Statistical Inference Course Project Part 1

Assignment Description

Investigate the exponential distribution in R and compare it with the Central Limit Theorem. The exponential distribution can be simulated in R with rexp(n, lambda) where lambda is the rate parameter. The mean of exponential distribution is 1/lambda and the standard deviation is also 1/lambda. Set lambda = 0.2 for all of the simulations. You will investigate the distribution of averages of 40 exponentials. Note that you will need to do a thousand simulations.

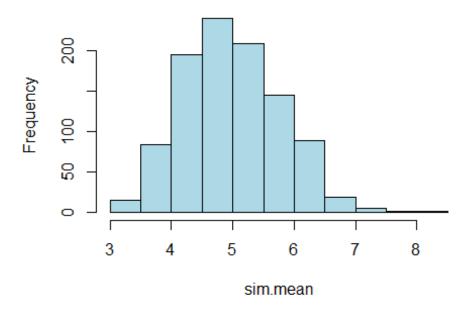
Illustrate via simulation and associated explanatory text the properties of the distribution of the mean of 40 exponentials. You should:

- 1. Show the sample mean and compare it to the theoretical mean of the distribution.
- 2. Show how variable the sample is (via variance) and compare it to the theoretical variance of the distribution.
- 3. Show that the distribution is approximately normal.

Simulation Excercise

```
1.Show the sample mean and compare it to the theoretical mean of the distribution.
set.seed(1)
library(ggplot2)
## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 3.5.2
sim.n<-1000
lambda<-0.2
n<-40
sim.matrix<-matrix(rexp(sim.n*n,rate = lambda),sim.n,40)
sim.mean<-apply(sim.matrix,1,mean)
hist(sim.mean,col="lightblue")</pre>
```

Histogram of sim.mean



```
sample.mn<-mean(sim.mean)
sample.sd<-sd(sim.mean)

theory.mn<-1/lambda
theory.sd<-1/lambda

sample.mn;theory.mn

## [1] 4.990025

## [1] 5</pre>
```

Center of the ditribution made by simulation is 4.990025 whereas theoretical mean is 5 with lambda=0.2. It implies that CLT works well and it generates pretty close estimation.

2. Show how variable the sample is (via variance) and compare it to the theoretical variance of the distribution.

```
sample.var<-var(sim.mean)
theory.var<-(1/lambda)^2/n
sample.var;theory.var
## [1] 0.6177072
## [1] 0.625</pre>
```

Variance based on simulation is 0.6177072 while theoretical variance is 0.625. Both are close enugh.

3. Show that the distribution is approximately normal.

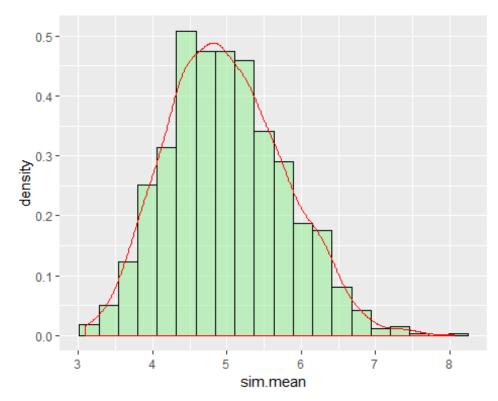
- Density and Histogram
- QQplot

Histogram and Density

```
sim.mean<-as.data.frame(sim.mean)
sim.mean.n<-as.numeric(unlist(sim.mean))

ggplot(sim.mean,aes(x=sim.mean))+

geom_histogram(aes(y=..density..),fill="lightgreen",col="black",alpha=0.5,pos
ition = "dodge",bins = 20)+
    geom_density(aes(y=..density..),col='red',alpha=0.5)</pre>
```



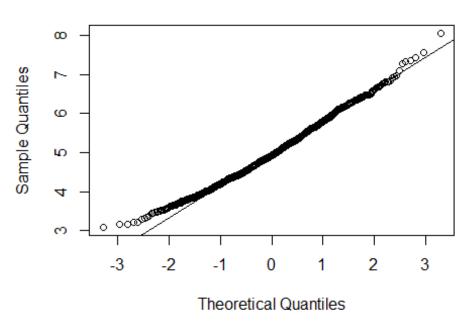
The distribution of

the mean of simulation looks very normally distributed with the mean of 4.9 and the variance of $0.6\,$

QQPlot

```
qqnorm(sim.mean$sim.mean);qqline(sim.mean$sim.mean)
```

Normal Q-Q Plot



Based on the plotted graph, it seems pretty normally distributed since, data points are reasonably closely scattered around the qqline.