Project II

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2023-11-15

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Report

Introduction / Abstract

In this Report, we take a deep dive into the world of customer reviews to uncover trends and insights related to a selected product on Amazon.com. With a foundation of about 500 text-based evaluations, the product that we have carefully picked from a product category of our choosing offers big variety of thoughts and comments.

The R code of the entire process is available as an appendix, revealing the details of our analysis procedure. Additionally, our presentation summarises the most significant discoveries, providing a quick overview of the brand's online presence and consumer attitude. The gathered dataset, in .rda format provides the basis for our investigation and creates a clear picture of the brand's interaction with its clientele.

Our Aims

Our goal is to analyse and extract useful data from the collection of customer reviews. In doing this, we want to provide basic answers that explain the brand's effectiveness and consumer impression.

In order to get a good impression of customer's opinions, we will analyse common and frequent terms that appear in the reviews of this data. We will also explore temporal dimension, tracking indicators as they change over time to provide insights how the product or the opinions evolve over time. We will be examining the tone of the text to determine the emotional undertones that are typical of customer feedback. Finally, we will interpret the subjects that predominate in customer conversations, revealing the problems and elements that are most important to the clientele.

Our ultimate objective is to offer the brand with insights that can be put into practise as we go through these elements. If the brand's goals are a high star rating and happy consumers, our study will help them in archieving that.

Preparation

Before analysing the data, we actually have to get the data. We did this by using a basic webscraper to extract important information on the prodct's review page.

Scraping the Data

To scrape reviews which we can then analyze we start by installing necessary and helpful packages. We could then start with tasks such as HTML parsing and mimicking a browser with a machine.

However, we quickly ran into problems as Amazon makes an effort to prevent scraping, particularly when many pages are being scraped. We started by trying the code with different products and pages, experimenting with different HTML nodes and xpaths. All this was done with the R-package Rvest. In the end, we created custom headers, a random time out to to mimick human behaviour as well as to avoid being "too aggressive" and imitated request headers. We managed to scrape 100 reviews without filtering for specific terms. More reviews where not attainable, since Amazon, as part of their web-scraping prevention, limits the number of pages of reviews to be viewed to 10, and the number of reviews per page also to 10. To increase the dataset size, we filtered for all five possible star ratings and obtained the 100 available reviews per star rating, resulting in a total of 500 (5x100) reviews. However, this comes with the big downside of introducing a bias. We nevertheless

decided to continue as one purpose of this project is to carry out a complete analysis and larger, although biased, dataset allows for intersting insights into the different wordings, sentiments and emotions associated with different star ratings.

We decided to extract information on the title of the reviews, the review content, the review date, whether the review is verified or not, how many people found it helpful, and the star rating. Our dataset thus contains 500 observations with 6 variables.

The variables are the following:

- review title: This is the title of the review
- review text: This is the review itself.
- formatted date: This is the date when the review was published.
- verified: This indicated whether a review is made by an officially verified buyer or not.
- N_helpful: This is the count of people that marked the review as being helpful.
- star_rating_num: This is the score of the review. The maximum is five and minimum is zero. A higher number corresponds to a more positive opinion about the product.

The technical details of the data analysis are provided in the appendix, accompanied by the corresponding R code.

General Analysis

To get an idea of the data we are working with, We want to start by taking a look at some general features of our review data. We will keep this section short as it only serves to get a basic understanding of the data.

Let us start by taking a look at when the reviews were made: The time frame of our reviews spans from 06th of June, 2020, when the first review was published until the 17th of November, 2023, where the most recent one was written. This shows and ensures that we consider reviews in a long time span, considering potential product updates, relaunches and alike.

It is also interesting to get more of an insight into the **general rating behavior**. The **worst rating** is 1 stars, the **highest one** is 5 stars and the **average rating** amounts to 3 stars. This can be shown by using a histogram of the distribution of star ratings. Note that the equal distribution is due to the way our webscraper works.

Another visualization of the **distribution of star ratings** might be helpful to see how the product has performed in general. Thus, we present a histogram:



Figure 1: Distribution of star ratings.

We can also visalize the average star rating across time. This gives us a good guess of how the quality of the product might deteriorate or improve.

Development of Average Star Ratings

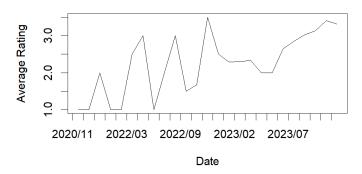


Figure 2: Development of average star ratings over time.

It seems as the average rating improves in the long term, which is a good sign. Let's see if there is any correlation with **the number of reviews published across our time period**.

Also, the average rating seems to improve already after the first reviews and stays relatively constant throughout the time period where reviews were published.

It might also be interesting to take a look at **the number of reviews published across our time period** and see if and how this corresponds to the development of the star ratings.

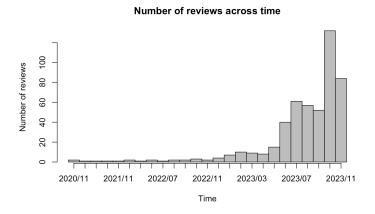


Figure 3: Number of reviews across time.

The plot suggest that most of the reviews were published recently.

When comparing the two plots we can see that overall the review-situation improved over time: Both more reviews and better reviews were published in the long run. Furthermore, we might want to take a look at **helpfulness of the reviews**. We can see that the reviews were rated as helpful by between 0 and 50 people, with an average of 3.47 and a median of 0 as well. This indicates skewedness and strong outliers, so we want to take a closer look:

Distribution of Helpfulness

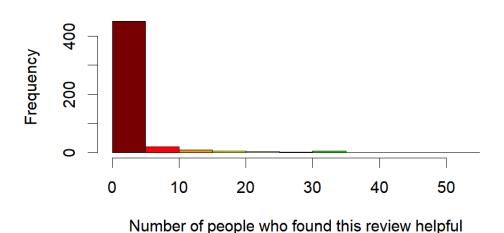


Figure 4: Frequency of helpful reviews.

This supports our hypothesis that the vast majority of reviews are rated as helpful by very few to none people. Only very few people attained over 15 "helpfulness"-votes. We can see the "Winner takes it all" principle at play. Overall a third of the reviews were perceived as helpful, meaning that at least 1 customer rated them as such.

Text Analysis

This section focuses on text analysis, aiming to uncover patterns, relationships, and insights embedded in the textual feedback provided by customers.

To kick off our text analysis, we start by taking a look at review length. We can see that the average length of a review in our dataset is about 70 words. But what might be more interesting is the correlation between the length of a reviews and its rating. The correlation is about -0.3. What this reveals is that long reviews tend to be more negative or that customers who have a negative opinion about a product tend to share more information to explain or complain.

The correlation between the length of a review and its helpfulness is at about 0.63. This leads to the conclusion that longer reviews tend to be rated as more helpful as they for example share more information and details that can be useful for other potential customers.

Now let us dive even deeper into text analysis than merely the word count. Let's have a look at what people actually write in their reviews. To do this, we cleaned the reviews by removing special characters, nubers, punctuation, extra white spaces, common stopwords and reduced all words to their stem. After unsurprisingly seeing words like Phone, iphone, apple as the most frequent, we removed these and constructed a wordcloud (see Figure 5).

This reveals a much more interesting picture. We chose to show all terms that are mentioned at least 5 times in the 100 reviews in the word cloud. The by far biggest and thus most frequently

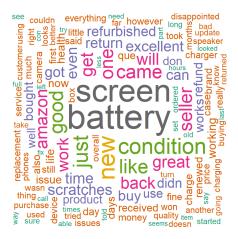


Figure 5: Wordcloud providing an overview concerning the word frequency.

used significant term in reviews is "battery". Additionally screen and scratches as well as condition might be interesting ones to dive into.

Let us now do the same for the titles of the reviews and see if there are differences:



Figure 6: Wordcloud

Since this word cloud is less informative, we will include more words (at lower frequency threshold) and see an overwhelming frequency of very positive terms (good, great, perfect). This is a positive indicator.

Sentiment analysis

Before we dive into applying sentiment analysis on our dataset of reviews, we tried to recall the basics of the Sentiment package and its meaning in R. Essentially sentiment analysis works by differentiating between words depending on the sentiment that is attached to them. This is conducted via dictionaries consisting of lists of positive vs. negative words, or lists of more diverse emotions. Packages such as sentimentr in R work by scanning the text to see if words in the text match with any dictionary entries. The words are then assigned a value (>0 if the word is located on the positive list, <0 if it is on the negative one) - all values are added together and the average sentiment is determined. Important note: The packages take the words before and after a term into account in order to assess its classification. This way valence shifters or negations can be included. Sentiment analysis can be applied in a number of fields and situations. Its use-cases range from social media monitoring, political campaigns, PR to market research.

We now want to start our first computations in the field of sentiment analysis to get a better picture about the general tonality and sentiment of the reviews we are examining. In this we will differentiate between title and text, look at the correlation between them and their general behavior.

The computations reveal that in the review texts, sentiment ranges from -0.54 to 1.42 and averages at around 0.25. For the titles, the lowest sentiment is -1.44, the highest is 1.23 and the average is around 0.35. Both average sentiments are positive, which is good news for the product. Anything else would be highly unusual since the sentiment should correspond to star ratings and since there are no significant bad ratings, this would need further investigation. We also prove that the sentiment of title and review text are correlated since the p-value is extremely low.

Now, similar to the way we wanted to check if the rating behavior changed over time we want to take a look at the **development of sentiment over time**:

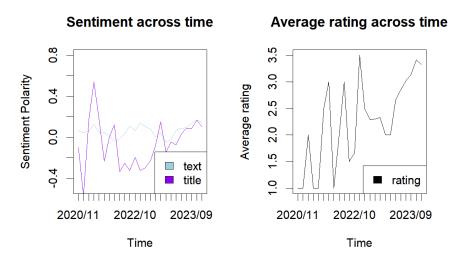


Figure 7: Sentiments

When comparing the plots of how sentiment (in both title and text) developed, we can see a clear correlation with average rating. This is good to see as it confirms that users who put a better rating put more positive emotions into the review.

Let us now analyse how sentiment and other variables interact in more detail:

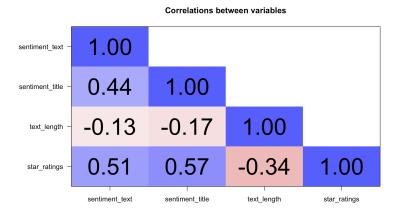


Figure 8: Corplot

In this correlation plot or matrix we can see a rather strong positive correlation between sentiment in title and sentiment in text - this we have already found out. Additionally we can see slight negative correlations between text length and sentiment. This further supports our findings that longer reviews will have a worse rating. Star ratings thus negatively correlate with text length, but are positively impacted by the sentiment score. All in all, we are glad to see this as it confirms our previous assumptions.

Emotion Analysis

With emotion analysis we aim to get more detailed insights into the emotions that are expressed in reviews by differentiating not only between positively and negatively connotated terms, but a more developed spectrum of emotions. As a basis, Plutchik's wheel of emotion is used.

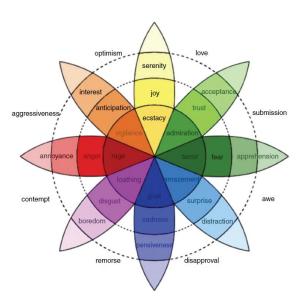


Figure 9: Wheel of Emotion

In order to obtain insights into the emotions in the review texts, we categorize the extracted emotions into the categories of the Wheel of Emotion and examine the degree of average emotion.

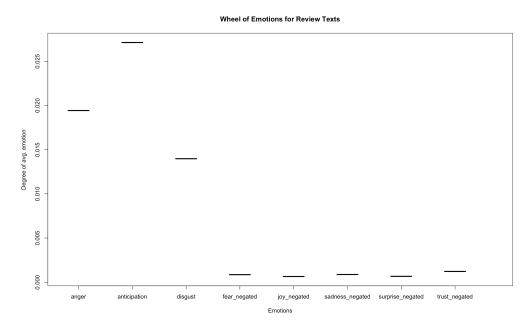


Figure 10: Categorization of review text according to Wheel of Emomotion.

Furthermore, in order to determine the relevance of the individual emotions, we examine their prevelance among the review texts:

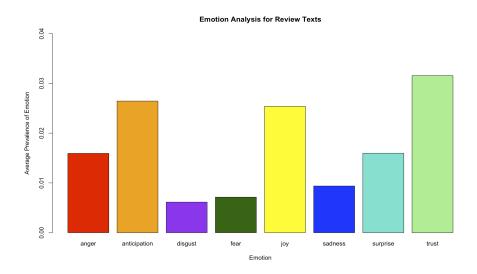


Figure 11: Prevelance of emotions.

The barchart above shows the determined prevalence of the individual emotions. The higher the bar, the higher the relevance of the corresponding emotion. Based on the plot, we can infer the most dominant emotions in the review texts: the latter are anticipation (orange bar), joy (yellow bar) and trust (light green bar). However, also anger plays an important role in the reviews as well as the emotion of surprise.

To increase our understanding of the emotions expressed in the reviews, we chose to examine the correlation between the individual emotions to uncover possible connections and insights into how the different emotions might go hand in hand with another in the reviews we are examining. The therefore obtained results are shown in a correlation matrix.

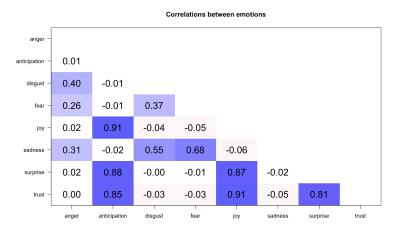


Figure 12: Correlation among different emotions.

The results reveal a high positive correlation between joy and anticipation, joy and trust, anticipation and surprise and trust as well as between surprise and anticipation. No noteworthy negative correlation among emotions seems to be present.

Topic Analysis

After getting a feel for the sentiment and emotions present in the reviews for our production under examination, we next set out to analyse the topic of the individual reviews, trying to identify the latent topics among them and to determine what people are talking about. To do this efficiently, we will make us of topic modelling, which refers to methods that aim to identify topics inside a text corpus.

In our case, we use Latent Dirichlet Allocation (LDA), which is a popular probabilistic model in topic modelling. LDA assumes that documents are a mixture of topics and that each word in a document can be attributed to one of the document's topics. To identify latent topics, the model analyses the distribution of words across a collection fo documents.

Process-wise after pre-processing, a document term matrix is created, the number of topics to differentiate between is decided upon, we then check for convergence, estimate the model & can then interpret our findings. The number of topics, which is a key hyperparameter for LDA models, was determined semi-automatically, testing different combinations and choosing the model with the lowest Akaike Information Criterion (AIC). The results suggested that three topics are the optimal choice in our case. (*Note: The detailed procedure can be found in the Appendix.*)

Applying our LDA model, with the number of topics to be determined to three, we identified the following topics:

- Quality: People seem to be talking about the quality of the product and the purchasing process. Words like "good", "work" and "excel" are associated with it.
- Hardware: In this case, people seem to be talking about technical aspects, mentioning words "battery", "scratch" and "speaker".

• Value: For this topic, people seem to be addressing the value of the purchased product, which is in our case a refurbished/renewed product. Mentiong word like "great", "new", "life", "condit" and "worth".

Lastly, we examine the relative importance of the individual topics in our review, which is shown in the chart.

Topic importances

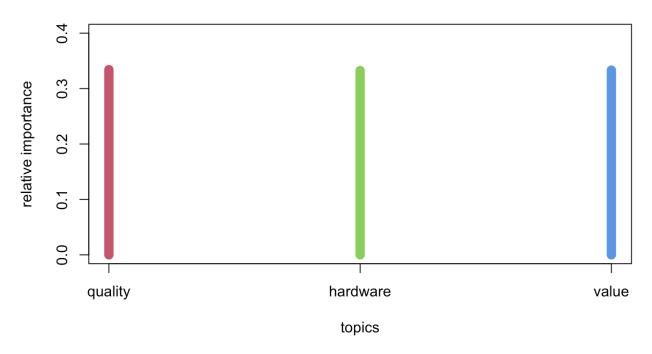


Figure 13: Relevance of individual topics.

Interestingly, all identified topics seem to have the same average relative importance. It is also worth to note that the lowest relative importance that a topic has in our entire dataset was 0.28 (for the topic "quality") and the maximum value was .39 for "hardware". The 1st quantile is .32 for all topics, and "quality" has the highest 3rd quantile value at under .35. This means that all three topics are approximately evenly present in the overwhelming reviews, and therefore are not suitable predictors for star rating.

However, one must critically note that this could also be the case due to the dataset generation process and the hereby introduced bias. Further analysis and more data would be necessary to achieve a clear differentiation.

Modeling approaches

After conducting the above analyses, we move on to modeling the star ratings of our product using different features that we have derived in the previous chapters. Our aim with the modeling is to better understand which factors are a significant predictor of ratings.

Star rating As our first target variable is star rating, for which we build linear regression models. In our first model, we used date as the only predictor, and found that there is only a significant difference in ratings in October compared to our baseline of January, with an increase of 1.06 from 2.29.

Next, we used review length as a predictor and found that it negatively impacts ratings with a statistical significance. We kept review length as a predictor in all of our following models.

Afterwards, we found that a higher sentiment score of both the review text and title has a significant, positive effect on ratings.

Next, we looked at emotion: out of the eight emotions, only joy and disgust deemed significant, unsurprisingly with the former having a positive and the latter having a negative effect on ratings. However, with the combination of sentiment scores and emotions, both the title and text sentiments were significant, but none of the emotions.

Adding back dates to the previous model, we find that none of them are significant. We therefore arrived at the conclusion that the best combination of predictors to use are the sentiment scores and review length. To validate this claim, we looked at AIC scores and found that this model had the lowest value, out of the ones created.

However, with stepwise variable selection we could slightly reduce AIC further. This model added the emotions of anticipation, fear and joy to our simplified model. Our model of choice therefore is:

Coefficients:

```
Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept)
                                3.0743044
                                           0.0740881
                                                      41.495
ave_emotion.anticipation
                               -3.3261650
                                           1.6400355
                                                      -2.028
                                                                0.0431 *
ave_emotion.fear
                               -5.7474302
                                           3.3109845
                                                      -1.736
                                                                0.0832 .
ave_emotion.joy
                                2.9548995
                                           1.7392872
                                                       1.699
                                                                0.0900
sentiment_title$ave_sentiment
                               1.3217669
                                                      10.546
                                                              < 2e-16 ***
                                           0.1253352
sentiment_text$ave_sentiment
                               1.6223956
                                           0.2164607
                                                       7.495 3.10e-13 ***
                                           0.0006143
                                                      -6.563 1.34e-10 ***
review_length
                              -0.0040314
                0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Signif. codes:
Residual standard error: 1.037 on 493 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.4698,
                                Adjusted R-squared:
F-statistic: 72.8 on 6 and 493 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

Figure 14: Best linear model

Other models Afterwards, we used logistic regression models to predict whether a review will yield 5 stars. We have found that besides the above mentioned predictors, surprise was also significant, negatively impacting the odds of a five star review. No other emotions were significant. To this, by adding the dates as well we reached a model including all our variables. Although no predictors were significant besides the sentiment scores, AIC favoured the full model. Using stepwise variable selection, we excluded some emotions except anger, joy and surprise, further lowering AIC.

For the prediction of whether at least 10 people will find a review helpful, only review length showed to be significant. As opposed to the ratings, sentiment score did not hold predictive power. Using

stepwise variable selection, we landed on a model that had included review length and title sentiment only.

Summary

Overall, this report presents a comprehensive analysis of customer reviews for a selected product on Amazon.com, with the focus of extracting valuable insights to help the brand achieving high star ratings to staisfy customers. The chosen dataset consists of 500 text-based reviews, collected through web scraping and filtering for different star ratings.

Although getting into challenges and not being able to scrape the entire product page, we managed to carefully analyzed a big variety of reviews with mixed emotions, topics and ratings. On a general level, we found out the following:

- Reviews span from June 6, 2020, to November 17, 2023, showing a long-time perspective.
- Average star rating is 3, with a histogram showing an equal distribution due to the web scraping method.
- Improvement in average rating over time, with an increase in both the number and quality of reviews.
- Seasonality observed in the number of reviews, with an overall increasing trend

In regard to text analysis, we saw that the term "battery" is used most frequently, indicating that people talk about this often, making it crucial for the company to adress various batter related topics. A Sentiment analysis shows positive sentiments in both titles and review texts. These have a correlation to star ratings. Emotion analysis identifies dominant emotions as anticipation, joy, trust, anger, and surprise.

We also employed a Latent Dirichlet Allocation (LDA) to identify three topics: Quality, Hardware, and Value. All topics are evenly present in reviews, but not significant predictors for star ratings. Similarly to the most frequently used terms, this shows what the company should focus as these topics are highly discussed in the reviews.

Finally, we applied linear regression using predictors such as date, review length, sentiment, and emotions to predict star rating. We decided to use sentiment scores, review length as well as anticipation, fear and joy as predictors as these give us the best model fit to predict star ratings.

Appendix

The appendix contains the technical analysis of the available data, including all the corresponding R-code. For the analysis we used the following R-packages:

Scraping the data

To scrape reviews which we can then analyze we start by installing necessary / helpful packages:

```
if (!require("pacman")) install.packages("pacman")
pacman::p load(rvest,
               polite,
               tidyr,
               dplyr,
               ggplot2,
               tibble,
               purrr)
library(tidyverse)
library(rvest)
library(vctrs)
library(tm)
library(SnowballC)
library(wordcloud)
library(RColorBrewer)
library(ggplot2)
library(udpipe)
library(sentimentr)
library(textcat)
library(pscl)
library(topicmodels)
library(psych)
```

Next up, we start our web-scraping to read information from a chosen website. Here we faced two major difficulties: Amazon blocks attempts of webscraping when iterated over numerous pages to avoid bots - this we countered by making the request with customer headers. Additionally, however - and we did not find a solution to this - only 100 reviews can be obtained via this code since to see further requests Amazon allows only searches for certain terms. Although we could have implemented some terms to search for and add the reviews to our dataset, we did not think that this is a proper solution. Thus we went with only 100 reviews to start with.

```
# Set parameters for scraping reviews
n_reviews <- 100
reviews_per_page <- 10
iters <- ceiling(n_reviews/reviews_per_page)

# Set the base and additional URL parameters
url_p1 <- "https://www.amazon.com/Apple-iPhone-11-128GB-Black/product-reviews/
B07ZPKR714/ref=cm_cr_getr_d_paging_btm_"
url_p2 <- "?ie=UTF8&reviewerType=all_reviews&pageNumber="</pre>
```

```
url_p3 <- "&filterByStar="</pre>
filters <- c("five_star", "four_star", "three_star", "two_star", "one star")</pre>
# Initialize an empty data frame to store all reviews
reviews_all <- data.frame(NULL)</pre>
reviews_scraped <- data.frame(NULL)</pre>
# Set a seed for reproducibility
set.seed(1479)
# Loop through the iterations to scrape reviews
for (filter in filters) {
  for (i in 1:iters) {
    # Construct the URL for each iteration
    url <- paste0(url_p1, ifelse(i == 1, "prev_1", paste0("next_", i)), url_p2,</pre>
                  i, url_p3, filter)
    # Set custom headers to mimic a browser request
    headers <- c(
      'User-Agent' = 'Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36
      (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/91.0.4472.124 Safari/537.36',
      'Accept' = 'text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,
      image/webp,image/apng,*/*;q=0.8'
     # Add more headers as needed
    # Make the request with custom headers
    response <- httr::GET(url, httr::add_headers(.headers=headers))</pre>
    # Check if the request was successful (status code 200)
    if (httr::status_code(response) == 200) {
      # Read the HTML content of the page
      page <- read_html(content(response, "text"))</pre>
      # Extract Body of 10 reviews per page
      page <- page %>%
        html elements(
          xpath = "/html/body/div[1]/div[2]/div/div[1]/div[5]
          /div[3]/div")
      # Extract review information from the page
      ## Review Title
      review_title <- page %>%
        html_elements(xpath = "//*[@data-hook='review-title']/span[2]") %>%
        html_text() %>%
        str_trim() %>%
```

```
str remove all("<.*?>") %>%
  str_replace_all("\\s+", " ")
## Review Text
review_text <- page %>%
  html_elements(xpath = "//*[@data-hook='review-body']") %>%
  html_text() %>%
  str_trim() %>%
  str_remove_all("<.*?>") %>%
  str_replace_all("\\s+", " ")
## Review Star Ratings
star_ratings <- page %>%
  html_elements(xpath = "//*[@data-hook='review-star-rating']") %>%
  html_text()
## Review Dates
review_dates <- page %>%
  html_elements(xpath = "//*[@data-hook='review-date']") %>%
  html text()
## Review Verified Purchase
reviews <- html_elements(page, xpath = "//*[@data-hook='review']")
review_verified <- data.frame(Verified = rep(FALSE, length(reviews)))</pre>
j <- 1
for (element in reviews)
{if (str_detect(str_squish(html_text(element)),
                fixed("Verified Purchase"))) {
  review_verified[j, ] <- TRUE</pre>
  j <- j+1}
## Review n-helpful
review_n_helpful <- data.frame(N_helpful = rep(NA, length(reviews)))
k <- 1
for (element in reviews) {
  review_helpful <- element %>%
    html_text()
  # Define the pattern to match
  pattern <- "((?:\\d+|One) person|\\d+ people) found this helpful"</pre>
  match_result <- str_match(review_helpful, pattern)</pre>
  if (!is.na(match_result[1, 2])) {
    n_helpful <- match_result[1, 2]</pre>
    if (n_helpful == "One person") {
      review_n_helpful[k, ] <- 1
    } else {
      pattern_2 <- "\\b\\d+\\b"</pre>
```

```
extracted_number <- str_extract(n_helpful, pattern_2)</pre>
            review_n_helpful[k, ] <- as.numeric(extracted_number)</pre>
          }
        }
        k \leftarrow k + 1
      }
      # Use str_match on the vector review_dates
      dates <- str_match(review_dates, "on ([[:alpha:]]+ [0-9]+, [0-9]+)")[, 2]
      # Convert the extracted dates to a standard date format
      formatted_dates <- as.Date(dates, format = "%B %d, %Y", locale = "en")</pre>
      # Convert the star ratings to numeric
      pattern star \leftarrow "([0-9]+\\.[0-9]+) out of 5 stars"
      match_result_star <- str_match(star_ratings, pattern_star)[, 2]</pre>
      star_rating_num <- as.numeric(match_result_star)</pre>
      # Create a data frame with the extracted information
      reviews_comb <- data.frame(review_title, review_text, formatted_dates,
                                   review_verified, review_n_helpful,
                                   star rating num)
      # Append reviews to the data frame
      reviews_all <- rbind(reviews_all, reviews_comb)</pre>
    } else {
      # Print a warning if the request fails
      warning(paste("Request failed with status code:",
                     httr::status_code(response)))
    }
    reviews_scraped <- rbind(reviews_all)</pre>
    # Add a random timeout to avoid being too aggressive
    timeout <- runif(1, 5, 10)</pre>
    Sys.sleep(timeout)
    print(paste0(filter, " reviews: iteration ", i, "/", iters, " completed."))
 }
}
save(reviews_scraped, file="Reviews_Scraped_500_v2.rda")
```

Now let us take a look at the dataframe that we have created via the code chunk above and the structure that we are working with:

```
load("reviews_scraped_500_v2.rda")
str(reviews_scraped)
```

'data.frame': 500 obs. of 6 variables:

```
## $ review_title : chr "Looks brand new and I love it! iPhone 6 to 11" "Surprisingly a go"
## $ review_text : chr "My iPhone 6 died and was only iOS 10 so it was time to get a new j
## $ formatted_dates: Date, format: "2023-10-25" "2023-10-23" ...
## $ Verified : logi TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE ...
## $ N_helpful : num 9 19 3 3 3 2 1 5 1 NA ...
## $ star_rating_num: num 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 ...
```

Our dataframe consists of 500 observations (maximum number of reviews that can be scraped using our algorithm and not specific search words for Amazon) and 6 features. The features are the title of the review (character), the text of the review (character), the date the review was published (Date), whether it was a verified customer or not (TRUE / FALSE), the number of people that found it helpful and the number of stars the product was rated (both numeric).

In the following steps we will analyze these 500 reviews and their content.

General analysis

We want to start by taking a look at some general features of our review data to get a better understanding of the reviews in general.

Let us start by taking a look at when the reviews were made:

```
min(reviews_scraped$formatted_dates)

## [1] "2020-11-06"

max(reviews_scraped$formatted_dates)
```

```
## [1] "2023-11-17"
```

The time frame of our reviews spans from 06th of November, 2020, when the first review was published until the 17th of November, where the most recent one was made.

Additionally, let's check who made the reviewers, or to be exact: was the reviewer a verified buyer or not?

```
table(reviews_scraped$Verified)

##
TRUE
## 500
```

This reveals that all 500 reviews were made by verified buyers, thus we can neglect this column.

What might be interesting is to have more of an insight into the **general rating behavior**. Since we have, already when scraping, turned the star rating into a numerical variable the following steps can be done quite easily:

```
min(reviews_scraped$star_rating_num)

## [1] 1

mean(reviews_scraped$star_rating_num)

## [1] 3
```

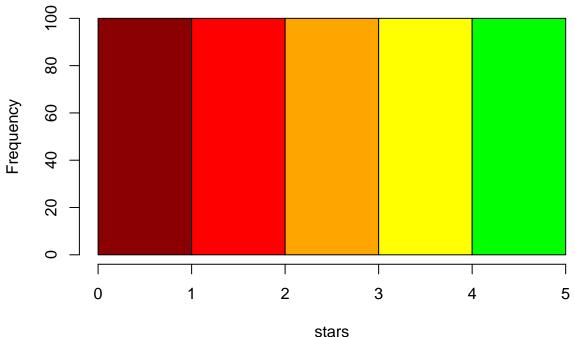
```
max(reviews_scraped$star_rating_num)
```

```
## [1] 5
```

The worst rating is 1 stars, the highest one is 5 stars and the average rating amounts to 3 stars. This is due to how we scraped the data.

Another visualization of the **distribution of star ratings** might be helpful to see how the product has performed in general. Thus, here we present a histogram:

Distribution of Star Ratings



can also see the bias introduced to the data due to the scraping method.

Here we

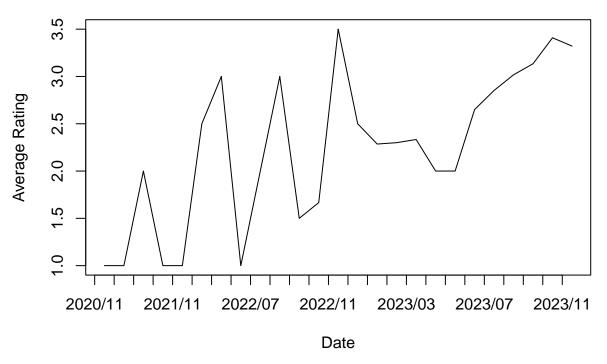
It might be also interesting to **reviews have changed over time**. For this we first summarize months.

```
dates <-strftime(reviews_scraped$formatted_dates, "%Y/%m")
```

Now we want to check whether the average rating has improved or deteriorated over time.

```
#plot rating distribution across time
plottingstars <- aggregate(reviews_scraped$star_rating_num ~ dates, FUN = mean)
plot(plottingstars[,2],type="l" ,xlab="Date",xaxt="n",ylab="Average Rating"
          ,main="Development of Average Star Ratings")
axis(side=1,at=1:nrow(plottingstars)-0.5,
          labels=plottingstars[1:nrow(plottingstars),1])</pre>
```

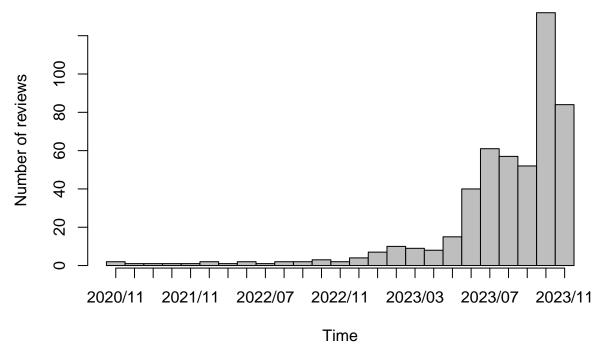
Development of Average Star Ratings



It seems as the average rating oscillated between Nov 2020 and Dec 2022, then shows a downwards trend until May 2023, after which it increases until the end of our time period.

It might also be interesting to take a look at **the number of reviews published across our time period** and see if and how this corresponds to the development of the star ratings.

Number of reviews across time



As the plot suggests, our dataset contains mostly recent reviews.

Furthermore, we might want to take a look at **helpfulness of the reviews**. For this we start off with simply wanting to know how the reviews were distributed in this aspect.

```
reviews_scraped$N_helpful[is.na(reviews_scraped$N_helpful)] <- 0
min(reviews_scraped$N_helpful)

## [1] 0
mean(reviews_scraped$N_helpful)

## [1] 2.088
median(reviews_scraped$N_helpful)

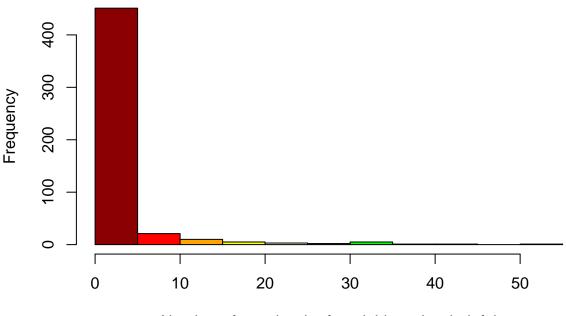
## [1] 0
max(reviews_scraped$N_helpful)</pre>
```

[1] 51

We can see that the reviews were rated as helpful by between 0 and 51 people, with an average of 2.088 and a median of 0 as well. This indicates skewedness and strong outliers, so we want to take a closer look.

```
xlab="Number of people who found this review helpful", col=cols,
breaks = seq(0, 55, by=5))
```

Distribution of Helpfulness



Number of people who found this review helpful

This supports our hypothesis that the vast majority of reviews are rated as helpful by very few to no people. Only very few people attained over 15 "helpfulness"-votes.

This comes down to the following general helpfulness of reviews:

```
dim(reviews_scraped[reviews_scraped$N_helpful>0,])[1]/dim(reviews_scraped)[1]
```

[1] 0.354

Overall a third of the reviews were perceived as helpful, meaning that at least 1 customer rated them as such.

Text Analysis

Now that we have taken a look at the ratings and developments over time of our reviews, let us dive deeper into **what the reviews actually say**:

In order to do some text analysis, we must first do some pre-processing of the reviews.

Let us start by looking at **how long the review texts are**:

```
#count the number of strings = number of words
reviews_scraped$review_length <- sapply(reviews_scraped$review_text_2, length)
print(reviews_scraped$review_length)</pre>
```

```
##
      [1]
          370 301 222 117
                                95 136
                                         69
                                             153
                                                   58
                                                        48
                                                             71
                                                                  30
                                                                       39
                                                                            22
                                                                                 39
                                                                                      51
                                                                                           22
                                                                                                41
##
     [19]
            40
                 35
                      49
                           23
                                20
                                    50
                                         53
                                              78
                                                   19
                                                       273
                                                              5
                                                                  14
                                                                            67
                                                                                 48
                                                                                      24
                                                                                           18
                                                                                                48
                                                                       13
                                                    7
##
     [37]
             2
                  1
                       0
                            8
                                 1
                                     12
                                           7
                                               7
                                                         6
                                                              7
                                                                  21
                                                                       16
                                                                            10
                                                                                  3
                                                                                       3
                                                                                            4
                                                                                                 3
                                                                   2
##
     [55]
            14
                 65
                      14
                           59
                                50
                                     11
                                         17
                                              11
                                                     4
                                                        23
                                                             84
                                                                       16
                                                                            52
                                                                                 25
                                                                                      34
                                                                                            3
                                                                                                10
##
     [73]
            93
                 63
                      59
                           10
                                17
                                    29
                                         12
                                              11 198
                                                         7
                                                              4
                                                                  11
                                                                       16
                                                                            17
                                                                                  6
                                                                                       5
                                                                                           16
                                                                                                 3
     [91]
             3
                            2
                                 2
                                    42
                                         22
                                                        27 422 197
                                                                          192 339
##
                 17
                      11
                                              13
                                                     1
                                                                       78
                                                                                      39
                                                                                           57
                                                                                                76
##
   [109]
            67
                 15
                      10 185
                                36
                                    17
                                         17
                                              15
                                                    8
                                                        11
                                                             67
                                                                  42
                                                                       25
                                                                            74
                                                                                 22
                                                                                      64
                                                                                           60
                                                                                                31
                                         20
   [127]
                                84
                                    63
                                                   10
                                                        45
                                                             53 126
                                                                                 29
                                                                                                52
##
            12
                 26
                       2
                           12
                                              16
                                                                       55
                                                                             3
                                                                                      11
                                                                                           15
   [145]
                           50
                                54
                                      5
                                                        12
                                                                  21
                                                                                 54
                                                                                      85
##
            41 100
                      15
                                         11
                                              66 176
                                                             80
                                                                       77 232
                                                                                           50
                                                                                                13
##
   [163]
            21
                 22
                       8
                            5
                                12
                                     15
                                         56
                                             100
                                                   28
                                                         9
                                                             27
                                                                 131
                                                                       31
                                                                            62
                                                                                 16
                                                                                       4
                                                                                         166
                                                                                                 2
   [181]
                                                   25
                                                             24
                                                                  60
                                                                            32
                                                                                      25
          211
                 10
                      13
                           17
                                69
                                     44
                                         65
                                              39
                                                        48
                                                                        1
                                                                                  6
                                                                                           37
                                                                                                 4
##
   [199]
             5 103 220
                         390
                              169
                                    50
                                         37
                                              88
                                                   32
                                                        79
                                                             27
                                                                  26
                                                                       24
                                                                            76
                                                                                 23
                                                                                      24
                                                                                           66
                                                                                                26
   [217]
                 19
                      65
                                    36
                                         31
                                              27
                                                   30
                                                        24
                                                             22 293
                                                                       27
                                                                            21
                                                                                    125
                                                                                                47
##
            22
                           16
                                 8
                                                                                 61
                                                                                           10
## [235]
            83
                 12 102
                           37
                                 5
                                    54
                                         92
                                                4
                                                   61
                                                        47
                                                              4
                                                                  84
                                                                      248
                                                                            26 181
                                                                                      45
                                                                                           17
                                                                                                95
##
   [253]
            42
                 52 108
                           34
                                21
                                    51
                                           7
                                              42
                                                  112 105
                                                             10
                                                                  64
                                                                       31
                                                                            43
                                                                                 56
                                                                                      67
                                                                                           48
                                                                                                15
##
   [271]
            40
                 42 175
                           25
                                12
                                    31 145
                                              86
                                                   65
                                                      140 132 116
                                                                       65
                                                                            32 112
                                                                                      67
                                                                                            1
                                                                                                34
   [289] 200
                                23
                 25 187 115
                                     11
                                         31
                                              11
                                                   30
                                                        17
                                                             22
                                                                  59
                                                                      138
                                                                          244
                                                                                 92 110
                                                                                           69
                                                                                                60
##
   [307]
            55 285
                      53
                           52
                                43
                                     64
                                         64
                                             209
                                                   56
                                                        33 136
                                                                  30
                                                                       48
                                                                            29
                                                                                 44 113
                                                                                           19
                                                                                                55
   [325]
##
            21
                 14
                      52
                           57
                              105
                                    25
                                         47
                                              41
                                                   42
                                                       150 133
                                                                  39
                                                                       39
                                                                            69
                                                                                 40
                                                                                      34
                                                                                           14
                                                                                                14
   [343]
            80
                 80
                      53
                           91
                                52
                                    77
                                         66
                                              65
                                                  184
                                                        21
                                                             82
                                                                  42
                                                                       22
                                                                            40
                                                                                 82
                                                                                      29
                                                                                           17 174
   [361]
                 78
                           44
                                10
                                    43
                                         22
                                                8
                                                   29
                                                        10
                                                             21
                                                                  49
                                                                       82
                                                                            62
                                                                                 59
                                                                                      20
##
            20
                      25
                                                                                           83
                                                                                                16
   [379]
          137
                 49 168
                           59
                                 7
                                    27
                                         21 134
                                                   65
                                                        19
                                                             50
                                                                   9
                                                                       86
                                                                            18
                                                                                 72 183
                                                                                           77
                                                                                                37
   [397]
            73
                      29
                           61 507 325 347
                                             256 385 313 267 205
                                                                     189
                                                                          272
                                                                               374
                                                                                    144 244
                                                                                              288
##
                 44
   [415] 133 115 164
                              202 227
                                        126 323 183
                                                                                      76
                         108
                                                       266
                                                             82
                                                                  84
                                                                      201 159
                                                                                 80
                                                                                           94
                                                                                              171
   [433]
            90
                 70
                      66
                           87
                                57
                                     62 274
                                             160
                                                  307
                                                        84 176
                                                                  86
                                                                       52
                                                                            47
                                                                               163
                                                                                      50
                                                                                           51
                                                                                                60
   [451]
                                    39
                                                                       35
                                                                            72
                                                                                      32
##
            47
                 45
                      43
                           42
                                41
                                         45
                                             168
                                                   42
                                                        38
                                                            212
                                                                  35
                                                                               192
                                                                                           66
                                                                                              204
   [469]
           167 121
                      66
                           66
                                64
                                     36
                                         63
                                              64
                                                   62
                                                        81
                                                             58
                                                                 103
                                                                       57
                                                                            33
                                                                                 53 280
                                                                                           48
                                                                                                28
## [487]
            31 174
                      96 210 111
                                    46
                                         48 105
                                                   29
                                                        27
                                                             28
                                                                  86
                                                                            27
```

Given this, we can for example now check the average length of reviews:

```
mean(reviews_scraped$review_length)
```

[1] 70.392

We find out that the average review text is around 70 words long.

What might be more interesting is to see if there is some **correlation between the length of a reviews and its rating**:

```
correlation <- cor(reviews_scraped$review_length, reviews_scraped$star_rating_num)
correlation</pre>
```

[1] -0.3355965

The correlation is -0.335. What this reveals is that long reviews tend to be more negative or that customers who have a negative opinion about a product tend to share more information to explain

or complain. This however is a weak correlation.

Let's see if there is some correlation between the length of a review and its helpfulness:

```
correlation <- cor(reviews_scraped$review_length, reviews_scraped$N_helpful)
correlation</pre>
```

```
## [1] 0.6302964
```

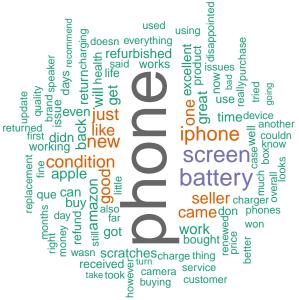
documents

The correlation is at 0.63. This leads to the conclusion that longer reviews tend to be rated as more helpful as they for example share more information and details that can be useful for other potential customers.

Now let us dive even deeper into text analysis than merely the word count. Let's have a look at what people actually write in their reviews.

```
# we start by loading in our text data as a "corpus"
TextDoc <- Corpus(VectorSource((reviews_scraped$review_text_2)))</pre>
#Replacing "/", "@" and "/" with space
toSpace <- content_transformer(function (x , pattern ) gsub(pattern, " ", x))</pre>
TextDoc <- tm_map(TextDoc, toSpace, "/")</pre>
## Warning in tm_map.SimpleCorpus(TextDoc, toSpace, "/"): transformation drops
## documents
TextDoc <- tm_map(TextDoc, toSpace, "0")</pre>
## Warning in tm_map.SimpleCorpus(TextDoc, toSpace, "@"): transformation drops
## documents
TextDoc <- tm_map(TextDoc, toSpace, "\\|")</pre>
## Warning in tm_map.SimpleCorpus(TextDoc, toSpace, "\\|"): transformation drops
## documents
# Convert the text to lower case
TextDoc <- tm_map(TextDoc, content_transformer(tolower))</pre>
## Warning in tm_map.SimpleCorpus(TextDoc, content_transformer(tolower)):
## transformation drops documents
# Remove numbers
TextDoc <- tm_map(TextDoc, removeNumbers)</pre>
## Warning in tm map.SimpleCorpus(TextDoc, removeNumbers): transformation drops
## documents
# Eliminate extra white spaces
TextDoc <- tm_map(TextDoc, stripWhitespace)</pre>
## Warning in tm_map.SimpleCorpus(TextDoc, stripWhitespace): transformation drops
```

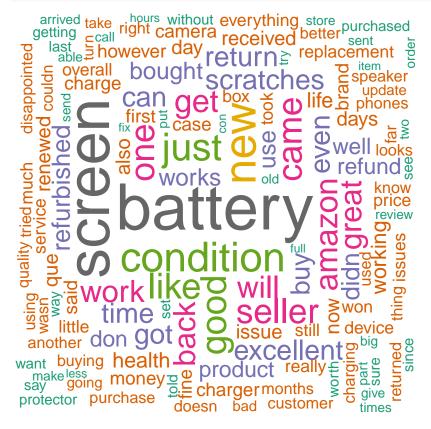
```
# Remove English common stopwords
TextDoc <- tm_map(TextDoc, removeWords, stopwords("english"))</pre>
## Warning in tm map.SimpleCorpus(TextDoc, removeWords, stopwords("english")):
## transformation drops documents
# Text stemming - which reduces words to their root form
TextDoc <- tm_map(TextDoc, stemDocument)</pre>
## Warning in tm_map.SimpleCorpus(TextDoc, stemDocument): transformation drops
## documents
# Remove all punctuation
TextDoc <- tm_map(TextDoc, removePunctuation)</pre>
## Warning in tm_map.SimpleCorpus(TextDoc, removePunctuation): transformation
## drops documents
# we continue to now build a term-document matrix
TextDoc_tdm <- TermDocumentMatrix(TextDoc)</pre>
tdm m <- as.matrix(TextDoc tdm)</pre>
# we sort the terms by decreasing frequency
tdm_v <- sort(rowSums(tdm_m),decreasing=TRUE)</pre>
tdm_d <- data.frame(word = names(tdm_v),freq=tdm_v)
# with these steps accomplished we can now build a word cloud
set.seed(1234)
wordcloud(words = tdm_d$word, freq = tdm_d$freq, min.freq = 5,
          max.words=100, random.order=FALSE, rot.per=0.40,
          colors=brewer.pal(8, "Dark2"))
```



Words such as "iphone", "phone" or "apple" do not surprise us as being frequently used since they refer to product name and brand. If we want to make room for new revelations, we can remove

them.

Therefore we will make further alterations to remove chosen words such as the product name itself this wors via custom stop words:



This reveals a much more interesting picture. We chose that all terms that are mentioned at least 5 times in the 500 reviews are shown in the word cloud. The by far biggest and thus most frequently used significant term in reviews is "battery". Additionally screen and scratches as well as condition might be interesting ones to dive into.

Let us now do the same for the titles of the reviews and see if there are differences:

```
# we start by loading in our text data as a "corpus"
TextDoc <- Corpus(VectorSource((reviews_scraped$review_title)))</pre>
#Replacing "/", "@" and "/" with space
toSpace <- content_transformer(function (x , pattern ) gsub(pattern, " ", x))</pre>
TextDoc <- tm_map(TextDoc, toSpace, "/")</pre>
TextDoc <- tm_map(TextDoc, toSpace, "@")</pre>
TextDoc <- tm map(TextDoc, toSpace, "\\\")</pre>
# Convert the text to lower case
TextDoc <- tm map(TextDoc, content transformer(tolower))</pre>
# Remove numbers
TextDoc <- tm map(TextDoc, removeNumbers)</pre>
# Eliminate extra white spaces
TextDoc <- tm_map(TextDoc, stripWhitespace)</pre>
# Remove german common stopwords
TextDoc <- tm_map(TextDoc, removeWords, stopwords("english"))</pre>
# Text stemming - which reduces words to their root form
TextDoc <- tm_map(TextDoc, stemDocument)</pre>
# Remove all punctuation
TextDoc <- tm_map(TextDoc, removePunctuation)</pre>
# specify your custom stopwords as a character vector
TextDoc <- tm_map(TextDoc, removeWords, c("iphone", "phone", "apple"))</pre>
# Build a term-document matrix
TextDoc tdm <- TermDocumentMatrix(TextDoc)</pre>
tdm_m <- as.matrix(TextDoc_tdm)</pre>
# Sort by decreasing value of frequency
tdm_v <- sort(rowSums(tdm_m),decreasing=TRUE)</pre>
tdm_d <- data.frame(word = names(tdm_v),freq=tdm_v)</pre>
# with these steps accomplished we can now build a word cloud
set.seed(1234)
wordcloud(words = tdm_d$word, freq = tdm_d$freq, min.freq = 2,
          max.words=100, random.order=FALSE, rot.per=0.40,
          colors=brewer.pal(8, "Dark2"))
```



Since this word cloud is less informative, we will include more words (at lower frequency threshold) and see an overwhelming frequency of very positive terms (good, grate, perfect). This is a positive indicator.

Sentiment analysis

Before we dive into applying sentiment analysis on our dataset of reviews, we tried to recall the basics of the Sentiment package and its meaning in R. Essentially sentiment analysis works by differentiating between words depending on the sentiment that is attached to them. This is conducted via dictionaries consisting of lists of positive vs. negative words, or lists of more diverse emotions. Packages such as sentimentr in R work by scanning the text to see if words in the text match with any dictionary entries. The words are then assigned a value (>0 if the word is located on the positive list, <0 if it is on the negative one) - all values are added together and the average sentiment is determined. Important note: The packages to take the words before and after a term into account in order to assess its classification. This way valence shifters or negations can be included. Sentiment analysis can be applied in a number of fields and situations. Its use-cases range from social media monitoring, political campaigns, PR and market research.

We now want to start our first computations in the field of sentiment analysis to get a better picture about the general tonality and sentiment of the reviews we are examining. In this we will differentiate between title and text look at the correlation between them and their general behavior.

```
sentences <- get_sentences(reviews_scraped$review_text)
reviews_scraped$sentiment_text=sentiment_by(sentences)

sentences_title <- get_sentences(reviews_scraped$review_title)
reviews_scraped$sentiment_title=sentiment_by(sentences_title)

summary(cbind(reviews_scraped$sentiment_text$ave_sentiment,</pre>
```

```
##
          ۷1
                             V2
           :-0.54524
                              :-1.40729
##
   Min.
                       Min.
   1st Qu.:-0.04643
                       1st Qu.:-0.14434
  Median: 0.05303
                       Median: 0.00000
                              : 0.06231
##
   Mean
           : 0.11167
                       Mean
   3rd Qu.: 0.25000
                       3rd Qu.: 0.34820
##
  Max.
           : 1.42500
                       Max.
                              : 1.23744
##
cor.test(reviews_scraped$sentiment_text$ave_sentiment,
         reviews_scraped$sentiment_title$ave_sentiment)
##
##
   Pearson's product-moment correlation
##
## data: reviews_scraped$sentiment_text$ave_sentiment and reviews_scraped$sentiment_title$ave
## t = 11.062, df = 498, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true correlation is not equal to 0
```

reviews_scraped\$sentiment_title\$ave_sentiment))

The computations reveal that in the review texts, sentiment ranges from -0.55 to 1.42 and averages at around 0.11. For the titles, the lowest sentiment is -1.4, the highest is 1.24 and the average is around 0.06. Both average sentiments are positive, which is good news for the product. Simply comparing the numbers allows us to make the inference that in general the sentiment in titles is more extreme than that in texts. This should not surprise us - titles are meant to catch people's attentions and thus, similar as headlines in the news, use more aggressive wordings, stronger opinions and more catchy phrases. We also prove that the sentiment of title and review text are correlated since the p-value is extremely low.

95 percent confidence interval:

0.3708724 0.5118749 ## sample estimates:

cor

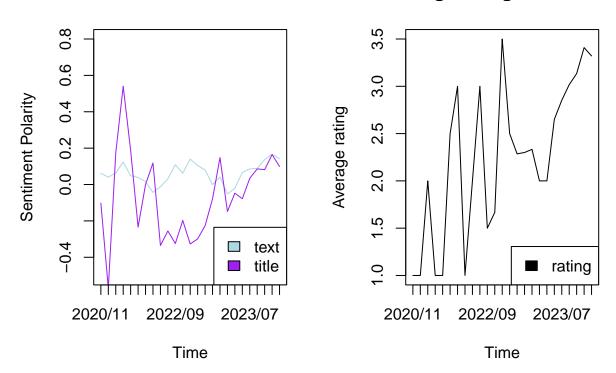
0.4441193

##

Now, similar to the way we wanted to check if the rating behavior changed over time we want to take a look at the **development of sentiment over time**:

Sentiment across time

Average rating across time



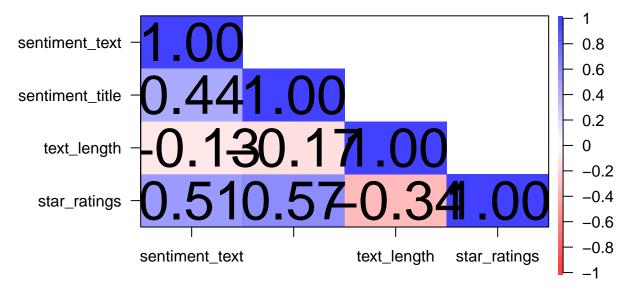
When comparing the plots of how sentiment (in both title and text) developed, we can see the same trends between title sentiment and ratings. Additionally the left plot highlights the extremity of titles compared to text.

We can take a look at how sentiment & other variables interact in more detail:

Warning in axis(2, at = at2, labels = lab2, las = ylas, ...): "xact" is not a

```
## graphical parameter
## Warning in axis(xaxis, at = at1, labels = lab1, las = xlas, line = line, :
## "xact" is not a graphical parameter
## Warning in text.default(rx, ry, rv, cex = 1.5 * cex, ...): "xact" is not a
## graphical parameter
## Warning in axis(4, at = at2, labels = labels, las = 2, ...): "xact" is not a
## graphical parameter
```

Correlations between variables



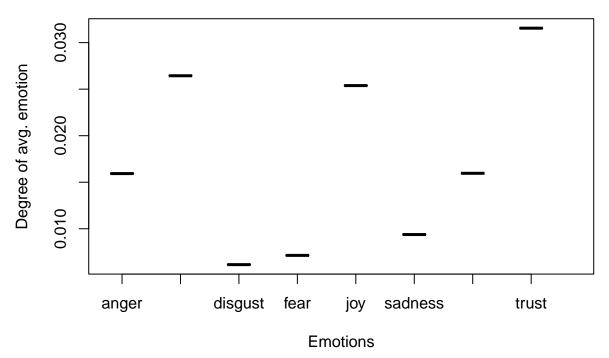
From the correlation plot we can see a rather strong positive correlation between sentiment in title and sentiment in text - this we have already found out. Additionally we can see slight negative correlations between text length and sentiment. This further supports our findings that longer reviews will have a worse rating. Star ratings thus negatively correlate with text length, but are positively impacted by the sentiment score.

Emotion Analysis

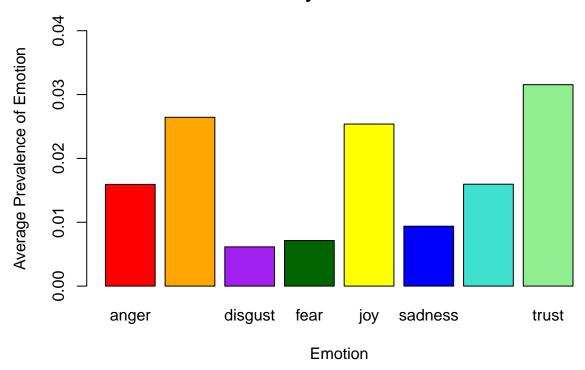
In emotion analysis we get more detailed insights in the emotions that are expressed in reviews by differentiating not only between positively and negatively annotated terms, but a more developed spectrum of emotions. As a basis, Plutchik's wheel of emotion is used.

We now want to find out about the emotions in our reviews:

Wheel of Emotions for Review Texts



Emotion Analysis for Review Texts



Essentially, this plot reveals information about how dominant certain emotions are in our review text. The higher the bar of a certain emotion, the higher its relevance. In the colored bar plot visualizations we can see which emotions correspond to which part of the wheel and can infer that the most dominant emotions in the review texts are anticipation (orange), joy (yellow) and trust (light green).

Now let us take a closer look at the emotions separately:

##

:0.000000

1st Qu.:0.000000

Min.

```
#add emotions to data set
#reduce to non-negated emotions
text_emotions_nnegated <- text_emotions[-grep("negated",</pre>
                                                text_emotions$emotion_type),]
#qet average emotions for each review
temp <- reshape(text_emotions_nnegated[,c(1,2,6)], idvar = "element_id",</pre>
                timevar = "emotion_type", v.names = "ave_emotion",
                direction = "wide")
reviews scraped <- cbind(reviews scraped,temp)</pre>
emotions_list <- c("ave_emotion.anger", "ave_emotion.anticipation",</pre>
                    "ave_emotion.disgust", "ave_emotion.fear", "ave_emotion.joy",
                    "ave_emotion.sadness", "ave_emotion.surprise",
                    "ave emotion.trust")
summary(reviews_scraped[,emotions_list])
##
    ave_emotion.anger ave_emotion.anticipation ave_emotion.disgust
```

Min.

:0.00000

1st Qu.:0.000000

:0.00000

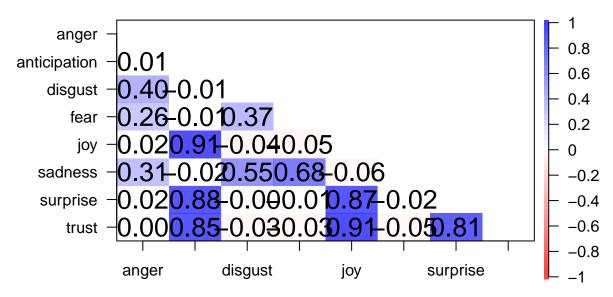
1st Qu.:0.00000

```
Median :0.001193
                       Median: 0.01299
                                                 Median: 0.000000
##
                                                        :0.006145
##
   Mean
           :0.015928
                       Mean
                              :0.02644
                                                 Mean
##
    3rd Qu.:0.022990
                       3rd Qu.:0.03071
                                                 3rd Qu.:0.006501
   Max.
           :0.200000
                       Max.
                              :1.00000
                                                 Max.
                                                        :0.093750
##
                       ave emotion.joy
                                           ave emotion.sadness ave emotion.surprise
##
    ave emotion.fear
   Min.
           :0.000000
                       Min.
                              :0.000000
                                          Min.
                                                  :0.000000
                                                               Min.
                                                                      :0.00000
##
##
   1st Qu.:0.000000
                       1st Qu.:0.000000
                                           1st Qu.:0.000000
                                                               1st Qu.:0.00000
##
   Median :0.000000
                       Median :0.009788
                                           Median :0.000000
                                                               Median :0.00000
## Mean
           :0.007139
                       Mean
                              :0.025383
                                          Mean
                                                  :0.009378
                                                               Mean
                                                                      :0.01596
   3rd Qu.:0.010583
##
                       3rd Qu.:0.029155
                                           3rd Qu.:0.015152
                                                               3rd Qu.:0.01515
## Max.
                              :1.000000
                                                  :0.084746
           :0.111111
                       Max.
                                           Max.
                                                               Max.
                                                                      :1.00000
##
   ave_emotion.trust
## Min.
           :0.00000
## 1st Qu.:0.00000
## Median :0.01852
## Mean
           :0.03155
##
   3rd Qu.:0.03704
## Max.
           :1.00000
```

This again shows that trust, anticipation and joy have the highest means, thus are on average the prevalent emotions expressed in the reviews we are looking at.

Now we want to check if and how emotional categories are potentially related to one another:

Correlations between emotions

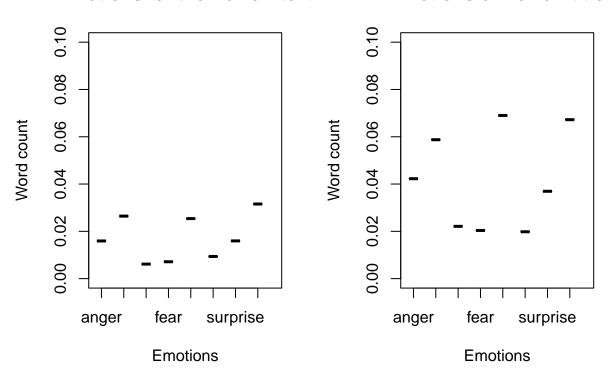


The correlation matrix provides us with information about how the different emotions might go hand in hand with another in the reviews we are examining. This reveals a positive correlation of anger with disgust, fear and sadness; of ancticipation with joy, surprise and trust; and of joy with trust and surprise. Sadness also correlated with anger disgust and fear. Negative correlations are not significant.

Let us now also check if our emotions are similar between text and title:

Emotions for the Review text

Emotions of Review title



We can see that for anticipation, joy, and trust are the main three emotions of the title, with all emotions being higher than for the text. This shows how much more emotional the titles are.

Topic Analysis

Now that we have talked about the sentiments and emotions prevalent in the reviews of the product, we want to take a look at the content of the reviews. To do this efficiently, we will make use of the methods of Topic Analysis.

Topic Analysis refers to methods that aim to identify the different contents discussed and help us focus on those that we are really interested in. It functions via LDA (Latent Dirichlet allocation): after pre-processing, a document term matrix is created, the number of topics to differentiate between is decided upon, we check for convergence, estimate the model & can then interpret the first conclusion.

```
# already pre-processed in steps for creating the wordcloud
DocText_dtm <- DocumentTermMatrix(TextDoc)

# first steps
raw.sum<- apply(DocText_dtm,1,FUN=sum)
DocText_dtm <- DocText_dtm[raw.sum!=0,]
DocText_dtm

## <<DocumentTermMatrix (documents: 488, terms: 577)>>
## Non-/sparse entries: 1398/280178
## Sparsity : 100%
## Maximal term length: 16
## Weighting : term frequency (tf)
```

One of the trickiest part of topic analysis is deciding upon the right number of topics to distinguish between. To compute the optimal number, we will run the following code:

```
SEED <- 123
burnin <- 5000 #not being used for estimation
iter <- 20000 #number of iterations after burn in
keep <- 10 #keeps every tenth iteration (=burin + iter)
maxtops <- 10
avg_result_fin <- matrix(nrow=maxtops-1,ncol=3)</pre>
counter <- 1
par(mfrow=c(3,3))
for (k in 2:maxtops){
 fitted_LDA <- LDA(DocText_dtm, k = k, method = "Gibbs",
                          control = list(seed = SEED, burnin = burnin, iter = iter,
                                             keep = keep) )
 plot(fitted_LDA@logLiks,type="l", main=paste0(c("iPhone",k),collapse=""))
 words_LDA <- dim(posterior(fitted_LDA)[[1]])[2]</pre>
 avg_result_fin[counter,] <- cbind(k, logLik(fitted_LDA),</pre>
                                             -2*logLik(fitted_LDA)+(k+k*words_LDA))
 counter=counter+1
}
fitted_LDA@logLiks
                                                                      fitted_LDA@logLiks
               iPhone2
                                   itted_LDA@logLiks
                                                  iPhone3
                                                                                     iPhone4
                                                                                          1500
           500
                   1500
                           2500
                                            0
                                              500
                                                       1500
                                                               2500
                                                                                  500
                                                                                                  2500
                                                                                        Index
                 Index
                                                    Index
fitted_LDA@logLiks
                                   itted_LDA@logLiks
                                                                      itted_LDA@logLiks
               iPhone5
                                                  iPhone6
                                                                                     iPhone7
    -8050
        0
           500
                   1500
                           2500
                                            0
                                              500
                                                       1500
                                                               2500
                                                                               0
                                                                                  500
                                                                                          1500
                                                                                                  2500
                 Index
                                                    Index
                                                                                        Index
itted_LDA@logLiks
                                   itted_LDA@logLiks
                                                                      itted_LDA@logLiks
               iPhone8
                                                  iPhone9
                                                                                     iPhone10
         0 500
                   1500
                           2500
                                            0
                                               500
                                                       1500
                                                               2500
                                                                               0
                                                                                  500
                                                                                          1500
                                                                                                  2500
                 Index
                                                    Index
                                                                                        Index
```

This for loop iterates and finds the best number of topics for our dataset.

```
colnames(avg_result_fin) <- c("ntopics","ll","AIC")
avg_result_fin</pre>
```

```
##
         ntopics
                         11
                                 AIC
    [1,]
               2 -8421.724 17999.45
##
    [2,]
##
               3 -8105.016 17944.03
    [3,]
##
               4 -7897.937 18107.87
##
   [4,]
               5 -7826.560 18543.12
##
   [5,]
               6 -7634.700 18737.40
## [6,]
               7 -7663.824 19373.65
##
   [7,]
               8 -7635.237 19894.47
##
    [8,]
               9 -7640.158 20482.32
    [9,]
              10 -7568.215 20916.43
##
```

We make our decision on the number of topics based on AIC. We want to minimize AIC and thus choose 3 topics.

As the next step, we estimate our topic model.

From our model, we extract the topics.

```
topics <- posterior(fitted_LDA_model)[[1]]</pre>
```

Afterwards we look at the ten most important words for each topic in orther to get a grasp on what the topics are about.

```
#look at the ten most important words for the topics
for (k in 1:ktop){
   print(sort(topics[k,],decreasing=T)[1:10])
}
```

```
##
                                           like
                                                      excel
                                                                          purchas
         good
                    work
                               iphon
## 0.09529907 0.08249497 0.05688678 0.02944942 0.02396195 0.01847448 0.01298701
##
         issu condition
                            excelent
## 0.01298701 0.01115786 0.01115786
##
      batteri
                             perfect
                                        qualiti
                                                    speaker
                     buy
                                                                 iphon
## 0.07307465 0.03762064 0.02383297 0.01989364 0.01989364 0.01792397 0.01595430
##
      scratch
                  defect
## 0.01595430 0.01595430 0.01398464
        great
                  screen
                                 new
                                         condit
                                                       life
                                                                 worth
                                                                            seller
## 0.07070707 0.04211931 0.04021346 0.03259005 0.02496665 0.01734324 0.01734324
##
                  replac
        price
## 0.01353154 0.01162569 0.01162569
```

We label topic 1 as quality, topic 2 as hardware due to the high proportion of comments mentioning

hardware aspects and potential issues, and topic 3 as **value**, since the product we are analysing is refurbished, and the reviews mention words like condition, worth, seller and price.

Next we create the dataframe multi, which shows the relative importance of the three topics for each review.

```
multi <- posterior(fitted_LDA_model)[[2]]</pre>
dim(multi)
## [1] 488
colnames(multi) <- c("quality", "hardware", "value")</pre>
summary(multi)
##
       quality
                          hardware
                                              value
            :0.2825
                               :0.2924
                                                 :0.2924
##
    Min.
                       Min.
                                         Min.
##
    1st Qu.:0.3205
                       1st Qu.:0.3205
                                         1st Qu.:0.3205
##
    Median :0.3333
                       Median :0.3272
                                         Median :0.3306
```

Mean

Max.

:0.3326

:0.3908

3rd Qu.:0.3397

We plot the average imortance of the topics.

Mean

Max.

:0.3342

:0.3827

3rd Qu.:0.3457

Mean

Max.

##

##

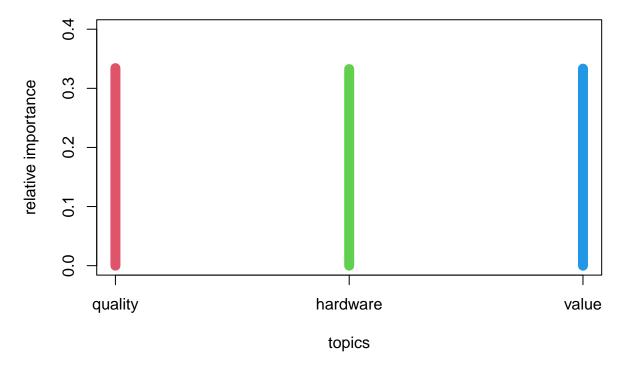
##

Topic importances

:0.3333

:0.3869

3rd Qu.:0.3397



From the plot above we can observe that the relative importance per review of each topic is about

the same (a third), meaning the three topics are of equal importance in the reviews. Looking back on the summary statistics above, we can also see that the minimum importances of all topics are just under 0.3, and the maxima for all three are below 0.4, which implies that all of our reviews include all three topics relatively evenly.

It is worth to note however, that since we are working with a limited amount of data (488 reviews), it can easily be the case that we simply do not have enough data to clearly identify topics.

Modeling approaches

In the following we will attempt to model the ratings of our product using different features that we have derived in the previous chapters.

Modelling ratings based on **date**:

```
stars_1 <- lm(star_rating_num ~ as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m")),</pre>
              data=reviews_scraped)
summary(stars_1)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = star_rating_num ~ as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates,
       "%m")), data = reviews_scraped)
##
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
              1Q Median
                             3Q
                                   Max
## -2.353 -1.017 0.000
                         1.175
                                 2.000
##
## Coefficients:
##
                                                 Estimate Std. Error t value
                                                              0.52142
                                                                        4.384
## (Intercept)
                                                   2.28571
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))02
                                                  0.01429
                                                              0.67985
                                                                        0.021
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))03
                                                  0.07792
                                                              0.66701
                                                                        0.117
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))04 -0.28571
                                                              0.71399
                                                                       -0.400
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))05 -0.28571
                                                              0.61954
                                                                       -0.461
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))06
                                                              0.56320
                                                                        0.507
                                                  0.28571
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates,
                                        "%m"))07
                                                  0.53968
                                                              0.54963
                                                                        0.982
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))08
                                                  0.73123
                                                              0.55149
                                                                        1.326
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates,
                                        "%m"))09
                                                  0.78836
                                                              0.55419
                                                                        1.423
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))10
                                                  1.06723
                                                              0.53467
                                                                        1.996
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))11
                                                   0.96148
                                                              0.54154
                                                                        1.775
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))12
                                                  0.21429
                                                              0.86468
                                                                        0.248
##
                                                 Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                                 1.43e-05 ***
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates,
                                        "%m"))02
                                                   0.9832
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates,
                                        "%m"))03
                                                    0.9070
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))04
                                                   0.6892
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))05
                                                    0.6449
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))06
                                                    0.6122
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))07
                                                    0.3266
```

```
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))08
                                                 0.1855
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))09
                                                 0.1555
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))10
                                                 0.0465 *
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))11
                                                 0.0764 .
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))12
                                                 0.8044
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1.38 on 488 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.07125,
                                   Adjusted R-squared:
## F-statistic: 3.404 on 11 and 488 DF, p-value: 0.000145
```

stars_2 <- lm(star_rating_num ~ review_length, data=reviews_scraped)

This model takes a look at the star ratings as a function of time. We use the months as factor variables with 02 - February representing our baseline. However, we find that only October has a sufficiently low p-value to be considered significant.

Modelling ratings based on review length:

```
summary(stars 2)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = star_rating_num ~ review_length, data = reviews_scraped)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -2.2663 -1.1481 -0.1435 0.9823 3.8386
##
## Coefficients:
##
                  Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                  3.4319674 0.0807214
                                         42.52 < 2e-16 ***
## review_length -0.0061366 0.0007719
                                        -7.95 1.26e-14 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
```

Residual standard error: 1.335 on 498 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.1126, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1108
F-statistic: 63.21 on 1 and 498 DF, p-value: 1.257e-14

This model takes a look at how the review length impacts the star ratings in closer detail. We find out that actually, the review length does have a significant impact in determining the stars given in a review. This relationship is negative, meaning: the longer a review, the lower the average star rating.

Modelling ratings based on **sentiment**:

```
summary(stars_3)
```

```
##
## Call:
  lm(formula = (star_rating_num) ~ (sentiment_title$ave_sentiment) +
##
       (sentiment text$ave sentiment) + (review length), data = reviews scraped)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                  1Q
                       Median
                                    3Q
                                            Max
## -2.62866 -0.79767 0.02889 0.79394
                                        2.85312
##
## Coefficients:
##
                                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                  3.0229077
                                             0.0682189
                                                       44.312 < 2e-16 ***
## sentiment_title$ave_sentiment
                                  1.3429874
                                             0.1253157 10.717 < 2e-16 ***
## sentiment_text$ave_sentiment
                                             0.2006733
                                                         8.325 8.23e-16 ***
                                  1.6706981
## review_length
                                 -0.0041647 0.0006127 -6.797 3.08e-11 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1.042 on 496 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.4613, Adjusted R-squared: 0.458
## F-statistic: 141.6 on 3 and 496 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

This model now includes the sentiment of the title of the review and of the review itself as well as the length of the review as determining parameters for the expected star rating. In the case of this model, the sentiment of title as well as the review length are considered to be significant. While a higher sentiment of the title will lead to an increase in the predicted star rating, a higher word count of the review will lead to a decrease in the predicted star rating. We also tested for a model only using sentiment, not review length - here too, only the sentiment of the title resulted in being statistically significant at alpha=0.05.

Modelling ratings based on **emotions**:

```
stars_4 <- lm((star_rating_num ~ ave_emotion.anger+ave_emotion.anticipation +
                 ave emotion.disgust +ave emotion.fear +ave emotion.joy +
                 ave_emotion.sadness+ave_emotion.surprise+ave_emotion.trust +
                 (review_length)), data=reviews_scraped)
summary(stars_4)
##
## Call:
  lm(formula = (star_rating_num ~ ave_emotion.anger + ave_emotion.anticipation +
##
       ave_emotion.disgust + ave_emotion.fear + ave_emotion.joy +
       ave_emotion.sadness + ave_emotion.surprise + ave_emotion.trust +
##
##
       (review_length)), data = reviews_scraped)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
```

```
## -2.6921 -1.0501 -0.1458 0.9583 3.5966
##
## Coefficients:
##
                             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                            3.436e+00 9.518e-02 36.097 < 2e-16 ***
## ave emotion.anger
                            1.799e+00 2.394e+00
                                                  0.751 0.45287
## ave emotion.anticipation -3.487e+00 2.246e+00 -1.553 0.12110
## ave emotion.disgust
                           -1.412e+01 5.279e+00 -2.675 0.00772 **
## ave emotion.fear
                           -5.898e+00 5.395e+00 -1.093 0.27483
## ave_emotion.joy
                            8.135e+00 2.758e+00 2.950 0.00333 **
## ave_emotion.sadness
                           -6.303e+00 5.643e+00 -1.117 0.26460
## ave_emotion.surprise
                           -3.240e+00 2.161e+00 -1.499 0.13448
                            1.135e+00 2.017e+00
## ave_emotion.trust
                                                  0.563 0.57365
## review_length
                           -5.323e-03 7.525e-04 -7.074 5.23e-12 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1.276 on 490 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2018, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1871
## F-statistic: 13.76 on 9 and 490 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

This model reveals that stars are significantly impacted by review length, and only two of the emotions: joy and disgust.

Modelling ratings based on **sentiments & emotion**:

```
stars_5 <- lm((star rating num ~ ave emotion.anger+ave emotion.anticipation +
                 ave_emotion.disgust +ave_emotion.fear +ave_emotion.joy +
                 ave_emotion.sadness+ave_emotion.surprise+ave_emotion.trust +
                 (sentiment_title$ave_sentiment) +
                 (sentiment_text$ave_sentiment) +
                 review_length),
              data=reviews_scraped)
summary(stars_5)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = (star_rating_num ~ ave_emotion.anger + ave_emotion.anticipation +
       ave_emotion.disgust + ave_emotion.fear + ave_emotion.joy +
##
##
       ave_emotion.sadness + ave_emotion.surprise + ave_emotion.trust +
       (sentiment_title$ave_sentiment) + (sentiment_text$ave_sentiment) +
##
##
       review_length), data = reviews_scraped)
##
## Residuals:
##
        Min
                       Median
                                    3Q
                  1Q
                                             Max
## -2.75800 -0.77881 0.01105 0.75331 2.89580
##
## Coefficients:
                                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
```

```
## (Intercept)
                                            0.0827222
                                                       37.038 < 2e-16 ***
                                 3.0638350
## ave_emotion.anger
                                 1.0415091
                                           1.9524080
                                                        0.533
                                                                 0.594
## ave_emotion.anticipation
                                                       -1.531
                                                                 0.126
                                -2.8119720
                                            1.8365760
## ave_emotion.disgust
                                                       -0.118
                                                                 0.906
                                -0.5169613
                                           4.3975422
## ave emotion.fear
                                -4.0902856 4.4024474
                                                       -0.929
                                                                 0.353
## ave emotion.joy
                                 2.5449571
                                            2.2767434
                                                        1.118
                                                                 0.264
## ave emotion.sadness
                                -2.9618250 4.6260288
                                                       -0.640
                                                                 0.522
## ave emotion.surprise
                                -1.3880474
                                            1.7661439
                                                       -0.786
                                                                 0.432
## ave emotion.trust
                                 1.1092350
                                            1.6438798
                                                        0.675
                                                                 0.500
                                            0.1262619
## sentiment_title$ave_sentiment 1.3190432
                                                      10.447 < 2e-16 ***
## sentiment_text$ave_sentiment
                                                        7.089 4.77e-12 ***
                                            0.2234456
                                 1.5839373
## review_length
                                            0.0006195 -6.477 2.28e-10 ***
                                -0.0040125
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 1.04 on 488 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.4717, Adjusted R-squared: 0.4598
## F-statistic: 39.61 on 11 and 488 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

When modelling star ratings based on emotions, sentiments & review_length we find out that no emotions significant impact in determining the final rating, only the sentiment scores and word count of the review.

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = (star_rating_num ~ ave_emotion.anger + ave_emotion.anticipation +
       ave_emotion.disgust + ave_emotion.fear + ave_emotion.joy +
##
       ave_emotion.sadness + ave_emotion.surprise + ave_emotion.trust +
##
##
       (sentiment_title$ave_sentiment) + (sentiment_text$ave_sentiment) +
       review_length + as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))),
##
##
       data = reviews_scraped)
##
## Residuals:
##
        Min
                  1Q
                       Median
                                    30
                                             Max
## -2.80656 -0.80960 0.03766 0.77116
##
## Coefficients:
##
                                                   Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept)
                                                  3.1599275 0.4142832
                                                                         7.627
## ave emotion.anger
                                                  0.9768932 1.9772068
                                                                         0.494
## ave_emotion.anticipation
                                                 -2.6656199 1.8568833 -1.436
```

```
-0.1455391 4.4621573
## ave_emotion.disgust
                                                                        -0.033
## ave_emotion.fear
                                                 -3.7363495 4.4743110
                                                                        -0.835
## ave_emotion.joy
                                                  2.3222831
                                                             2.3069693
                                                                         1.007
## ave_emotion.sadness
                                                 -3.1638402
                                                             4.6857719
                                                                        -0.675
## ave emotion.surprise
                                                 -1.2780611
                                                             1.7900549
                                                                        -0.714
## ave emotion.trust
                                                  1.0694200
                                                             1.6583713
                                                                         0.645
## sentiment title$ave sentiment
                                                  1.3183986
                                                             0.1284598
                                                                        10.263
## sentiment text$ave sentiment
                                                  1.5377999
                                                             0.2266045
                                                                         6.786
## review length
                                                 -0.0038090
                                                             0.0006597
                                                                        -5.774
                                                             0.5171225
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))02 -0.1028738
                                                                        -0.199
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))03 -0.4084537
                                                                        -0.803
                                                             0.5087765
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))04 -0.2626961
                                                             0.5457888
                                                                        -0.481
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates,
                                       "%m"))05 -0.4771553
                                                             0.4725151
                                                                        -1.010
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))06 -0.1918187
                                                             0.4305455
                                                                        -0.446
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))07 -0.2170265
                                                             0.4235811
                                                                        -0.512
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))08 -0.0627838
                                                             0.4250594
                                                                        -0.148
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))09 -0.0722265
                                                             0.4264306
                                                                        -0.169
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))10 -0.0346479
                                                             0.4136791
                                                                        -0.084
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))11 -0.0451920
                                                             0.4194122
                                                                        -0.108
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))12 0.2228051
                                                             0.6586534
                                                                         0.338
##
                                                 Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                                 1.31e-13 ***
## ave_emotion.anger
                                                    0.621
## ave_emotion.anticipation
                                                    0.152
## ave_emotion.disgust
                                                    0.974
## ave_emotion.fear
                                                    0.404
## ave_emotion.joy
                                                    0.315
## ave_emotion.sadness
                                                    0.500
## ave_emotion.surprise
                                                    0.476
## ave_emotion.trust
                                                    0.519
## sentiment_title$ave_sentiment
                                                  < 2e-16 ***
## sentiment_text$ave_sentiment
                                                 3.42e-11 ***
## review_length
                                                 1.39e-08 ***
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))02
                                                    0.842
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))03
                                                    0.422
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))04
                                                    0.631
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))05
                                                    0.313
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))06
                                                    0.656
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))07
                                                    0.609
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))08
                                                    0.883
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))09
                                                    0.866
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))10
                                                    0.933
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))11
                                                    0.914
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))12
                                                    0.735
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 1.046 on 477 degrees of freedom
```

```
## Multiple R-squared: 0.4777, Adjusted R-squared: 0.4536
## F-statistic: 19.83 on 22 and 477 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16</pre>
```

With the inclusion of dates the significant predictors remain unchanged: sentiment scores and review length.

```
stars_step <- step(stars_5a)</pre>
```

```
## Start: AIC=67.8
## star_rating_num ~ ave_emotion.anger + ave_emotion.anticipation +
       ave_emotion.disgust + ave_emotion.fear + ave_emotion.joy +
       ave_emotion.sadness + ave_emotion.surprise + ave_emotion.trust +
##
##
       (sentiment_title$ave_sentiment) + (sentiment_text$ave_sentiment) +
##
       review_length + as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))
##
##
                                                Df Sum of Sq
                                                                RSS
                                                                         AIC
## - as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m")) 11
                                                        6.013 528.30 51.526
## - ave emotion.disgust
                                                       0.001 522.29 65.804
## - ave_emotion.anger
                                                 1
                                                       0.267 522.55 66.059
                                                       0.455 522.74 66.239
## - ave emotion.trust
                                                 1
## - ave_emotion.sadness
                                                 1
                                                       0.499 522.78 66.281
                                                       0.558 522.84 66.337
## - ave_emotion.surprise
                                                 1
## - ave_emotion.fear
                                                 1
                                                       0.764 523.05 66.533
                                                       1.110 523.39 66.864
## - ave_emotion.joy
                                                 1
## <none>
                                                              522.29 67.803
## - ave_emotion.anticipation
                                                 1
                                                       2.256 524.54 67.958
                                                      36.507 558.79 99.585
## - review_length
                                                 1
## - sentiment_text$ave_sentiment
                                                 1
                                                       50.426 572.71 111.886
## - sentiment_title$ave_sentiment
                                                     115.332 637.62 165.565
##
## Step: AIC=51.53
## star_rating_num ~ ave_emotion.anger + ave_emotion.anticipation +
       ave_emotion.disgust + ave_emotion.fear + ave_emotion.joy +
##
       ave_emotion.sadness + ave_emotion.surprise + ave_emotion.trust +
       sentiment_title$ave_sentiment + sentiment_text$ave_sentiment +
##
##
       review_length
##
##
                                                   RSS
                                                           AIC
                                   Df Sum of Sq
## - ave_emotion.disgust
                                    1
                                          0.015 528.31
                                                        49.540
## - ave_emotion.anger
                                          0.308 528.61
                                                        49.818
## - ave_emotion.sadness
                                          0.444 528.74
                                                        49.946
                                    1
## - ave_emotion.trust
                                    1
                                          0.493 528.79
                                                        49.992
## - ave_emotion.surprise
                                    1
                                          0.669 528.97
                                                        50.159
## - ave_emotion.fear
                                          0.934 529.23
                                                        50.410
                                    1
## - ave_emotion.joy
                                    1
                                          1.353 529.65
                                                        50.805
## <none>
                                                528.30
                                                        51.526
## - ave_emotion.anticipation
                                    1
                                          2.538 530.84 51.922
## - review length
                                    1
                                         45.418 573.72 90.763
## - sentiment_text$ave_sentiment
                                         54.399 582.70 98.530
```

```
## - sentiment_title$ave_sentiment 1
                                        118.150 646.45 150.442
##
## Step: AIC=49.54
## star_rating_num ~ ave_emotion.anger + ave_emotion.anticipation +
       ave emotion.fear + ave emotion.joy + ave emotion.sadness +
##
       ave_emotion.surprise + ave_emotion.trust + sentiment_title$ave_sentiment +
##
##
       sentiment text$ave sentiment + review length
##
##
                                   Df Sum of Sq
                                                   RSS
                                                           AIC
## - ave_emotion.anger
                                    1
                                          0.295 528.61
                                                        47.819
## - ave_emotion.trust
                                    1
                                          0.490 528.80
                                                        48.004
## - ave_emotion.sadness
                                    1
                                          0.586 528.90
                                                        48.094
## - ave_emotion.surprise
                                          0.671 528.98
                                    1
                                                        48.175
## - ave_emotion.fear
                                    1
                                         0.928 529.24 48.418
## - ave_emotion.joy
                                          1.360 529.67
                                                        48.826
                                                528.31 49.540
## <none>
## - ave_emotion.anticipation
                                    1
                                          2.552 530.86
                                                        49.949
## - review_length
                                        45.404 573.72 88.764
                                    1
## - sentiment_text$ave_sentiment
                                    1
                                      55.805 584.12 97.747
## - sentiment title$ave sentiment 1
                                      119.195 647.51 149.262
##
## Step: AIC=47.82
## star_rating_num ~ ave_emotion.anticipation + ave_emotion.fear +
       ave_emotion.joy + ave_emotion.sadness + ave_emotion.surprise +
##
       ave_emotion.trust + sentiment_title$ave_sentiment + sentiment_text$ave_sentiment +
##
       review_length
##
##
                                   Df Sum of Sq
                                                   RSS
                                                           AIC
                                                        46,248
## - ave_emotion.sadness
                                    1
                                          0.454 529.06
## - ave_emotion.trust
                                          0.468 529.08
                                                        46.261
## - ave_emotion.surprise
                                          0.673 529.28
                                    1
                                                        46,455
## - ave_emotion.fear
                                    1
                                          0.861 529.47
                                                        46.633
## - ave_emotion.joy
                                    1
                                          1.433 530.04
                                                       47.173
                                                528.61 47.819
## <none>
## - ave emotion.anticipation
                                    1
                                          2.596 531.20
                                                        48.268
## - review_length
                                    1
                                         46.525 575.13 87.996
## - sentiment text$ave sentiment
                                        55.639 584.25
                                                        95.857
## - sentiment_title$ave_sentiment 1
                                        119.058 647.67 147.383
##
## Step: AIC=46.25
## star_rating_num ~ ave_emotion.anticipation + ave_emotion.fear +
       ave_emotion.joy + ave_emotion.surprise + ave_emotion.trust +
##
       sentiment_title$ave_sentiment + sentiment_text$ave_sentiment +
##
##
       review_length
##
                                   Df Sum of Sq
                                                   RSS
                                                           AIC
## - ave_emotion.trust
                                    1
                                          0.492 529.55
                                                        44.713
                                          0.678 529.74 44.888
## - ave_emotion.surprise
                                    1
```

```
## - ave_emotion.joy
                                          1.407 530.47 45.576
                                    1
## <none>
                                                529.06 46.248
## - ave_emotion.anticipation
                                          2.640 531.70 46.737
                                    1
## - ave_emotion.fear
                                          3.268 532.33
                                                       47.327
                                    1
## - review length
                                    1
                                      46.624 575.69
                                                        86.477
## - sentiment text$ave sentiment
                                       59.396 588.46 97.448
                                    1
## - sentiment title$ave sentiment 1 118.939 648.00 145.642
##
## Step: AIC=44.71
## star_rating_num ~ ave_emotion.anticipation + ave_emotion.fear +
##
      ave emotion.joy + ave emotion.surprise + sentiment_title$ave sentiment +
       sentiment_text$ave_sentiment + review_length
##
##
##
                                   Df Sum of Sq
                                                   RSS
                                                           AIC
                                                        43.295
## - ave_emotion.surprise
                                    1
                                          0.617 530.17
## <none>
                                                529.55 44.713
## - ave_emotion.anticipation
                                    1
                                          2.421 531.97
                                                        44.994
## - ave_emotion.fear
                                          3.212 532.77 45.736
                                    1
## - ave_emotion.joy
                                    1
                                          3.756 533.31
                                                       46.246
## - review length
                                    1
                                       46.601 576.15 84.884
## - sentiment text$ave sentiment
                                    1 59.447 589.00 95.909
## - sentiment title$ave sentiment 1 118.923 648.48 144.009
## Step: AIC=43.29
## star_rating_num ~ ave_emotion.anticipation + ave_emotion.fear +
       ave_emotion.joy + sentiment_title$ave_sentiment + sentiment_text$ave_sentiment +
##
##
       review_length
##
                                   Df Sum of Sq
##
                                                   RSS
                                                           AIC
## <none>
                                                530.17
                                                        43.295
## - ave_emotion.joy
                                          3.152 533.32 44.258
                                    1
## - ave_emotion.fear
                                          3.248 533.42 44.349
                                    1
## - ave_emotion.anticipation
                                    1
                                         4.408 534.58 45.434
## - review_length
                                       46.376 576.55 83.223
                                    1
## - sentiment text$ave sentiment
                                       60.194 590.36 95.066
## - sentiment title$ave sentiment 1
                                       119.584 649.75 142.993
summary(stars_step)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = star rating num ~ ave emotion.anticipation + ave emotion.fear +
       ave emotion.joy + sentiment title$ave sentiment + sentiment text$ave sentiment +
##
##
       review_length, data = reviews_scraped)
## Residuals:
        Min
                       Median
                                            Max
                  1Q
                                    3Q
## -2.65434 -0.78976 -0.00045 0.74003 2.81941
```

```
##
## Coefficients:
                                 Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
                                3.0740814 0.0740868 41.493 < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
## ave_emotion.anticipation
                               -3.3199554 1.6398799 -2.025
                                                             0.0435 *
## ave_emotion.fear
                               -5.7536598 3.3107169 -1.738
                                                             0.0829 .
## ave_emotion.joy
                                2.9765486 1.7386884
                                                    1.712
                                                             0.0875 .
## sentiment_title$ave_sentiment 1.3216012 0.1253278 10.545 < 2e-16 ***
## sentiment_text$ave_sentiment 1.6194492 0.2164585 7.482 3.40e-13 ***
## review_length
                               ## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 1.037 on 493 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.4698, Adjusted R-squared: 0.4634
## F-statistic: 72.82 on 6 and 493 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
We pick our best model using AIC:
AIC(stars_1)
## [1] 1754.552
AIC(stars_2)
## [1] 1711.768
AIC(stars_3)
## [1] 1466.226
AIC(stars_4)
## [1] 1674.837
AIC(stars_5)
## [1] 1472.465
AIC(stars_5a)
## [1] 1488.741
AIC(stars_step)
```

[1] 1464.233

stars_3 has the lowest score outside the one with stepwise selection, which only uses sentiments and review length. stars_step includes anticipation, fear and joy as well, further lowering the AIC by a slight amount.

We do model for determining if the rating will have 5 stars:

```
ave_emotion.joy + ave_emotion.sadness +
                                           ave_emotion.surprise + ave_emotion.trust +
                                           sentiment_title$ave_sentiment +
                                           sentiment_text$ave_sentiment+review_length),
               data=reviews_scraped, family = "binomial")
summary(stars_6)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = (star_rating_num) > 4 ~ (ave_emotion.anger + ave_emotion.anticipation +
##
       ave_emotion.disgust + ave_emotion.fear + ave_emotion.joy +
##
       ave_emotion.sadness + ave_emotion.surprise + ave_emotion.trust +
       sentiment_title$ave_sentiment + sentiment_text$ave_sentiment +
##
       review_length), family = "binomial", data = reviews_scraped)
##
##
## Coefficients:
##
                                   Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                                  -1.829541
                                               0.270671
                                                        -6.759 1.39e-11 ***
## ave_emotion.anger
                                 -10.764945
                                               6.621895 -1.626
                                                                  0.1040
## ave_emotion.anticipation
                                                        -0.779
                                                                  0.4360
                                  -4.088539
                                               5.248829
## ave emotion.disgust
                                  -7.646071 18.940134
                                                        -0.404
                                                                  0.6864
## ave emotion.fear
                                 -30.611894 20.771997
                                                        -1.474
                                                                  0.1406
                                                         1.550
## ave emotion.joy
                                  10.428342
                                               6.727616
                                                                  0.1211
## ave emotion.sadness
                                   7.279685 17.188276
                                                          0.424
                                                                  0.6719
## ave_emotion.surprise
                                             7.091098 -1.999
                                                                  0.0456 *
                                 -14.172392
## ave emotion.trust
                                   5.336966
                                               3.703566
                                                         1.441
                                                                  0.1496
## sentiment_title$ave_sentiment
                                   2.850839
                                               0.425870
                                                          6.694 2.17e-11 ***
## sentiment text$ave sentiment
                                                          3.238
                                                                  0.0012 **
                                   1.928125
                                               0.595520
## review_length
                                  -0.006096
                                               0.002657 -2.294
                                                                  0.0218 *
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
       Null deviance: 500.40
                              on 499
                                      degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 333.02
                              on 488
                                      degrees of freedom
## AIC: 357.02
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
When combining all features in a model, besides the above mentioned predictors, surprise is also
significant, negatively impacting the odds of a five star review. No other emotions are significant.
```

```
sentiment text$ave sentiment+review length +
                                           as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))),
                data=reviews_scraped, family = "binomial")
summary(stars_6a)
##
## Call:
  glm(formula = (star_rating_num) > 4 ~ (ave_emotion.anger + ave_emotion.anticipation +
##
       ave_emotion.disgust + ave_emotion.fear + ave_emotion.joy +
       ave_emotion.sadness + ave_emotion.surprise + ave_emotion.trust +
##
       sentiment_title$ave_sentiment + sentiment_text$ave_sentiment +
##
       review_length + as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))),
##
       family = "binomial", data = reviews_scraped)
##
##
## Coefficients:
                                                  Estimate Std. Error z value
##
## (Intercept)
                                                -2.008e+01 5.904e+03 -0.003
## ave_emotion.anger
                                                -1.031e+01 8.096e+00 -1.274
## ave emotion.anticipation
                                                -2.334e+00 8.150e+00 -0.286
## ave emotion.disgust
                                                 1.085e+01 2.064e+01
                                                                        0.526
## ave emotion.fear
                                                -1.321e+01 2.505e+01 -0.527
## ave emotion.joy
                                                 1.397e+01 8.859e+00
                                                                        1.576
## ave emotion.sadness
                                                -7.588e+00 2.117e+01 -0.358
## ave_emotion.surprise
                                                -1.826e+01 9.900e+00 -1.845
## ave emotion.trust
                                                 4.321e+00 4.020e+00
                                                                        1.075
## sentiment_title$ave_sentiment
                                                 3.830e+00 5.999e-01
                                                                        6.385
## sentiment_text$ave_sentiment
                                                 1.769e+00 7.407e-01
                                                                        2.388
                                                -2.443e-03
## review length
                                                            2.621e-03
                                                                      -0.932
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))02 -6.827e-01 7.685e+03
                                                                        0.000
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates,
                                       "%m"))03 -1.604e+00
                                                            7.427e+03
                                                                        0.000
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))04 1.291e-01 8.144e+03
                                                                        0.000
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))05 -3.020e-02 7.124e+03
                                                                        0.000
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))06 -2.165e+00 6.277e+03
                                                                        0.000
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))07 -2.029e+00
                                                            6.182e+03
                                                                        0.000
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))08
                                                1.591e+01
                                                            5.904e+03
                                                                        0.003
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))09
                                                 1.710e+01
                                                            5.904e+03
                                                                        0.003
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))10
                                                 1.891e+01
                                                            5.904e+03
                                                                        0.003
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))11
                                                 1.880e+01
                                                            5.904e+03
                                                                        0.003
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))12 7.779e-01
                                                            1.043e+04
                                                                        0.000
##
                                                Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                                                  0.9973
## ave_emotion.anger
                                                  0.2026
## ave_emotion.anticipation
                                                  0.7746
## ave_emotion.disgust
                                                  0.5992
## ave_emotion.fear
                                                  0.5979
## ave_emotion.joy
                                                  0.1149
## ave_emotion.sadness
                                                  0.7200
```

```
0.0651 .
## ave_emotion.surprise
## ave_emotion.trust
                                                  0.2825
## sentiment_title$ave_sentiment
                                                1.72e-10 ***
## sentiment_text$ave_sentiment
                                                  0.0169 *
## review length
                                                  0.3513
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))02
                                                  0.9999
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))03
                                                  0.9998
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))04
                                                  1.0000
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))05
                                                  1.0000
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))06
                                                  0.9997
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))07
                                                  0.9997
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))08
                                                  0.9979
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))09
                                                  0.9977
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))10
                                                  0.9974
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))11
                                                  0.9975
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))12
                                                  0.9999
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
       Null deviance: 500.40 on 499 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 226.19 on 477 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 272.19
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 19
stars_6b <- glm((star_rating_num) > 4 ~ (sentiment_title ave_sentiment + sentiment_text ave_se
                   data=reviews_scraped, family = "binomial")
summary(stars_6b)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = (star_rating_num) > 4 ~ (sentiment_title$ave_sentiment +
       sentiment text$ave sentiment + review length), family = "binomial",
##
##
       data = reviews_scraped)
##
## Coefficients:
##
                                  Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                                 -1.958960 0.238889 -8.200 2.40e-16 ***
## sentiment_title$ave_sentiment 2.801355
                                             0.403621
                                                        6.941 3.91e-12 ***
## sentiment_text$ave_sentiment
                                  2.038417
                                             0.528919
                                                        3.854 0.000116 ***
## review_length
                                 -0.006616
                                             0.002596 -2.548 0.010822 *
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
```

```
Null deviance: 500.40 on 499 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 353.92 on 496 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 361.92
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
stars_6_step <- step(stars_6a)</pre>
## Start: AIC=272.19
## (star_rating_num) > 4 ~ (ave_emotion.anger + ave_emotion.anticipation +
       ave_emotion.disgust + ave_emotion.fear + ave_emotion.joy +
##
       ave_emotion.sadness + ave_emotion.surprise + ave_emotion.trust +
##
##
       sentiment_title$ave_sentiment + sentiment_text$ave_sentiment +
       review_length + as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m")))
##
##
                                                 Df Deviance
                                                                ATC
## - ave_emotion.anticipation
                                                  1
                                                      226.28 270.28
## - ave emotion.sadness
                                                  1
                                                      226.32 270.32
## - ave_emotion.disgust
                                                      226.46 270.46
                                                  1
## - ave emotion.fear
                                                      226.47 270.47
## - review_length
                                                      227.12 271.12
                                                      227.46 271.46
## - ave emotion.trust
## <none>
                                                      226.19 272.19
## - ave_emotion.anger
                                                      228.19 272.19
                                                  1
## - ave_emotion.joy
                                                  1
                                                      228.86 272.86
## - ave_emotion.surprise
                                                  1
                                                      230.83 274.83
## - sentiment_text$ave_sentiment
                                                      232.16 276.16
                                                  1
## - sentiment_title$ave_sentiment
                                                      285.16 329.16
                                                  1
## - as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m")) 11
                                                      333.02 357.02
##
## Step: AIC=270.28
## (star_rating_num) > 4 ~ ave_emotion.anger + ave_emotion.disgust +
       ave_emotion.fear + ave_emotion.joy + ave_emotion.sadness +
##
##
       ave_emotion.surprise + ave_emotion.trust + sentiment_title$ave_sentiment +
       sentiment text$ave sentiment + review length + as.factor(strftime(formatted dates,
##
##
       "%m"))
##
                                                 Df Deviance
                                                                AIC
## - ave_emotion.sadness
                                                  1
                                                      226.41 268.41
                                                      226.56 268.56
## - ave_emotion.disgust
                                                  1
## - ave_emotion.fear
                                                      226.58 268.58
                                                  1
                                                      227.27 269.27
## - review_length
                                                  1
## - ave_emotion.trust
                                                      227.52 269.52
## <none>
                                                      226.28 270.28
## - ave_emotion.anger
                                                      228.29 270.29
                                                      228.95 270.95
## - ave_emotion.joy
                                                  1
## - sentiment_text$ave_sentiment
                                                      232.22 274.22
                                                  1
## - ave_emotion.surprise
                                                      233.50 275.50
```

```
## - sentiment_title$ave_sentiment
                                                      285.20 327.20
                                                  1
## - as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m")) 11
                                                      333.64 355.64
##
## Step: AIC=268.41
## (star rating num) > 4 ~ ave emotion.anger + ave emotion.disgust +
       ave_emotion.fear + ave_emotion.joy + ave_emotion.surprise +
##
##
       ave emotion.trust + sentiment title$ave sentiment + sentiment text$ave sentiment +
##
       review_length + as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))
##
##
                                                 Df Deviance
                                                                ATC
                                                      226.58 266.58
                                                  1
## - ave_emotion.disgust
                                                      227.41 267.41
## - review_length
                                                  1
                                                      227.68 267.68
## - ave_emotion.trust
## - ave emotion.fear
                                                      227.85 267.85
## <none>
                                                      226.41 268.41
                                                      228.59 268.59
## - ave_emotion.anger
                                                  1
## - ave_emotion.joy
                                                      228.98 268.98
                                                  1
## - sentiment_text$ave_sentiment
                                                      232.60 272.60
                                                  1
## - ave_emotion.surprise
                                                      233.52 273.52
                                                  1
## - sentiment title$ave sentiment
                                                      285.20 325.20
## - as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m")) 11
                                                      333.79 353.79
##
## Step: AIC=266.58
## (star_rating_num) > 4 ~ ave_emotion.anger + ave_emotion.fear +
##
       ave_emotion.joy + ave_emotion.surprise + ave_emotion.trust +
       sentiment_title$ave_sentiment + sentiment_text$ave_sentiment +
##
##
       review_length + as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))
##
##
                                                 Df Deviance
                                                                AIC
## - review_length
                                                  1
                                                      227.54 265.54
                                                      227.84 265.84
## - ave_emotion.trust
## - ave_emotion.fear
                                                      227.90 265.90
## <none>
                                                      226.58 266.58
## - ave_emotion.anger
                                                      228.59 266.59
                                                  1
## - ave emotion.joy
                                                      229.02 267.02
                                                  1
## - sentiment text$ave sentiment
                                                  1
                                                      232.60 270.60
## - ave emotion.surprise
                                                      233.52 271.52
## - sentiment_title$ave_sentiment
                                                      285.40 323.40
## - as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m")) 11
                                                      333.87 351.87
##
## Step: AIC=265.54
  (star_rating_num) > 4 ~ ave_emotion.anger + ave_emotion.fear +
       ave_emotion.joy + ave_emotion.surprise + ave_emotion.trust +
##
       sentiment_title$ave_sentiment + sentiment_text$ave_sentiment +
##
##
       as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))
##
##
                                                 Df Deviance
                                                                AIC
                                                      228.82 264.82
## - ave_emotion.trust
```

```
229.22 265.22
## - ave_emotion.fear
                                                  1
                                                      229.48 265.48
## - ave_emotion.anger
                                                      227.54 265.54
## <none>
## - ave_emotion.joy
                                                      229.98 265.98
                                                  1
## - sentiment text$ave sentiment
                                                      234.07 270.07
                                                  1
## - ave emotion.surprise
                                                      234.43 270.43
## - sentiment title$ave sentiment
                                                      287.32 323.32
## - as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m")) 11
                                                      340.65 356.65
## Step: AIC=264.82
## (star_rating_num) > 4 ~ ave_emotion.anger + ave_emotion.fear +
       ave emotion.joy + ave emotion.surprise + sentiment_title$ave_sentiment +
##
       sentiment_text$ave_sentiment + as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates,
##
       "%m"))
##
##
##
                                                 Df Deviance
                                                                AIC
## - ave_emotion.fear
                                                      230.37 264.37
                                                      228.82 264.82
## <none>
## - ave_emotion.anger
                                                      230.97 264.97
                                                  1
## - ave emotion.joy
                                                      233.31 267.31
## - ave emotion.surprise
                                                  1
                                                      234.85 268.85
## - sentiment text$ave sentiment
                                                      235.45 269.45
## - sentiment_title$ave_sentiment
                                                  1
                                                      288.27 322.27
## - as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m")) 11
                                                      342.80 356.80
##
## Step: AIC=264.37
## (star_rating_num) > 4 ~ ave_emotion.anger + ave_emotion.joy +
       ave emotion.surprise + sentiment title$ave sentiment + sentiment text$ave sentiment +
##
       as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))
##
##
##
                                                 Df Deviance
                                                                AIC
## <none>
                                                      230.37 264.37
## - ave_emotion.anger
                                                      233.06 265.06
                                                  1
## - ave_emotion.joy
                                                      235.00 267.00
                                                  1
## - ave emotion.surprise
                                                      236.49 268.49
                                                  1
## - sentiment text$ave sentiment
                                                  1
                                                      237.61 269.61
## - sentiment title$ave sentiment
                                                      290.02 322.02
## - as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m")) 11
                                                      348.04 360.04
summary(stars_6_step)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = (star rating num) > 4 ~ ave emotion.anger + ave emotion.joy +
       ave_emotion.surprise + sentiment_title$ave_sentiment + sentiment_text$ave_sentiment +
       as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m")), family = "binomial",
##
##
       data = reviews_scraped)
##
```

```
## Coefficients:
##
                                                  Estimate Std. Error z value
## (Intercept)
                                                -2.055e+01 5.941e+03
                                                                       -0.003
## ave_emotion.anger
                                                                       -1.490
                                                -1.178e+01 7.907e+00
## ave emotion.joy
                                                 1.480e+01 7.791e+00
                                                                        1.899
## ave emotion.surprise
                                                -1.696e+01
                                                            7.834e+00
                                                                       -2.165
## sentiment title$ave sentiment
                                                 3.758e+00
                                                            5.864e-01
                                                                        6.409
## sentiment text$ave sentiment
                                                 1.900e+00
                                                            7.268e-01
                                                                        2.613
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))02 -5.850e-01 7.740e+03
                                                                        0.000
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))03 -1.422e+00
                                                            7.485e+03
                                                                        0.000
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))04 -1.735e-02
                                                                        0.000
                                                            8.132e+03
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))05 4.612e-03
                                                            7.147e+03
                                                                        0.000
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))06 -1.746e+00
                                                            6.322e+03
                                                                        0.000
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))07 -1.735e+00
                                                            6.217e+03
                                                                        0.000
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))08
                                                1.614e+01
                                                            5.941e+03
                                                                        0.003
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))09
                                                 1.737e+01 5.941e+03
                                                                        0.003
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))10
                                                 1.920e+01
                                                            5.941e+03
                                                                        0.003
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))11
                                                                        0.003
                                                 1.920e+01
                                                            5.941e+03
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))12
                                                            1.048e+04
                                                 8.111e-01
                                                                        0.000
##
                                                Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                                                 0.99724
## ave emotion.anger
                                                 0.13633
## ave_emotion.joy
                                                 0.05753 .
## ave_emotion.surprise
                                                 0.03042 *
## sentiment_title$ave_sentiment
                                                1.47e-10 ***
## sentiment_text$ave_sentiment
                                                 0.00896 **
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))02
                                                 0.99994
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))03
                                                 0.99985
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))04
                                                 1.00000
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))05
                                                 1.00000
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))06
                                                 0.99978
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))07
                                                 0.99978
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))08
                                                 0.99783
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))09
                                                 0.99767
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))10
                                                 0.99742
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))11
                                                 0.99742
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))12
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
       Null deviance: 500.40
                              on 499
                                      degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 230.37
                              on 483
                                      degrees of freedom
##
  AIC: 264.37
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 19
```

```
AIC(stars_6)

## [1] 357.0178

AIC(stars_6a)

## [1] 272.1933

AIC(stars_6b)

## [1] 361.9229

AIC(stars_6_step)
```

[1] 264.3656

Interestingly the full model has the lowest AIC score, even though only the two sentiment scores were significant.

Building a conclusive model for helfpulness:

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = (N_helpful) > 10 ~ (ave_emotion.anger + ave_emotion.anticipation +
##
      ave_emotion.disgust + ave_emotion.fear + ave_emotion.joy +
##
      ave_emotion.sadness + ave_emotion.surprise + ave_emotion.trust +
##
      sentiment_title$ave_sentiment + sentiment_text$ave_sentiment +
##
      review_length), family = "binomial", data = reviews_scraped)
##
## Coefficients:
##
                                 Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                                ## ave_emotion.anger
                                14.943941 14.002050
                                                     1.067
                                                               0.286
## ave emotion.anticipation
                                -7.055534 24.519837 -0.288
                                                               0.774
## ave_emotion.disgust
                               -42.019103 36.631222 -1.147
                                                               0.251
## ave_emotion.fear
                                 9.403853 32.835695
                                                      0.286
                                                               0.775
## ave_emotion.joy
                                 1.881173 26.137013
                                                      0.072
                                                               0.943
## ave_emotion.sadness
                                42.026397 31.926990
                                                     1.316
                                                               0.188
## ave_emotion.surprise
                                 4.319313 31.649544
                                                      0.136
                                                               0.891
## ave_emotion.trust
                               -15.913280 23.175217 -0.687
                                                               0.492
## sentiment_title$ave_sentiment
                                          0.747336
                                                      1.007
                                                               0.314
                                 0.752852
## sentiment_text$ave_sentiment
                                 1.559535
                                            1.757458
                                                      0.887
                                                               0.375
```

```
## review_length
                                   0.022442
                                              0.003112 7.212 5.51e-13 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
       Null deviance: 215.82 on 499
                                      degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 108.97 on 488
                                      degrees of freedom
## AIC: 132.97
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 8
This model to determine if a review will be voted as helpful by more than 10 people shows that only
the review length, not the emotion or sentiment of the review is significant in shaping the outcome.
help_a <- glm((N_helpful) > 10 ~ (ave_emotion.anger+ave_emotion.anticipation +
                                    ave_emotion.disgust +ave_emotion.fear +
                                    ave_emotion.joy +ave_emotion.sadness+
                                    ave_emotion.surprise+ave_emotion.trust +
                                    sentiment title $ave sentiment +
                                    sentiment_text$ave_sentiment+review_length+
                                    as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))),
              data=reviews_scraped, family = "binomial")
summary(help_a)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = (N_helpful) > 10 ~ (ave_emotion.anger + ave_emotion.anticipation +
##
       ave_emotion.disgust + ave_emotion.fear + ave_emotion.joy +
##
       ave_emotion.sadness + ave_emotion.surprise + ave_emotion.trust +
       sentiment title$ave sentiment + sentiment text$ave sentiment +
##
##
       review_length + as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))),
       family = "binomial", data = reviews_scraped)
##
##
## Coefficients:
##
                                                  Estimate Std. Error z value
## (Intercept)
                                                -5.629e+00 1.473e+00 -3.821
                                                  1.321e+01 2.111e+01 0.626
## ave_emotion.anger
## ave_emotion.anticipation
                                                -1.634e+00 2.650e+01 -0.062
                                                -6.452e+01 4.803e+01 -1.343
## ave_emotion.disgust
## ave_emotion.fear
                                                -9.838e+00 3.862e+01 -0.255
                                                -7.844e+00 3.615e+01 -0.217
## ave_emotion.joy
## ave_emotion.sadness
                                                 6.433e+01 3.729e+01 1.725
                                                 1.493e+01 3.810e+01 0.392
## ave_emotion.surprise
## ave_emotion.trust
                                                -1.699e+01 2.907e+01 -0.585
## sentiment title$ave sentiment
                                                 1.628e+00 8.820e-01 1.846
## sentiment_text$ave_sentiment
                                                 1.979e+00 2.074e+00 0.954
## review length
                                                 2.622e-02 4.136e-03
                                                                         6.341
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))02 -5.255e-01 1.747e+00 -0.301
```

```
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))03 -1.778e+01 1.753e+03 -0.010
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))04 -5.793e-01 1.652e+00 -0.351
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))05 -1.211e+00 1.486e+00 -0.815
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))06 -3.514e-01 1.291e+00 -0.272
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))07 -1.544e-01 1.332e+00 -0.116
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))08 -1.886e+00 1.384e+00 -1.363
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))09 -1.508e+00 1.433e+00 -1.053
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))10 -3.593e+00 1.581e+00 -2.272
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))11 -2.418e+00 1.606e+00 -1.506
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))12 2.215e-01 1.734e+00
                                                                       0.128
##
                                                Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                                                0.000133 ***
## ave_emotion.anger
                                                0.531460
## ave_emotion.anticipation
                                                0.950835
## ave_emotion.disgust
                                                0.179178
## ave_emotion.fear
                                                0.798925
## ave_emotion.joy
                                                0.828196
                                                0.084458 .
## ave_emotion.sadness
## ave_emotion.surprise
                                                0.695186
## ave emotion.trust
                                                0.558839
## sentiment title$ave sentiment
                                                0.064888 .
## sentiment text$ave sentiment
                                                0.339936
## review length
                                                2.29e-10 ***
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))02 0.763555
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))03 0.991909
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))04 0.725796
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))05 0.415080
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))06 0.785432
## as.factor(strftime(formatted dates, "%m"))07 0.907724
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))08 0.172862
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))09 0.292546
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))10 0.023071 *
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))11 0.132034
## as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m"))12 0.898316
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
       Null deviance: 215.816 on 499 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 92.566 on 477
                                      degrees of freedom
## AIC: 138.57
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 17
help_b <- glm((N_helpful) > 10 ~ (sentiment_title$ave_sentiment +
                                    sentiment_text$ave_sentiment+review_length),
              data=reviews_scraped, family = "binomial")
```

```
summary(help_b)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = (N_helpful) > 10 ~ (sentiment_title$ave_sentiment +
       sentiment text$ave sentiment + review length), family = "binomial",
       data = reviews_scraped)
##
##
## Coefficients:
##
                                  Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                                 -5.774236  0.606680  -9.518  < 2e-16 ***
## sentiment_title$ave_sentiment 0.852425
                                            0.711065
                                                        1.199
                                                                 0.231
## sentiment_text$ave_sentiment
                                  0.604435
                                            1.458060
                                                        0.415
                                                                 0.678
## review_length
                                  0.021041
                                             0.002779
                                                        7.572 3.68e-14 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
       Null deviance: 215.82 on 499 degrees of freedom
##
## Residual deviance: 114.42 on 496 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 122.42
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 7
help_c <- glm((N_helpful) > 10 ~ (review_length),
              data=reviews_scraped, family = "binomial")
summary(help_c)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = (N_helpful) > 10 ~ (review_length), family = "binomial",
##
       data = reviews_scraped)
##
## Coefficients:
                Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                            0.54948 -10.099 < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
                -5.54935
## review_length 0.02013
                                       7.654 1.95e-14 ***
                            0.00263
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
       Null deviance: 215.82 on 499 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 116.91 on 498 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 120.91
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 7
```

```
help_d <- step(help_a)
## Start: AIC=138.57
## (N helpful) > 10 ~
```

```
## (N helpful) > 10 ~ (ave emotion.anger + ave emotion.anticipation +
       ave_emotion.disgust + ave_emotion.fear + ave_emotion.joy +
       ave_emotion.sadness + ave_emotion.surprise + ave_emotion.trust +
##
       sentiment_title$ave_sentiment + sentiment_text$ave_sentiment +
##
##
       review_length + as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m")))
##
##
                                                Df Deviance
                                                                AIC
## - as.factor(strftime(formatted_dates, "%m")) 11
                                                    108.969 132.97
## - ave_emotion.anticipation
                                                     92.569 136.57
## - ave_emotion.joy
                                                     92.613 136.61
                                                     92.631 136.63
## - ave_emotion.fear
                                                 1
## - ave_emotion.surprise
                                                 1
                                                     92.717 136.72
## - ave_emotion.anger
                                                     92.917 136.92
                                                 1
## - ave emotion.trust
                                                     92.929 136.93
                                                 1
## - sentiment_text$ave_sentiment
                                                 1
                                                     93.460 137.46
## <none>
                                                     92.566 138.57
## - ave_emotion.disgust
                                                     94.627 138.63
## - ave emotion.sadness
                                                     95.365 139.37
## - sentiment_title$ave_sentiment
                                                 1
                                                     96.247 140.25
## - review_length
                                                 1 189.959 233.96
##
## Step: AIC=132.97
## (N_helpful) > 10 ~ ave_emotion.anger + ave_emotion.anticipation +
       ave_emotion.disgust + ave_emotion.fear + ave_emotion.joy +
##
       ave_emotion.sadness + ave_emotion.surprise + ave_emotion.trust +
##
##
       sentiment_title$ave_sentiment + sentiment_text$ave_sentiment +
##
       review_length
##
##
                                   Df Deviance
                                                  ATC
                                        108.97 130.97
## - ave_emotion.joy
## - ave emotion.surprise
                                      108.99 130.99
## - ave emotion.fear
                                      109.05 131.05
## - ave emotion.anticipation
                                      109.06 131.06
## - ave_emotion.trust
                                       109.48 131.48
                                    1
## - sentiment_text$ave_sentiment
                                    1 109.72 131.72
## - ave_emotion.anger
                                    1
                                       109.83 131.83
## - sentiment_title$ave_sentiment 1
                                       110.01 132.01
## - ave_emotion.disgust
                                    1
                                        110.41 132.41
## - ave_emotion.sadness
                                        110.67 132.66
## <none>
                                        108.97 132.97
## - review_length
                                        210.55 232.55
##
## Step: AIC=130.97
## (N_helpful) > 10 ~ ave_emotion.anger + ave_emotion.anticipation +
```

```
ave_emotion.disgust + ave_emotion.fear + ave_emotion.sadness +
##
       ave_emotion.surprise + ave_emotion.trust + sentiment_title$ave_sentiment +
##
##
       sentiment_text$ave_sentiment + review_length
##
##
                                   Df Deviance
                                                  AIC
## - ave emotion.surprise
                                    1
                                        109.00 129.00
## - ave emotion.fear
                                      109.05 129.05
## - ave_emotion.anticipation
                                    1
                                      109.06 129.06
## - ave emotion.trust
                                    1
                                      109.56 129.56
## - sentiment_text$ave_sentiment
                                    1
                                      109.79 129.79
                                      109.87 129.87
## - ave_emotion.anger
                                    1
## - sentiment_title$ave_sentiment
                                      110.03 130.03
## - ave_emotion.disgust
                                        110.42 130.42
                                    1
## - ave_emotion.sadness
                                      110.68 130.68
## <none>
                                        108.97 130.97
                                        211.34 231.34
## - review_length
                                    1
##
## Step: AIC=129
## (N_helpful) > 10 ~ ave_emotion.anger + ave_emotion.anticipation +
##
       ave_emotion.disgust + ave_emotion.fear + ave_emotion.sadness +
       ave_emotion.trust + sentiment_title$ave_sentiment + sentiment_text$ave_sentiment +
##
       review length
##
##
                                   Df Deviance
## - ave_emotion.anticipation
                                    1 109.06 127.06
## - ave_emotion.fear
                                    1
                                        109.10 127.10
## - ave_emotion.trust
                                      109.56 127.56
                                    1
## - ave_emotion.anger
                                      109.88 127.88
## - sentiment_text$ave_sentiment
                                      109.89 127.89
## - sentiment_title$ave_sentiment
                                      110.04 128.04
## - ave_emotion.disgust
                                        110.44 128.44
                                    1
## - ave_emotion.sadness
                                      110.72 128.72
                                    1
## <none>
                                        109.00 129.00
## - review_length
                                        212.05 230.05
                                    1
##
## Step: AIC=127.06
  (N helpful) > 10 ~ ave emotion.anger + ave emotion.disgust +
       ave_emotion.fear + ave_emotion.sadness + ave_emotion.trust +
       sentiment_title$ave_sentiment + sentiment_text$ave_sentiment +
##
##
       review_length
##
                                   Df Deviance
##
                                                  AIC
## - ave_emotion.fear
                                        109.14 125.14
## - sentiment_text$ave_sentiment
                                       109.92 125.92
## - ave_emotion.anger
                                       109.94 125.94
## - ave_emotion.trust
                                    1
                                      110.12 126.12
## - sentiment_title$ave_sentiment
                                      110.13 126.13
                                    1
## - ave_emotion.disgust
                                        110.55 126.55
                                    1
```

```
1 110.81 126.81
## - ave_emotion.sadness
                                      109.06 127.06
## <none>
## - review_length
                                   1 212.05 228.05
##
## Step: AIC=125.14
## (N_helpful) > 10 ~ ave_emotion.anger + ave_emotion.disgust +
       ave emotion.sadness + ave emotion.trust + sentiment title$ave sentiment +
##
       sentiment_text$ave_sentiment + review_length
##
##
                                  Df Deviance
                                                 ATC
                                    1 109.94 123.94
## - sentiment_text$ave_sentiment
## - ave_emotion.anger
                                    1
                                      110.02 124.02
                                      110.14 124.14
## - ave_emotion.trust
## - sentiment_title$ave_sentiment
                                      110.22 124.22
## - ave_emotion.disgust
                                       110.64 124.64
## <none>
                                       109.14 125.14
## - ave_emotion.sadness
                                    1
                                      112.71 126.71
## - review_length
                                    1 212.31 226.31
##
## Step: AIC=123.94
## (N_helpful) > 10 ~ ave_emotion.anger + ave_emotion.disgust +
##
       ave emotion.sadness + ave emotion.trust + sentiment title$ave sentiment +
##
      review_length
##
##
                                  Df Deviance
                                                 ATC
                                    1 110.45 122.45
## - ave_emotion.trust
                                    1 110.82 122.82
## - ave_emotion.anger
## <none>
                                       109.94 123.94
## - ave_emotion.disgust
                                    1 112.00 124.00
## - sentiment_title$ave_sentiment 1 112.03 124.03
## - ave_emotion.sadness
                                      113.06 125.06
                                    1
                                    1 212.41 224.41
## - review_length
##
## Step: AIC=122.45
## (N helpful) > 10 ~ ave emotion.anger + ave emotion.disgust +
##
       ave_emotion.sadness + sentiment_title$ave_sentiment + review_length
##
                                  Df Deviance
## - ave_emotion.anger
                                    1 111.31 121.31
## - sentiment_title$ave_sentiment 1
                                      112.28 122.28
## - ave_emotion.disgust
                                    1 112.41 122.41
                                       110.45 122.45
## <none>
## - ave_emotion.sadness
                                   1 113.43 123.43
## - review_length
                                   1 213.15 223.15
##
## Step: AIC=121.32
## (N_helpful) > 10 ~ ave_emotion.disgust + ave_emotion.sadness +
##
       sentiment_title$ave_sentiment + review_length
```

```
##
##
                                 Df Deviance
                                                AIC
## - ave_emotion.disgust
                                  1 112.57 120.57
## - sentiment_title$ave_sentiment 1 113.30 121.30
## <none>
                                     111.31 121.31
## - ave emotion.sadness
                                    114.52 122.52
                                  1
## - review length
                                  1 213.49 221.49
##
## Step: AIC=120.57
## (N_helpful) > 10 ~ ave_emotion.sadness + sentiment_title$ave_sentiment +
##
      review_length
##
##
                                 Df Deviance
                                                AIC
                                      112.57 120.57
## <none>
## - ave_emotion.sadness
                                  1
                                    114.59 120.59
## - sentiment_title$ave_sentiment 1 115.25 121.25
## - review_length
                                  1
                                    214.48 220.48
summary(help_d)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = (N_helpful) > 10 ~ ave_emotion.sadness + sentiment_title$ave_sentiment +
##
      review_length, family = "binomial", data = reviews_scraped)
##
## Coefficients:
##
                                Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                                           0.683832 -8.937 < 2e-16 ***
                               -6.111571
## ave_emotion.sadness
                               29.272298 18.719725
                                                     1.564
                                                              0.118
## sentiment_title$ave_sentiment 1.062290 0.664696 1.598
                                                              0.110
                                ## review_length
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 215.82 on 499 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 112.57 on 496 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 120.57
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 7
AIC(help_a)
## [1] 138.5656
AIC(help_b)
## [1] 122.4176
```

AIC(help_c)

[1] 120.909

AIC(help_d)

[1] 120.5742