

pdfCluster: Partial Discharges Clustering

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```
> library(pdCluster)
```

The set of examples will use dataset which is loaded with:

```
> load("~/Investigacion/PD/Datos/20100922/DescargasRAW.RData")
```

1 Feature generation

1.1 Prony

A clean partial discharge signal can be regarded as a finite combination of damped complex exponentials. Under this assumption, the so-called Prony's method allows for the estimation of frequency, amplitude, phase and damping components of the signal [KT82, HDS90, KTS84].

Let's use one of the signals from the dataset (figure 1). This signal contains zeros at the beginning and at the end. The no0 function can remove these parts of the signal (figure 2).

```
> signal <- lista[3]
```

With this cleaned signal the Prony's method can provide their components (figure 3). Since the number of components must be fixed *a priori*, the function compProny allows the comparison of different numbers (figure 4)

1.2 Feature generation

The pdCluster includes several functions for feature generation. The analysis functions comprises all of them. The results for our example signal are:

```
> analysis(signal)

  RefMax      W1      W2      W3      W4      range   N
1  154 1.585665e-07 2.80655e-05 0.004660942 0.2967786 0.0009498277 323
     energy    nZC   freq1   freq2  damp1  damp2
1 8.301006e-06 0.04643963 3071675 1704751 1140738 3385233
```

This function can be used with a list of signals in order to obtain a matrix of features:

```
> analysisList <- lapply(lista[1:10], analysis)
> pdData <- do.call(rbind, analysisList)
```

Now we need the angle and reflection information, available from another different file. In order to safely share the information, both data frames must be reordered by their energy values:

```
> pdSummary <- read.csv("~/Investigacion/PD/Datos/20100922/descargas.csv")[1:10,
+ ]
> idxOrderSummary = order(pdSummary$sumaCuadrados)
> idxOrderData = order(pdData$energy)
> pdDataOrdered = cbind(pdData[idxOrderData, ], pdSummary[idxOrderSummary,
+   c("angulo", "separacionOriginal")])
```

Later, the data frame to be used with the clustering algorithm has to ordered by time. Thus the samples of the clara method will be random.

```
> idx <- do.call(order, pdSummary[idxOrderSummary, c("segundo",
+   "inicio")])
> pdDataOrdered <- pdDataOrdered[idx, ]
```

We can now construct a PD object¹.

¹The pdCluster package is designed with S4 classes and methods. Two classes have been defined: PD and PDCluster.

```
> plot(signal, type = "l")
```

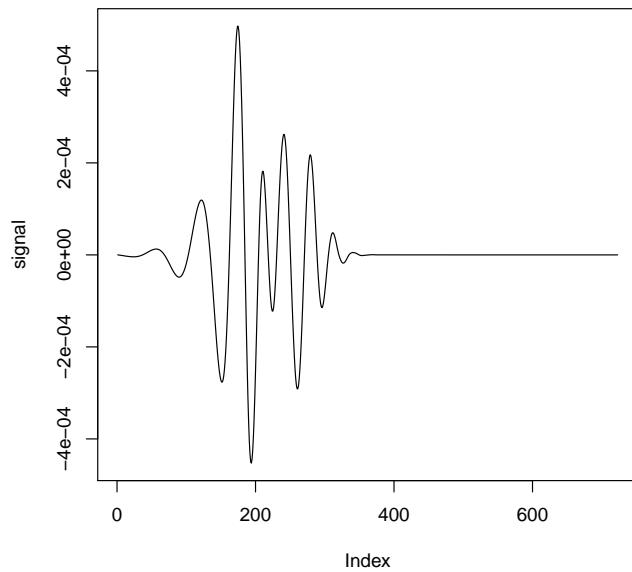


Figure 1: Partial discharge signal

```
> plot(no0(signal), type = "l")
```

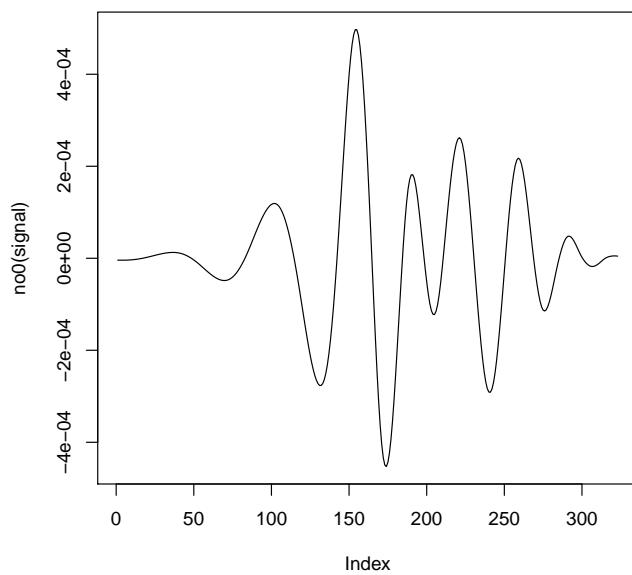


Figure 2: Partial discharge signal after a threshold cleaning

```
> p <- prony(signal, M = 10)
> print(plot(p))
```

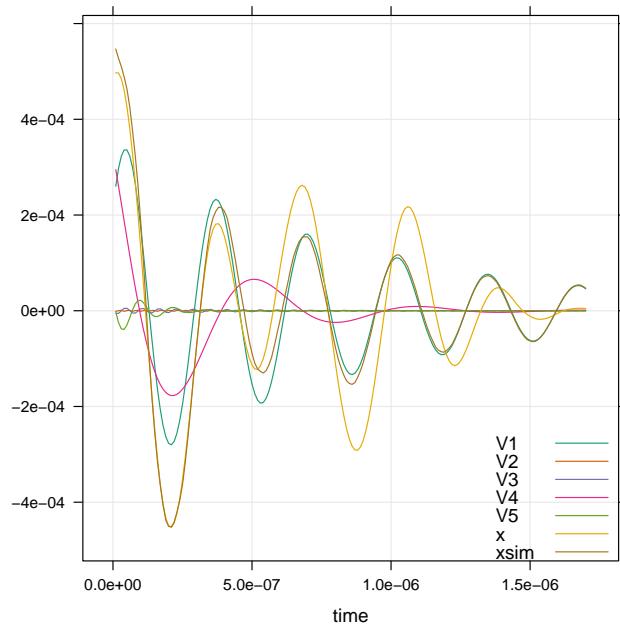


Figure 3: Prony's method results

```
> p <- compProny(signal, M = c(10, 20, 30, 40))
> print(p)
```

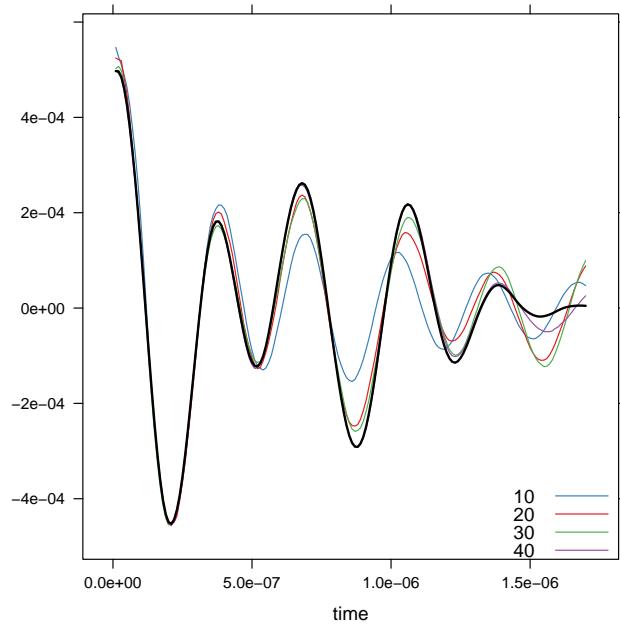


Figure 4: Comparison of different Prony decompositions

```

> pd <- df2PD(pdDataOrdered)
> pd

Object of class PD

Source of measurements:
Number of observations: 10
Filtered?: FALSE
Transformed?: FALSE

Data:
  RefMax          W1          W2          W3
Min. : 10.0 Min. :8.417e-14 Min. :1.487e-11 Min. :2.875e-09
1st Qu.: 56.5 1st Qu.:3.521e-08 1st Qu.:6.808e-06 1st Qu.:1.158e-03
Median : 176.0 Median :2.128e-07 Median :2.981e-05 Median :4.565e-03
Mean   : 320.0 Mean  :2.423e-04 Mean  :6.606e-03 Mean  :3.205e-02
3rd Qu.: 212.0 3rd Qu.:5.609e-07 3rd Qu.:9.860e-05 3rd Qu.:9.841e-03
Max.   :1152.0 Max. :2.234e-03 Max. :6.465e-02 Max. :2.749e-01
      W4          range          N          energy
Min. :0.0000000 Min. :8.272e-10 Min. : 86.0 Min. :9.544e-18
1st Qu.:0.0007306 1st Qu.:2.792e-04 1st Qu.: 230.8 1st Qu.:2.038e-06
Median :0.2051125 Median :1.428e-03 Median : 328.0 Median :1.208e-05
Mean   :0.1893751 Mean  :7.392e-03 Mean  : 594.7 Mean  :6.944e-04
3rd Qu.:0.3037326 3rd Qu.:1.021e-02 3rd Qu.: 374.5 3rd Qu.:6.760e-04
Max.   :0.5386891 Max. :3.070e-02 Max. :1954.0 Max. :3.282e-03
      nZC          freq1          damp1          angle
Min. : 0.005249 Min. : 354724 Min. : 175077 Min. :73.40
1st Qu.: 0.020226 1st Qu.:1370271 1st Qu.: 679157 1st Qu.:74.39
Median : 0.030888 Median :2731837 Median :2755132 Median :81.99
Mean   : 0.033111 Mean  :2210311 Mean  :2320361 Mean  :79.44
3rd Qu.: 0.044445 3rd Qu.:3066132 3rd Qu.:3635957 3rd Qu.:82.19
Max.   : 0.070093 Max. :3113590 Max. :4715804 Max. :84.82
      refl
Mode :logical
FALSE:4
TRUE :6
NA's :0

```

The results of analysis to the whole dataset are available with:

```
> load("~/Investigacion/PD/Datos/20100922/dfHibr17112010.RData")
```

```

> dfHibr <- df2PD(dfHibr)
> dfHibr

Object of class PD

Source of measurements:
Number of observations: 9955
Filtered?: FALSE
Transformed?: FALSE

Data:
  RefMax          W1          W2          W3
Min. : 0.0 Min. :0.000e+00 Min. :0.000e+00 Min. :0.000e+00
1st Qu.: 57.0 1st Qu.:6.838e-14 1st Qu.:1.228e-11 1st Qu.:2.378e-09
Median : 205.0 Median :8.011e-13 Median :1.250e-10 Median :1.730e-08
Mean   : 559.4 Mean  :1.197e-03 Mean  :2.366e-03 Mean  :1.352e-02
3rd Qu.: 896.0 3rd Qu.:1.104e-07 3rd Qu.:1.740e-05 3rd Qu.:2.009e-03
Max.   :34079.0 Max. :2.973e-01 Max. :1.165e-01 Max. :5.869e-01
      W4          range          N          energy
Min. :0.0000e+00 Min. :0.000e+00 Min. : 0.0 Min. :0.000e+00
1st Qu.:3.341e-07 1st Qu.:2.265e-05 1st Qu.: 172.0 1st Qu.:2.833e-08
Median :1.103e-06 Median :1.064e-04 Median : 417.0 Median :5.665e-07
Mean   :7.648e-02 Mean  :5.624e-03 Mean  : 992.1 Mean  :4.023e-02
3rd Qu.:3.686e-02 3rd Qu.:1.026e-03 3rd Qu.:1568.0 3rd Qu.:1.307e-05
Max.   :1.430e+00 Max. :3.108e-01 Max. :34234.0 Max. :5.459e+00
      nZC          freq1          damp1          angle
Min. : 0.0000000 Min. : 0 Min. : 0 Min. : 0.01422
1st Qu.: 0.003629 1st Qu.: 299379 1st Qu.: 178107 1st Qu.: 77.08625
Median : 0.005682 Median : 384840 Median : 427577 Median :227.66600
Mean   : 0.013704 Mean  :1250969 Mean  :1807198 Mean  :184.30712
3rd Qu.: 0.021283 3rd Qu.:1849583 3rd Qu.:1625622 3rd Qu.:264.08250
Max.   : 0.147059 Max. :50000000 Max. :205053894 Max. :359.93300
      refl
Mode :logical
FALSE:4329
TRUE :5626
NA's :0

```

2 Transformations

Prior to the clustering algorithm, the feature matrix has to be filtered:

```
> dfFilter <- filterPD(dfHibr)
```

and transformed [BC64]:

```
> dfTrans <- transformPD(dfFilter)
> dfTrans

Object of class PD

Source of measurements:
Number of observations: 3695
Filtered?: TRUE
Transformed?: TRUE

Data:
  RefMax      W1      W2      W3
Min. : 0.000 Min. :-53.341 Min. :-38.720 Min. :-27.9936
1st Qu.: 6.809 1st Qu.:-45.027 1st Qu.:-29.386 1st Qu.:-20.6000
Median : 7.896 Median :-26.477 Median :-18.205 Median :-13.0398
Mean   : 8.387 Mean  :-30.009 Mean  :-19.236 Mean  :-12.7681
3rd Qu.:10.407 3rd Qu.:-18.402 3rd Qu.:-10.554 3rd Qu.:-5.1754
Max.  :18.979 Max.  :-1.496 Max.  :-2.249 Max.  :-0.5339
      W4      range      N      energy
Min. :-20.5419 Min. :-31.952 Min. :3.381 Min. :-59.712
1st Qu.:-14.3313 1st Qu.:-12.589 1st Qu.:3.934 1st Qu.:-19.287
Median :-7.3826 Median :-10.500 Median :4.171 Median :-16.453
Mean   :-8.1065 Mean  :-9.551 Mean  :4.217 Mean  :-14.776
3rd Qu.:-1.2579 3rd Qu.:-6.206 3rd Qu.:4.561 3rd Qu.:-8.933
Max.  : 0.1203 Max.  :-1.210 Max.  :5.339 Max.  : 1.650
      nZC      freq1      damp1      angle
Min. :-12.686 Min. :4.996 Min. : 6.581 Min. : 0.01422
1st Qu.:-9.468 1st Qu.:5.131 1st Qu.:10.800 1st Qu.: 74.98095
Median :-8.107 Median :5.226 Median :11.327 Median :202.19300
Mean   :-7.424 Mean  :5.216 Mean  :11.527 Mean  :178.20110
3rd Qu.:-5.080 3rd Qu.:5.313 3rd Qu.:12.434 3rd Qu.:264.47700
Max.  :-3.268 Max.  :5.433 Max.  :14.677 Max.  :359.93300
      ref1
Mode :logical
FALSE:3695
NA's :0
```

The figure 5 compares the datasets after and before of the transformations:

```
> nZCbefore <- as.data.frame(dfFilter)$nZC
> nZCafter <- as.data.frame(dfTrans)$nZC
> comp <- data.frame(After = nZCafter, Before = nZCbefore)
```

2.1 Graphical tools

The pdCluster packages includes a set of graphical exploratory tools, such as a scatterplot matrices with hexagonal binning [CLNL87] (figure 6), density plots (figure 7), histograms (figure 8) or phase resolved partial discharge patterns, both with partial transparency (figure 9) or hexagonal binning (figure 10).

3 Clustering

The filtered and transformed object can now be used with the clustering algorithm [SHR97]. The results are displayed with a phase resolved pattern with clusters in separate clusters in the figure 11, and with superposed clusters in the figure 12.

The results can be easily understood with the density plots of each cluster and feature (figure 13) or with the histograms (figure 14).

```

> h <- histogram(~After + Before, data = comp, scales = list(x = list(relation = "free"),
+   y = list(relation = "free", draw = FALSE)), breaks = 100,
+   col = "gray", xlab = "", strip.names = c(TRUE, TRUE), bg = "gray",
+   fg = "darkblue")
> print(h)

```

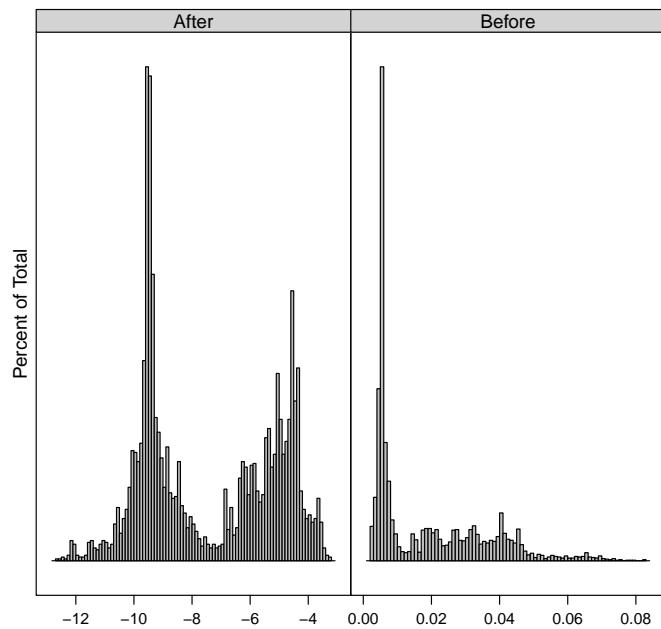


Figure 5: Histogram of a collection of partial discharges

```

> p <- splom(dfTrans)
> print(p)

```

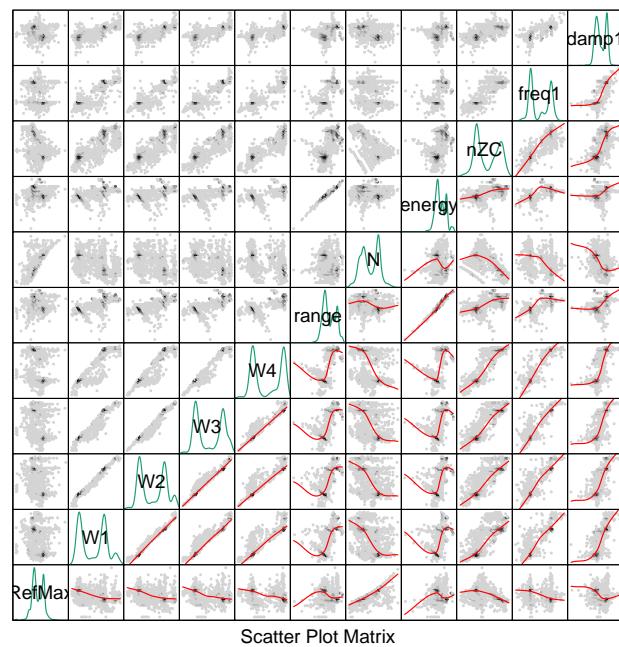


Figure 6: Scatterplot matrix of a collection of partial discharges

```
> p <- densityplot(dfTrans)
> print(p)
```

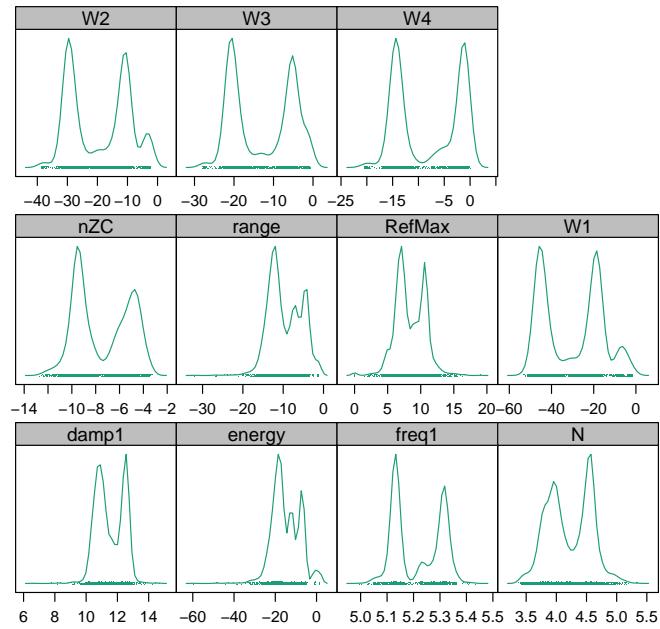


Figure 7: Density plot of a collection of partial discharges

```
> p <- histogram(dfTrans)
> print(p)
```

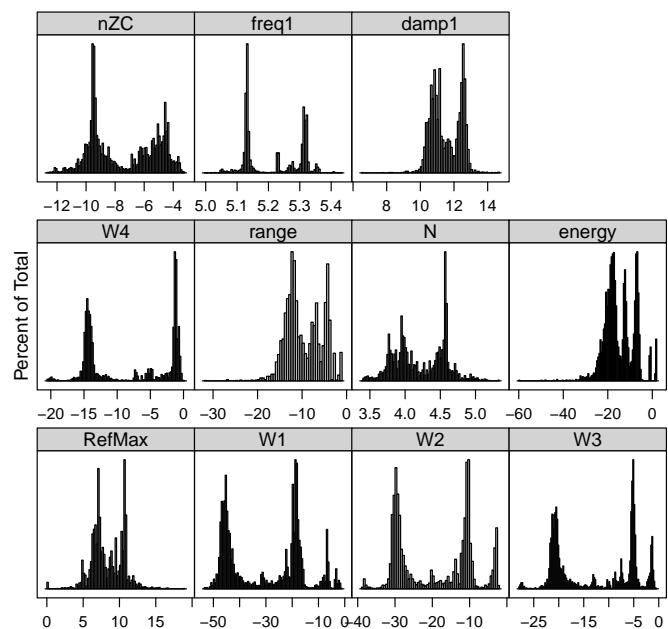


Figure 8: Histograms of a collection of partial discharges

```
> p <- xyplot(dfTrans)
> print(p)
```

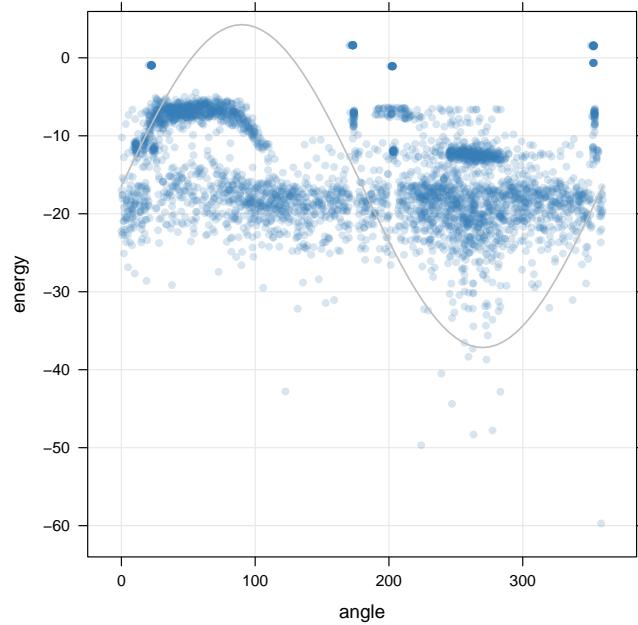


Figure 9: Partial discharge phase resolved pattern.

```
> p <- hexbinplot(dfTrans)
> print(p)
```

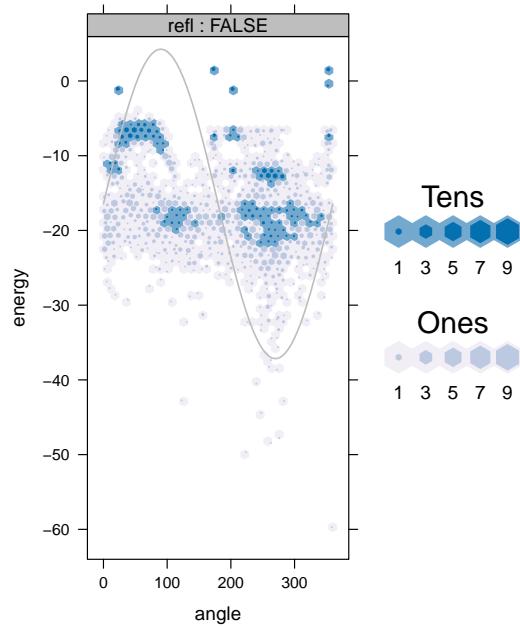


Figure 10: Partial discharge phase resolved pattern with hexbinplot

```

> dfTransCluster <- claraPD(dfTrans, noise.level = 0.7, noise.rm = TRUE)
> dfTransCluster

Object of class PD

Source of measurements:
Number of observations: 2644
Filtered?: TRUE
Transformed?: TRUE

Data:
  RefMax          W1          W2          W3
Min.   : 1.972  Min.  :-53.341  Min.  :-38.720  Min.  :-27.994
1st Qu.: 7.081  1st Qu.:-45.515  1st Qu.:-29.703  1st Qu.:-20.887
Median : 9.025  Median :35.130  Median :24.943  Median :19.048
Mean   : 8.842  Mean   :-31.586  Mean   :-20.195  Mean   :-13.380
3rd Qu.:10.612  3rd Qu.:-18.439  3rd Qu.:-10.554  3rd Qu.:-5.171
Max.   :16.753  Max.   :-6.286   Max.   :-2.715   Max.   :-1.162
      W4          range          N          energy
Min.  :-20.54193  Min.  :-20.107  Min.  :3.381  Min.  :-32.977
1st Qu.:-14.48296 1st Qu.:-12.493  1st Qu.:3.943  1st Qu.:-19.014
Median :-13.66034  Median :-10.977  Median :4.422  Median :-16.648
Mean   :-8.43826  Mean   :-9.292  Mean   :4.273  Mean   :-14.153
3rd Qu.:-1.23238  3rd Qu.:-4.736  3rd Qu.:4.569  3rd Qu.:-7.572
Max.   :-0.09173  Max.   :-1.210  Max.   :5.202  Max.   : 1.650
      nZC          freq1          damp1          angle
Min.  :-12.192  Min.  :5.005  Min.  : 6.581  Min.  : 0.7043
1st Qu.: -9.523 1st Qu.:5.131  1st Qu.:10.706  1st Qu.: 64.0166
Median : -8.819  Median :5.139  Median :11.135  Median :171.9235
Mean   : -7.414  Mean   :5.211  Mean   :11.460  Mean   :166.1924
3rd Qu.:-4.954  3rd Qu.:5.312  3rd Qu.:12.475  3rd Qu.:259.4360
Max.   : -3.268  Max.   :5.329  Max.   :13.115  Max.   :359.9330
      refl
Mode :logical
FALSE:2644
NA's :0

Number of clusters: 7
Number of elements per cluster:

  1   2   3   4
1384 696 420 144

Metric: manhattan
Number of simulations: 25
Noise level: 0.7
Distances
  dist          distRel          distFactor
Min.  : 0.1707  Min.  :0.0000  Min.  : 1.000
1st Qu.: 2.1393  1st Qu.:0.7161  1st Qu.: 3.000
Median : 4.8503  Median :0.8677  Median : 5.000
Mean   : 6.8810  Mean   :0.8098  Mean   : 4.984
3rd Qu.:11.1163  3rd Qu.:0.9414  3rd Qu.: 7.000
Max.   :50.0681  Max.   :0.9956  Max.   : 9.000
      NA's    :265.000

```

References

- [BC64] G. E. P. Box and D. R. Cox. An analysis of transformations. *Journal of the Royal Statistical Society. Series B (Methodological)*, 26(2):pp. 211–252, 1964.
- [CLNL87] D. B. Carr, R. J. Littlefield, W. L. Nicholson, and J. S. Littlefield. Scatterplot matrix techniques for large n. *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, 82(398):pp. 424–436, 1987.
- [HDS90] J.F. Hauer, C.J. Demeure, and L.L. Scharf. Initial results in prony analysis of power system response signals. *Power Systems, IEEE Transactions on*, 5(1):80 –89, feb 1990.
- [KT82] R. Kumaresan and D. Tufts. Estimating the parameters of exponentially damped sinusoids and pole-zero modeling in noise. *Acoustics, Speech and Signal Processing, IEEE Transactions on*, 30(6):833 – 840, dec. 1982.
- [KTS84] R. Kumaresan, D.W. Tufts, and L.L. Scharf. A prony method for noisy data: Choosing the signal components and selecting the order in exponential signal models. *Proceedings of the IEEE*, 72(2):230 – 233, feb. 1984.
- [SHR97] Anja Struyf, Mia Hubert, and Peter Rousseeuw. Clustering in an object-oriented environment. *Journal of Statistical Software*, 1(4):1–30, 2 1997.

```
> p <- xyplot(dfTransCluster)
> print(p)
```

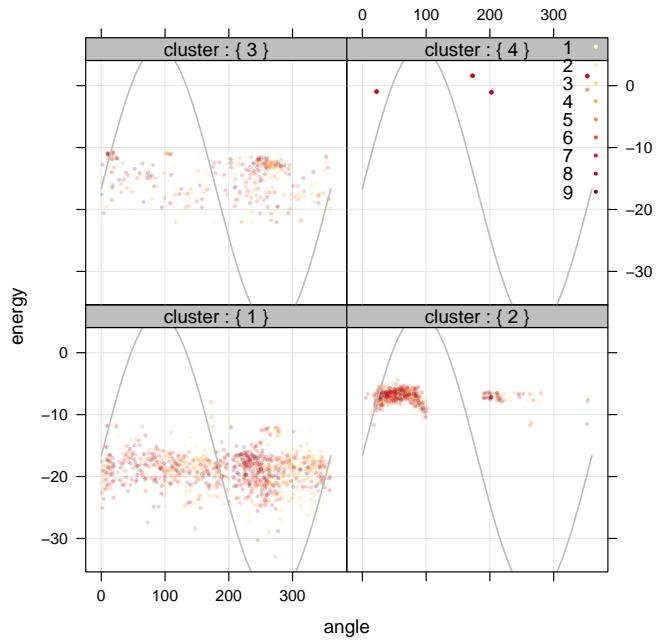


Figure 11: Partial discharge phase resolved pattern with clusters in separate panels.

```
> p <- xyplot(dfTransCluster, panelClust = FALSE)
> print(p)
```

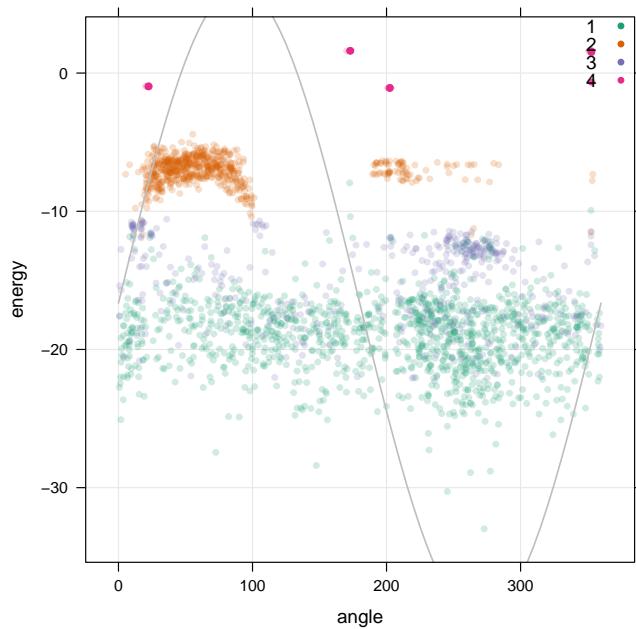


Figure 12: Partial discharge phase resolved pattern with clusters marked with colors.

```
> p <- densityplot(dfTransCluster)
> print(p)
```

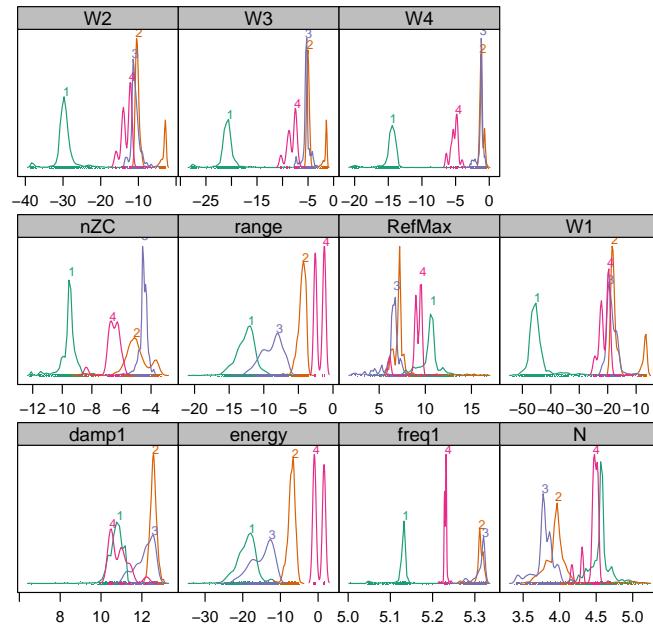


Figure 13: Density plot of the clusters of partial discharges

```
> p <- histogram(dfTransCluster)
> print(p)
```

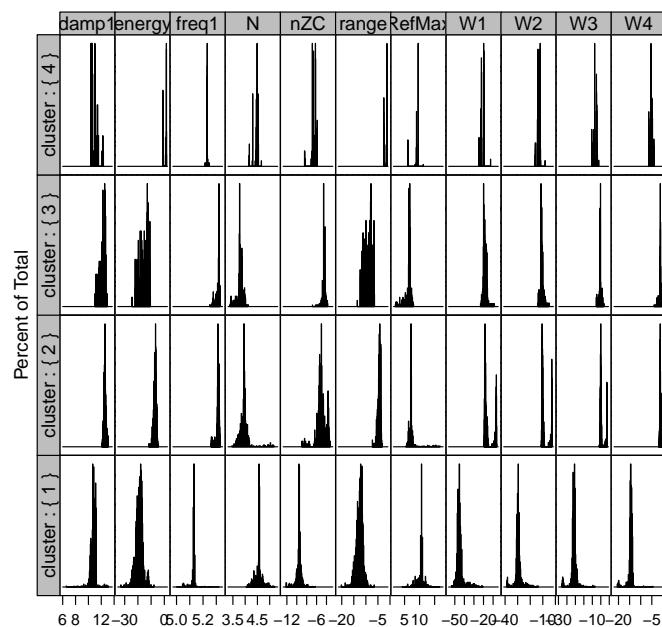


Figure 14: Histograms of the clusters of partial discharges