ORF 307: Lecture 2

# Linear Programming: Chapter 2 The Simplex Method

Robert Vanderbei

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# Simplex Method for LP

## An Example.

maximize 
$$-x_1 + 3x_2 - 3x_3$$
 subject to  $3x_1 - x_2 - 2x_3 \le 7$   $-2x_1 - 4x_2 + 4x_3 \le 3$   $x_1 - 2x_3 \le 4$   $-2x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 \le 8$   $3x_1 \le 5$   $x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$ 

## Rewrite with Slack Variables

maximize 
$$-x_1 + 3x_2 - 3x_3$$
 subject to  $3x_1 - x_2 - 2x_3 \le 7$   $-2x_1 - 4x_2 + 4x_3 \le 3$   $x_1 - 2x_3 \le 4$   $-2x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 \le 8$   $3x_1 \le 5$   $x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$ 



maximize 
$$\zeta = -x_1 + 3x_2 - 3x_3$$
 subject to  $w_1 = 7 - 3x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3$   $w_2 = 3 + 2x_1 + 4x_2 - 4x_3$   $w_3 = 4 - x_1 + 2x_3$   $w_4 = 8 + 2x_1 - 2x_2 - x_3$   $w_5 = 5 - 3x_1$   $x_1, x_2, x_3, w_1, w_2, w_3, w_4, w_5 \ge 0$ 

## Rewrite with Slack Variables

maximize 
$$\zeta = -x_1 + 3x_2 - 3x_3$$
 subject to  $w_1 = 7 - 3x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3$   $w_2 = 3 + 2x_1 + 4x_2 - 4x_3$   $w_3 = 4 - x_1 + 2x_3$   $w_4 = 8 + 2x_1 - 2x_2 - x_3$   $w_5 = 5 - 3x_1$   $x_1, x_2, x_3, w_1, w_2, w_3, w_4, w_5 \ge 0$ 

#### Notes:

- This layout is called a *dictionary*: the variables on the left are "defined" in terms of the variables on the right.
- We will use the Greek letter  $\zeta$  for the *objective function*.
- Dependent variables, on the left, are called *basic variables*.
- Independent variables, on the right, are called *nonbasic variables*.
- Setting  $x_1$ ,  $x_2$ , and  $x_3$  to 0, we can read off the values for the other variables:  $w_1 = 7$ ,  $w_2 = 3$ , etc. This specific "solution" is called a *basic solution* (aka *dictionary solution*). It's called a solution because it is one of many solutions to the system of linear equations. We are not implying that it is a solution to the optimization problem. We will call that the *optimal solution*.

## Basic Solution is Feasible

## We got lucky!

$$x_1 = 0$$
,  $x_2 = 0$ ,  $x_3 = 0$ ,  $w_1 = 7$ ,  $w_2 = 3$ ,  $w_3 = 4$ ,  $w_4 = 8$ ,  $w_5 = 5$ 

maximize 
$$\zeta = -x_1 + 3x_2 - 3x_3$$
 subject to  $w_1 = 7 - 3x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3$   $w_2 = 3 + 2x_1 + 4x_2 - 4x_3$   $w_3 = 4 - x_1 + 2x_3$   $w_4 = 8 + 2x_1 - 2x_2 - x_3$   $w_5 = 5 - 3x_1$   $x_1, x_2, x_3, w_1, w_2, w_3, w_4, w_5 \geq 0$ .

#### Notes:

- All the variables in the current basic solution are nonnegative.
- Such a solution is called *feasible*.
- The initial basic solution need not be feasible—we were just lucky above.

# Simplex Method—First Iteration

- If  $x_2$  increases, obj goes up.
- ullet How much can  $x_2$  increase? Until  $w_4$  decreases to zero.
- Do it. End result:  $x_2 > 0$  whereas  $w_4 = 0$ .
- That is,  $x_2$  must become *basic* and  $w_4$  must become *nonbasic*.
- Algebraically rearrange equations to, in the words of Jean-Luc Picard, "Make it so."
- This is a *pivot*.

# A Pivot: $x_2 \leftrightarrow w_4$

#### becomes

# Simplex Method—Second Pivot

Here's the dictionary after the first pivot:

- Now, let  $x_1$  increase.
- Of the basic variables,  $w_5$  hits zero first.
- So,  $x_1$  enters and  $w_5$  leaves the basis.
- New dictionary is...

# Simplex Method—Final Dictionary

- It's optimal (no pink)!
- Click here to practice the simplex method.

# Agenda

• Discuss *unboundedness*; (today)

• Discuss initialization/infeasibility; i.e., what if initial dictionary is not feasible. (today)

• Discuss *degeneracy*. (next lecture)

## Unboundedness

#### Consider the following dictionary:



- Could increase either  $x_1$  or  $x_3$  to increase obj.
- Consider increasing  $x_1$ .
- Which basic variable decreases to zero first?
- Answer: none of them,  $x_1$  can grow without bound, and obj along with it.
- This is how we detect *unboundedness* with the simplex method.

## Unbounded or Not?

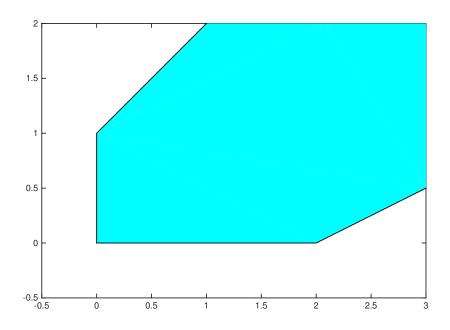
maximize 
$$x_1 + 2x_2$$
 subject to  $-x_1 + x_2 \le 1$   $x_1 - 2x_2 \le 2$   $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$ .

#### Questions:

- 1. Is initial basic solution feasible or not?
- 2. Does the initial dictionary show the problem to be unbounded or not?
- 3. Is the problem unbounded or not?
- 4. How can we tell?

# Unbounded or Not?

maximize 
$$x_1 + 2x_2$$
 subject to  $-x_1 + x_2 \le 1$   $x_1 - 2x_2 \le 2$   $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$ .



# Unbounded or Not?

maximize 
$$x_1 + 2x_2$$
 subject to  $-x_1 + x_2 \le 1$   $x_1 - 2x_2 \le 2$   $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$ .

## Initialization

Consider the following problem:

maximize 
$$-3x_1 + 4x_2$$

subject to  $-4x_1 - 2x_2 \le -8$ 
 $-2x_1 \le -2$ 
 $3x_1 + 2x_2 \le 10$ 
 $-x_1 + 3x_2 \le 1$ 
 $-3x_2 \le -2$ 
 $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$ 

#### Phase-I Problem

- Modify problem by subtracting a new variable,  $x_0$ , from each constraint and
- replacing objective function with  $-x_0$

## Phase-I Problem

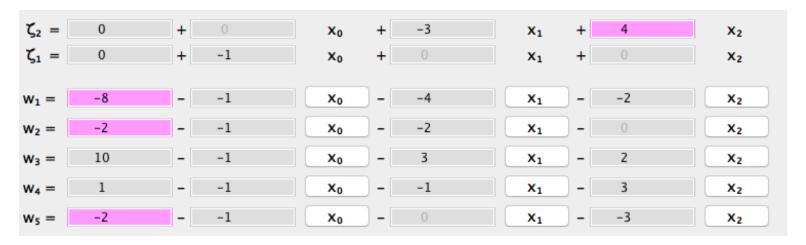
maximize 
$$-x_0$$

subject to  $-x_0 - 4x_1 - 2x_2 \le -8$ 
 $-x_0 - 2x_1 \le -2$ 
 $-x_0 + 3x_1 + 2x_2 \le 10$ 
 $-x_0 - x_1 + 3x_2 \le 1$ 
 $-x_0 - x_1 + 3x_2 \le -2$ 
 $x_0, x_1, x_2 \ge 0$ 

- Current basic solution is infeasible. But...
- Problem is clearly feasible: pick  $x_0$  large,  $x_1 = 0$  and  $x_2 = 0$ .
- If optimal solution has obj = 0, then original problem is feasible.
- Final phase-I dictionary can be used as initial *phase-II* dictionary (ignoring  $x_0$  thereafter).
- If optimal solution has obj < 0, then original problem is infeasible.

## Initialization—First Pivot

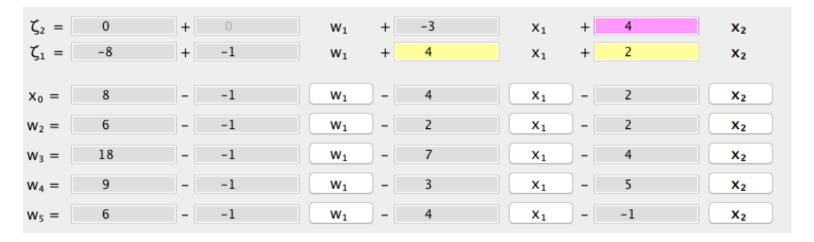
Applet depiction shows both the Phase-I and the Phase-II objectives:



- Dictionary is infeasible even for Phase-I.
- One pivot needed to get feasible.
- Entering variable is  $x_0$ .
- Leaving variable is one whose current value is most negative, i.e.  $w_1$ .
- After first pivot...

# Initialization—Second Pivot

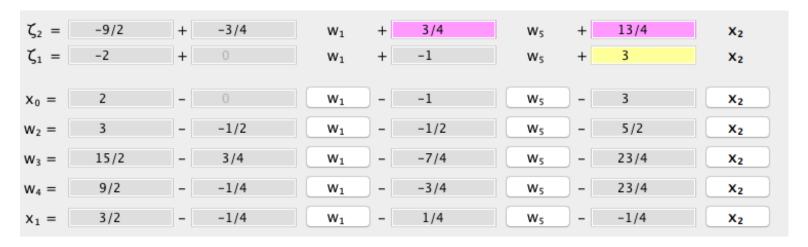
#### Going into second pivot:



- Feasible!
- Focus on the yellow highlights.
- Let  $x_1$  enter.
- Then  $w_5$  must leave.
- After second pivot...

# Initialization—Third Pivot

### Going into third pivot:



- $x_2$  must enter.
- $x_0$  must leave.
- After third pivot...

## End of Phase-I

### Current dictionary:



- Optimal for Phase-I (no yellow highlights).
- obj = 0, therefore original problem is feasible.

## Phase-II

#### Current dictionary:



#### For Phase-II:

- Ignore column with  $x_0$  in Phase-II.
- Ignore Phase-I objective row.

 $w_5$  must enter.  $w_4$  must leave...

# Optimal Solution



- Optimal!
- Click here to practice the simplex method on problems that may have infeasible first dictionaries.

# Solve This Problem

maximize 
$$-2x_1+x_2$$
 subject to  $-x_1+x_2\leq 1$   $-2x_1-x_2\leq -4$   $x_1,\ x_2\geq 0.$ 

Use the two-phase simplex method to solve this problem.

