

Heel Nederland in 3D

met postgis...



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Afdeling research
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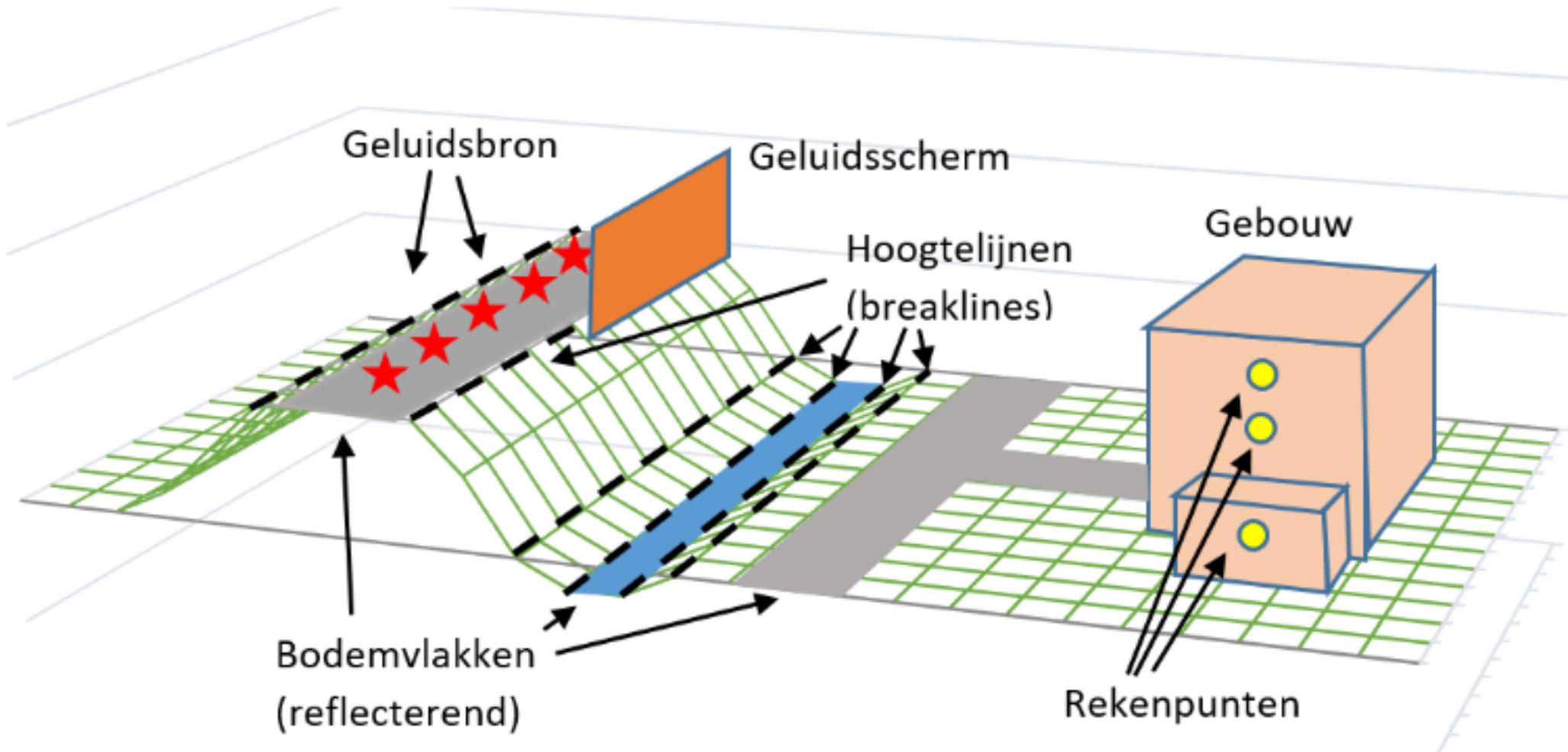
~~Wie~~
Wat
Waarom
Hoe

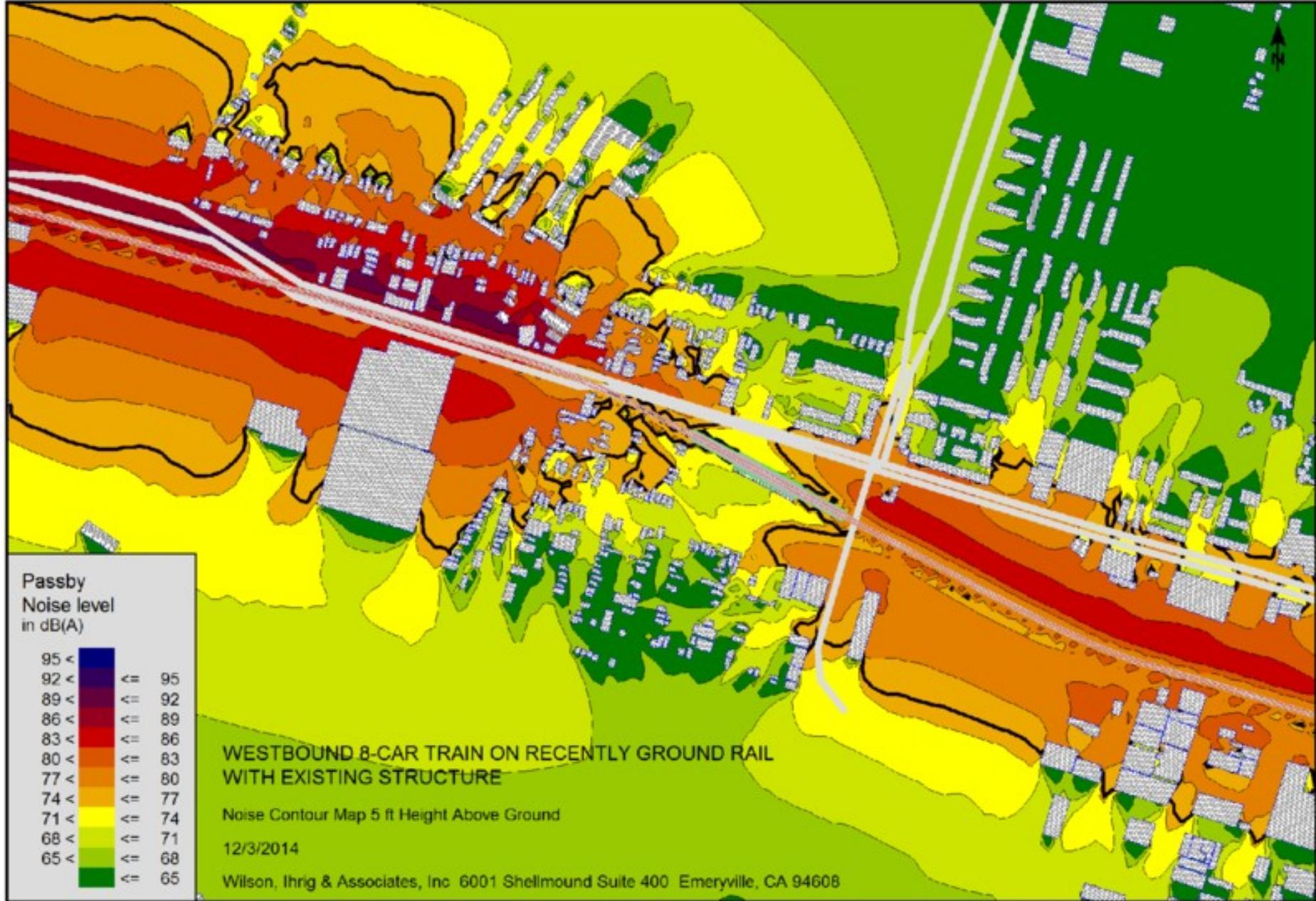
Wat?

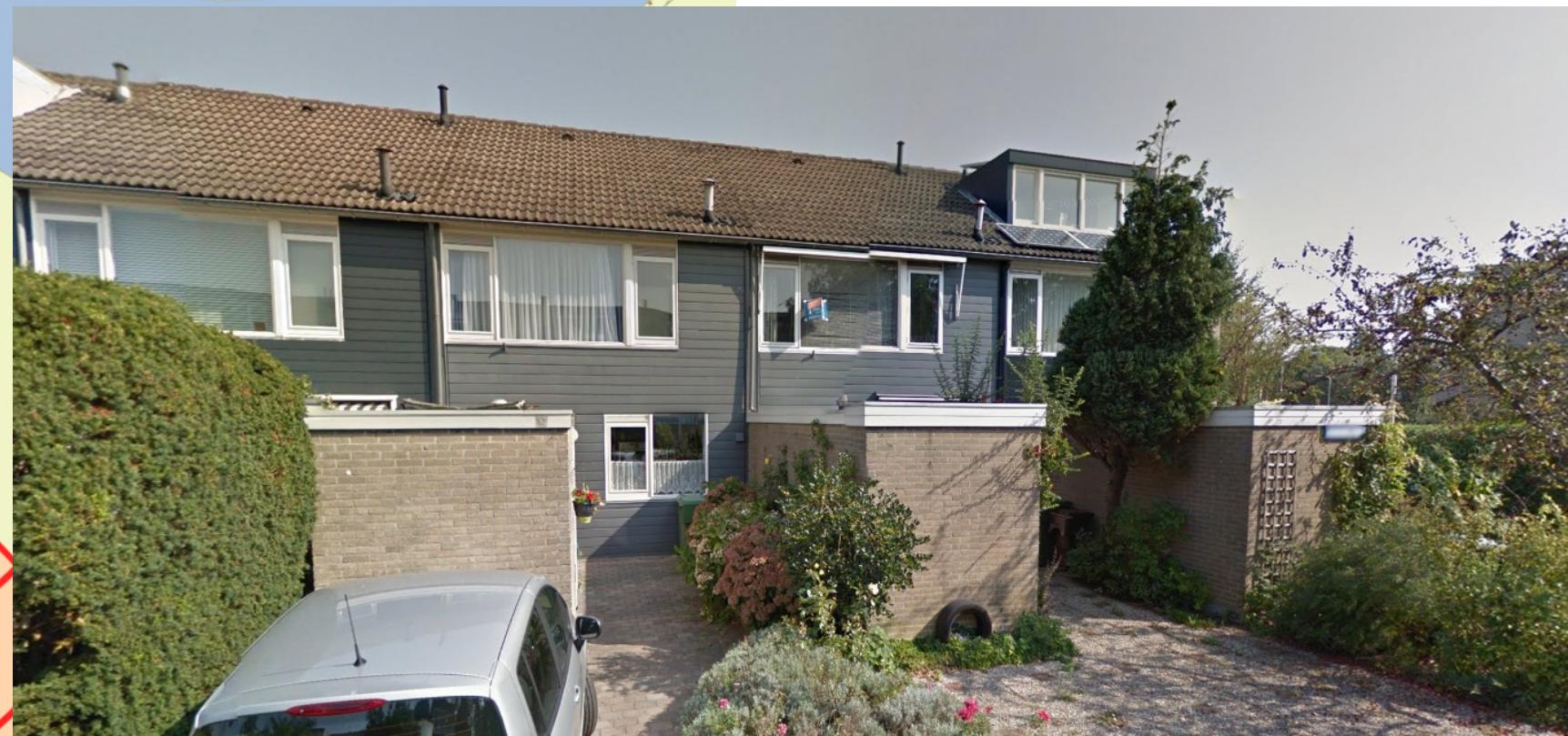


X 10 miljoen

Waarom?





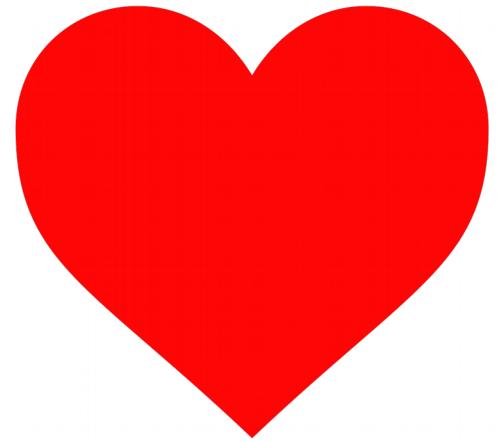




Maar HOE dan?!



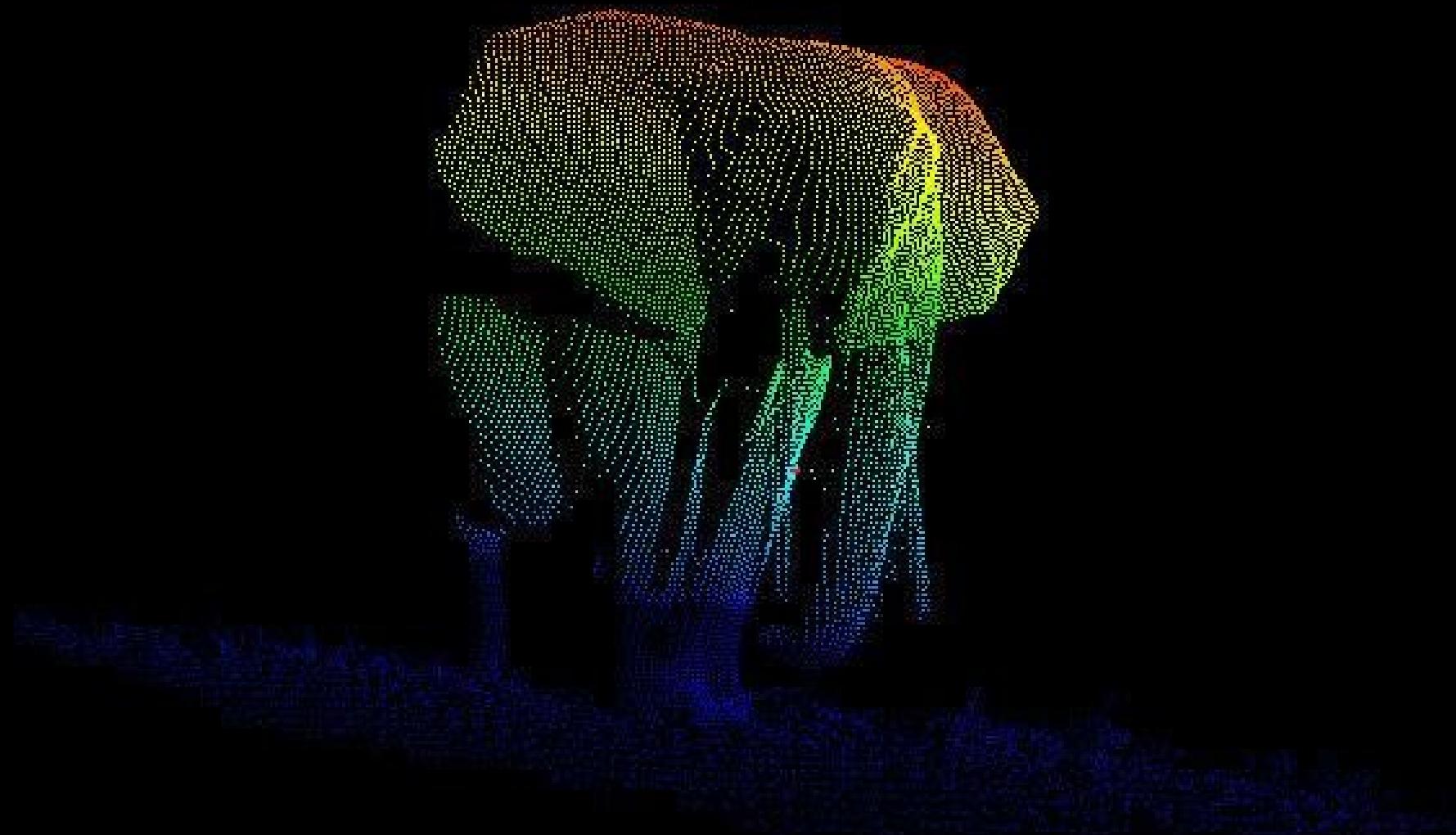
We



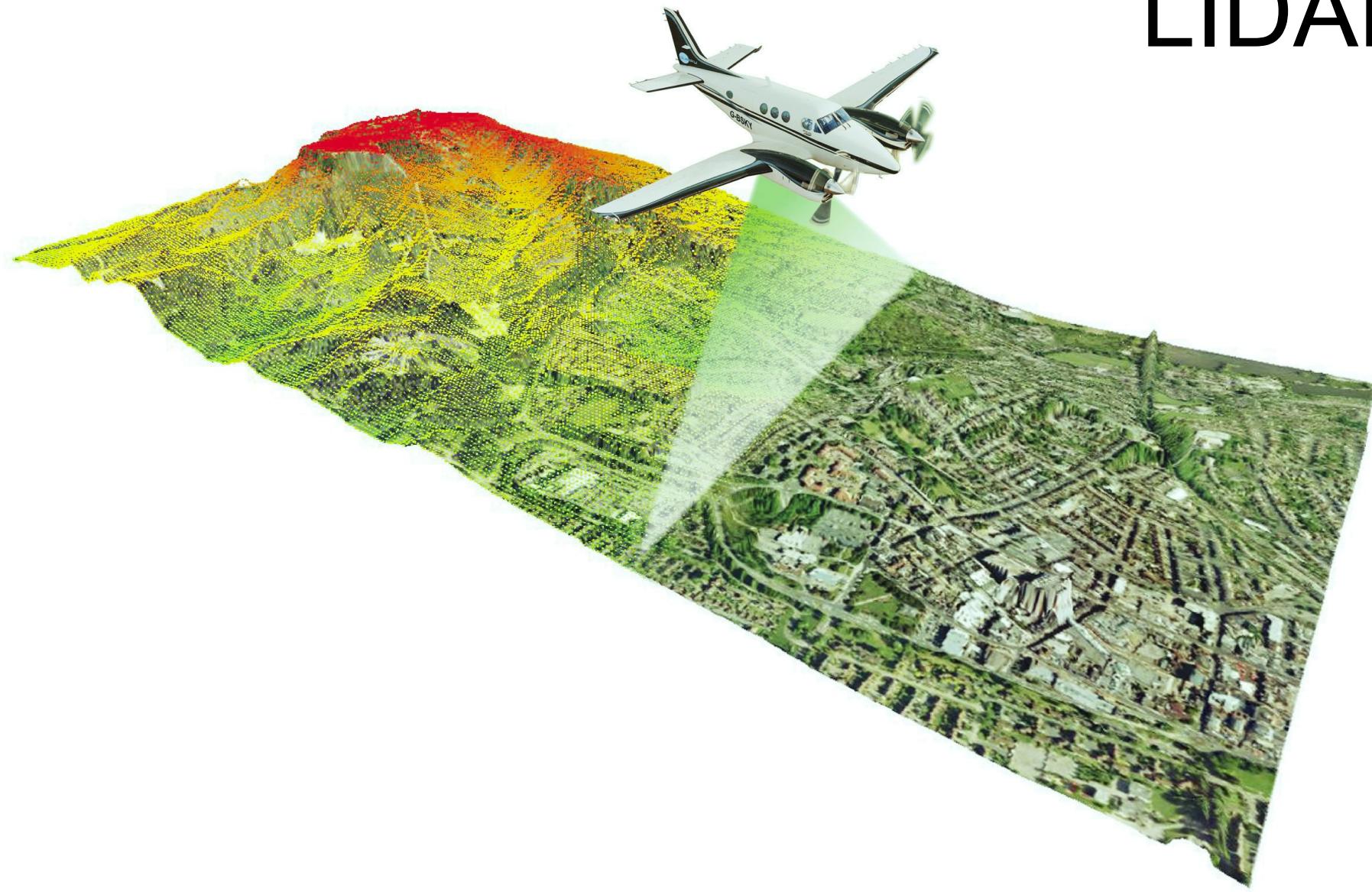
opendata

- AHN
- BGT
- BAG

Puntenwolken

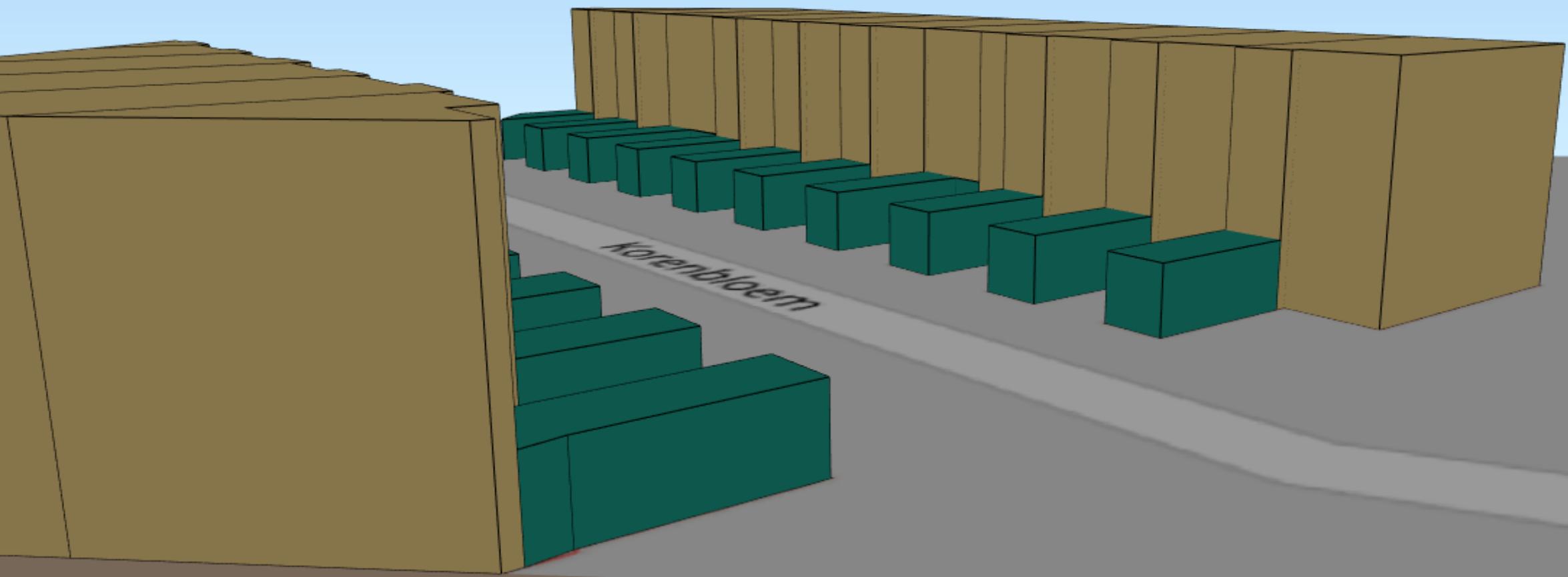


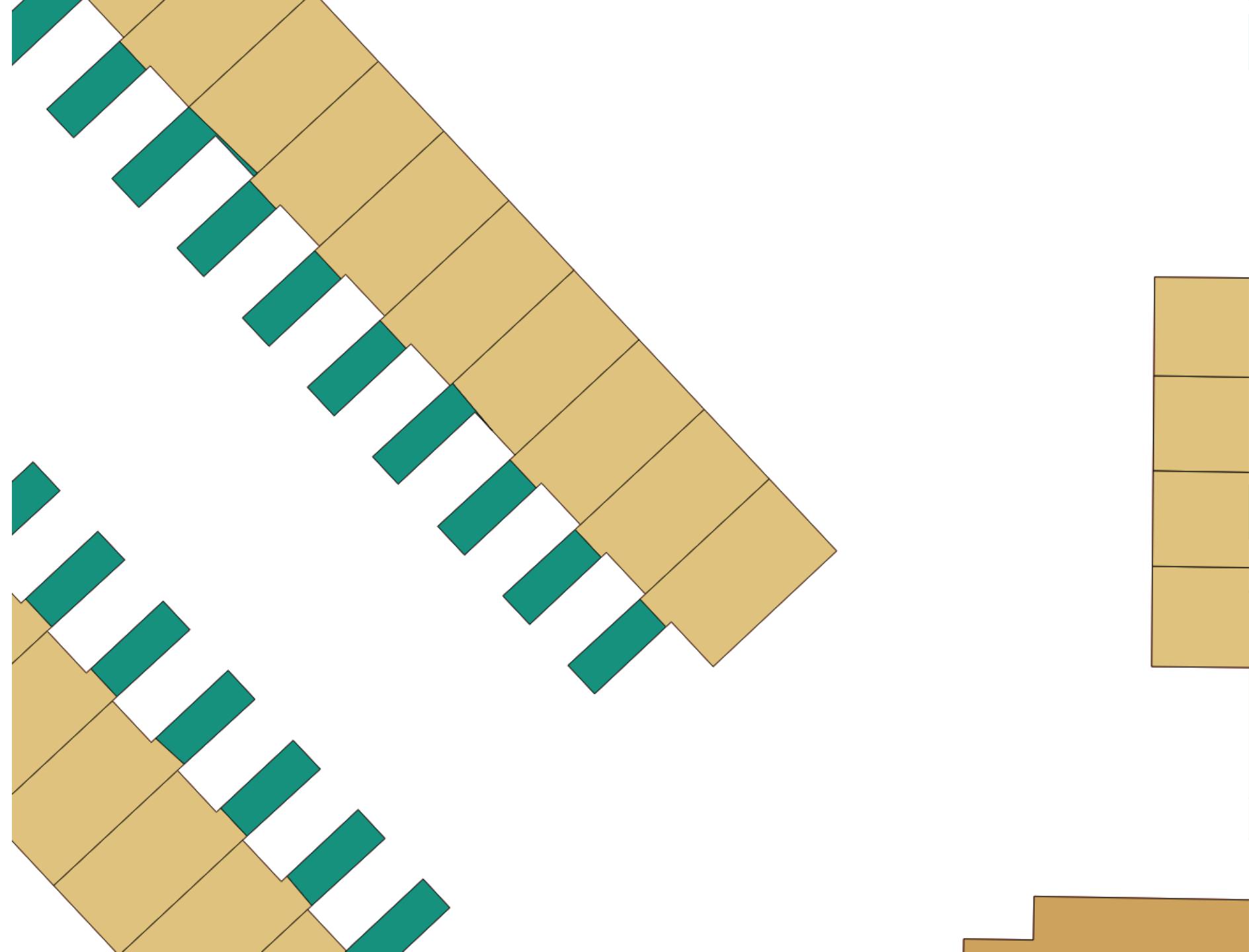
LIDAR











PostGIS





Software

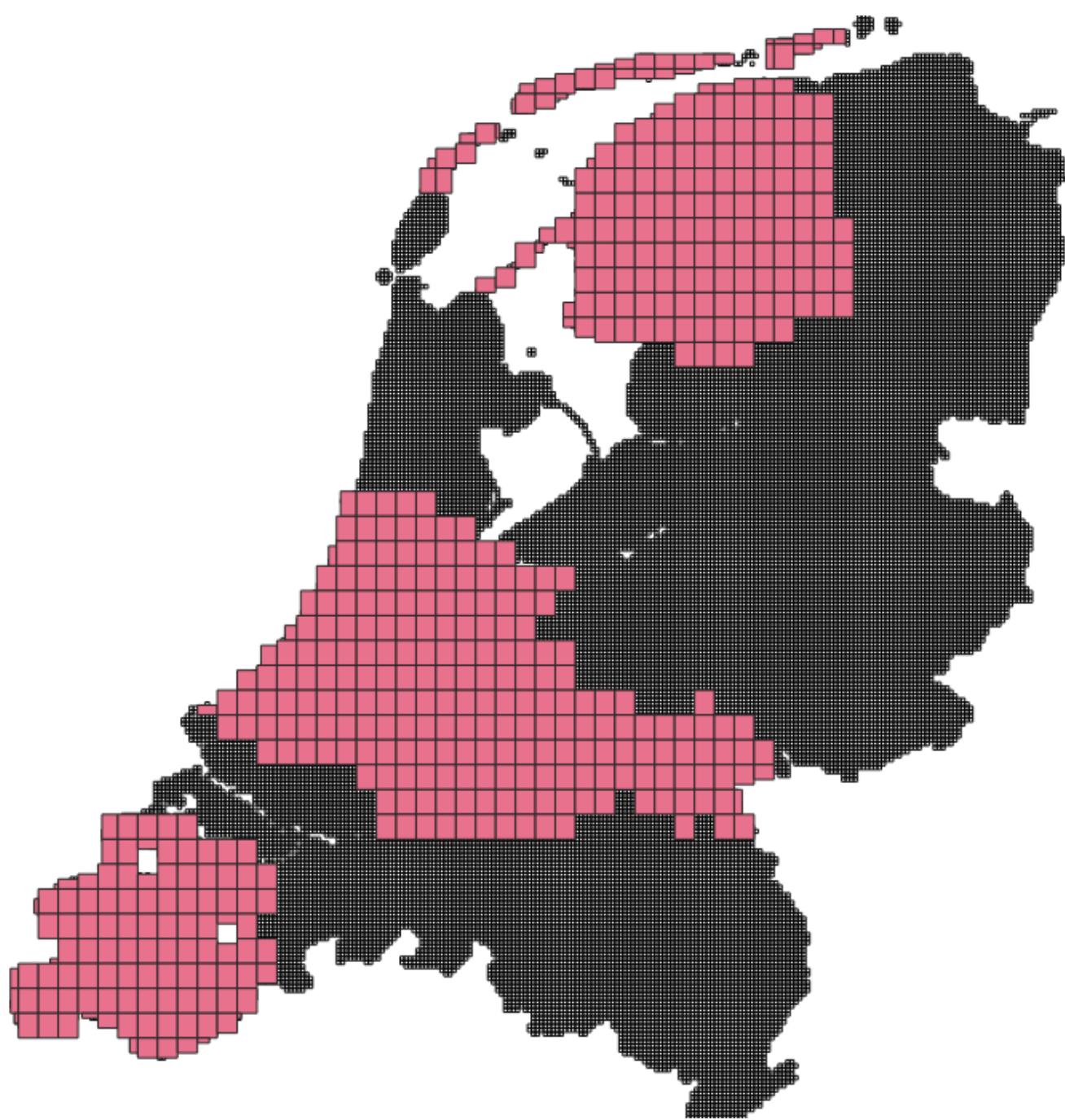
- PDAL
- PGPOINTCLOUD
- SFCGAL
- POSTGIS
- GDAL
- GRASS

Postgres extensies:

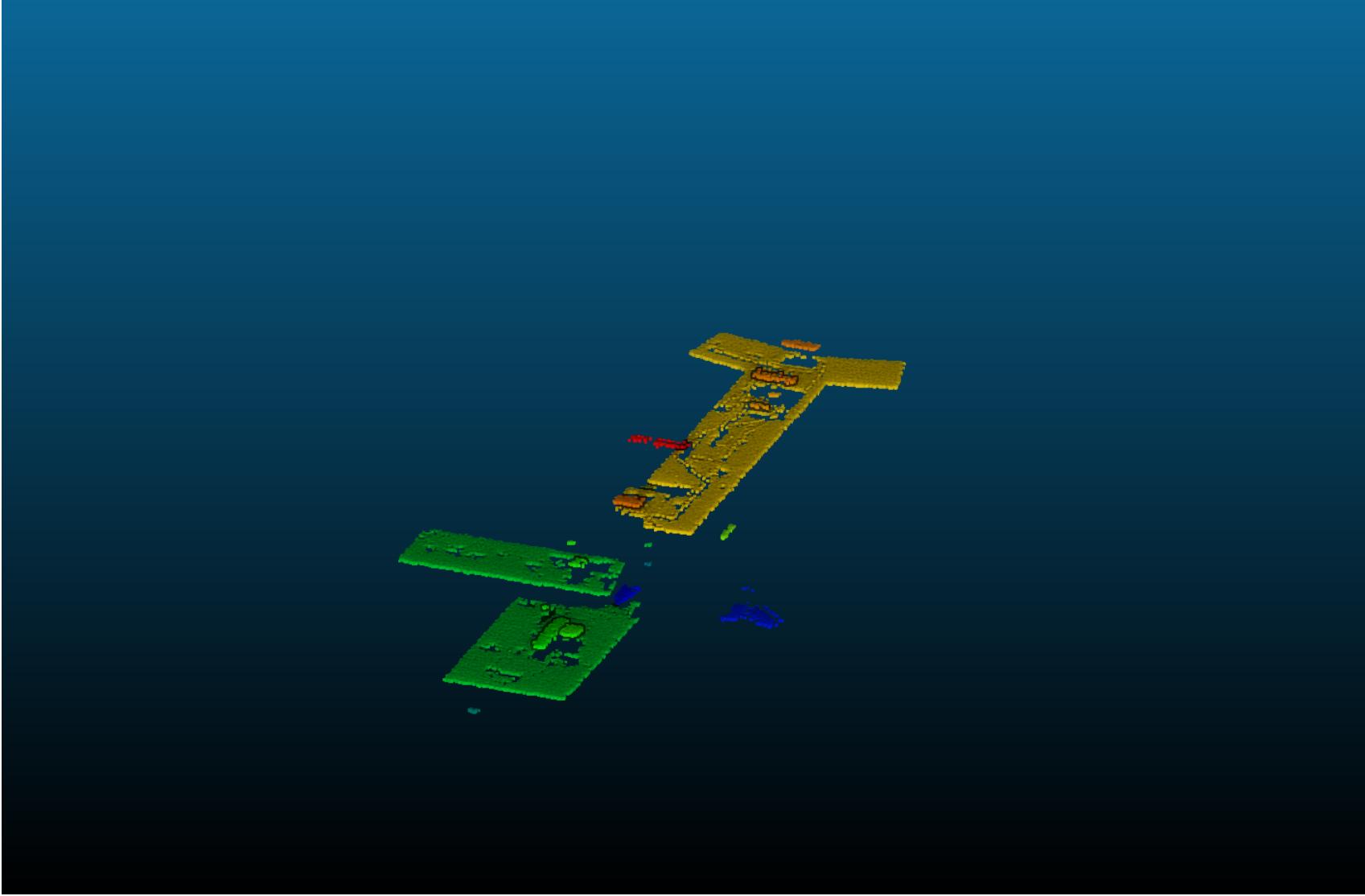
- PLV8
- PLpython

in de python extensie:

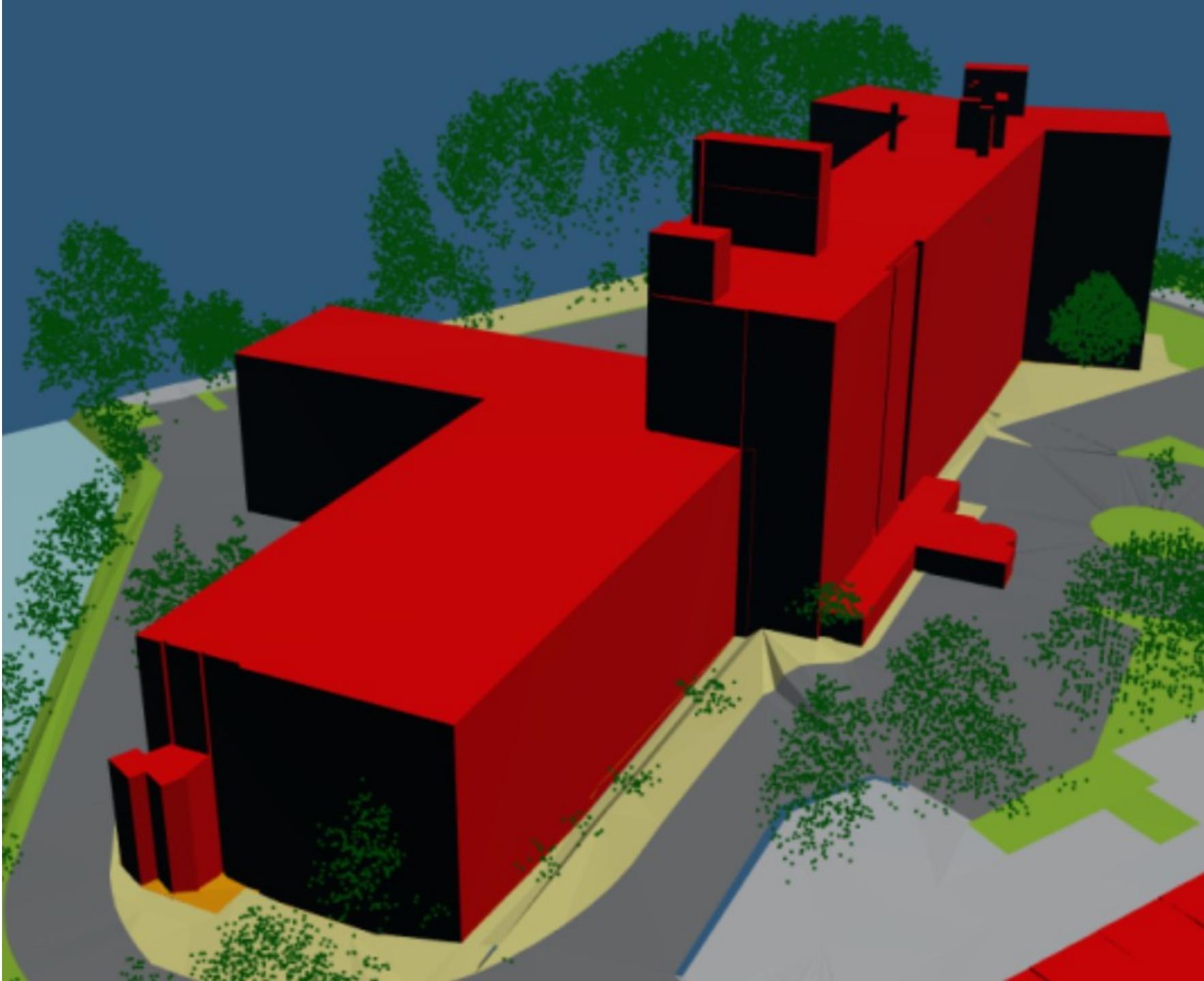
- numpy
- sklearn
- do it yourself algorithms

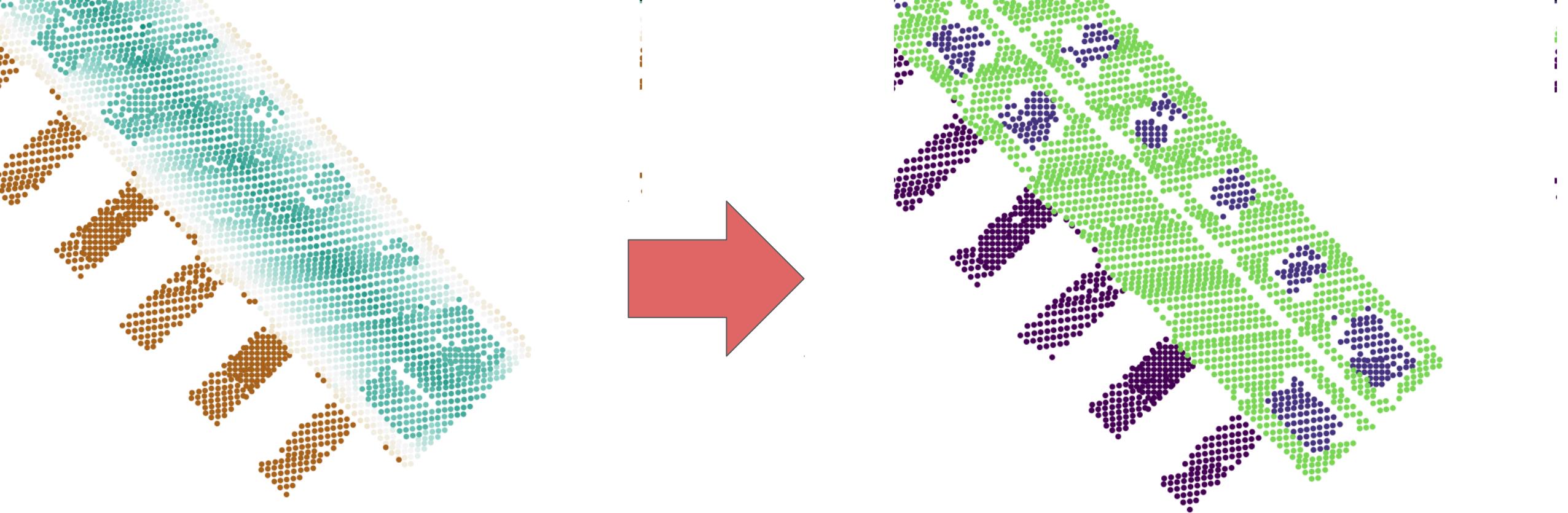


800 gb LAZ files =>
+6 TB database



```
SELECT  
    width_bucket(height, minh, maxh, 3) as heightclass  
FROM points
```





SELECT

```
dbSCAN3d(  
    string_agg('[' || ST_X(geom) || ',' || ST_Y(geom) || ',' || ST_Z(geom) || ',  
    ' || id || ']','')::text,  
    eps := 1.1, minpoints := 4  
) as cluster
```

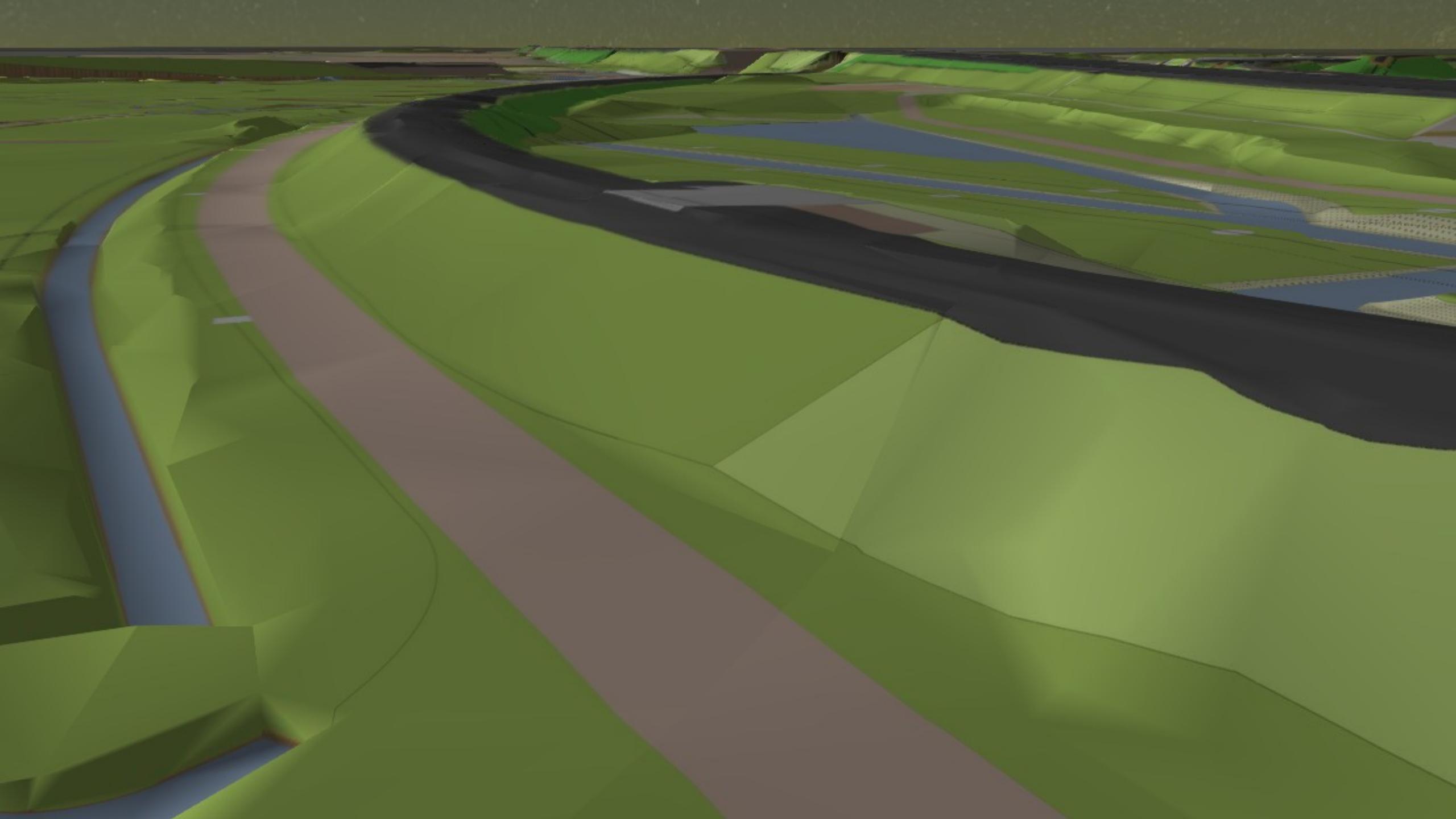
```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION noisemodel.dbSCAN3d(points text, eps double precision, minpoints integer)
RETURNS SETOF float[] AS
$$

from sklearn.cluster import DBSCAN
import numpy as np

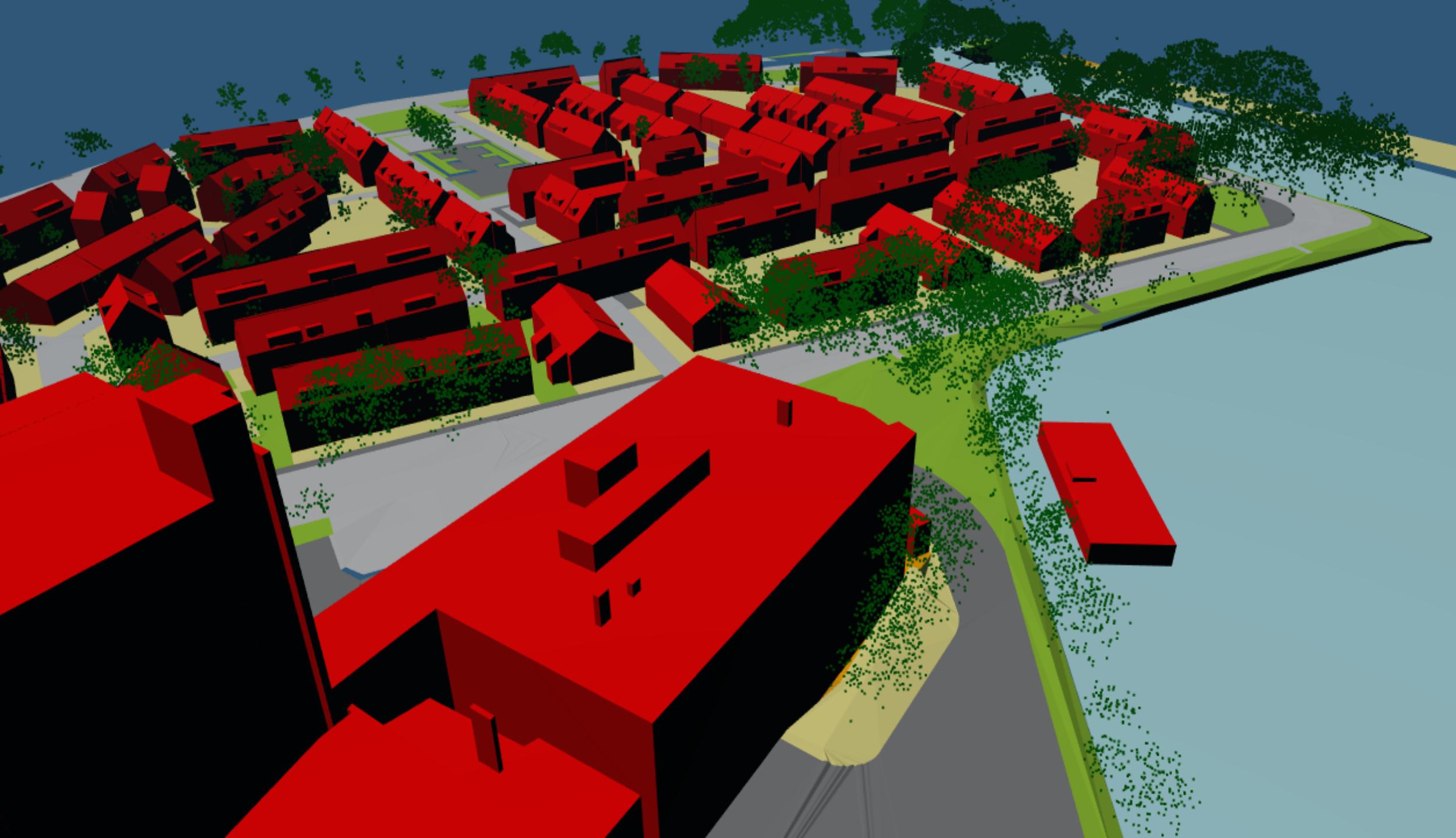
def dbSCAN3d(points, eps=0.5, min_samples=5, metric='manhattan',
            algorithm='auto', leaf_size=30, p=None, n_jobs=1):
    geom = points[:, :3]
    db = DBSCAN(eps, min_samples, metric, algorithm,
                leaf_size, p, n_jobs)
    db.fit(geom)
    labels = np.zeros((len(points), 5))
    labels[:, :4] = points
    labels[:, 4] = db.labels_
    return labels

arrpoints = np.array(eval(points))
return dbSCAN3d(arrpoints, eps, minpoints)
$$
LANGUAGE plpythonu;
```





Hoe verder?



FIN

