## Science of the Computer

Oscar E. Sandford

November 16, 2022

In an effort to retain the best knowledge and experiences of my years studying computer science at the University of Victoria and on my own, this compendium serves as an organized, concentrated volume of the most important concepts and practices that shaped my understanding of computer science and software engineering.

I am in no way able to claim ownership of the great research that many legendary and unsung computer scientists have undergone in order to arrive at our modern understanding of computing theory and their application in practical systems. The theories and ideas herein are neither mine nor complete - the internet is a fountain of free information for those that can access it. I've tried to take what I've read and write it in a way that I (and maybe we) can understand.

I believe education should be accessible to all who search for it. Hi, welcome to my classroom. I find myself aspiring to be a teacher, amongst many things. Unlike a classroom that can feel like a prison at times, you're free to close this document and rid yourself of my attempts at teaching. No hard feelings.

If you're totally new to this stuff, I recommend following the structure of the contents and referring to previous sections when necessary. My approach starts with foundational knowledge that is doable on pen and paper, then how modern computers work, and finally some practical applications. Have fun and keep learning!

- Oscar

## Contents

1	Log	ic	9													
	1.1		9													
	1.2		10													
	1.3	9	10													
	1.4	· ·	11													
	1.5	· ·	11													
2	Dat	Data Structures 13														
	2.1	Array	13													
	2.2	Linked List	14													
	2.3	Stack	16													
	2.4	Queue	17													
	2.5		18													
		2.5.1 Proper Binary Tree	18													
			19													
		v	20													
			20													
	2.6	1	20													
		1	22													
		r	 22													
	2.7	o i	23													
	2.8	9	23													
3	Alg	orithms 2	24													
•	3.1		24													
	0.1		24													
			25 25													
		V	25 25													
	3.2	v 0 0	26 26													
	IJ.∠	0	20 26													
			20 27													

			$ Merge \ Sort  \dots  \dots  \dots  \dots  \dots  \dots  \dots  \dots  \dots  $	
		3.2.4	Quick Sort	28
		3.2.5	Bucket Sort	30
	3.3	Spanni	ing Trees	30
		3.3.1	Prim's	30
		3.3.2	Kruskal's	30
	3.4	Shortes	st Path	31
		3.4.1	Dijkstra's	31
		3.4.2	Bellman-Ford	31
		3.4.3	Floyd-Warshall	
	3.5	Networ	rk Flow	33
4	/D)]			0.4
4	<b>The</b> 4.1	-	ages	<b>34</b> 34
	4.1	Langua 4.1.1		
			Finite Automata	
		4.1.2	Nondeterministic Finite Automata	
			Regular Expressions	
	4.0	4.1.4	Pumping Lemma	
	4.2		ct-free Grammars	
			Parse Trees	
		4.2.2	Chomsky Normal Form (CNF)	
	4.0		Pushdown Automata	
	4.3	_	Machines	
		4.3.1	Configurations	
		4.3.2	Recognizability and Decidability	
		4.3.3	Multiple Tapes	
			Nondeterminism	
		4.3.5	Simulation	
	4.4		idable Problems	
		4.4.1	Cantor's Theorem	
		4.4.2	Common Problems	
		4.4.3	Reductions	
		4.4.4	P and NP	55
5	Con	nputer	Architecture	57
	5.1	-	er Bases	57
	5.2	Data U	Jnits	58
	5.3		are	59
	5.4		······································	60
			Call Stack	
			Dynamic Heap Memory	62

	5.5	Cache	63
		5.5.1	Mapping Methods
6	Ope	erating	Systems 65
	6.1	I/O .	
		6.1.1	Interfaces
	6.2	Systen	n Management
		6.2.1	Kernel
		6.2.2	Protection Rings
		6.2.3	Startup
	6.3	Proces	ses
		6.3.1	Context Switching
		6.3.2	Scheduling
		6.3.3	Creation
		6.3.4	Intercommunication
	6.4	Thread	$ds \dots \dots$
		6.4.1	Management
		6.4.2	Pthread
		6.4.3	The Critical Section Problem
		6.4.4	Mutex
		6.4.5	Semaphore
	6.5	File Sy	vstems
		6.5.1	Links
		6.5.2	FAT12
	6.6	Memo	ry Management
		6.6.1	Address Binding
		6.6.2	Allocation
		6.6.3	Paging
		6.6.4	Segmentation
7	Lini	1X	93
•	7.1		ierarchy Standard
	7.2		& Customization
	7.3	Netwo	
	1.0	7.3.1	SSH
	7.4		otion
	7.5		
		Proces	

8	Prog	gramm	ning														100
	8.1	Overvi	ew														100
		8.1.1	Paradigms														101
		8.1.2	Scheduling														101
		8.1.3	Typing														102
	8.2	Progra	am Analysis														
9	Seci	ırity															104
•	9.1	v															_
	0.1	9.1.1	Controls $\dots$														
		9.1.2	Terminology														
		9.1.3	The Security Triad														
	9.2		Engineering														
			0 0														
10		abases	1.5														108
			onal Dependencies .														
	10.2	Postgr	eSQL	•		•	•		•	•	 ٠	•		•	•	•	108
11	Arti	ficial I	Intelligence														109
	11.1	Agents	3														109
		11.1.1	Reflex Agents														111
		11.1.2	Model-based Reflex	A	ge.	en	ts										111
			Goal-based Agents														
			Utility-based Agent														
			Learning Agents														
			General Structure .														
	11.2		. <b></b>														
			Uninformed Search														
			Informed Search														
	11.3		aint Satisfaction														
			Constraints														
			Backtracking Solver														
			Optimizing CSP														
	11.4		edge Bases														
	11.1		Propositional Logic														
			First-Order Logic .														
12			earning														122
			oility														
	12.2		nce														
		17.7.1	Bayesian Networks														124

		12.2.2 Exact Inference
		12.2.3 Approximate Inference
	12.3	Temporal Models
		12.3.1 Temporal Inference
		12.3.2 Hidden Markov Models
		12.3.3 Kalman Filters
	12.4	Learning
		12.4.1 Learning Methods
		12.4.2 Hypotheses
		12.4.3 Model Validation
	12.5	Supervised Learning
		12.5.1 Maximum Likelihood
		12.5.2 Bayesian Learning
		12.5.3 Support Vector Machines
	12.6	Unsupervised Learning
		12.6.1 Expectation-Maximization
		12.6.2 K-Means
	12.7	Deep Learning
12	Doir	aforcement Learning 138
тЭ		Multi-Armed Bandits
	10.1	$13.1.1 \ \varepsilon$ -greedy
		13.1.2 Upper-confidence bound (UCB)
	13 2	Markov Decision Process
		Dynamic Programming for RL
	10.0	13.3.1 Policy Iteration
		13.3.2 Value Iteration
	13.4	Monte Carlo Methods
		13.4.1 Off-Policy MC
	13.5	Temporal Difference
		13.5.1 Q-Learning
		13.5.2 Expected Sarsa
		13.5.3 Double Q-Learning
		13.5.4 N-step & A Unified View
	13.6	Planning and Learning
		13.6.1 Dyna
		13.6.2 Prioritized Sweeping
		13.6.3 Expected vs. Sample Updates
		13.6.4 Trajectory Sampling
	13.7	Approximation
		13.7.1 On-Policy Prediction

	13.7.2 Stochastic Gradient Descent (SGD)	156
	13.7.3 On-Policy Control	
13.8	Eligibility Traces	
	13.8.1 $\lambda$ -return	
	13.8.2 Offline $\lambda$ -return	
	13.8.3 $TD(\lambda)$	
	13.8.4 Truncated $n$ -step $\lambda$ -return	
	$13.8.5 \operatorname{Sarsa}(\lambda) \dots$	
13.9	Policy Gradient Methods	
	13.9.1 REINFORCE	
	13.9.2 Actor-Critic Methods	165
	13.9.3 Deep Deterministic Policy Gradient (DDPG)	166
14 Con	anutan Naturaha	168
	aputer Networks Service Types	
	TCP/IP Model	
	The Application Layer	
14.0	14.3.1 HTTP	
	14.3.2 Domain Name System	
	14.3.3 DNS Structure	
1/1/	The Transport Layer	
14.4	14.4.1 TCP	
	14.4.2 TCP Flow Control	
	14.4.3 TCP Congestion Control	
	14.4.4 UDP	
14.5	The Network Layer	
11.0	14.5.1 IP Protocol	
	14.5.2 IP Addresses	
	14.5.3 Classless InterDomain Routing (CIDR)	
	14.5.4 Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)	
	14.5.5 Network Address Translation (NAT)	
14.6	Routing Algorithms	
	14.6.1 Distance Vector Routing	
	14.6.2 Link State Routing	
	14.6.3 Hierarchical Routing	
14.7	The Data Link Layer	
	14.7.1 The Channel Allocation Problem	
	14.7.2 ALOHA	187
	14.7.3 Carrier Sense Multiple Access (CSMA)	188
	14.7.4 Switched Ethernet	
110	XX7: TC:	100

		14.8.1	Wireles	ss Pr	oblei	ms										191
		14.8.2	DCF .													192
		14.8.3	Handsh	nakes			•	 •								194
<b>15</b>			Develop													196
	15.1	Cloud	Native													196
		15.1.1	Docker	Con	taine	ers										197
		15.1.2	Contex	ts &	Reg	istri	ies									198
			Kubern		_											
16	Soft	ware I	Evolutio	on												201
	16.1	Open	Source S	Softw	are											201
	16.2	Git &	Source (	Cont	rol.											201
			b													
			GitHub													