

Домашнее задание 2 по БММО «Матричные вычисления»

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Задача 1

Доказать тождество Вудбери: $(A+UCV)^{-1}=A^{-1}-A^{-1}U(C^{-1}+VA^{-1}U)^{-1}VA^{-1}$

$$\begin{split} I &= (A + UCV)(A + UCV)^{-1} = (A + UCV)(A^{-1} - A^{-1}U(C^{-1} + VA^{-1}U)^{-1}VA^{-1}) = \\ &= I + UCVA^{-1} - (A + UCV)A^{-1}U(C^{-1} + VA^{-1}U)^{-1}VA^{-1} = \\ &= I + UCVA^{-1} - (U + UCVA^{-1}U)(C^{-1} + VA^{-1}U)^{-1}VA^{-1} = \\ &= I + UCVA^{-1} - UC(C^{-1} + VA^{-1}U)(C^{-1} + VA^{-1}U)^{-1}VA^{-1} = \\ &= I + UCVA^{-1} - UCVA^{-1} - UCVA^{-1} = I \end{split}$$

Задача 2

$$p(x|y) \propto p(y|x)p(x) \propto \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}(x-\mu)^T\Sigma^{-1}(x-\mu) - \frac{1}{2}(y-Ax)^T\Gamma^{-1}(y-Ax)\right)$$

$$(x-\mu)^T\Sigma^{-1}(x-\mu) + (y-Ax)^T\Gamma^{-1}(y-Ax) =$$

$$= x^T\Sigma^{-1}x - \mu^T\Sigma^{-1}x - x^T\Sigma^{-1}\mu + \mu^T\Sigma^{-1}\mu + y^T\Gamma^{-1}y - x^TA^T\Gamma^{-1}y - y^T\Gamma^{-1}Ax + x^TA^T\Gamma^{-1}Ax =$$

$$= x^T(\Sigma^{-1} + A^T\Gamma^{-1}A)x - (\mu^T\Sigma^{-1} + y^T\Gamma^{-1}A)x - x^T(\Sigma^{-1}\mu + A^T\Gamma^{-1}y) + (\mu^T\Sigma^{-1}\mu + y^T\Gamma^{-1}y) =$$

$$= x^T\Sigma'^{-1}x - \mu'^T\Sigma'^{-1}x - x^T\Sigma'^{-1}\mu' + \mu'^T\Sigma'^{-1}\mu' = (x-\mu')^T\Sigma'^{-1}(x-\mu')$$

$$p(x|y) = \mathcal{N}(x|\mu', \Sigma'),$$

$$\mu' = (\Sigma^{-1} + A^T \Gamma^{-1} A)^{-1} (\Sigma^{-1} \mu + A^T \Gamma^{-1} y)$$

$$\Sigma' = (\Sigma^{-1} + A^T \Gamma^{-1} A)^{-1}$$

Задача 3

$$\mathbb{E}(x-a)^T B(x-a) = \mathbb{E}[x^T B x - x^T B a - a^T B x + a^T B a] =$$

$$= \mathbb{E}(x^T B x) - \mathbb{E}(x^T B a) - \mathbb{E}(a^T B x) + \mathbb{E}(a^T B a) =$$

$$= tr(\mathbb{E}(x^T B x) - \mathbb{E}(x^T) B a - a^T B \mathbb{E}x + a^T B a =$$

$$= \mathbb{E}(tr(x^T B x)) - \mu^T B a - a^T B \mu + a^T B a =$$

$$= \left\{ \mathbb{E}tr(x^T B x) = \mathbb{E}tr(B x x^T) = tr B \mathbb{E}(x x^T) = tr B(\Sigma + \mu \mu^T) = tr B \Sigma + tr(\mu^T B \mu) = tr B \Sigma + \mu^T B \mu \right\} =$$

$$= tr(B \Sigma) + \mu^T B \mu - \mu^T B a - a^T B \mu + a^T B a =$$

$$= tr(B \Sigma) + (\mu - a)^T B(\mu - a)$$

Задача 4

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial X} \det(X^{-1} + A) = \frac{\partial}{\partial X} \det A \det X^{-1} \det (X + A^{-1}) =$$

$$= \det A \frac{\partial}{\partial X} \det X^{-1} \det (X + A^{-1}) =$$

$$= \det A \Big[\det (X + A^{-1}) \frac{\partial}{\partial X} \frac{1}{\det X} + \frac{1}{\det X} \frac{\partial}{\partial X} \det (X + A^{-1}) \Big] =$$

$$= \det A \Big[\det (X + A^{-1}) \frac{-\det (X)X^{-T}}{(\det X)^2} + \frac{1}{\det X} \det (X + A^{-1})(X + A^{-1})^{-T} \Big] =$$

$$= \det A \frac{\det (X + A^{-1})}{\det X} [(X + A^{-1})^{-T} - X^{-T}] =$$

$$= \{\text{т. Вудбери} : (X + A^{-1})^{-T} = X^{-T} - X^{-T}(A^T + X^{-T})^{-1}X^{-T}\} =$$

$$= -\det A \frac{\det (X + A^{-1})}{\det X} X^{-T}(A^T + X^{-T})^{-1}X^{-T}$$

Задача 5

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial X}tr(AX^{-T}BXC) = \{trA^T = trA\} =$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial X}tr(C^TX^TB^TX^{-1}A^T) =$$

= {Matrix Calculus – Notes on the Derivative of a Trace (Johannes Traa), ctp.3} =

$$\begin{split} &=\frac{\partial}{\partial X}tr(C^TX^TD)+\frac{\partial}{\partial X}tr(EX^{-1}A^T)=\left\{ \begin{array}{l} D=B^TX^{-1}A^T\\ E=C^TX^TB^T \end{array} \right\}=\\ &=\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{\partial}{\partial X}tr(AX^TB)=BA\\ \frac{\partial}{\partial X}tr(AX^{-1}B)=-(X^{-1}BAX^{-1})^T \end{array} \right\}=DC^T-(X^{-1}A^TEX^{-1})^T=\\ &=B^TX^{-1}A^TC^T-(X^{-1}A^TC^TX^TB^TX^{-1})^T=\\ &=B^TX^{-1}A^TC^T-X^{-1}BXCAX^{-1} \end{split}$$