

Liminal Excavations

AT THE INDIGENOUS
NATIONS THAT KNOW WE
ARE PART OF THE LARGER

“When I saw that ICT4S had a Zine chair and it was Aksel I was immediately activated, I had to be involved. What I enjoy the most about a conference like ICT4S is the conversations away from the conference hall, meeting people who are excited to start creative collaborations around anything adjacent to sustainability and ICT. A conference programme can be quite technical and transactional, which limits the vibrant experiences that can be had when creativity is allowed to blossom. Creative spaces are where I started letting myself imagine futures that are different from the norm. A zine is just the start for ICT4S. ”

– Oliver Bates

”We were having lunch at our favourite spot in Stockholm at the start of the autumn reading period, reflecting on all the very interesting discussions and tensions expressed in-between the formal progam at the ICT4S 2023. From this grew the idea of giving space for these liminal expressions in the form of a zine. Going from jotting this all down in the form of a sms conversation, to a zine compilation full of ideas and alternative perspectives on sustainability and ICT is an amazing feeling!”

– Aksel Biørn-Hansen

Table of Contents

Introduction.....	1
Surrounded by Plants: Towards Deeper Engagement With Plants	
<i>Katka Cerna & Gina Christopersen</i>	2
Sustainability From the Pluriverse	
<i>Lupita Guillén Mandujano</i>	5
Environmentstrual Speculations	
<i>Nadia Campo Woytuk & Anupriya Tuli</i>	7
Transtopian World-Building	
<i>Lina Persson</i>	13
Remember: I Am Nature	
<i>Birgit Penzenstadler</i>	19
Internet of Squirrels	
<i>Vesna Manojlovic</i>	20
What Can HCI Learn From the Source-Pathway-Receptor Framework?	
<i>Alice Ashcroft & Zoe Detko</i>	26
Dear Garden, Dear Earth	
<i>Rodrigo dos Santos.....</i>	32
What Might a More Sustainable Internet of Things Look Like?	
<i>Fixing the Future Collective</i>	38
Peering	
<i>Tim Cowlishaw.....</i>	44
System Thinking Workbook	
<i>Laetitia Bornes, Marcia Smith & Oliver Bates.....</i>	50
A Good Enough Data Centre?	
<i>Sandra Abels, Leman Çelik, Stefan Laser, Estrid Sørensen & Lynn Werner.....</i>	56
Reindigensise/Regenerate Computing	
<i>Samuel Mann & Mawera Karetai.....</i>	62
Climate Catastrophe, a Resource Guide for Computer Science	
<i>Patrice Reynolds, Jon Crescenzo, Bedour Alshaigy & Ian Pollock</i>	65
How We Put Together a Zine (and timeline)	
<i>.....</i>	71

Introduction

While academic papers give us space to express our knowledge and expertise, we also need spaces to express our views, feelings, and creative expressions towards a more sustainable life on this planet, where ICT is not always directly implicated.

We are therefore very excited to share the contributions from the **ICT4S Zine 2024!**

As an alternative to the official program and traditional, peer-reviewed publications, we have taken inspiration from zine culture to gather a set of alternative and DIY contributions that encourage authors to embrace creativity that might not always be encouraged in more traditional academic outputs focused on ICT and sustainability.

This zine is a result of a call for contributions to that explores alternative visions, ideas and critiques on the topic of sustainability and ICT.

We look forward to hear what you think about the zine.

Creativity is where new ideas can grow and be nurtured. Our hope is that the zine encourages the ICT4S community to build space for creativity and new ideas in the future.

Oliver Bates

Aksel Biørn-Hansen

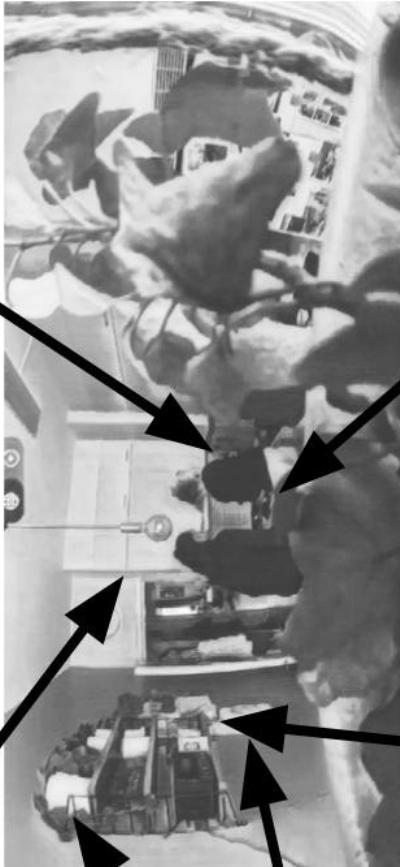


Surrounded by plants: towards deeper engagement with plants

In today's Western society, we have lost contact with especially green nature and many of us suffer from something that is called plant awareness disparity (previously known as "plant blindness"). This small piece aims to work against that! In design and HCI, we mainly approach plants as a material, as something to be used. Despite that our lives are intricately connected to plants in a myriad of ways. In fact, individually and as a species we are dependent on plants, we cannot survive without them. It is therefore essential to view plants with deeper concern if we are to create a world suitable for everyone. Below you can find an image from a small pilot study as an inspiration for thinking about:
Where do plants play role in my life?

Wooden furniture.

Hoodies made of cotton.



Plants as a
decoration
but also
companions

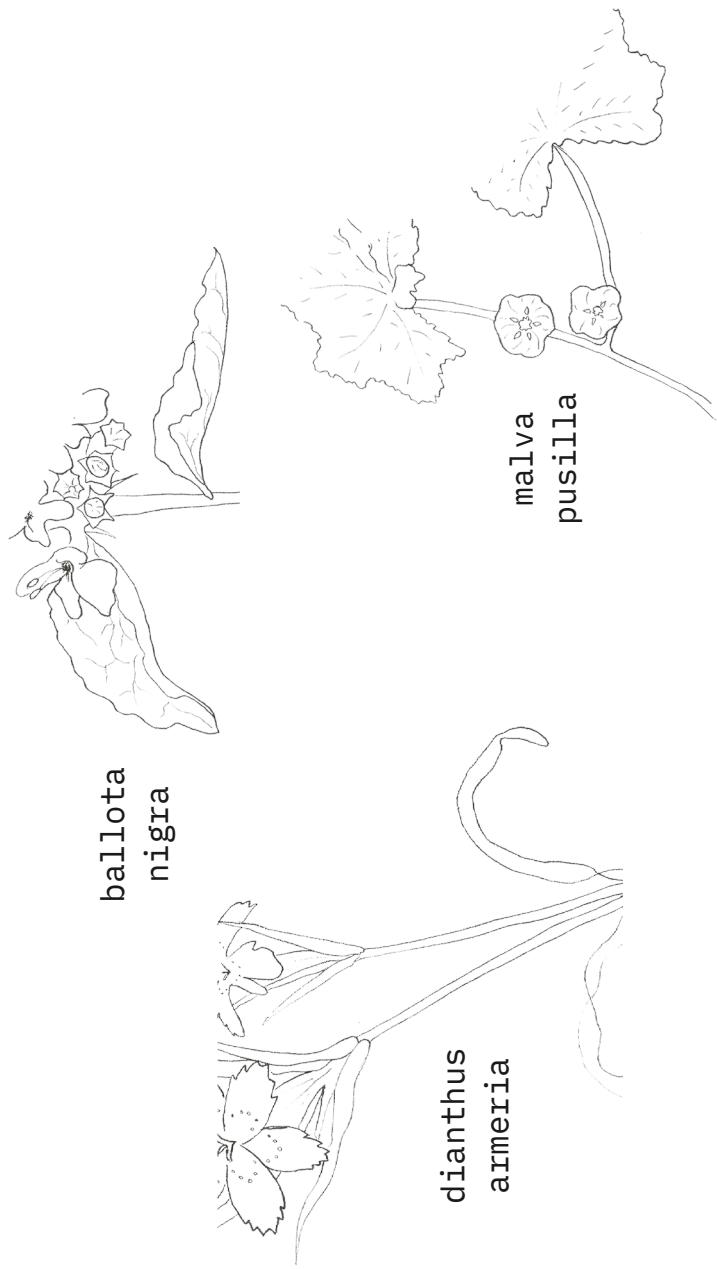
Paper
calendar
made of
cellulose
(from wood).

Tea and
coffee.

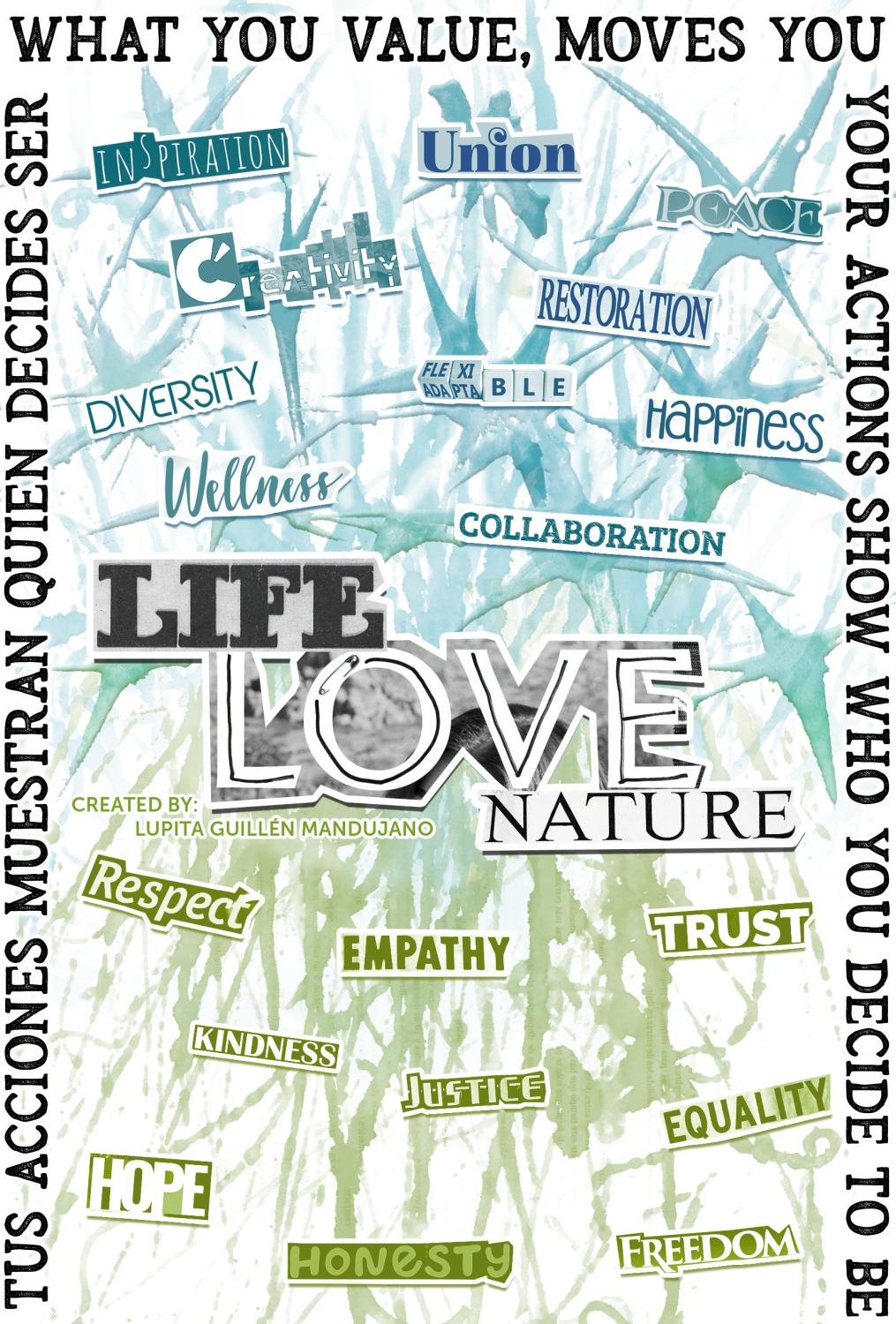
Cooking pasta (wheat) with kale and ketchup
(tomatoes); mixing with a wooden spoon.

The first step for changing out approach to plants is start **noticing** them. Which plants have you noticed on the way to the conference or around the conference venue? Draw them or describe them!

Not sure how to start? Finish the drawing of one of the plants below. They are all Swedish plants which are endangered!



TUS ACCIONES MUESTRAN QUIEN DECIDES SER



¿Con qué he de irme?

¿Nada dejaré en pos de mí sobre la tierra?

¿Cómo ha de actuar mi corazón?

¿Acaso en vano venimos a vivir,
a brotar sobre la tierra?

Dejemos al menos flores

Dejemos al menos cantos.

[Un recuerdo que dejó. Nezahualcoyotl]



Nezahualcoyotl]

[Aemento I leave behind]

Let us leave at least songs.

Let us at least leave flowers

sprout on the earth?

In vain do we come to live, to

How shall my heart act?

earth?

What shall I leave with?

Shall I leave nothing behind me on

ENVIRONMENSTRUAL SPECULATIONS

speculative scenarios for reflecting on the intersections between environmental health, menstrual health, and digital technologies

Nadia Campo Woytuk & Anupriya Tuli



Impact of EDCs on Reproductive Systems

In the past 50 years, we have seen declining sperm counts, earlier puberty in girls worldwide, and genital malformations in people and animals.

7

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/article/article-id/pii/S0378109714000264>

EDCs have been identified to have a deteriorating effect on the female reproductive system, as evidenced by the increasing number of reproductive disorders such as endometriosis, uterine fibroids, polycystic ovary syndrome, premature ovarian failure, menstrual irregularity, menopause, and infertility. 15 June 2014

ScienceDirect.com

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/article/article-id/pii/S0378109714000264>

Endocrine disruptors: Unravelling the link between chemical ...

Review article
Endocrine disruptors: Unravelling the link between chemical exposure and Women's reproductive health

WARNING

Increase in endocrine disrupting chemicals (EDCs) detected in your menstrual blood since last cycle

These substances are found in the environment (air, water, soil) and personal care and household products, as well as in foods, medical devices,

Characterization and quantification of endocrine disruptors in female menstrual blood

Endocrine-disrupting chemicals are ubiquitous and have been detected in human urine, blood, sweat, hair, and even breastmilk. [2][3]

RED is New GREEN

An Exhibition on Menstrual Stains

MODERNA MUSEET | 06-10-2063 to 06-12-2063



Carefree Leaking & Happy Bleeding

Share your menstrual stain art on INSTAGRAM using #IclaimCarefreeLeaking & tag your organization to encash your Menstrual Leaves!

Endocrine-disrupting chemicals (EDCs) are exogenous substances that interfere with the normal functions of the endocrine system, often by disrupting hormone synthesis, secretion, metabolism, and/or transport.^[1]

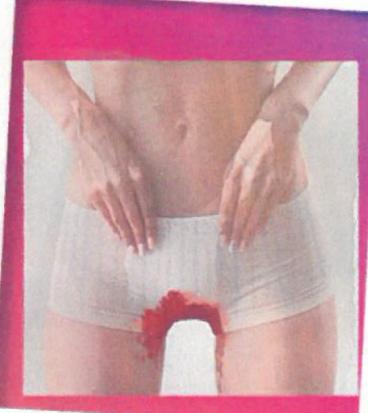
Unveiling endocrine disruptors in menstrual products

February 13, 2024

Celeste Krewson, Assistant Editor



your.name



2000 likes

your.name Sharing my leaking routine with instagram ... Read More

“ Sharing my leaking routine w/ instagram fam today! My monthly menstrual cleansing routine is centered around getting rid of EDCs. To know more, signup for my upcoming workshop at discounted rate...link bio! #MenstrualCleanseRoutine #FreeFromEDCs

Researchers discover: women with heavier menstrual flow have less chemicals in their bodies

but among all the pollution, toxicities,
oppression and bodily commidification...
community-driven alternatives emerged...



COMPOST YOUR
USED MENSTRUAL
PRODUCTS HERE

Scientists Identify Bacteria That Can Break
Down 'Forever Chemicals'

Unveiling endocrine disruptors in menstrual products

research confirms bodily fluids
are excellent sources of nitrogen,
phosphorous and potassium

Community
menstrual garden

Garden watering
status: GOOD

Soil fertility
status: NEEDS
NITROGEN, add
menstrual
blood and urine

Capacitive Soil
Moisture Sensor v1.2

Harvest ingredients for
crafting your biodegradable
menstrual products here

Native Plants Used To Detox PFAS-Contaminated Water

Researchers find
wetland plant can
filter PFAS chemicals

NEWS ECO SYSTEMS

Just 3 ingredients can quickly
destroy widely used PFAS
'forever chemicals'

A new process for breaking down these enduring molecules does so in just hours



Scientists Discover Backyard Fungi
That Can Break Down Tough Plastic in
Just 140 Days

TRANSTOPIAN WORLD-BUILDING

Transtopian world-building is an iterative process where story-worlds and shared realities perpetually influence and transform each other. By embedding current situations and dilemmas into a story-world, this approach expands the boundaries of imagination and enables “worldings” (Taylor & Ivinson 2013) that challenge the hegemony of social realities. The methods draws on the film industry’s story-worlds and their potential for neurodivergent research, specifically in addressing ethical climate actions.

Transtopian world-building generates an iterative process where a story-world and a shared reality perpetually transform each other. A looping swirling movement, with an in-between position where the overlaps and possible contaminations are considered. Moving current situations and dilemmas from shared realities through the story-world can push the imagination and expand what is considered possible and enable transformations or “worldings” (Taylor & Ivinson, 2013) in the shared reality, challenging narrow definitions of the present.

In the film industry there is an increased focus on story-worlds rather than characters or stories, because a world concept can support multiple characters and multiple stories across multiple media (Jenkins, 2006). From a story-world, all kinds of products can quickly and coherently be developed as they comes into demand. Star Wars, Lord of the Rings, Marvel etc are all examples of this kind of transmedia storytelling, where everything from books to movies to

toys are created, based on one and the same concept of a world.

This research employs the story-world format for its capacity to contain complex information and channel new scenarios. World-building offers neurodivergent ways to hold information and access memory, compensating for short-term memory deficits and facilitating modes of visual thinking. By using story-worlds as containers for speculative hypotheses, this research processes a continuously growing set of situated knowledge, enabling its application in new and unpredictable situations.

Based at Stockholm University of the Arts (SKH), the world-building method has been utilized on-site to identify potential ethical actions for climate transformation. Immersion into a hypothetical climate-just story-world decentered what was currently considered possible or real, embedding everyday dilemmas within this framework to identify and implement possible actions. These actions triggered new situations, which were processed through the story-world, thus intensifying and scaling up the results.

The underlying concept for this story-world emerged from a collaboration with Professor Ronald Mallett at the University of Connecticut. Learning in dept about Mallett's theoretical model for a time machine was eye opening for me. In short, you could say that if it were to be built, it would have completely different consequences than what we are used to seeing in Sci-Fi stories about time machines, where the main character travels back and forth in time on voyages of (self-)discovery. If we built this machine, we would never be able to travel with it, it would only open up a portal where the future would instead have access to us. As I

saw it, the consequence would be that futures can intervene into our present time, and revolt against the “colonisation of the temporal”, which our current overuse of resources means in practice. It led me to develop a Story-world with the following premise: Future generations has, thanks to Mallett’s time technology, hacked the present so that the earth system updated herself into a New Reactive Earth, a cyborg Gaia. A conscious reactive earth that monitors and regulate how all inhabitants use resources & life-space, ensuring regeneration both temporally and spatially.

This premise led me to get acquainted with Life-Cycle Assessment as a model for the monitoring cyborg gaia. In collaboration with Anna Björklund, Professor in Environmental Strategic Research, we carried out several LCA's on specific scenarios at SKH. Combined with transcorporeal (Alaimo, 2010) and sensory, embodied CO2 experiments, this worldbuilding resulted in shifted practices and tools for low-carbon film and art practices (see Persson, 2022). The story-world served as an interface to translate and apply neurodiverse knowledge into neurotypically structured research environments, allowing personal embodied experiments to be scaled up and implemented in organizational policies.

Our alter-life (Murphy, 2017) era demands us to rethink what research could be and how it can better serve life. In a world that recompose itself at an increasing rate, neuroqueer (Walker, 2021) perspectives are vital to widen the understanding of how our own protocols recompose what we research. To include them, we need to allow for personally customised practices and methods that can be attuned to their specific affordances (Gibson, 1979). As in the case of this research; (1) allowing for a certain withdrawal into constructing parallel alternative worlds where these

perspectives can be shielded while developed, and (2) allowing for a more direct first-hand engagement with infrastructures, as opposed to go through the fixed protocols of new public management.

This artistic research (Persson, 2023) demonstrates how neurominor methods and strategies can shift assumptions about reality and possibility. Embodied and performative worldbuilding methods can tap into, safeguard, channel, and articulate perspectives not yet defined in the collective consciousness. It can also facilitate integration and application of this knowledge within neurotypically structured environments and structures, thus reshaping its protocols.



OFF-BOARDING

off-board carbon power structures
to open up space for new world.
Prompt 1-4

shutdown

hibernate

degrow

destituting
fossil fuels
dependencies

constituting
ecological
dependencies

bend

respond

submit

connect

ON-BOARDING

on-board new world,
prompt 5–8

1
In your daily existence,
when you face a painful dilemma,
when there seems to be no alternative,
and you find yourself trapped on a
narrowing path; world your way
forward.

2
Direct your focus
to energy currents.
Are there any carbon
emissions or fossil fuel
extravagances that permeate
this situation?

3
Is there an exhale?
Is there a car ride?
No matter how insignificant it
may seem, focus on it.

4
Use www.elsa.film
to further identify the
carbondioxides
of this circumstance.

5
What positions
can you take to impede or
deter Co2 emissions
and overuse?

SHIFTED POSITIONS:

7
Do not to alter anything but
your own shape, position and
relation to what is already
there.

8
Only take actions
that don't require force and
effort. Be patient and wait until
an autopoetical alternative
reveals itself.

6
Let a void replace the
removed carbon. Notice
what things emerge
there.

This is a excerpt from the story-world "New Reactive Earth" by Lina Persson. This world is neither a utopia nor a dystopia but a "transtopia". A place to make a transfer, in order to get beyond the current, get a glimpse of what else could be; transform. With the included prompts 1-6, I invite you to join this shaping, to extend its interplay to your own environment.



REMEMBER: I AM NATURE



BY OTHERING NATURE WE
CREATED A LARGE PART OF
THE DILEMMA THAT WE ARE
IN SOCIETALLY INSTEAD OF
UNDERSTANDING
OURSELVES AS STEWARDS
LIKE ALL THE INDIGENOUS
TRADITIONS THAT KNOW WE
ARE PART OF THE LARGER
CYCLE AND THAT LOVINGLY
TEND TO THE OTHER
ORGANISMS AROUND
THEMSELVES THE SAME AS
THEY WOULD FOR FAMILY.



IMMERSE YOURSELF
IN THE FOREST,
BREATHE AND FEEL



BIRGIT PENZENSTADLER



Internet of Squirrels

2024 International Conference on
ICT for Sustainability (ICT4S)

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If we want to have “sustainable Internet”, we have to “consider the squirrels”!

Squirrels are a symbol for **all** more-than-human beings & ecosystems: trees, rivers, soil, insects, fish, forests, cats, sea-weed...

Considering squirrels is an analogy for **ecocentric** attitudes.

Squirrels are a metaphor for all those humans with **no** own voice: the disconnected, the marginalised, the exploited, the oppressed, those not yet born... and who I take the responsibility to speak **for**.

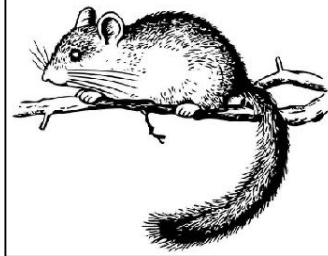
“Internet of Squirrels” is a direct opposition to “*Internet of Things*”, a reminder that we will not achieve SDGs & ESRs through the technological fixes, but that the solutions to our technical problems are, in fact: **social, political, ecological and spiritual solutions**.

Squirrels symbolise “the other” - but taken to the **extreme**; in order to “move the goal posts” of radical Diversity, Equity & Inclusion!

- for the engineer, squirrel is an “End User” => rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc8890
- for the network operator, squirrel is a “customer” => forum.ripe.net
- for the academic, squirrel is a “research subject” => degrowthjournal.org
- for the content provider, squirrel is a “consumer”

I am a Speaker for Squirrels: https://wiki.unciv.nl/index.php?title=Speaker_For_Squirrels

On a technical level, Internet of Squirrels represents basic, modest, green connectivity for all, within planetary boundaries, harmless for squirrels: Internet “on the squirrel scale”.



Principles of Internet of Squirrels: ecology, sufficiency, reciprocity, empathy, anarchism, commons, altruism, ecocentrism (not anthropocentrism!), solidarity, degrowth, climate justice, decoloniality, intersectional feminism, stewardship, permaculture, regeneration, communalism, radically open participation, caring, solar punk, reciprocity, animism...

On a metaphysical level, Internet of Squirrels acknowledges existence of meaningful connections & communication and/or “networks” among (& between) non-human species (murmurations of birds, mycelia networks, crows, ant colonies, Wood Wide Web, dolphins, slime mould, parrots...), and non-technological networks within human cultures.

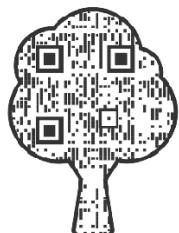
While the first 50-60 years of the current Internet were based on growth, I imagine next 50 years oscillating between dystopia & utopia: due to polycrisis, Internet has to function (or not) within many disaster scenarios: a war-thorn country, a refugee camp, an aftermath of a hurricane, a flooding, raging forest fire, a pandemic... a series of collapses.

We have to rely on the equipment to function with little electricity & intermittent connectivity, within a broken supply chain for parts, no way to pay for licenses, and people who are focused on survival needs first, & then meaningful & minimal connections: making emergency calls, finding the loved ones, letting them know you are alive, looking up the direction to a shelter...

Counter-computing movement & alternative networks give me hope: frugal, slow-tech, minimalist, off-the-grid, retro, low-tech, communal, repaired, DIY, shared, recycled, renewable energy, durable-tech, circularity...

For the distant future, I dream of “just enough” networks, healthy connections in a healthy biosphere, Eco-Net that supports all communities of life.

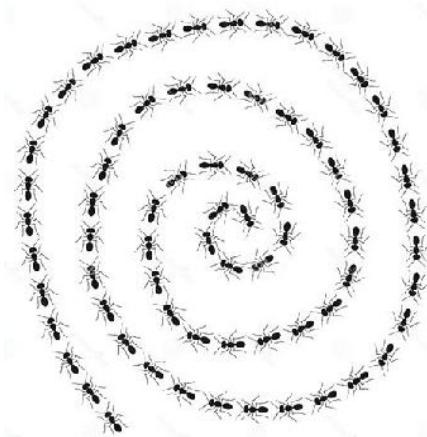
Short-term, I am enjoying low-tech life in Lika, with the Puh, Lipa, Lisac & squirrels : you are invited to join: scan the QR code for more info!



Squirrels are symbol of innocent victims that are facing extinction, if we continue with developing “*Internet of ecocide*”, within the current social (economic, political, philosophical/spiritual) conditions.

ANTS **against** ANT_i things:

- ANT_i Ecocide
- ANT_i Cloud
- ANT_i Data Centres
- ANT_i Big Tech
- ANT_i Fossil Fuels
- ANT_i Patriarchy
- ANT_i-Capitalism
- ANT_i Techno-Colonialism
- ANT_i Techno-Optimism



High-speed Internet & other “advanced digital technologies” (quantum communication, 5G, 6G, HD video, VR, blockchain, AI, online gaming, etc), is what I call the **“Internet of Ecocide”**: a.k.a. Luxury, Excessive, Gargantuan, Gilded Internet... Internet of Affluence, Internet of Exploitation, Internet of Armageddon .

“Internet of Ecocide” is extremely damaging for the environment: burning fossil fuels for operations & shipping, over-consuming water (& energy & raw materials) for manufacturing & cooling, digging-up rare metals, occupying land, extracting value from many for the profits of the few, while externalising pollution (destroying habitats, dumping e-waste — even in space! —, generating excessive CO₂ emissions)...

Quotes

"imagine... a society with a modest standard of living, conservative of natural resources, with a low constant fertility rate and a political life based upon consent, a society that has made a successful adaptation to its environment, and has learned to live without destroying itself or the people next door." ~ Ursula K. LeGuin

"expansion of industrialized Internet production as separating organisms from their relational ecologies and coercing them into maximized production, under late capitalism's growth imperative..."

"(I) approach Internet systems through the concept of more-than-human freedom. (I) aim to bring together the focus on Internet sovereignty and a more-than-human perspective to the organisms involved in Internet creation."

~~ <https://morethanhumanfreedom.wordpress.com>

(paraphrased, replacing "food" with "Internet")



"... those who have no physical voices, but whose biological presence keeps us breathing..." — "My Octopus Teacher" video

Degrowth is a social movement and a research framework which advocates for a transition to sustainable and just forms of social organization. The foundational insight of degrowth is that there cannot be endless growth on a finite planet.

Like all punk, **solarpunk** goes against the current ruling philosophy and requires a full system change. It lets care be the guide instead of greed. Solarpunk sees humans as part of the natural ecology, not apart from it as our current industrialized society does. There is great emphasis on getting your hands in the dirt following bio-dynamic permaculture and regenerative principles, to tend to your environment and grow your own food. Care of each other, care of ourselves and care of our environment are all intertwined. Solarpunk holds technology in its heart as a way to support this equal, care-driven, non-polluting meaningful life. It focuses on hyper-local, small, self-governing networks while also making the best of being connected global citizens. Without the capitalist push for the biggest economic benefit but with the eco-socialist spread of resources and benefit for all. Life would maybe have a slightly slower pace, but there would be much more to enjoy along the way.
— By Priscilla Haring-Kuipers

"... humanity (must) give up some of its core beliefs, from the fantasy that we can control the planet, to the notion that we are 'above' other beings."
— Timothy Morton: HumanKInd

Consensus includes
"the Voices who spoke for
the Four Sacred Things:
Deer, Hawk, Salmon, Coyote"
— Starhawk:
The Fifth Sacred Thing







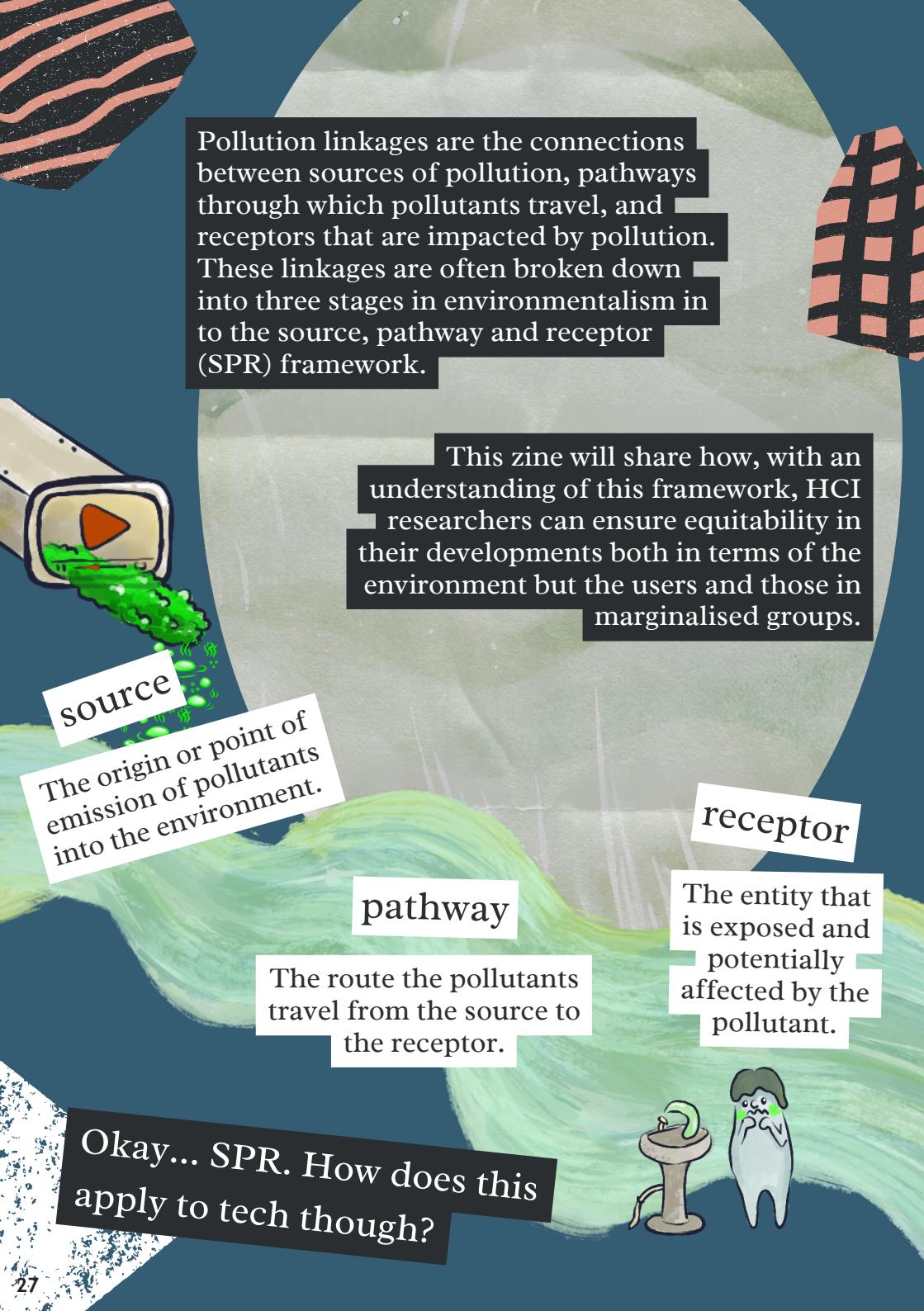
“We Can’t Fix It All”

“Okay, But What If We Try?”

What can HCI learn from the source-pathway-receptor framework?

Alice Ashcroft
Lancaster University

Zoe Detko
Ardea Eco-innovation



Pollution linkages are the connections between sources of pollution, pathways through which pollutants travel, and receptors that are impacted by pollution. These linkages are often broken down into three stages in environmentalism into the source, pathway and receptor (SPR) framework.

This zine will share how, with an understanding of this framework, HCI researchers can ensure equitability in their developments both in terms of the environment but the users and those in marginalised groups.

source

The origin or point of emission of pollutants into the environment.

receptor

pathway

The route the pollutants travel from the source to the receptor.

Okay... SPR. How does this apply to tech though?



Recognise the interaction.

Recognising the interaction between digital technology and environmental impact sheds light on how, in reducing negative environmental impacts, the positive social impact can be increased.



Emissions affecting the lives of people isn't a thing of the past.

An example of this can be seen with the creation of websites that produce fewer greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, also aiding individuals with slow internet connections or limited data plans.

A single visit to a 30 MB homepage would use both an entire day's worth of data for someone on a 1GB monthly plan, and emit 12g of CO₂e (Lowe, 2021).

So we need to design websites with reduced emissions!

Reducing image sizes, avoiding auto-playing videos (Lowe, 2021), minimising automatic chatbot usage, and not integrating live social media feeds, are (great/good/another adjective of your choice) strategies for reducing GHG emissions; contributing to environmental sustainability as well as enhancing website accessibility from a data and design standpoint.

Images are the biggest source of GHG emissions on websites (Greenwood, 2021). However, only by optimizing them from JPEG, PNG or GIF to WebP formats, emissions can be reduced significantly (Hiskey, 2022), and less data is needed to access the website.

This is just one example.

Knock On Effects

They knock marginalised groups even harder.

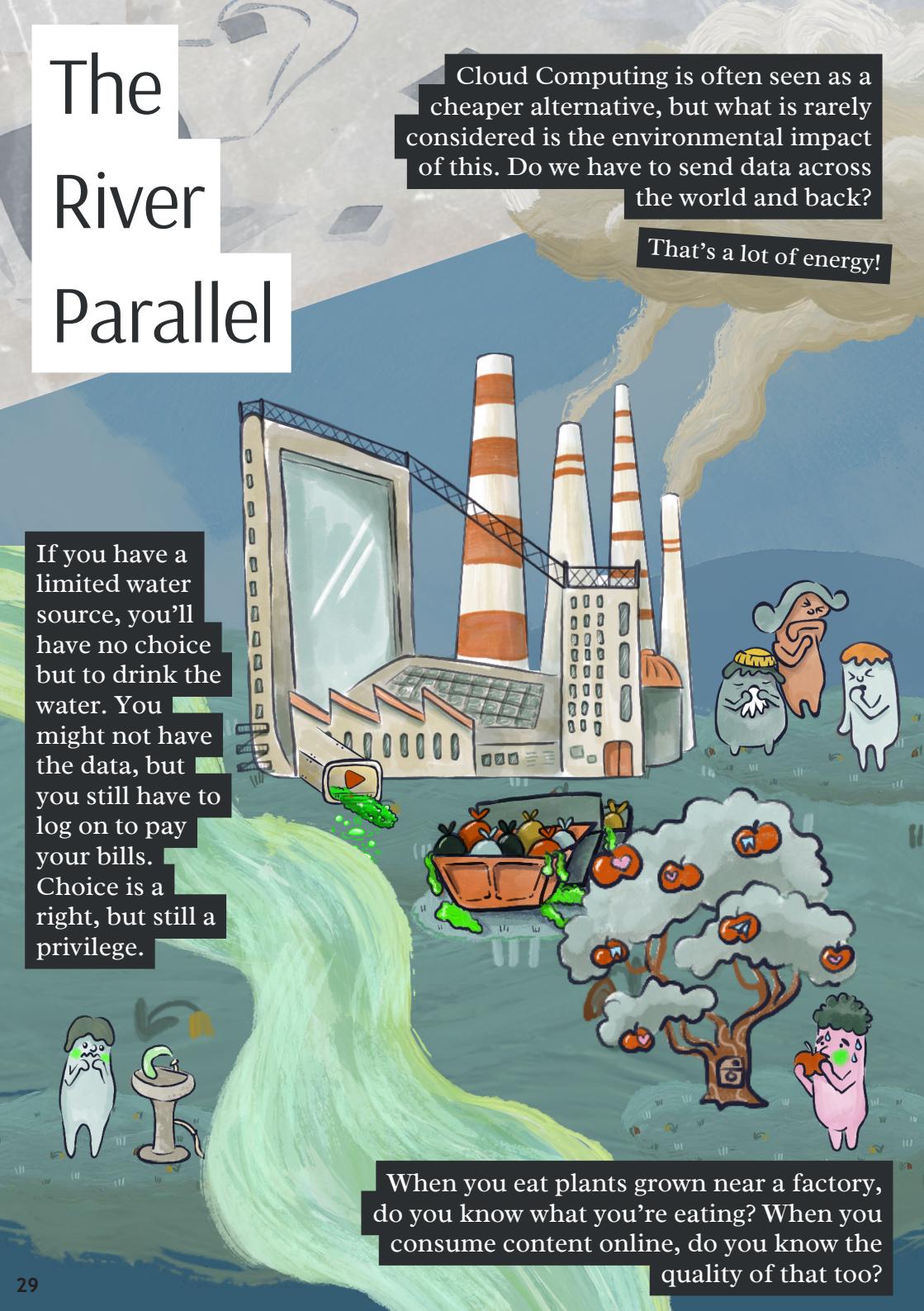
The River Parallel

Cloud Computing is often seen as a cheaper alternative, but what is rarely considered is the environmental impact of this. Do we have to send data across the world and back?

That's a lot of energy!

If you have a limited water source, you'll have no choice but to drink the water. You might not have the data, but you still have to log on to pay your bills. Choice is a right, but still a privilege.

When you eat plants grown near a factory, do you know what you're eating? When you consume content online, do you know the quality of that too?



so many parallels!

Bioaccumulation

when contaminants build up in organisms, becoming more concentrated than in their surrounding environment

Biomagnification

when the concentration of a chemical in an organism is higher than in its food, mainly because the organism gets exposed through its diet

“intersectionality”

linguistically means the overlapping of more than one characteristic

Intersectionality

theoretically means how each overlapping characteristic has affected each lived experience in the person's life, often disproportionately

TLDR: things are not always proportional...

the effect is magnified! sound familiar? (*cough cough*)
biomagnification (*cough cough*)
intersectionality

The Polar Bear Parallel



Society's Treatment of Multiply Marginalised Groups

Access to Education

Ability to Earn Income

Access to Technology

and there are so many more examples of this!

What can we learn from The Parallels?

Understand that the environmental impacts are directly linked to the accessibility of your systems.



All references can be found at:
aliceashcroft.com/s/ict4s-zine-refs.pdf

With thanks to *Alla Varta* for their wonderful illustrations.

Consider the environmental impact of each stage of your developments.



Physical accessibility should always be considered. But how is social access considered in your work?





**Dear Garden
Dear Earth**

Rodrigo dos Santos

Dear Garden

is a journal booklet created to inspire urban community gardeners to witness the relational stories that happen in garden spaces.

These are stories of interdependencies and collaborations among more-than-human entities such as

- heat ~
- water
- soil ~
- plants ~
- critters ~
- people ~
- tools ~

that permeate their garden selves.

The journal is part of a speculative, yet participatory design research that takes non-anthropocentric perspectives into consideration through:

- the myriad forms urban community garden[er]s can express themselves;
- the interactions they engage with;
- their learnings and responses to each others' stories.

Dear garden, as you may know...

Today, you inspired me to... be more active & feel alive
take things one at a time



Wipe myself into you more deeply
in relationship
in "re mapping relations"
and holding together
pivot when things do not work out
harvest to share

I expressed how much I care for you by...
tending you endlessly

Being delicate & fragile
only a few select pieces.

Showing my curiosity and inviting others in

Talking with other Gardeners

brain scratches i carry with me through the week as
reminder of what it takes to care.

THANK YOU FOR MAKING MY WORLD MORE PEACEFUL

by giving food Only time will tell what is
and nourishment to your response to our plans.

The environment around

The garden what you put in is what
attracts more HUNGRY BIRDS
i am nourished and held





Weather



Season



Sharing of ideas

While working with you, I have witnessed... magic of return
lots of growth - greenery & blossoms.

Reds, Bees, Trees ^{the steady return of care}
others after their produce

bees drinking water droplets on the foliage. A vegetable

garden is NOT established, always ^{magic of} presence.

changing year to year as you ^{presence}

^{the magic and madness} INSECTS + BIRDS + ANIMALS LIVE HAND IN

HAND

Others tend for you when they...

sing complements over the fence

dance in your blooms - advise on how to care for you

digest in your compost ask about you

acrate your soils enjoy the space, however freely choose

rain on your leaves

tickle your roots

celebrate your gifts.

Have Pleasant Conversation

stories of unity
reminding
we are entangled
not apart

stories that bring upon
our imaginative capacities
speculative why not?

one truth is that people
often struggle envisioning
as you might
or even pretend to

then we hear whispers
it's you shouting to all
we are one
and many more

interdependent
stories



RUE

protective - dried leaves left
on counter in kitchen

calming - drink as tea to
reduce nervous upset

partial sun ok - place in pot so may
be moved around

Collage with some of
the contributions to the
Dear Garden journal.

Dear Earth

is inspired by the Dear Garden journal, and invites you to reflect on some of the relational stories you share with the Earth.

While contemplating these stories, you may consider how your design practice—or your Information and Communication Technology-related work—is entangled with the social and ecological perspectives that

- you nurture and/or
- nurture you.

--..--.~

Any responsible form of expression to engage with Dear Earth is welcome.

*Dear Earth,
There is so much care around ourselves*

You know you have my attention when I...

But I confess that sometimes it is hard to have you in mind, especially when...

This may incite you to...

In order to embrace your whispers and shouts, I might...



Dear Garden
journal evokes
ways of building
responsible and
reciprocal relations
with the land—
practices that are
shared in many
places, and by
many communities
in their own ways.

It was created
as part of my
dissertation
research project.
The research
happened in the
Summer of 2023
in two urban
community gardens
in Vancouver,
Canada—the
traditional,
ancestral, and
unceded territory
of the Səl̓ílwətaʔ
(Tsleil-Waututh)
twnation.ca,
Skwxwú7mesh
(Squamish)
squamish.net, and
xʷməθkʷəy̕əm
(Musqueam)
musqueam.bc.ca
peoples.

The relational
stories that
arise from the
interactions that
urban community
garden[er]s witness
and engage with
can broaden
understandings on
the importance
of assessing and/
or envisioning
perspectives —..—°— from bees
that are often weeds
unacknowledged worms
by social, economic soils
and political apples
systems that tomatoes
support dominant potatoes
— technocentric peas
— solution-based fireweeds
interaction design peoples
practice. places
 ants
 house
 plants
 of varied
 colours
 and shapes
 mushrooms
 above and
 underground
 rue
 rhizomes
 compost
 stones
 that reflect
 different
 moments
——*°—

*Dear Earth is a
nascent initiative
built on learnings
from the Dear
Garden journal
and on calls to
address the social
and ecological
climate crisis we
are immersed in...
≈ raising sea levels
≈ melting glaciers
≈ draughts
≈ floods
≈ hunger
≈ et al.*



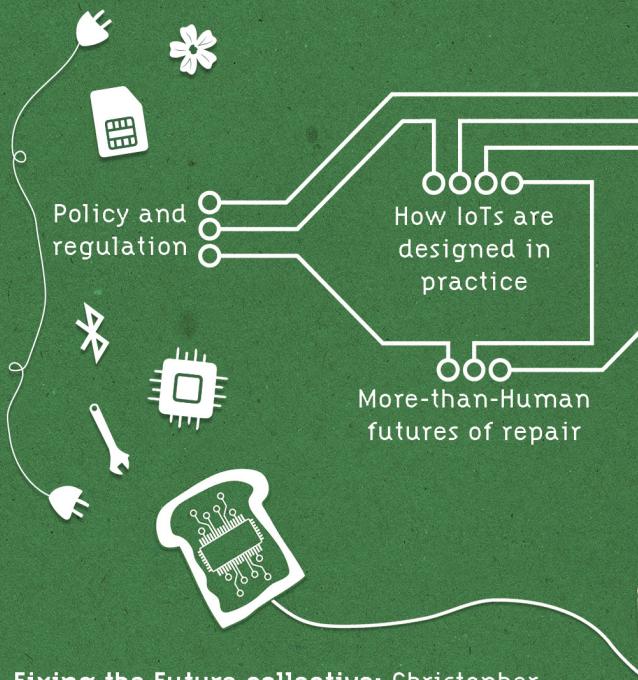
Rodrigo dos Santos
UBC School of Information

If you would like to start an informal
conversation, or share your
Dear Earth reflections, please email
rodrigo.dossantos@ubc.ca

What might a more

Sustainable

Internet of Things look like?



The redundancy and lack of repairability of IoT devices has led them to become major contributors to the electronic waste crisis.



Fixing the Future collective: Christopher Boniface, Teresa Castle-Green, Paul Coulton, Dimitrios Darzentas, Nidhi Dubey, Susan Lechelt, Joseph Lindley, Violet Owen, Namrata Primlani, Neelima Sailaja, Michael Stead, Melissa Terras and Lachlan Urquhart.

EU and UK Laws are targeting different stages of the IoT lifecycle to improve sustainability.

2021 No. XXX

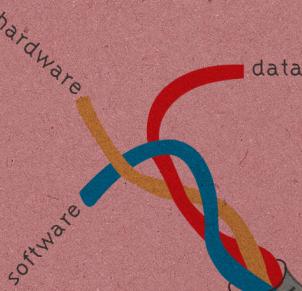
ENERGY CONSERVATION

The Ecodesign for Energy-Related Products and Energy Information Regulations 2021

Right-to-Repair

Coming into force ***

"How fixable is this? You're going to get judged!"



EU RIGHT TO REPAIR

How can IoT manufacturers support access to spare parts and repair services?
Proposal for a Directive of the European Parliament and Council
on common rules promoting the repair of goods and amending Regulation (EU) 2017/2394, Directives (EU) 2019/771 and (EU) 2020/1828

"make sure there is better access to spare parts"

[EN] EU EcoDesign Law: Regulation (EU) 2023/1670

How can IoT have more resilient components and screens?

"Harder to break, easier to replace, parts galore"

"Easier to dismantle, easier to recycle"



recycled/reimagined

end of life

sale/in use

"stop selling insecure devices, make them and keep them secure"

end of life

European Parliament
2019-2024

Cyber Resilience Act

How can IoT be kept secure across its lifespan?



Functional device, to meaningful artefact

Design dictates devotion,
Aesthetics alter attitudes,
Shoddy style, swift scrap,
Beauty begets bonding,
Tacky tech, throwaway toy,
Sleek and serviceable, sustained and saved,
Alluring and accessible, admired and attended,
Form and function forge the future.

Perceived as
repairable

Repairable
Aesthetics

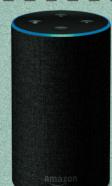
Non-Repairable
Aesthetics

Perceived as not
worth repairing.

Write the words above -
decide where they fit

"Utilitarian" "Functional" "Industrial" "Clinical" "Practical" "Replaceable"
"Get while it lasts" "One-use" "Disposable" "Cheap" "Rubbish" "Waste"
"Modular" "Fixable" "Customised" "Keepsake" "Buy for life" "Mine"
"Beautiful" "Seamless" "Expensive" "Warranty" "Closed" "Waste"

cut me out and place me on the chart where I belong



What are the drivers that will stop or discourage use of a particular product or service?

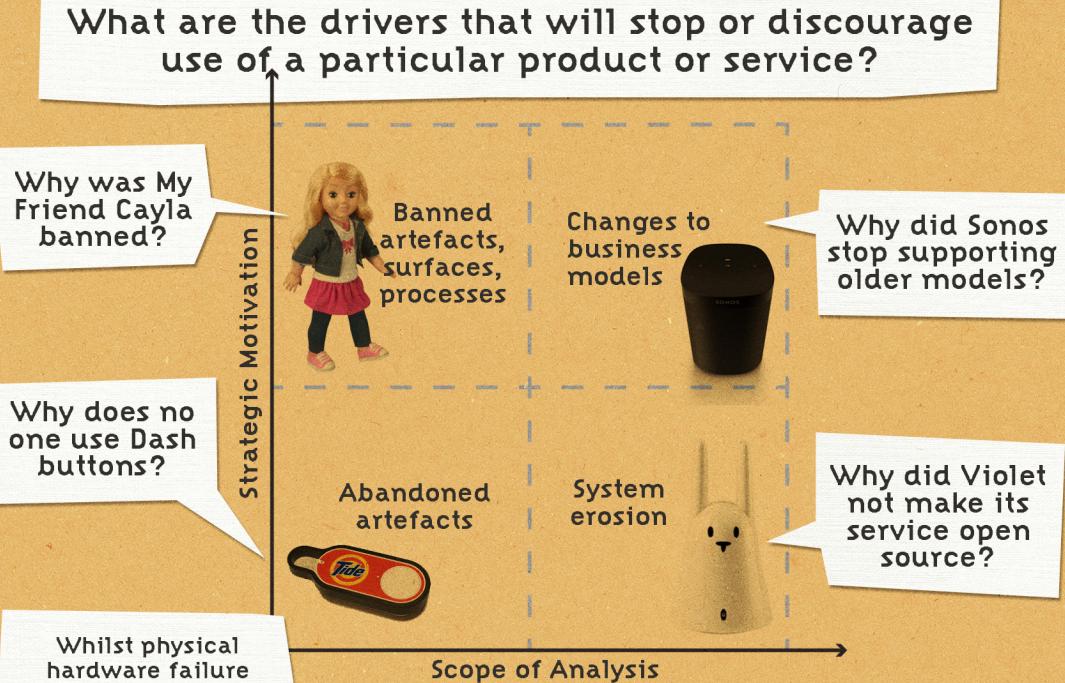
Why was My Friend Cayla banned?

Why does no one use Dash buttons?

Whilst physical hardware failure was largely driven by its electronics it is now driven by the business choice (or failure) as to whether to continue software support.

Banned artefacts, surfaces, processes

Changes to business models



Why did Sonos stop supporting older models?

Why did Violet not make its service open source?

Bathtub Curve

Electronic Failure Rate Vs Time



End of increasing failure

Infant Mortality
decreasing failure rate

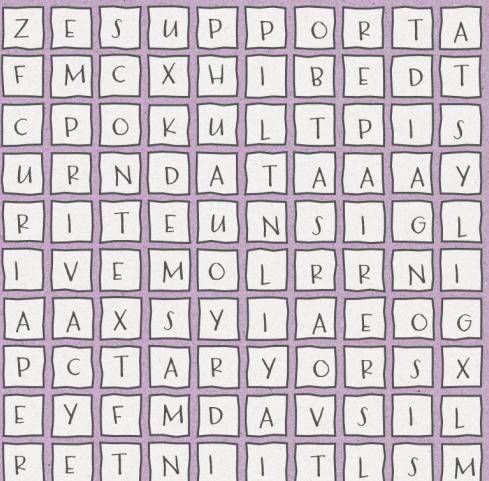
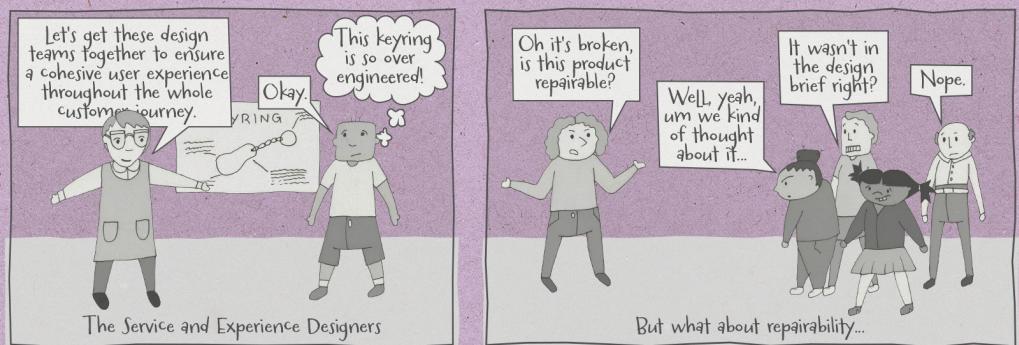
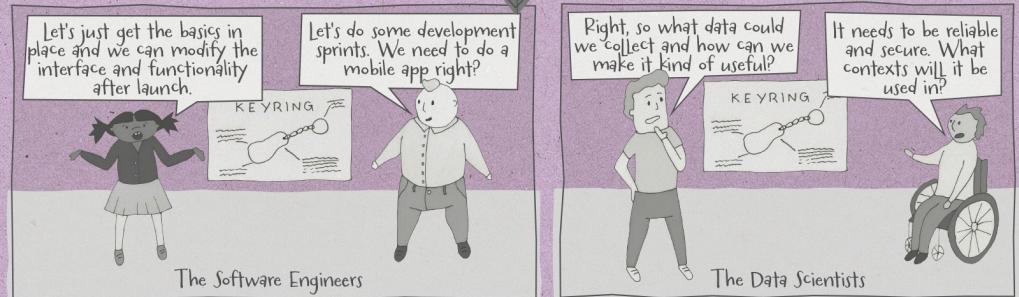
Normal mortality
low failure rate

Wearout
increasing failure rate

Normal useful life
(constant failure rate)



How IoTs are designed in practice



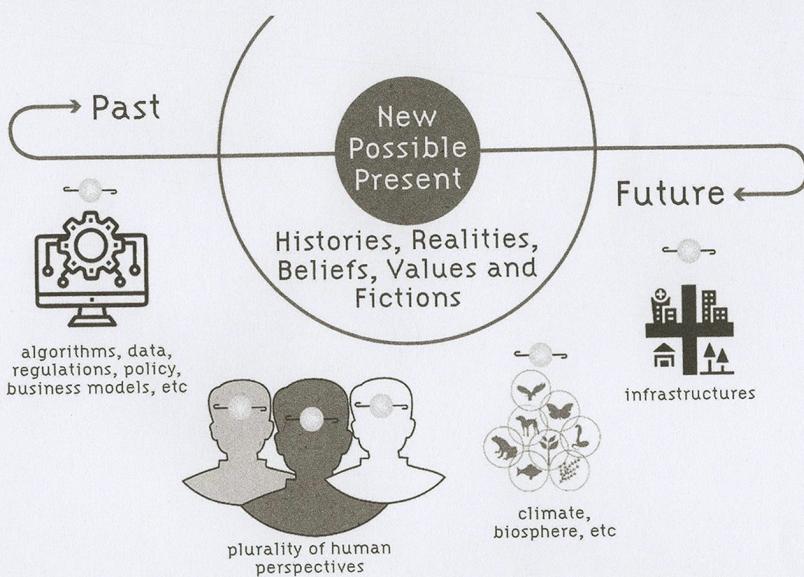
Designing for Repair

When designing for repair as a use case, particular attention should be paid to:

REPAIRERS
DATA
PRIVACY
REPAIR

CONTEXT
SUPPORT
DIAGNOSIS
MODULAR

More-than Human Futures of Repair



The things in the Internet of Things are not simply the physical products but include algorithms, business models, regulations, resources etc to form a network of human and non-human things.

“we do not understand the things we create go on designing after we designed them”

the mess left behind when it doesn't saw

the myth that tech will save us

see



Engineering and Physical Sciences Research Council

<https://ftf.wp.horizon.ac.uk/>

PEERING

TIM COWLISHAW



A face peers down at me, tinted blue by a bright sun which bleaches the sky behind a hazy featureless white. The face wears an expression of concern, or perhaps of puzzlement in the eyes. It's a familiar face, although not one I've seen from this angle. Below it, a question: "*Do you remember this moment?*". I don't - but it must have happened - there's photographic evidence after all.

It's a photo of me, revealed by the "memory reel" notification that Google Photos occasionally sends me, without my asking. But it's a strange type of memory, one that diverges so entirely from what I thought that I recalled. I'm peering into the lens, perhaps caught by surprise, perhaps attempting to diagnose some problem, but the overall impression is of someone peering into the mechanism, trying to see what's on the other side.

This hidden mechanism is on my mind now - receiving this notification was a moment of *Infrastructural uncanniness*¹ - a sudden, jarring reminder, that my phone, familiar, and personal, is one tendril of a much larger digital infrastructure, through which other agencies apart from my own operate. If I didn't knowingly take this photo, then who, or what did?

1. Geoghegan, B.D. (2016) 'Mind the Gap: Spiritualism and the Infrastructural Uncanny', *Critical Inquiry*, 42(4), pp. 899-922. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1086/686945>.

Perhaps if I understood where this photo is now, then I might better understand how I'm entangled in this infrastructure. In my work investigating the material footprint of discarded data, one thing still eludes me: how the footprint of my own digital waste contributes to it. This photo offers an interesting glimpse of that involvement precisely because it offers no easy answers: it's "my data", but I never chose to store it, and wasn't aware of its existence until just now.

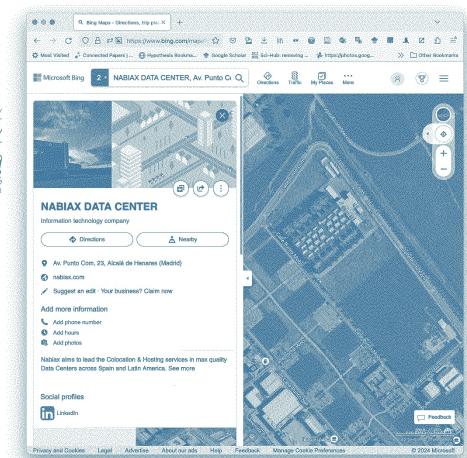


My phone gives me few clues; the photo was taken on the 29th of December 2020, at a point on the map I know: my home. The moment I don't remember lasted 1/100 of a second, a click of a shutter. But Google's interface tells me nothing about the photo now - not even a file size.

Recalling Anne Pasek's methods for *getting into fights with data centres*², I open Google Photos on my laptop, and locate the photo. From the photo, a URL, from the URL, a domain, from the domain, an IP address, and from the IP, a location: Madrid.

This all seems too simple, too definite, each inference bringing more uncertainty. The domain of the image might point to one IP, or several, it might be a proxy, a CDN. Now, looking at a point on the map in the centre of the Puerta del Sol, I realise it offers a comforting illusion of specificity. There is definitely no Google data centre here.

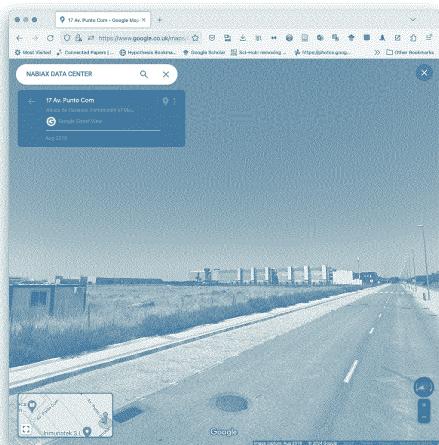
Still: it makes sense for *my particular photos* to be stored in the country where I live: these are not public images, distributed around the world for access from anywhere. In the face of uncertainty, an abductive leap: It is *probable* that my photo is in a Google facility in Spain. So, if not in the Puerta del Sol, where?



2. Pasek, A. (2023) 'Getting Into Fights With Data Centers: Or, a Modest Proposal for Reframing the Climate Politics of ICT.', White Paper. Experimental Methods and Media Lab, Trent University, Peterborough, Ontario. Available at: <https://tinyurl.com/PeeringPasek>.

Google does have a data centre in Madrid: it was announced to great fanfare in the press³ when it opened in 2022. The article mentions a partnership with Telefónica, and I soon locate another article⁴ which places it in a Telfónica facility in Alcalá de Henares.

A map search for “data centre Alcalá”: squat grey buildings on the outskirts of town, with unfamiliar names. No sign of Telefónica or Google, but a search for “Telefónica Alcalá” yields an elegant brochure⁵, describing a state of the art facility with distinctive turret-like structures along the edge. I notice that one of the grey outlines on the map, named “Nabiax”, has a similar crenellated profile, switch to Street View: It's the same building.



I try to imagine its enormity: 15 square kilometres of usable space, and 100 MW of installed electrical capacity. 22 tonnes of CO₂⁶ (five passenger flights from Madrid to Santiago de Chile, or 44 square metres of lost arctic ice) per hour.

More searches, more documents: Everything that helps keep my photo online 24/7. The frustrations of the technicians working there⁷, the layout of the control room and the enormous diesel tank for backup power⁸, the local council's generous offer of a new dedicated power line and substation, now open for tender⁹. These installations are built *to scale*¹⁰, their footprint and power supplies expanding continuously.

Trying to comprehend everything keeping this giant machine running is dizzying, as is knowing that I am, every time the shutter on my phone clicks, implicating myself in it further. But seen framed by the laptop screen, zoomable with a pinch of the fingers, I can't comprehend the scale of the place, nor the extent of my own involvement. To really get a sense of this, I reason, I have to go there, to stand alongside it.

3. <https://tinyurl.com/PeeringElPeriodico>

4. <https://tinyurl.com/PeeringEuropa>

5. <https://tinyurl.com/PeeringBrochure>

6. <https://tinyurl.com/PeeringPower>

7. <https://tinyurl.com/NabiaxMapsReviews>

8. <https://tinyurl.com/PeeringPlan>

9. <https://tinyurl.com/PeeringTender>

10. Tsing, A.L. (2012) 'On Nonscalability', *Common Knowledge*, 18(3), pp. 505–524.

So, a few weeks later, I take a train to Madrid: It tickles me that i'm likely following the same path along which my image had passed, from fibre optic to fibre optic, peer to peer. Tung-Hui Hu¹¹ describes how the railway and the fibre optic network are often intertwined, and this is the case here: overlaying a map of fibre infrastructure¹² on to the railway network, and tracing the thread of a backbone link following the AVE line beneath me.

On the second leg of my journey, I approach Alcalá de Henares Universidad. An outskirt of an outskirt: Alcalá is a suburb of Madrid, and the Universidad station is in an outskirt of Alcalá: bordered on one side by warehouses, and on the other by the university campus and a large expanse of green scrubland.

Looking out of the window, I'm struck by the number of *trasteros* (self-storage units) I see. They and the data centre make good neighbours: Both need large amounts of cheap space, proximity to transport infrastructure (or the fibre under it), and they're both peripheral places, in the terminology of Discard Studies¹³: the "away" where unwanted things can be sent, out of sight and out of mind.



I trace an L-shaped movement along the edge of the wasteland (I could cut across, but i feel like an interloper, and don't want to draw attention to myself). As I walk, a low hum, barely there at first, but growing in intensity to the identifiable major-third drone of industrial air-conditioning. I turn a corner and see a weathered billboard welcoming me to "Tecnoalcalá Technological and Scientific Park". Below it, a sun-bleached street sign pointing to "WWW street", "Arroba (@) street", and ".mobi Avenue", already familiar from the map. I'm on ".com Avenue", the street, where at number 23, the Google Cloud region which I'm pretty certain holds my photo resides.

"You are entering a private complex - respect the instructions". That same feeling of being an interloper again: I'm not being turned away, but I'm definitely not being welcomed in either. Security, and secrecy: the "bunker mentality" of the cloud¹⁴, needs the figure of an outside threat from which we're being protected. It feels weird to inhabit both roles at once: I'm one of the people whose data is in there, but I'm also the interloper.

11. Hu, T.-H. (2016) *A Prehistory of the Cloud*. Illustrated edition. Cambridge, Massachusetts London, England: The MIT Press.

12. <https://tinyurl.com/PeeringFibre>

13. Liboiron, M. and Lepawsky, J. (2022) *Discard Studies: Wasting, Systems, and Power*. Cambridge, MA, USA: MIT Press.

The weathered, sunbleached quality of the road signs can be seen on everything, and I can feel its cause in a very bodily way - even on an early February morning, it is uncomfortably hot, and I can feel the back of my neck burning. Curiously though, the road verges are more verdant than the surrounding scrubland. A closer look reveals the black serpentine tangle of an automatic watering system under these green borders: the clean, sustainable imaginary of the cloud must be maintained where it meets the material reality.

Rounding a corner, I see the now-familiar crenellated profile of Nabiax, and am struck by its scale. Not just the sheer size of it, but also the way in which I could see it *scaling* - one end of the building still under construction, and an expanse of unbroken but fenced off ground to its south reserved and waiting.

I arrive at the front entrance: a man-sized gate under the building's address in large metal signage, and a smaller, more temporary sign, reading "Nabiax" ("Google" and "Telefónica" conspicuous by their absence). This gateway is the only human-sized thing about this building: there are no windows, nor any clues of human habitation: Of the 10,000 jobs which this installation supposedly enabled¹⁴, few of them appear to be in this building.

Beyond the entrance, I see a row of pylons, stretching from the data centre across the field behind me, off in the direction of the substation. There's also a curious empty space, maybe the size of half a football pitch, fenced off, within the perimeter of the data centre, but, meticulously lawned, and empty, right above where the plan told me the diesel tanks reside.

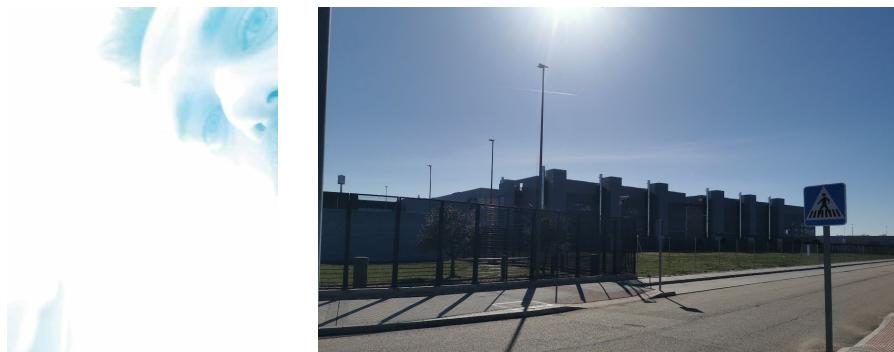
14. <https://tinyurl.com/PeeringVanguardia>

Standing on the corner on the other side of the patch of grass, I try to take in the entire installation: not just the building, but the construction sites surrounding it, the fibre network snaking under the roads and train lines, the electrical grid behind me and the backup generators below. I'm very aware of all I don't know, and can't see: most notably what's inside the building: the high fences and security cameras mean this is as close as I can get.

However, incomplete knowledge is still knowledge, and knowledge can be put into action. I may not understand the totality of this rhizomatic infrastructure, and I may never understand fully how my own digital traces are tied up with it, but I do now know two things.

The first, that *scale*, manifested in the impermeability, expandability and anonymity of these infrastructures, might prevent us from knowing them directly, but it also suggests other ways we might come to know and understand them. I might never know for sure that my photo is in this data centre, but I know that it's in one like it, and this logic of *scalability*¹⁵ suggests that that other data centre will be much like this one: What I have learned and experienced here can still teach me something about the site my photo inhabits, even if I never know exactly where that is.

The second, is that this knowledge, does not need to be complete to be useful: Partial knowledge can still give us reasons to act, to decide. And so, on finishing this text, pasting in the image below, and hitting save, I return to my Google Photos account, navigate to the 29th of December 2020, select the blue and white smudge with the traces of a face, and I hit *delete*.



Thanks to Anne Pasek, for the methodological techniques outlined in *Getting into Fights with Data Centres*, for inspiration, and in general for tonnes of prior work I hope in some small sense I'm building on. Thanks also to Justin Pickard, for emergency ethnographic training and mentoring, extremely generative conversations, general moral support and *commitment to the bit*.

15. Hanna, A. and Park, T.M. (2020) 'Against Scale: Provocations and Resistances to Scale Thinking'. arXiv. Available at: <http://arxiv.org/abs/2010.08850>.

SYSTEMS THINKING WORKBOOK

Laetitia Bornes, Marcia Smith, Oliver Bates

Dear reader,

We invite you to fill in the "Systems Thinking Workbook" as part of your professional journey as a leader in ICT and sustainability. This workbook introduces six indicators for systems thinking and a series of activities for reflecting on ICT4S 2024 conference and your own practice.

This workbook is born out a series of conversations in liminal spaces at conferences and in other tech spaces about the focus of much tech research on technosolutions that lack any accompanying engagement in complex systems that encapsulate ICT and digital technology.

Use this workbook with academic papers, technologies, interventions and prototypes! Our hopes are that you use this this workbook in a non adversarial manner to capture a more complete snapshot of whether the whole conference (and your own work) embraces a systemic perspective.

This workbook is for those of you who are interested in critically engaging with systems thinking for sustainability in both your own practice and the practice of the communities you are part of. It's both a form of feedback for conference organisers, and self-reflection on our own practices and perspectives. We hope to trigger in-depth and possibly provocative reflections that nudge our collective research to more radical and systems oriented perspectives.

Thanks for reading!

Oliver, Laetitia, Marcia

SUGGESTED INDICATORS



SCALE OF INTERVENTION

What is the scope of the intervention? Does this paper study or act on devices (e.g. smartphone)? Does it deal with services (e.g. internet service provider)? Is it interested in the infrastructure behind it? or is it looking at the whole socio-technical system?



SCALE OF EFFECTS

What effects are being considered? Direct effects (energy, materials and resources for production, operation and disposal)? Enabling effects (substitution, optimization)? Direct rebound effects (more intensive use due to gain in time or money)? Indirect rebound effects (other additional footprints enabled by these savings)? What about economy-wide rebound and systemic change (changes in production and consumption patterns at the societal level)?



BEINGS CONSIDERED

Is the research user centric? Does it think about other humans, non-users? What about other beings? and the environment?



ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS CONSIDERED

What environmental impacts does the research consider? Does it only consider CO₂ or Green House Gas (GHG) as proxies for broader environmental impacts? or does it consider other environmental impacts such as water usage, pollution, land use change, resources depletion, etc.



SOCIAL (IN)EQUITY

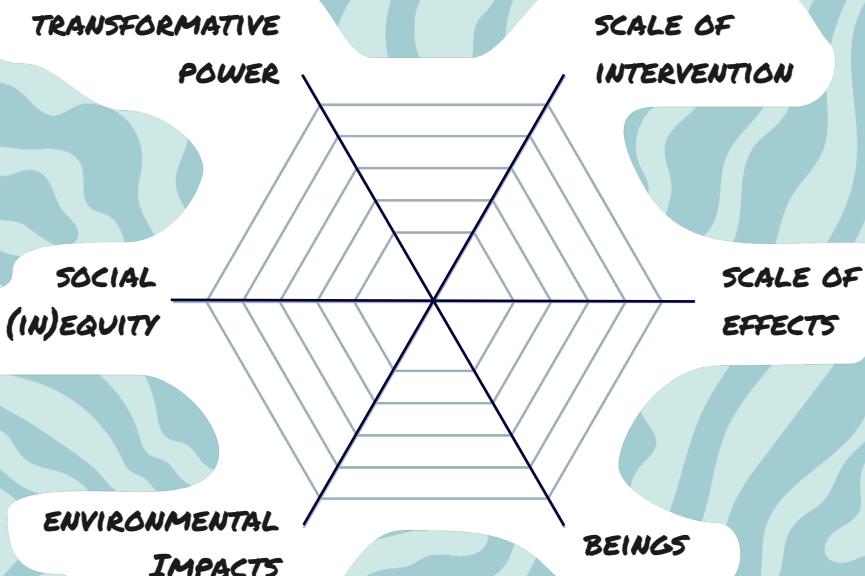
Does this research reflect on notions of equality and equity? If so, is it positioned more in an equality or equity paradigm? For example, a fuel tax may be seen as egalitarian but not equitable, since it will be felt most by the poorest households, and in particular those who are car-dependent (in the countryside).



TRANSFORMATIVE POWER

Is the aim of this research to bring about incremental change in the direction of transition, which can be implemented in the short term? Or does this research support a radical and profound change, probably planned for the longer term?

FILL YOUR THOUGHTS ON THE PAPERS



SCALE OF INTERVENTION

product | service | network | sociotechnical system

SCALE OF EFFECTS

direct | enables | rebound effects | systemic

BEINGS CONSIDERED

users | humans | more-than-human | ecosystems

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

only GHG | 5 and more

SOCIAL (IN)EQUITY

unequal | equality but no equity | equity

TRANSFORMATIVE POWER

incremental change | paradigm shift

CONFERENCE FEEDBACK

Why are you here? What did you expect to find?

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Is the conference diverse?
Did you see any patterns?

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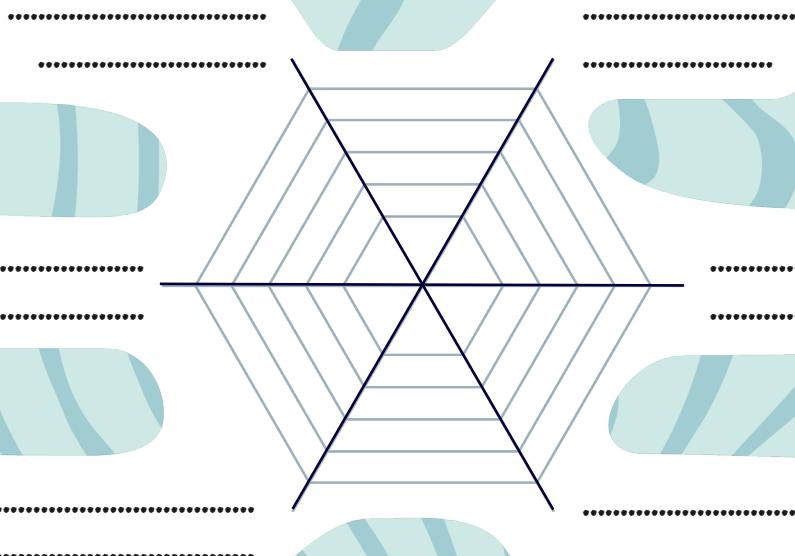
What is missing?
What is left unsaid?

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How could the conference be improved?

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DESIGN YOUR OWN RADAR CHART



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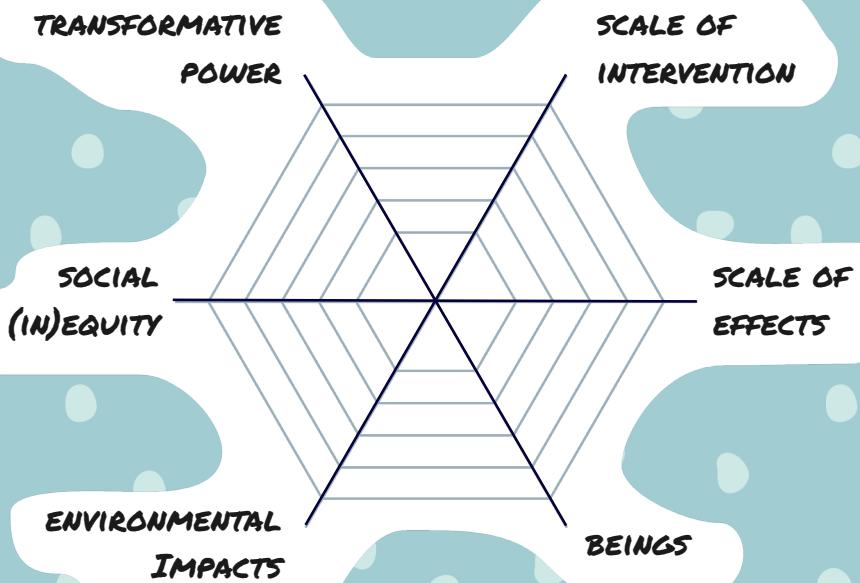
.....



.....



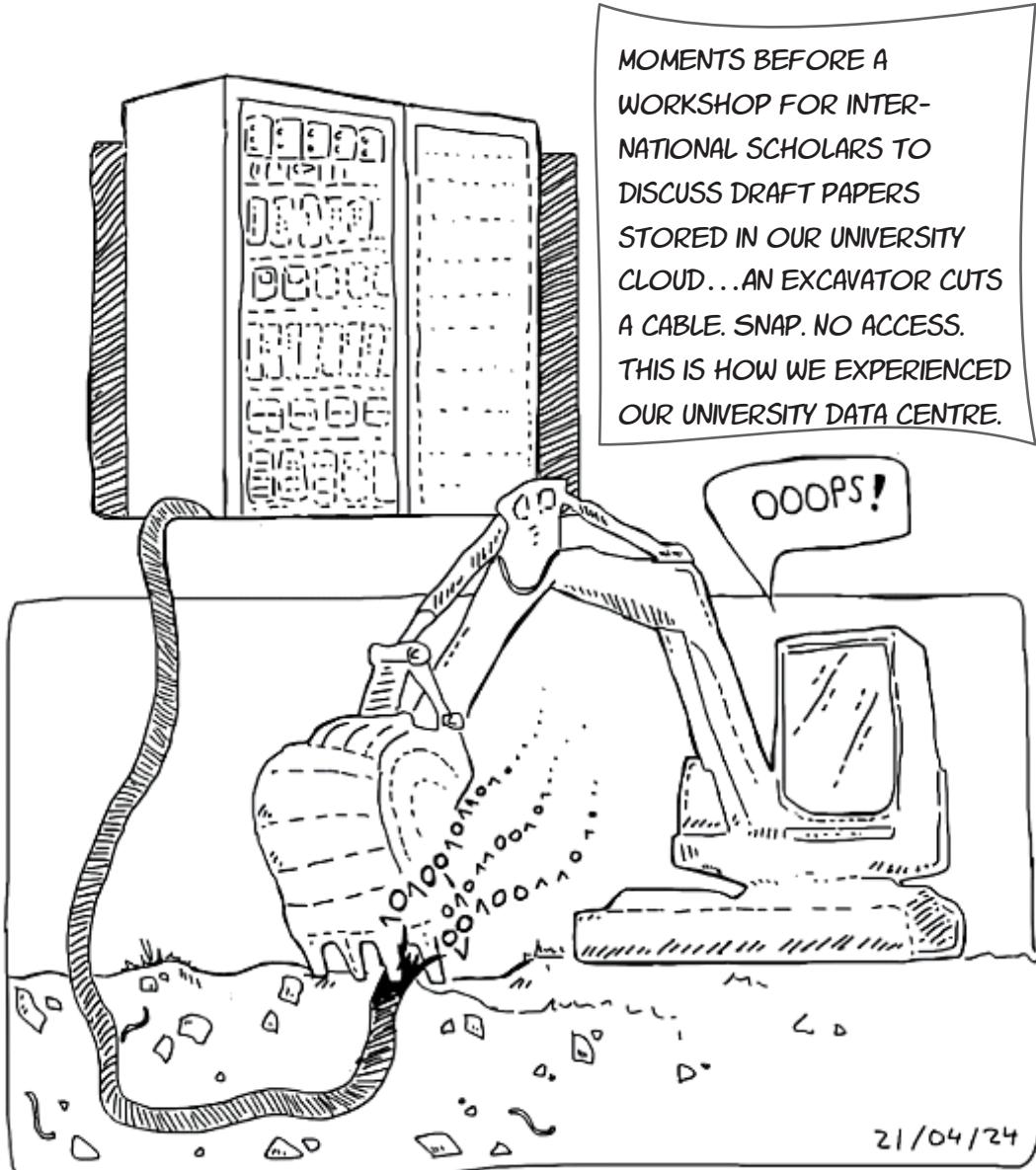
THOUGHTS ON YOUR OWN RESEARCH



Should/could you navigate on those axes? Which one(s)?

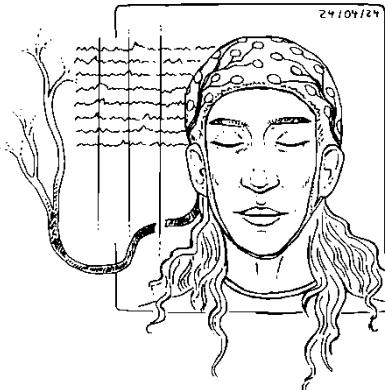
How could you do so?

A GOOD ENOUGH DATA CENTRE?



BY SANDRA ABELS, LEMAN ÇELİK, STEFAN LASER, ESTRID SØRENSEN. ARTWORK BY LYNN WERNER.

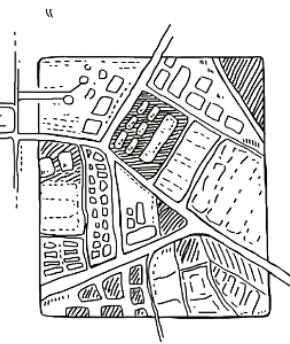
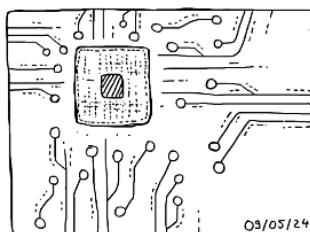
EXPERIENCES



DATA
INFRASTRUCTURES
ARE INDISPENSABLE
FOR
SCIENCE AND
RESEARCH.

DATA CENTRES
CHALLENGE
SUSTAINABLE
DEVELOPMENT.

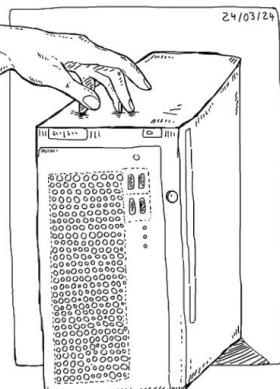
HOW TO MAKE SENSE OF DATA CENTRES?



HOW ARE DATA CENTRES EXPERIENCED?

WE ASKED
ACTORS
AROUND A
GERMAN
UNIVERSITY
DATA CENTRE.

THREE EXAMPLE GROUPS HELP US RETHINK.



SCIENCE

"SOME OF OUR SIMULATIONS RUN FOR DAYS, SOMETIMES EVEN WEEKS. AND OF COURSE THEN IF YOU SHUT DOWN THE SERVER, THEN YOU CAN'T RUN IT, BUT OFTEN YOU CAN'T EVEN STORE THE STATE OF THE SIMULATION."

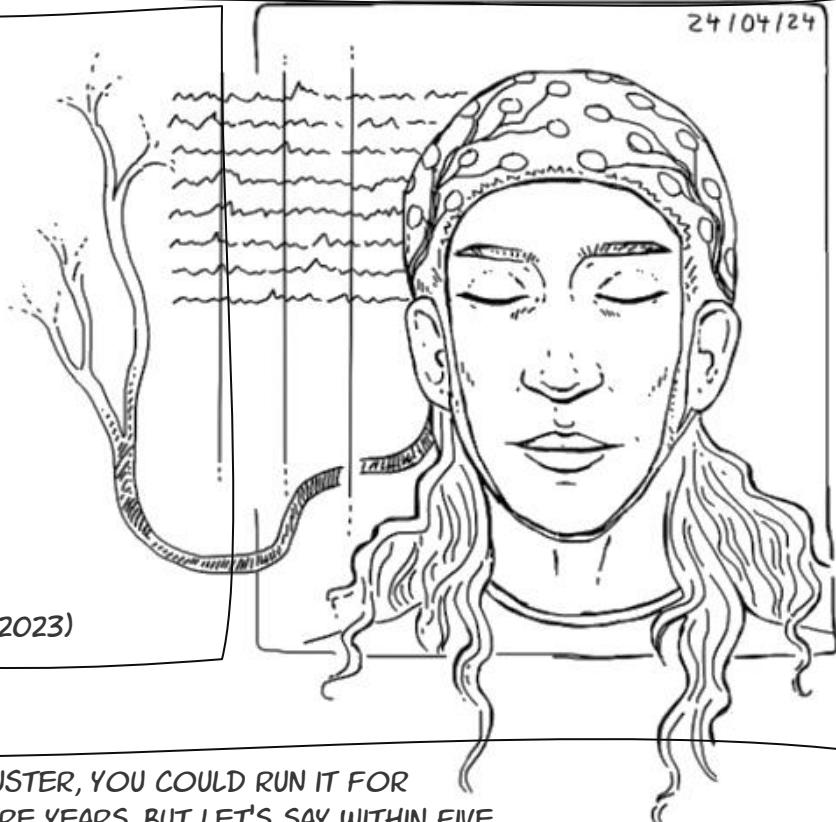
(COMPUTATIONAL NEUROSCIENTIST, 2023)

"IF
YOU
SWITCH
OFF
THE
SERVERS

THAT
IS
THE
END
OF
WORK"

(CHEMIST, 2023)

24/04/24

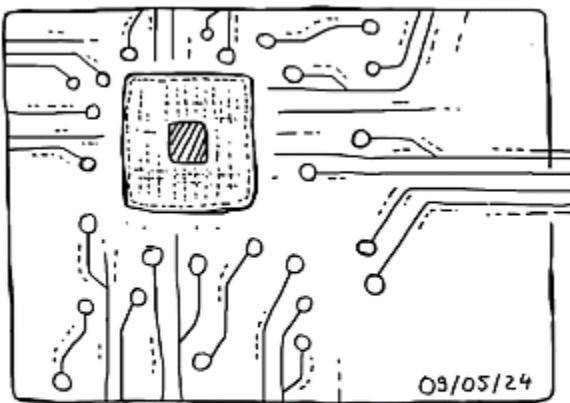


"A HPC CLUSTER, YOU COULD RUN IT FOR A FEW MORE YEARS. BUT LET'S SAY WITHIN FIVE YEARS THE HARDWARE IS GETTING OUTDATED. SO IF YOU DON'T RUN IT CONTINUOUSLY..."

"YOU ALSO HAVE TO THINK ABOUT THAT ASPECT, RIGHT? MAYBE YOU SAVE ELECTRICITY BY SHUTTING IT OFF, BUT THEN YOU'RE NOT USING THE HARDWARE TO ITS FULLEST EXTENT. AND IT TAKES ENERGY TO MAKE THE HARDWARE, RIGHT?"

(COMPUTATIONAL NEUROSCIENTIST, 2023)

PROCUREMENT

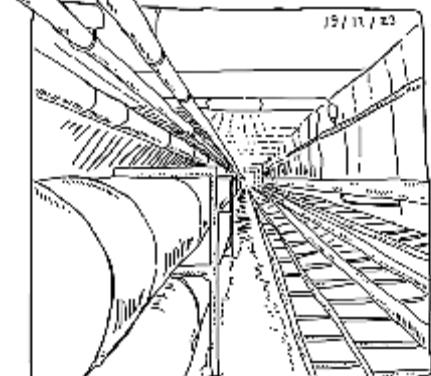


"THE CONDITIONS ARE DISCUSSED IN A TENDER. YOU WANT TO HAVE SO MANY NODES WITH AT LEAST THIS AND THIS CPU PERFORMANCE, SO MUCH MEMORY, THEN SO MANY NODES WITH GRAPHICS CARDS, WHICH ARE THEN SPECIFIED, AND SO MUCH STORAGE AND WHAT YOU NEED THERE..."

(UNIVERSITY DC OPERATOR 2022)

"...NATURALLY, IT'S DIFFICULT TO SAY IN THIS CONTEXT THAT WE WANT TO HAVE ENERGY-EFFICIENT COMPUTERS. IT'S A BIT CONTRADICTORY TO HIGH PERFORMANCE."

"WE BASICALLY HANDED OVER THE BUILDING WITH IT RACKS, WITH POWER ON THE RIGHT/LEFT AND NETWORK AT THE TOP. THAT WAS OUR SERVICE, NOT THE COMPUTERS." (DATA CENTRE BUILDERS, A CONTRACTOR, 2023)



DATA CENTRE OPERATORS

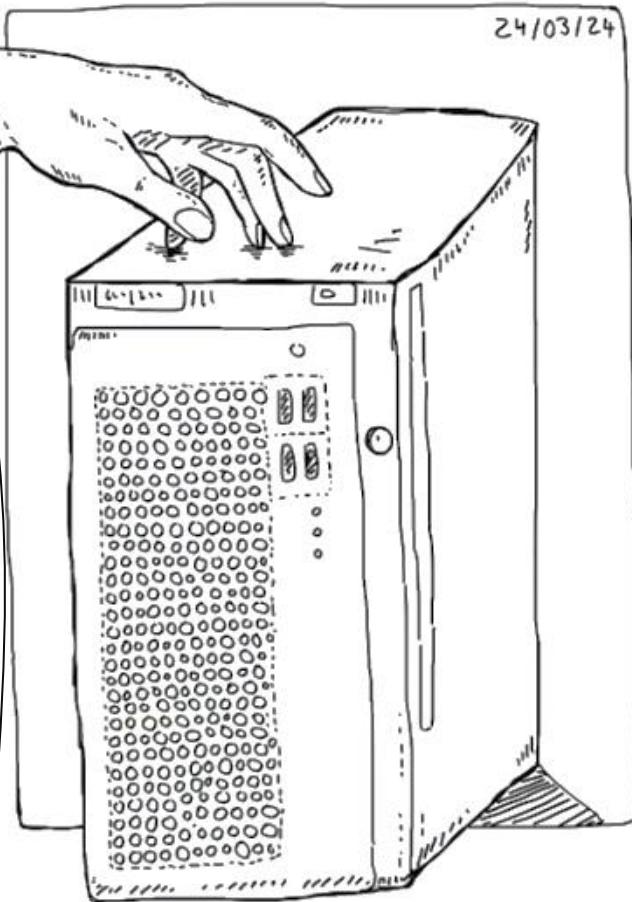
"BUT SOME SCEPTISIS PREVAILS: 'I CAN'T GET IN THERE ON MY OWN IF I HAVE TO.' WELL, I THINK THAT'S AN UNFOUNDED FEAR, BECAUSE: WHEN DO YOU EVER HAVE TO ACCESS A SERVER?"

(UNIVERSITY DATA CENTRE OPERATOR 2022)

"YOU NEED TO HAVE
A REASONABLY
CONFIGURED
SERVER AND
REASONABLE
REMOTE
MAINTENANCE"

"I THINK YOU JUST HAVE
TO OVERCOME THE
ANXIETY THAT YOU HAVE
TO PET YOUR SERVER
EVERY DAY.
YOU DON'T HAVE TO"
(UNIVERSITY DATA
CENTRE OPERATOR,
2022)

24/03/24



TOWARDS GOOD ENOUGH

MORE AND MORE DATA. ACCESS.
FUTILE EFFICIENCY GAINS. CONNECTIONS
BETWEEN ACTORS THAT ARE MADE INVISIBLE.
WHERE DO WE GO FROM HERE?

HOW DID YOU EXPERIENCE A DATA CENTRE TODAY?
WHAT IS A GOOD ENOUGH DATA CENTRE FOR YOU?

WRITE ABOUT YOUR DATA CENTRE
EXPERIENCES IN THE CRYPTPAD
ONLINE FORM AND READ THE RESPONSES
OF OTHER PARTICIPANTS.
YOU CAN ALSO SCRIBBLE NOTES FOR
YOURSELF DOWN BELOW.

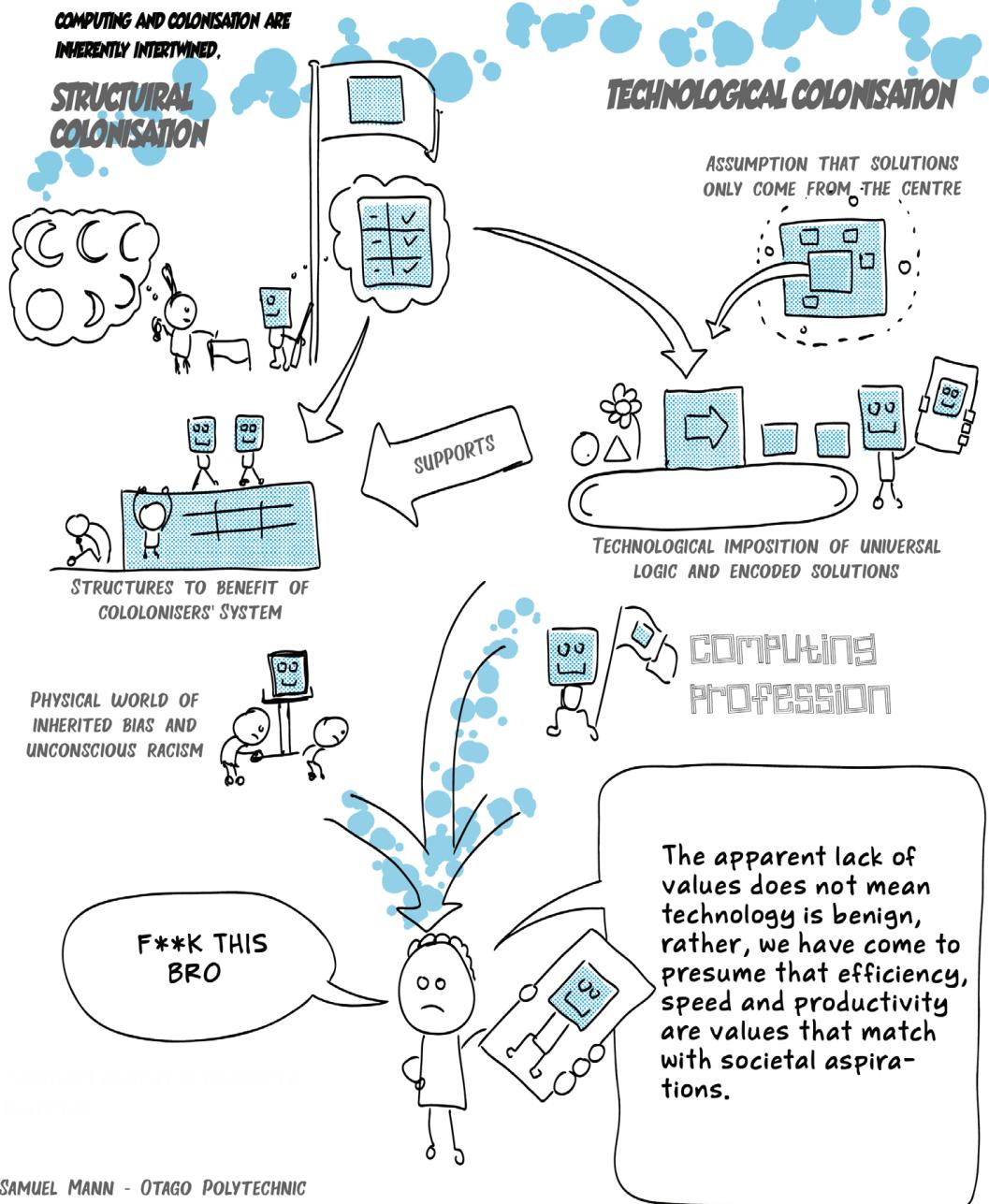


<https://cryptpad.fr/form/#/2/form/view/f16xCQ-6oxShodCey79HKtpTEZUHdwa-GnHdeufg/>

BY SANDRA ABELS, LEMAN ÇELİK, STEFAN LASER, ESTRID SØRENSEN. ARTWORK BY LYNN WERNER.



REINDIGENSISE REGENERATE COMPUTING



RE-TELL INDIGENOUS EVERYDAY STORIES AS COMPUTING STORIES

2.

WRITE A COMPUTING PERSON INTO THE STORY TO

STRUCTURAL AND SYSTEMATIC

INSTITUTIONAL

AND ADDRESSING DIFFERENT LOCI OF IMPACT
EMBODIED
INTERNALISED

CHANGE THE OUTCOME FOR POSITIVE. DO THIS SEVERAL TIMES

SYMBOLIC

1. LISTEN

Most important lesson as a round head - how to behave when the cops pull you over.



Our mortgage was rejected b'cos the bank form doesn't allow collective ownership.



Massively underrepresented in every profession, but every positive action is seen as a racist threat



My colleagues sail through, but I get searched, every airport.



WE'VE ALWAYS DONE IT THIS WAY

THERE'S NOT A CATEGORY FOR THAT

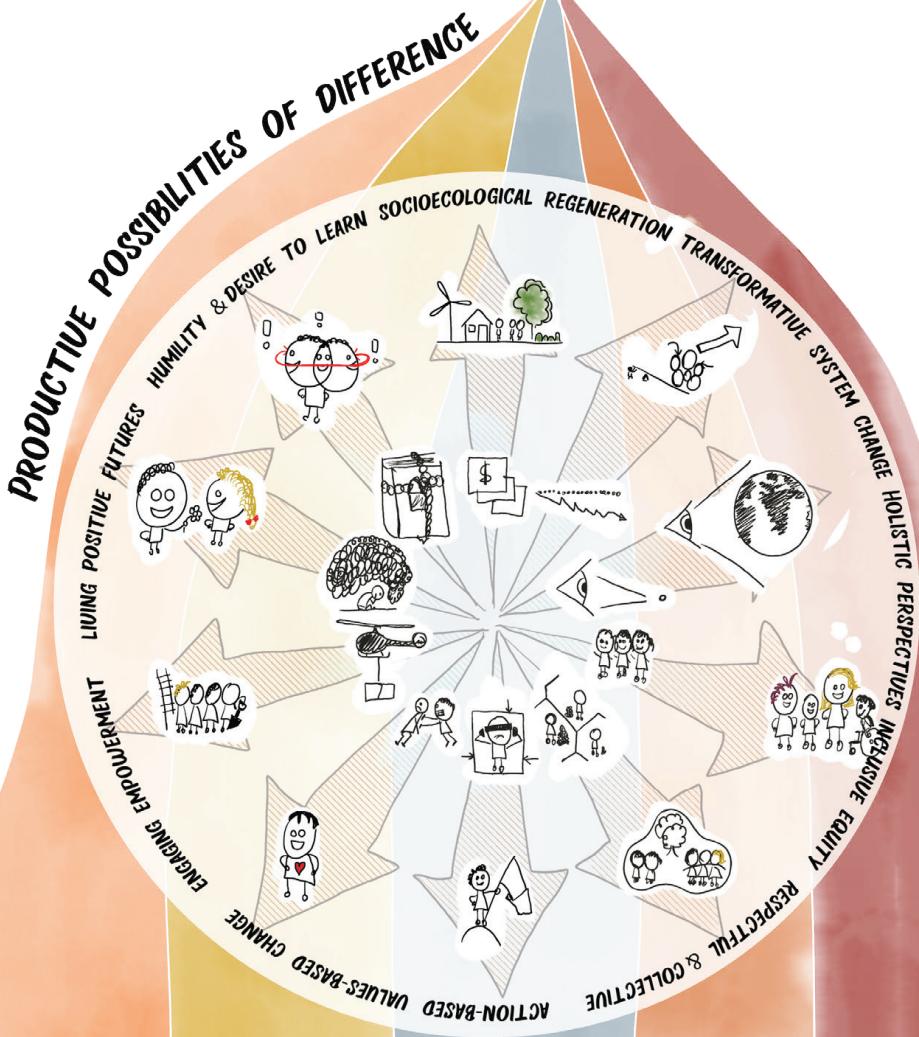
THE TEXTBOOK EXAMPLE IS FOR A SEATTLE COFFEE SHOP. MAKES SENSE TO FOLLOW THAT..

OUR ONLY CONCERN IS FOR EFFICIENCY

IDEOLOGICAL
INTERPERSONAL
YOUR SORT OF ENTITLEMENT AND UNDERSTANDING

If rivers and mountains are people, what possibilities are opened up for AI by a non-western view of sentience?

ATAMAI
IAHIKO



Capture these positive skills, behaviours and mindsets to describe a new framework of practice for regenerative, re-indigenised computing.

SYSTEM	WHY	SCOPE	COMPETENCY
→ ↗	?	↗ ↘	♂ ♂
NETWORK	HOW	MINDSET	TRANSFERABLE
↗ ↘	↙ ↖	↔	♀ ♀
REGENERATION	ETHICS	QUALITY	CAPABILITY
		future	FUTURE
		key	CULTURE
		heart	CULTURE



super



super



The Climate Change Playbook:

22 Systems Thinking Games
for More Effective Communication About Climate Change





THE
MONSTER
FOTPRINT
OF
DIGITAL
PHOTO
TECHNOLOGIES

Stuart McMillen presents

February 2011



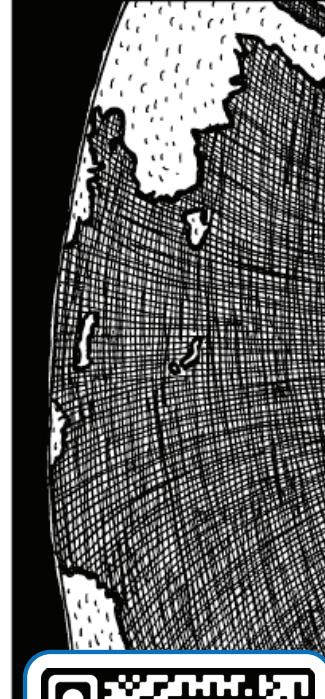
ST MATTHEW ISLAND



The island's untapped natural resources became the reindeer's source of prosperity, and also the seeds of their demise.



The island was only so big, its resources only so many.



How big is our island?

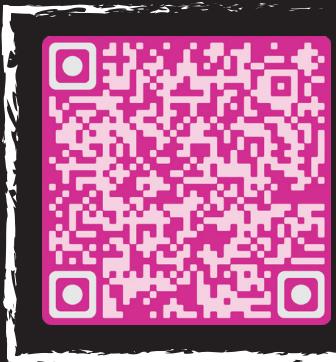


www.stuartmcmillen.com



St Matthew Island. A remote outcrop in the Bering Sea 300km from mainland Alaska.

1.5 DEGREES OF SEPARATION: COMPUTER SCIENCE EDUCATION IN THE AGE OF THE ANTHROPOCENE



Climate Catastrophe, A Resource Guide for Computer Science.

Computer Science provides tools for greater understanding of climate science but also must act in reducing the environmental costs of computing.

In an era of AI expansion and an arms race that has set off an escalation of energy expenditure and resource extraction to support computation. Therefore, we must understand what the future of sustainable computing looks like.

Drawn from our publication “**15 Degrees of Separation**”, these multimedia resources provide some food for thought and action.

Zine Designed by

Patrice Reynolds, CSU East Bay

Jon Crescenzo, CSU East Bay

How we put together a zine (and timeline)

If you're thinking about compiling your own zine, here's an overview of how we put together the zine and the rough timeline, from call to conference.

- [23 weeks from the conference] Organize, scheme and make plans for the process
- [20 weeks from conference] Put out a call for contributions, asking for short pitches from contributors, with a title and short abstract (500 words max)
- [16 weeks from conference] Deadline for submitting pitches
 - We had a rolling submission and acceptance window, looking at and accepting/rejecting pitches as they came in
- [15 weeks from conference] Do a final review of all remaining pitches and send out notification emails, inviting authors to craft their submission
- [10-8 weeks from conference] Got together in three zine circles
 - Opportunity for peer feedback and to share ideas and information about the zine and how it was developing
- [7 weeks from conference] Find a friendly printer, or decide to print it yourself
- [5 weeks from conference] Final deadline for Zine contributions
- [4-2 weeks from conference] Compile contributions for printing (we used InDesign)
 - We offered 6 pages for each contribution, we think we would offer fewer pages in the future, 10 of 14 contributors used all pages
- [2 weeks from conference] Print the proofs
- [1 week from conference] Final Printing Run
- [Post-conference] Upload digital version of zine + plain text version to a stable, free online repository

Printing details:

- Stapled binding with a squared back
- Paper for cover -> 160g multicopy, matte
- Paper inside -> 100g multicopy
- Printed in colour

Our values when curating the zine:

- Include contributors at every decision that impacts the look and feel of their contribution
- Keep it simple, Do it yourself.
- Send contributors a copy
- Share it widely and freely

EDUCATION

IVS, SOME
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