

Lecture 20: Builder Pattern IN710: Programming 4 Semester One, 2020

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Builder Pattern: GoF

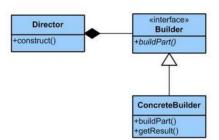
► GoF definition & UML



Type: Creational

What it is:

Separate the construction of a complex object from its representing so that the same construction process can create different representations.



BUILDER PATTERN: DEFINITION

- ► Creational pattern
- Separates the construction of a complex object from its representation
- ► The same construction process can create different representations

BUILDER PATTERN: PROBLEM

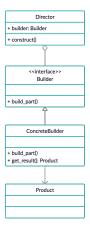
► Building a house

BUILDER PATTERN: SOLUTION

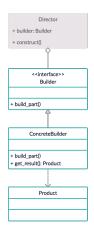
► HouseBuilder class

```
class HouseBuilder (Builder):
   def __init__(self):
        self.reset()
   def reset(self):
        self.__product = House()
   @property
   def product(self):
        product = self.__product
        self.reset()
        return product
   def set_num_rooms(self, num_rooms):
        pass
   def set_num_doors(self, num_doors):
        pass
   def set_num_windows(self , num_windows):
        pass
   def set_has_garage(self, has_garage):
        pass
   def set_has_garden(self, has_garden):
        pass
   def set_has_swimming_pool(self, has_swimming_pool):
        pass
```

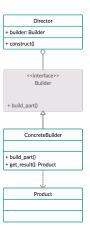
► Consider the following UML diagram:



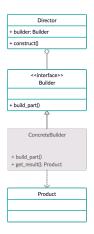
- ► Director class
- ► Doesn't create the product class
- ► Refers to the builder interface class for creating the parts of a complex object



► Builder interface class



- ► ConcreteBuilder class
- ► Implements the builder interface class by creating the product object



BUILDER PATTERN: IMPLEMENTATION

```
from abc import ABC, abstractmethod, abstractproperty
class Builder (ABC):
    @abstractproperty
    def product(self):
        pass
    @abstractmethod
    def set_first_name(self, first_name):
        pass
    @abstractmethod
    def set_last_name(self, last_name):
        pass
    @abstractmethod
    def set_email_address(self, email_address):
        pass
    @abstractmethod
    def set_phone_number(self, phone_number):
        pass
```

Builder Pattern: Implementation

```
class PersonBuilder (Builder):
   def __init__(self):
        self.reset()
   def reset(self):
        self._product = Person()
   @property
   def product(self):
       product = self.__product
        self.reset()
       return product
   def set_first_name(self, first_name):
        self. --product.add(f'First_name: -{first_name}')
   def set_last_name(self, last_name):
        self.__product.add(f'Last_name:_{last_name}')
   def set_email_address(self, email_address):
        self._product.add(f'Email_address:_{email_address}')
   def set_phone_number(self, phone_number):
        self.__product.add(f'Phone_number:_{phone_number}')
```

BUILDER PATTERN: IMPLEMENTATION

```
class Person:
   def __init__(self):
        self.details = []
   def add(self, detail):
        self.details.append(detail)
   def display_details(self):
        for d in self. details:
            print(d)
class Director:
   def __init__(self):
        self._builder = None
   @property
   def builder (self):
        return self . . . builder
   @builder.setter
   def builder(self, builder):
        self . .. builder = builder
   def build_person_details(self):
        self.builder.set_first_name('John')
        self.builder.set_last_name('Doe')
        self.builder.set_email_address('johndoe@gmail.com')
        self.builder.set_phone_number('0271234567')
```

BUILDER PATTERN: IMPLEMENTATION

Custom builder

```
def main():
    director = Director()
    person.builder = PersonBuilder()
    director.builder = person.builder

    print('Person_details:')
    director.build.person_details()
    person.builder.product.display_details()

    print('\nCustom_person_details:')
    person.builder.set.first.name('Jane')
    person.builder.set.last.name('Doe')
    person.builder.product.display_details()

if __name__ = '__main__':
    main()
```

BUILDER PATTERN: APPLICABILITY

- ► Telescopic constructors
- ► Create different representations of the same product
- ► Construct composite trees or other complex objects
- ► Android AlertDialog.Builder

Builder Pattern: Pros

- ► Constructed objects can be step-by-step, defer construction steps or run steps recursively
- ► When building representations of a product, the same construction code can be reused
- ► The construction code is isolated from the business logic

BUILDER PATTERN: CONS

- Overall complexity of the code increases creating multiple new classes is required
- ► The builder classes are required to be mutable
- ► Dependency injection may be less supported

PRACTICAL

- ► Series of tasks covering today's lecture
- ▶ Worth 1% of your final mark for the Programming 4 course
- ► Deadline: Friday, 12 June at 5pm