

# Data Structure Programming HW5 Report

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```
11 def solution(json_input):
12     # --- TODO START --- #
13     json_sum = [0]
14     arr = json_input['array']
15     k = json_input['topk']
16     json_sum.append(arr[0])
17     for i in range(2, len(arr) + 1):
18         json_sum.append(json_sum[i - 1] + arr[i - 1])
19     H = []
20     heapq.heapify(H)
21     for i in range(1, len(arr) + 1):
22         for j in range(i, len(arr) + 1):
23             x = json_sum[j] - json_sum[i - 1]
24             if len(H) < k:
25                 heapq.heappush(H, x)
26             else:
27                 if H[0] < x:
28                     heapq.heappop(H)
29                     heapq.heappush(H, x)
30     # --- TODO END --- #
31     H.sort(reverse=True)
32     # print(H)
33     return H
```

line 17 - 18: To generate json\_sum[], it takes  $O(n)$ .

line 21 - 29: Two-layer for-loop takes  $O(n^2)$ , and store top-k sums in H takes  $\log(k)$ , so this part takes  $O(n^2 \cdot \log(k))$ .

line 31:  $\text{len}(H) = k$ , so this sorting takes  $O(k \cdot \log(k))$ .

To sum up, this program takes  $O(n^2 \cdot \log(k))$ .