* Effect of necombination on dispensal estimates (2 samples)

$$= \frac{\left(c'_{11} + c'_{21}\right) \chi_{1} + \left(c'_{22} + c'_{22}\right) \chi_{2}}{c'_{11} + c'_{12} + c'_{21} + c'_{22}} \qquad c^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} c_{11} & c_{12} \\ c_{21} & c_{22} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \underbrace{\frac{1}{101}}_{101} \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} c_{22} b - c_{21} \end{pmatrix} \chi_{1} + \begin{pmatrix} c_{11} - c_{42} \end{pmatrix} \chi_{2}}_{c_{11} - c_{12} - c_{21} + c_{22}}$$

But
$$\vec{x} - \vec{x}(0)\vec{1} = \left[\frac{(c_{11} - c_{12})(x_1 - x_2)}{(c_{22} - c_{21})(x_2 - x_1)} \right]$$

$$= \underbrace{\chi_{3}-\chi_{1}}_{C_{11}-C_{12}-C_{21}+C_{22}} \begin{bmatrix} c_{12}-c_{11} \\ c_{22}-c_{21} \end{bmatrix}$$

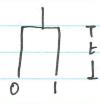
$$\frac{\sigma_{ML}^{2} = (\vec{\lambda} - \vec{z}(0)\vec{1})^{T} \beta x_{2} - x_{1}}{2} \left[c_{11} - c_{12} - c_{21} + c_{22} \left[c_{21} - c_{11} + c_{12} \left(c_{22} - c_{21} \right) \right] c_{21} \left(c_{12} - c_{11} \right) + c_{22} \left(c_{22} - c_{21} \right) \right]$$

$$= \frac{(\chi_2 - \chi_1)}{Q^2(C_{11} - C_{12} - C_{21} + C_{22}) |C|} (\vec{\chi} - \vec{\chi}_{(0)})^T \int_{C_{12} C_{21} - C_{12} C_{21}} C_{22} C_{11} - C_{12} C_{21}]$$

$$= \frac{\chi_{2} - \chi_{1}}{\lambda_{2} \left(c_{11} - c_{12} - c_{21} + c_{22} \right)} \left(\frac{\chi}{\chi} - \frac{\chi}{\chi}(0) \frac{1}{1} \right)^{T} \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{\chi_{2} - \chi_{1}}{\lambda_{2} \left(c_{11} - c_{12} - c_{21} + c_{22} \right)} \frac{\left(\chi_{2} - \chi_{1} \right)}{\left(c_{11} - c_{12} - c_{21} + c_{22} \right)} \left(\frac{\left(c_{11} - c_{12} - c_{21} + c_{22} \right)}{\left(c_{11} - c_{12} - c_{21} + c_{22} \right)}$$

$$= \frac{(\chi_{2} - \chi_{1})^{2}}{2(c_{11} - c_{12} - c_{21} + c_{22})}$$



$$\mathfrak{D} e = \begin{bmatrix} t & 0 \\ 0 & t \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(0) = \frac{\chi_{1} + \chi_{2}}{2} \qquad \frac{\chi_{1}^{2}}{2} = \frac{(\chi_{2} - \chi_{1})^{2}}{4t}$$

$$c_{01} = \frac{t_{42}}{t_{42} + t_{32}}, t_{43}$$

$$c_{00} - c_{01} - c_{10} + c_{11} = t_{41} + t_{20} + t_{42} t_{32} + (t_{42} + t_{32})^2 t_{43} - \sqrt{t_{42} t_{42}} + t_{32}$$

=
$$t_{41} + t_{20} + \frac{1}{(t_{42}^{\dagger} t_{32})^2} \left[t_{42} t_{32} (t_{42}^{\dagger} t_{32}) + t_{42}^{2} (t_{42}^{\dagger} t_{32}) - 2 t_{42} (t_{42}^{\dagger} - t_{32}^{2}) \right]$$

=
$$t_{41} + t_{20} + 3t_{32}^2 - t_{42}^2 + t_{42}^2$$

=
$$t_{41} + t_{80} + \frac{3(t_{32}/t_{42})^2 - 1}{(t_{52}/t_{42} + 1)^2} \cdot t_{42}$$

$$= t_{41} + t_{42} + t_{20} + \left[\frac{2(\frac{t_{32}}{t_{42}})^2 - 2(\frac{t_{32}}{t_{42}})^2 - 2(\frac{t_{32}}{t_{42}})^2}{(\frac{t_{32}}{t_{42}} + 1)^2} \right] t_{42}$$

=
$$9t + \left[\frac{3i^2-1}{(x+1)^2}-1\right]t_{42}$$
.

$$\Rightarrow \qquad -1 \qquad 4 \qquad \frac{3n^2-1}{(n+1)^2} \qquad \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 -2 $\frac{3x^2-1}{(x+1)^2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$

$$\Rightarrow 2t - 2ty_2 < 6m^2 < 2t - ty_2 - 2$$

Compare No Recomb (NR) to the strigle Recomb Method 1 (3R1) 1 - ty2 (TML (SR1) < 1 - tu2 1 the oml (NR) 4 tNR 1 - tsr1 - tre TML (5R1) 4 (1_ tori-tre tnR TML (NR) tNR tons = Time to GMRCA IN/ stagle recomb event Teme to MRCA W/O recomb tnr = the = Time to frest secomb event.