

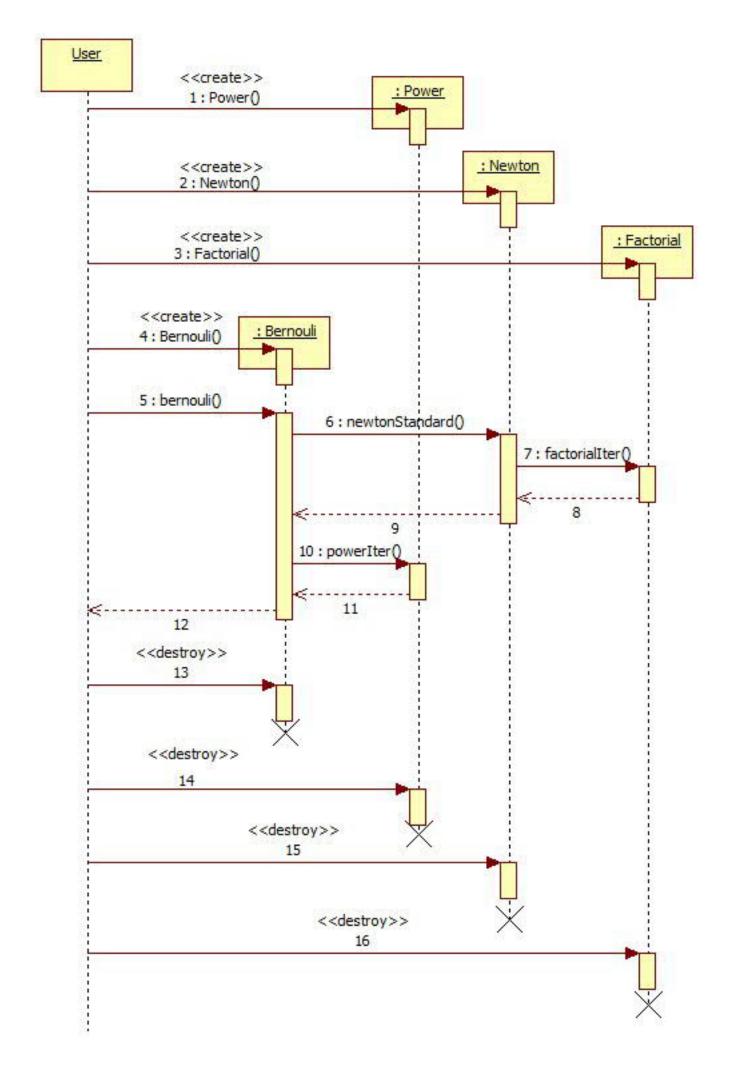
<<create>>+Bernouli() <<destroy>>+Bernouli() +bernouli(p: float, n: int, k: int, powerPtr: Power*, newtonPtr: Newton*, factorialPtr: Factorial*): long double

Factorial

+factorial(number: int): long double +factorialIter(number: int): long double

Newton

<<create>>+Newton()
<<destroy>>+Newton()
+newton(n: int, k: int, factorialPtr: Factorial*): long double
+newtonStandard(n: int, k: int, factorialPtr: Factorial*): long double



```
#if !defined(_POWER_H)
#define _POWER_H
class Power {
public:
      long double power(float base, int index);
      long double powerIter(float base, int index);
};
#endif //_POWER_H
//-----
#if !defined(_FACTORIAL_H)
#define FACTORIAL H
class Factorial {
public:
      long double factorial(int number);
      long double factorialIter(int number);
};
#endif // FACTORIAL H
#include "Factorial.h"
#if !defined( NEWTON H)
#define _NEWTON_H
class Newton {
public:
      Newton();
      ~Newton();
      long double newton(int n, int k, Factorial* factorialPtr);
      long double newtonStandard(int n, int k, Factorial* factorialPtr):
};
#endif //_NEWTON_H
//-----
#include "Power.h"
#include "Newton.h"
#if !defined(_BERNOULI_H)
#define BERNOULI H
class Bernouli {
public:
      Bernouli();
      ~Bernouli();
      long double bernouli(float p, int n, int k, Power* powerPtr, Newton* newtonPtr, Factorial*
factorialPtr);
#endif //_BERNOULI_H
```

```
#include "Power.h"
long double Power::power(float base, int index) {
  if(index == 0) {
    return 1;
  return base * power(base, index-1);
long double Power::powerlter(float base, int index) {
  long double result = 1;
  for(int i = 0; i < index; i++) {
     result *= base;
  return result;
#include "Factorial.h"
long double Factorial::factorial(int number) {
  if(number == 0) {
    return 1;
  return number * factorial(number-1);
}
long double Factorial::factorialIter(int number) {
  long double result = 1;
  for(int i = 1; i \le number; i++) {
     result *= i;
  return result;
            -----
#include "Newton.h"
Newton::Newton() {
}
Newton::~Newton() {
}
long double Newton::newton(int n, int k, Factorial* factorialPtr) {
  int N = n - k;
  int NbyK = 1;
  if(k >= N) 
    for(int i=k+1; i<=n; i++){
       NbyK *= i;
     return NbyK/factorialPtr->factorial(N);
  } else {
    for(int i = N+1; i <= n; i++) {
       NbyK *= i;
     return NbyK/factorialPtr->factorial(k);
}
```

```
long double Newton::newtonStandard(int n, int k, Factorial* factorialPtr) {
  return factorialPtr->factorial(n) / (factorialPtr->factorial(k) * factorialPtr->factorial(n-k));
#include "Bernouli.h"
Bernouli::Bernouli() {
}
Bernouli::~Bernouli() {
}
long double Bernouli::bernouli(float p, int n, int k, Power* powerPtr, Newton* newtonPtr, Factorial*
factorialPtr) {
  float q = 1 - p;
  return newtonPtr->newton(n, k) * powerPtr->power(p, k) * powerPtr->power(q, n-k);
#include <iostream>
#include "Bernouli.h"
using namespace std;
bool isTheDataCorrect(float p, int n, int k) {
  return p <= 1 && p >= 0 && n >= 0 && k >= 0 && k <= n;
int main()
  float singleProbability;
  int numberOfAttempts, numberOfSuccesses;
  cout << "Enter the probability of a single success: ";
  cin >> singleProbability;
  cout << "Enter the number of attempts: ";
  cin >> numberOfAttempts;
  cout << "Enter the number of successes: ";
  cin >> numberOfSuccesses;
  if(isTheDataCorrect(singleProbability, numberOfAttempts, numberOfSuccesses)){
     Power* power = new Power();
     Newton* newton = new Newton();
     Factorial* Factorial = new Factorial();
     Bernouli* calculator = new Bernouli();
     cout << "Probability of " << numberOfSuccesses << " successes in " << numberOfAttempts
    << " attempts is: " << calculator->bernouli(singleProbability,numberOfAttempts, numberOfSuccesses,
power, newton, factorial) << "\n";
     delete calculator;
  } else {
     cout << "Error: Incorrect data\n";
  return 0;
```

