O</sub> duration ≤30ms), ambient (T<sub>A</sub>) and case temperature (T<sub>C</sub>) are equal.
- 6. For the transient rejection measurements, refer to Avago whitepaper, AV01-0610EN, "Solid State Relay Transient Immunity".

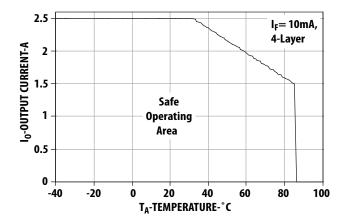


Figure 1. Maximum Output Current rating vs Ambient Temperature (AC/DC Connection)

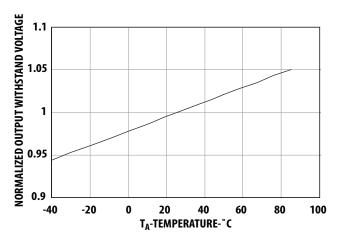


Figure 3. Normalized Typical Output Withstand Voltage vs Ambient Termperature

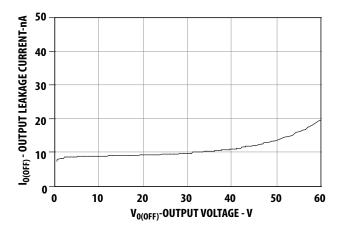


Figure 5. Typical Output Leakage vs Output Voltage

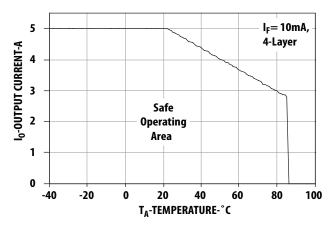


Figure 2. Maximum Output Current rating vs Ambient Temperature (DC Connection)

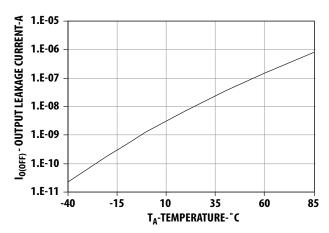


Figure 4. Typical Output Leakage vs Ambient Temperature

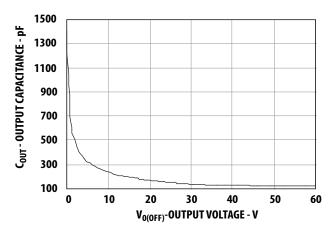


Figure 6. Typical Output Capacitance vs Output Voltage

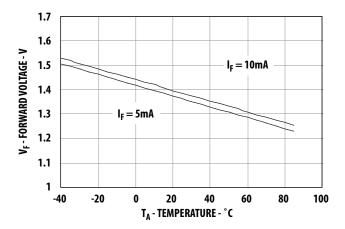


Figure 7. Typical Forward Voltage vs Temperature

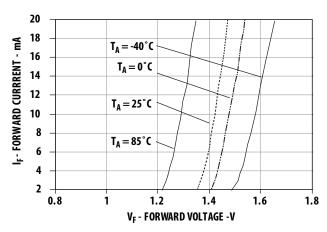


Figure 8. Typical Forward Current vs Forward Voltage over Temperature

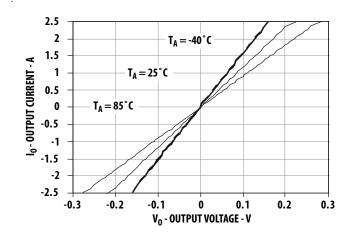


Figure 9. Typical Output Current vs Typical Output Voltage over Temperature

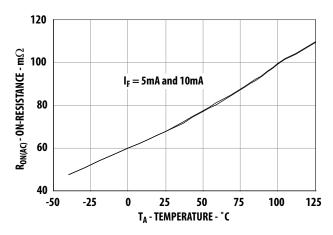


Figure 10. Typical Ron (AC/DC Connection) vs Temperature

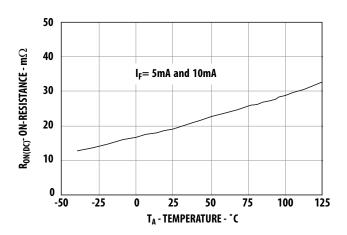


Figure 11. Typical Ron (DC Connection) vs Temperature

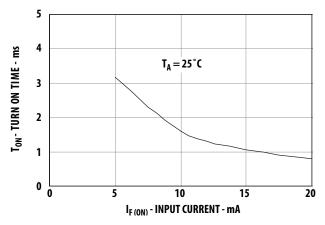


Figure 12. Typical Turn On Time vs Input Current

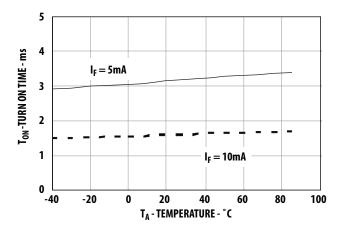


Figure 13. Typical Turn On Time vs Ambient Temperature

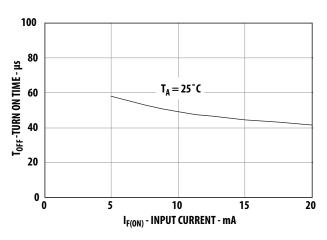


Figure 14. Typical Turn Off Time vs Input Current

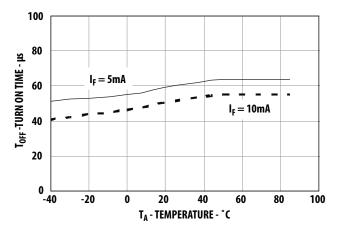


Figure 15. Typical Turn Off Time vs Ambient Temperature

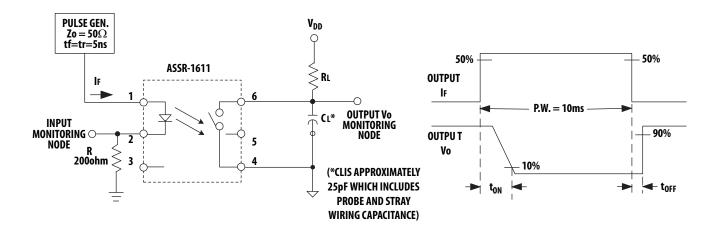
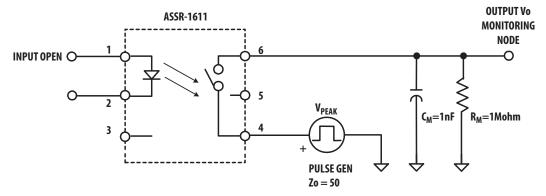


Figure 16. Switching Circuit



 $\mathbf{C}_{\!\mathsf{M}}$  includes probe and fixture capacitance  $\mathbf{R}_{\!\mathsf{M}}$  includes probe and fixture resistance

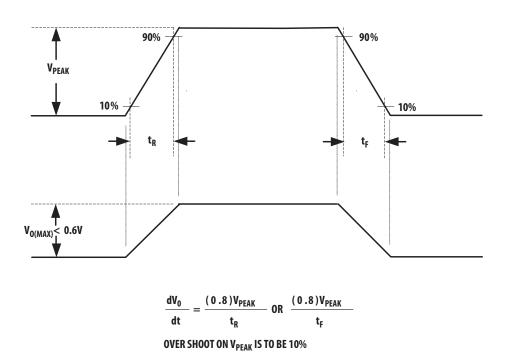


Figure 17. Output Transient Rejection Test Circuit

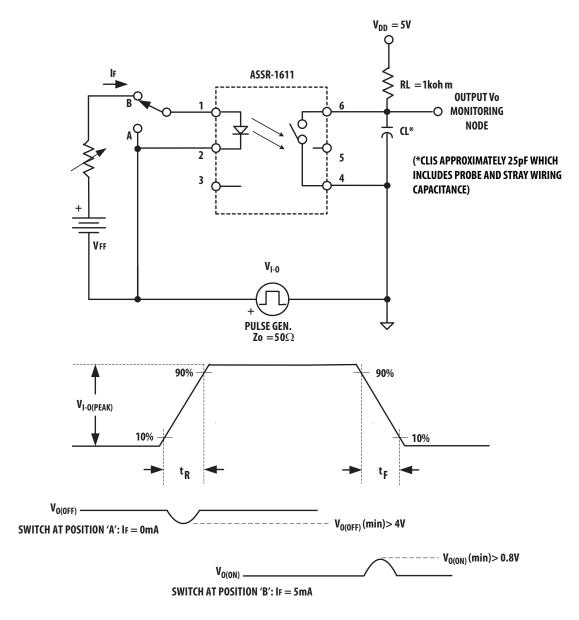


Figure 18. Input-Output Transient Rejection Test Circuit