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# Thoth: Open-Source Kubernetes Orchestration of Dilithium & Kyber for Quantum-Resilient Multi-Architecture Clusters

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# Why Thoth? Quantum Threats & Edge Constraints

## Imminent quantum risk

- Shor's algorithm can break RSA/ECC in hours on ~4 000-qubit machine
- Today's TLS/SSH links become insecure overnight

## PQC adoption gap

- NIST's CRYSTALS-Dilithium & Kyber are standardized

*Thoth bridges this gap—delivering sub-7 ms PQC on resource-constrained, multi-architecture clusters.*

## Edge constraints

- Resource-limited nodes (TRK1 RISC-V, Pi Zero)
- Tight power budgets (1 W per verifier)
- Real-time latency needs (< 15 ms end-to-end)

## Heterogeneous clusters

- Multi-architecture (RISC-V+ARM)
- Require unified, lightweight

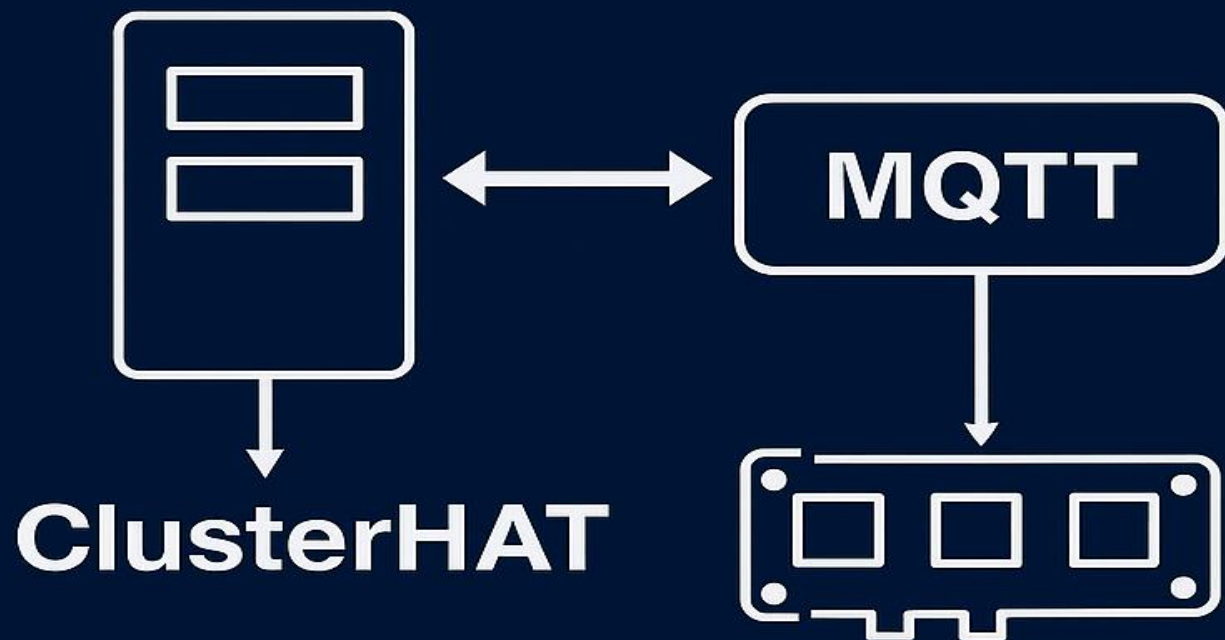




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# Turing Pi 2.5

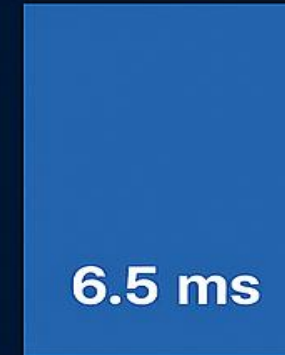


- Kubernetes master on TRK1 nodes
- Turing Pi 2.5 with 4 Compute Modules 4/4S
- MQTT for interconnect & messaging
- ClusterHAT with 4 Pi Zero verifiers

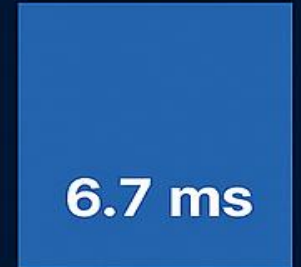
# Performance Results



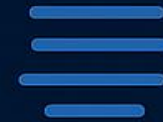
- Dilithium signing on Turing Pi (TRK1): 6.5 ms (avg)
- Kyber encapsulation on Turing Pi (TRK1): 6.7 ms (avg)
- Kyber decapsulation on Turing Pi (TRK1): 4,2 ms (avg)
- Dilithium verification on Turing Pi (TRK1): 3.5 ms (avg)
- Verification throughput on ClusterHAT (Pi Zero): 813 ops/s



Dilithium  
signing



Kyber  
oncapulation



**813** ops/s



**1.1W**





# Impact & Future Work



**Secure edge deployment**



**Cluster scaling & robustness**



**Integration with space systems**

*Opportunities abound – projected across defense, industrial, and aerospace domains.*