

hdme: High-Dimensional Regression with Measurement Frror

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Summary

Many problems in science involve using measured variables to explain an outcome of interest using some statistical regression model. In high-dimensional problems, characterized by having a very large number of variables, one often focuses on finding a subset of variables with good explanatory power. An example from cancer research involves finding gene expressions or other biomarkers which can explain disease progression, from a large set of candidates (Kristensen et al. 2014). Another example is customer analytics, where it may be of interest to find out which variables predict whether customers will return or not, and variables of interest include factors like previous purchasing patterns, demographics, and satisfaction measures (Baesens 2014).

The lasso (Tibshirani 1996) and the Dantzig selector (Candes and Tao 2007; James and Radchenko 2009) are popular methods for variable selection in this type of problems, combining computational speed with good statistical properties (Bühlmann and Geer 2011). In many practical applications, the process of measuring the variables of interest is subject to measurement error (Carroll et al. 2006), but this additional source of noise is neglected by the aforementioned models. Such measurement error has been shown to lead to worse variable selection properties of the lasso (Sørensen, Frigessi, and Thoresen 2015), typically involving an increased number of false positive selections. A corrected lasso has been proposed and analyzed by Loh and Wainwright (2012) for linear models and Sørensen, Frigessi, and Thoresen (2015) for generalized linear models. It has been applied by Vasquez et al. (2019) in a problem involving measurement of serum biomarkers. For the Dantzig selector, Rosenbaum and Tsybakov (2010) proposed the Matrix Uncertainty Selector (MUS) for linear models, which was extended to the generalized linear model case by Sørensen et al. (2018) with an algorithm named GMUS (Generalized MUS).

hdme is an R (R Core Team 2018) package containing implementations of both the corrected lasso and the MU selector for high-dimensional measurement error problems. Its main functions are gmus() and corrected_lasso(). Additional functions provide opportunities for hyperparameter tuning using cross-validation or the elbow rule (Rosenbaum and Tsybakov 2010), and plotting tools for visualizing the model fit. The underlying numerical procedures are implemented in C++ using the RcppArmadillo package (Eddelbuettel and Sanderson 2014) and linear programming with Rglpk (Theussl and Hornik 2019). hdme is available from the comprehensive R archive network (CRAN) at https://CRAN.R-project.org, and the latest development version is available at https://github.com/osorensen/hdme. The package vignette, which can be opened in R with the command vignette("hdme"), contains a step-by-step introduction to the models implemented in the package.

DOI:

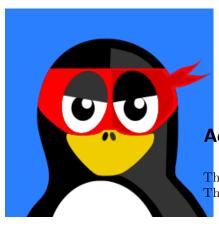
Software

- Review 🗗
- Repository 🗗
- Archive 🗗

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