Software Engineering Essentials

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Software Configuration Management 1

Bernd Bruegge, Stephan Krusche, Andreas Seitz, Jan Knobloch Chair for Applied Software Engineering — Faculty of Informatics



Learning goals



- 1) Understand why software configuration management is required
- 2) Explain the differences between a promotion, a release and a revision

Motivation



- Multiple people work on artifacts that are changing
- More than one version of the artifact has to be supported:
 - Source code
 - Documents
 - Released software systems
- Software is running on different machines & operating systems in the target environment
- → Need for coordination: Software configuration management (SCM)
 - Manages evolving software systems
 - Controls the costs involved in making changes to the system

Definition



Software configuration management (SCM) encompasses disciplines and techniques for

- Initiating, evaluating and controlling change to work products
- During and after a software project

It is a project function with the goal to make technical and managerial activities more effective

IEEE 828-2012: Standard for configuration management in systems and software engineering

Terminology



Version: A specific instance of configuration items (e.g. files, hardware)

Release: The (formal) distribution of an approved version

Revision: Change to a version that corrects only errors in the design/code, but does not affect the documented functionality

Baseline: A work product that has been (formally) reviewed and that thereafter can be changed only through change control procedures

Six main activities



1) Configuration item identification

Modeling the system as set of evolving components

2) Promotion management

Creation of versions for other developers

3) Build and release management

Creation of versions for clients and users

4) Change management

Handling, approval & tracking of change requests

5) Branch management

Management of concurrent development

6) Variant management

Management of coexisting versions



Bruegge, Dutoit: Object-Oriented Software Engineering Using UML, Patterns, and Java (Chapter 13)

Covered in this course