
Name

passwdmanapi — library used by passwdmancli and passwdmangui

Synopsis

```
#!/usr/bin/python

import passwdmanapi

is_anystestr(x)

is_bytestr(x)

is_int(x)

is_num(x)

is_unicodestr(x)

u(x)

b(x)

b2u3(x)

open_rng()

get64(length)

get10(length)

getint(a, b)

unquote(x)

randomize(method, minlength, maxlength)

undo(passwdobj=None, honeypotobj=None)

redo(passwdobj=None, honeypotobj=None)

class common_data()

class passwd(common_data)

class honeypot(common_data)
```

class common_data():

```
__init__(self, xmlfile)
__iter__(self)
__next__(self)
next(self)
__getitem__(self, i)
```

```
__len__(self)
remove(self, x, xmlfile, element_name, attrib_name, is_numstring=False)
writexml(self, xmlfile)
__del__(self)
```

passwd(common_data):

```
__init__(self, backups=True)
add(self, name, value, m_type, m_minlength, m_maxlength)
add_nometa(self, name, value)
remove(self, x, is_numstring=False)
__repr__(self)
mkindex(self, x, is_numstring=False)
update(self, index)
update_meta(self, index, m_type, m_minlength, m_maxlength)
```

class honeypot(common_data):

```
__init__(self, backups=True)
add(self, value)
remove(self, x, is_numstring=False)
pick(self, n=1, sep=",", log_vs_raise=True)
pickl(self, n, log_vs_raise=True)
__repr__(self)
```

Exceptions

```
class err_norandom(Exception)
class err_nolength(Exception)
class err_loaderr(Exception)
class err_notfound(Exception)
class err_duplicate(Exception)
class err_idiot(Exception)
class err_nometa(Exception)
```

DESCRIPTION

Unless otherwise noted, `xmlfile` is a path.

`is_anystr()` returns True if `x` is any kind of string, and False if `x` is not.

`is_bytestr()` returns True if `x` is an encoded string/bytes, and False if `x` is not.

`is_int()` returns True if `x` is an integer, and False if `x` is not.

`is_num()` returns True if `x` is an integer or a float, and False if `x` is not.

`is_unicodestr()` returns True if `x` is a decoded string/unicode, and False if `x` is not.

`u()` returns `x` as a unicode/decoded string.

`b()` returns `x` as a byte/encoded string.

`b2u3()` is the same as `b()` if the Python version is 2.x.

`b2u3()` is the same as `u()` if the Python version is 3.x.

`open_rng()` opens `random(4)` (or `urandom(4)`, if `random` could not be opened). Returns a file open for reading binary. Raises `err_norandom`.

`get10()` and `get64()` returns a random string of `length` letters. `get10()` returns digits. `get64()` returns digits, big letters, small letters, underscores and exclamation marks. Raises `err_norandom` and `err_nolength`.

`getint()` returns a random integer $\geq a$, $\leq b$. Raises `err_norandom` and `err_nolength`.

`unquote()` returns the string `x` without its surrounding quotes. If the string is not surrounded by quotes, the string will be returned unchanged.

`randomize()` returns a random string with a length $\geq \text{minlength}$ and $\leq \text{maxlength}$. If method is "10" `randomize()` will use `get10()`. If method is "64" `randomize()` will use `get64()`.

`undo()` undoes the latest change to the password list or honey pot list, by restoring from the newest auto-generated backup. It requires `passwdobj` which is the `passwd()` object and `honeypotobj` which is the `honeypot()` object. Raises `err_idiot`.

`redo()` redoes the latest undone change to the password list or honey pot list, by restoring from the newest auto-generated backup from `undo()`. Raises `err_idiot`.

`common_data()` is a class defining methods used by both `passwd()` and `honeypot()`.

`passwd()` is a class for the password list. `honeypot()` is a class for the honey-pot list. See FILES.

class common_data():

`__init__()` will load the data from `xmlfile`. Raises `err_loaderr`.

`__iter__()` resets the index and returns `self`. `__getitem__()` returns the password/honeypot at `i`. `__len__()` returns the number of passwords/honeypots.

`remove()` removes the password/honeypot at `x`, which can be an integer or a stringed integer or the value of the password/honeypot, from the datastructure `self` and the file `xmlfile`. `element_name` and `attrib_name` tells it what elements in the XML file and attributes it should loop through, remove and find a match for `x` in. Set `is_numstring` to True if `x` is a string containing digits. If you don't set it, then `x` will be treated as an index. Raises `err_notfound`.

`writexml()` writes the datastructure `self` to the file `xmlfile`. It creates a backup of `xmlfile` to `~/passwdman/undoable`.

class passwd(common_data)

`passwd()` loads its data from the XML `~/passwdman/passwords`.

`self[index]["name"]` is the name/purpose of the password. `self[index]["value"]` is the value of the password. `self[index]["meta"]["minlength"]` is the minimal length required for the password. `self[index]["meta"]["maxlength"]` is the maximal length allowed for the password. `self[index]["meta"]["type"]` is the type of the password, which is one of:

10 The password uses digits.

64 The password uses big letters, small letters, digits, underscores and exclamation marks.

human The password is human generated.

If a password has no meta-data in `~/passwdman/passwords`, its `minlength` and `maxlength` will be zero, and its `type` will be "human".

Set `backups` to False in `__init__()` if you do not want `passwd()` to make any change undoable (as in can be undone not impossible).

`passwd.add()` and `passwd.add_nometa()` adds a password for `name` with the value `value`. `add_nometa()` adds a password without real meta-data while `add()` requires meta-data (the `m_type` must be a string and `m_minlength` and `m_maxlength` can be either an integer or a stringed integer). Raises `err_duplicate`.

`passwd.remove()` removes the password `x`. `x` can be either a string matching a password's name or an integer (index) or a stringed integer. Set `is_numstring` to `True` if `x` is a string containing digits. If you don't set it, then `x` will be treated as an index. Raises `err_notfound`.

`passwd.mkindex()` find `x` and return an index. `x` can be either a string matching a password's name or a stringed integer (index). Set `is_numstring` to `True` if `x` is a string containing digits. If you don't set it, then `x` will be treated as an index. Raises `err_notfound`.

`passwd.update()` and `passwd.update_meta()` updates the password at `index` automatically by generating a password of the right type and an acceptable length. `update()` uses the password's own meta-data while `update_meta()` gives the password new meta-data from `m_type`, `m_minlength` and `m_maxlength`. `m_type` must be a string, `m_minlength` and `m_maxlength` can be either an integer or a stringed integer. Raises `err_notfound`, `err_idiot` and `err_nometa`.

class honeypot(common_data)

The honeypots are weak passwords supposed to only be used as traps. `honeypot()` loads its data from the XML `~/ .passwdman/honeypots`. `self[index]` is the value of the honeypot.

Set `backups` to `False` in `__init__()` if you do not want `passwd()` to make any change undoable (as in can be undone not impossible).

`honeypot.add()` adds a new honeypot with the value `value`. Raises `err_duplicate`.

`honeypot.remove()` removes the honeypot `x`. `x` is either an index (integer) or a stringed integer or the value of the honeypot. Set `is_numstring` to `True` if `x` is a string containing digits. If you don't set it, then `x` will be treated as an index. Raises `err_notfound`.

`honeypot.pick()` picks `n` random honeypots and returns a string of honeypots separated with `sep`. If `log_vs_raise` is `true`, it will log an error if `n` is too big. If `log_vs_raise` is `false`, it will raise `err_idiot`.

`honeypot.pickl()` picks `n` random honeypots and returns a list of honeypots. If `log_vs_raise` is `true`, it will log an error if `n` is too big. If `log_vs_raise` is `false`, it will raise `err_idiot`.

Exceptions

`err_norandom` is raised when neither `random(4)` or `urandom(4)` can be opened.

- `open_rng()`
- `get10()`
- `get64()`
- `getint()`
- `passwd.update()`
- `passwd.update_meta()`
- `honeypot.pick()`
- `honeypot.pickl()`

`err_nolength` is raised when a function is called with an invalid length.

- `get64()`
- `get10()`
- `getint()`

`err_loaderr` is raised if data cannot be loaded from file.

- `common_data()`
- `passwd()`
- `honeypot()`

`err_notfound` is raised if index is out of range or if it cannot find a match.

- `common_data.remove()`
- `passwd.remove()`
- `passwd.mkindex()`
- `passwd.update()`
- `passwd.update_meta()`
- `honeypot.remove()`

`err_duplicate` is raised if it is attempted to add a password with the same name as another or if its is attempted to add a honeypot with the same value as another.

- `passwd.add()`
- `passwd.add_nometa()`
- `honeypot.add()`

`err_idiot` is raised if the function was not used correctly.

- `passwd.update_meta()`
- `honeypot.pick()`
- `honeypot.pickl()`
- `undo()`
- `redo()`

`err_nometa` is raised when meta-data is required, but the meta-data was nonexistent, corrupt or no good.

- `passwd.update()`

FILES

`~/.passwdman/passwords` is the XML file containing the passwords and their meta-data.

`~/.passwdman/honeypots` is the XML file containing the honeypots.

`~/.passwdman/undoable/` is where the auto-generated backups live.

`~/.passwdman/redoable/` is where the backups generated by `undo()` live.

AUTHOR

Written by Oskar Skog (oskar.skog.finland@gmail.com).

Please send patches, questions, bug reports and wish-lists.