Módulo 2 Implementación de una técnica de aprendizaje máquina sin el uso de un framework.

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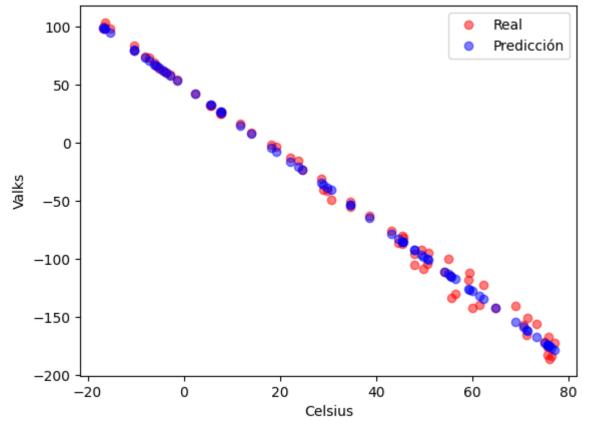
```
In [91]:
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         colnames=['Celsius', 'Valks']
         df = pd.read_csv('Valhalla23.csv', names=colnames, skiprows=1)
In [92]: #Separar datos de prueba y entrenamiento
         test_size = round(0.7*len(df))
         df_train = df[0:test_size]
         df_test = df[test_size:len(df)]
         print(len(df))
         print(len(df_train))
         print(len(df_test))
         100
         70
         30
In [93]: # Crear lista con los hiper-parámetros iniciales (thetas)
         theta0 = 1
         theta1 = 1
         # Cargar el valor del learning rate (alpha)
         alpha = 1e-4
         # Crear función lambda para la función de hipótesis
         hyp = lambda m,b,x: m*x + b
         # Calcular el total de muestras a partir de los datos (n)
         n = len(df_train)
         for y in range(100000):
             # Calcular delta
             delta = hyp(theta1, theta0, df train['Celsius']) - df train['Valks']
             # Calcular sumatorias
             sum0 = np.sum(delta)
             sum1 = np.sum(delta * df_train['Celsius'])
             promedio0 = sum0 / n
             promedio1 = sum1 / n
             # Actualizar theta0 y theta1
             theta0 = theta0 - alpha * promedio0
             theta1 = theta1 - alpha * promedio1
         print(theta0)
         print(theta1)
```

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```
49.33967282772319
-2.9508142866852873
```

```
In [94]: plt.plot(df_train['Celsius'],df_train['Valks'] ,'ro', label="Real", alpha=0.5)
    plt.plot(df_train['Celsius'],df_train['Celsius']*theta1+theta0, 'bo', label="Predic
    plt.title("Predicción con datos de entrenamiento")
    plt.xlabel('Celsius')
    plt.ylabel('Valks')
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
```

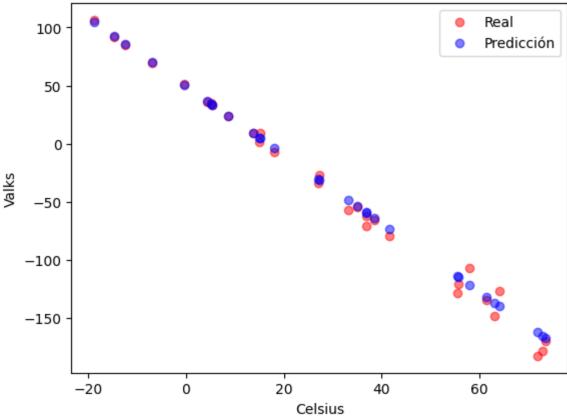
Predicción con datos de entrenamiento



```
In [95]: plt.plot(df_test['Celsius'],df_test['Valks'], 'ro', label="Real" , alpha=0.5)
    plt.plot(df_test['Celsius'],df_test['Celsius']*theta1+theta0, 'bo', label="Predicci
    plt.title("Predicción con datos de prueba")
    plt.xlabel('Celsius')
    plt.ylabel('Valks')
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
```

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```
In [96]: #Función de costos entrenamiento y prueba

costoTrain = np.sum(((df_train['Celsius']*theta1+theta0) - (df_train['Valks'])) **
    costoTest = np.sum(((df_test['Celsius']*theta1+theta0) - (df_test['Valks'])) ** 2)/

    print("Costo Train")
    print(costoTrain)
    print("Costo Test")
    print(costoTest)
Costo Train
```

41.03348676508766 Costo Test 55.07102328049679

In [105... | !jupyter nbconvert --to html "/content/drive/MyDrive/ColabNotebooks/Vallhala.ipynb"

[NbConvertApp] Converting notebook /content/drive/MyDrive/ColabNotebooks/Vallhala.i pynb to html

[NbConvertApp] Writing 673383 bytes to /content/drive/MyDrive/ColabNotebooks/Vallha la.html

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