Consider the turnover.csv data file (posted under the In-Class 16 assignment link). This file contains basic employment information of employees from some company. The goal is to build a binary classification to predict employee turnover. In Python, answer the following:

- 1. (3 points) Using the pandas library, read the csv data file and create a data-frame called turnover.
- 2. (6 points) Change sales, and salary from labels to dummy variables.
- 3. (6 points) Engineer the interactions/features in-class 9 assignment (the ones from the decision tree).
- 4. (5 points) Using satisfaction_level, last_evaluation, number_project, average_montly_hours, time_spend_company, Work_accident, promotion_last_5years, sales (dummy variables), and salary (dummy variables) and interactions/features (from part 3) as the input variables and left as the target variable, split the data into two data-frames (taking into account the proportion of 0s and 1s) train (80%) and test (20%).
- 5. (8 points) Based on the different models built on this dataset, it seems that interaction_3, interaction_1, satisfaction_level, time_spend_company, and number_project are the top 5 important variables. Using train data-frame and the top 5 features, perform a hyper-tuning job on the Ada Boost model. Using the GridSearchCV function and the following dictionary:

perform the hyper-parameter job with 3 folds. After that, build an Ada Boost model with the best hyper-parameter combination. Then, use this model to make predictions on the test data-frame. Use the provided precision_recall_cutoff.py (posted under the In-Class 16 Assignment link) file to estimate the optimal cutoff value. Compute the classification report of this model. Make sure to use scoring = 'f1' in the GridSearchCV function.

- 6. (8 points) Based on the different models built on this dataset, it seems that interaction_3, interaction_1, satisfaction_level, time_spend_company, and number_project are the top 5 important variables. Using train data-frame and the top 5 features, perform a hyper-tuning job on the Ada Boost model. Using the RandomizedSearchCV function and the hyper-parameter dictionary from part 5. Perform the hyper-parameter job with 3 folds. After that, build an Ada Boost model with the best hyper-parameter combination. Then, use this model to make predictions on the test data-frame. Use the provided precision_recall_cutoff.py (posted under the In-Class 16 Assignment link) file to estimate the optimal cutoff value. Compute the classification report of this model. Make sure to use scoring = 'f1' in the GridSearchCV function.
- 7. (3 points) Using the results from part 5 and 6, what model would use to predict left? Be specific.