Large Scale Machine Learning and Deep Learning Review Questions 4

1. Why adding more neurons to a single layer neural network cannot solve the XOR problem, but adding more layers can?

Answer: page 170 of the machine learning book

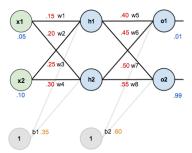
2. Assume a feedforward neural network with one hidden layer, in which the output of the hidden units and output units are computed by functions $\mathbf{h} = \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x})$ and $\mathbf{out} = \mathbf{g}(\mathbf{h})$, respectively. Show that if we use linear functions in \mathbf{f} and \mathbf{g} , e.g., $\mathbf{h} = \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{w}_1^\mathsf{T}\mathbf{x}$ and $\mathbf{out} = \mathbf{g}(\mathbf{h}) = \mathbf{w}_2^\mathsf{T}\mathbf{h}$, then the feedforward network as a whole would remain a linear function of its input.

Answer: page 171 of the machine learning book

3. What's the problem of using step function as an activation function in deep feedforward neural networks?

Answer: page 262 of the handson book

4. Compute the value of w_2 and w_8 after the first iteration of the backpropagation in the following figure. Assume all the neurons use the ReLU activation function and we use squared error function as the cost function. In this figure, red and orange colors indicate the initial values of the weights and biases, while the numbers in blue show the input and true output values.



Answer:

▶ Forward pass

$$\begin{split} \text{net}_{h1} &= \texttt{w}_1 \texttt{x}_1 + \texttt{w}_2 \texttt{x}_2 + \texttt{b}_1 = 0.3775 \\ \text{out}_{h1} &= \texttt{max}(\texttt{0}, \texttt{net}_{h1}) = 0.3775 \\ \\ \text{net}_{h2} &= \texttt{w}_3 \texttt{x}_1 + \texttt{w}_4 \texttt{x}_2 + \texttt{b}_1 = 0.3925 \\ \text{out}_{h2} &= \texttt{max}(\texttt{0}, \texttt{net}_{h2}) = 0.3925 \\ \\ \text{net}_{o1} &= \texttt{w}_5 \texttt{out}_{h1} + \texttt{w}_6 \texttt{out}_{h2} + \texttt{b}_2 = 0.9276 \\ \\ \text{out}_{o1} &= \texttt{max}(\texttt{0}, \texttt{net}_{o1}) = 0.9276 \\ \\ \\ \text{net}_{o2} &= \texttt{w}_7 \texttt{out}_{h1} + \texttt{w}_8 \texttt{out}_{h2} + \texttt{b}_2 = 1.0046 \\ \\ \\ \text{out}_{o2} &= \texttt{max}(\texttt{0}, \texttt{net}_{o2}) = 1.0046 \\ \end{split}$$

Computing the total error:

$$\begin{split} E_{o1} &= \frac{1}{2} (y_{o1} - out_{o1})^2 = 0.4210 \\ E_{o2} &= \frac{1}{2} (y_{o2} - out_{o2})^2 = 0.0001 \\ E_{total} &= E_{o1} + E_{o2} = 0.4211 \end{split}$$

▶ Backward pass

$$\begin{split} \text{ReLU}(\textbf{z}) &= \max(\textbf{0}, \textbf{z}) \\ \frac{\partial \text{ReLU}(\textbf{z})}{\partial \textbf{z}} &= \begin{cases} \textbf{0} & \text{if } \textbf{z} \leq \textbf{0} \\ \textbf{1} & \text{if } \textbf{z} > \textbf{0} \end{cases} \end{split}$$

1. Computing the partial derivative with respect to w₈:

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial w_8} &= \frac{\partial E_{\text{o1}}}{\partial w_8} + \frac{\partial E_{\text{o2}}}{\partial w_8} \\ &= 0 + \frac{\partial E_{\text{o2}}}{\partial w_8} \\ &= \frac{\partial E_{\text{o2}}}{\partial \text{out}_{\text{o2}}} \times \frac{\partial \text{out}_{\text{o2}}}{\partial \text{net}_{\text{o2}}} \times \frac{\partial \text{net}_{\text{o2}}}{\partial w_8} \\ &= \frac{\partial \left(\frac{1}{2}(y_{\text{o2}} - \text{out}_{\text{o2}})^2\right)}{\partial \text{out}_{\text{o2}}} \times \frac{\partial \text{ReLU}(\text{net}_{\text{o2}})}{\partial \text{net}_{\text{o2}}} \times \frac{\partial w_7 \text{out}_{\text{h1}} + w_8 \text{out}_{\text{h2}}}{\partial w_8} \\ &= (\text{out}_{\text{o2}} - y_{\text{o2}}) \times 1 \times \text{out}_{\text{h2}} = 0.0057 \end{split}$$

Update the weight w_8 :

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{w}_8^{(\text{next})} &= \mathbf{w}_8 - \eta \frac{\partial \mathbf{E}_{\text{total}}}{\partial \mathbf{w}_8} \\ &= 0.55 - \eta 0.0057 \end{aligned}$$

2. Computing the partial derivative with respect to w₂:

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial E_{\text{total}}}{\partial w_2} &= \frac{\partial E_{\text{ol}}}{\partial w_2} + \frac{\partial E_{\text{o2}}}{\partial w_2} \\ &= \frac{\partial E_{\text{ol}}}{\partial \text{out}_{\text{ol}}} \times \frac{\partial \text{out}_{\text{ol}}}{\partial \text{net}_{\text{ol}}} \times \frac{\partial \text{net}_{\text{ol}}}{\partial \text{out}_{\text{hl}}} \times \frac{\partial \text{out}_{\text{hl}}}{\partial \text{net}_{\text{hl}}} \times \frac{\partial \text{net}_{\text{hl}}}{\partial w_2} \\ &+ \frac{\partial E_{\text{o2}}}{\partial \text{out}_{\text{o2}}} \times \frac{\partial \text{out}_{\text{o2}}}{\partial \text{net}_{\text{o2}}} \times \frac{\partial \text{net}_{\text{o2}}}{\partial \text{out}_{\text{hl}}} \times \frac{\partial \text{out}_{\text{hl}}}{\partial \text{net}_{\text{hl}}} \times \frac{\partial \text{net}_{\text{hl}}}{\partial w_2} \\ &= \frac{\partial \left(\frac{1}{2}(y_{\text{ol}} - \text{out}_{\text{ol}})^2\right)}{\partial \text{out}_{\text{ol}}} \times \frac{\partial \text{ReLU}(\text{net}_{\text{ol}})}{\partial \text{net}_{\text{ol}}} \times \frac{\partial w_5 \text{out}_{\text{hl}} + w_6 \text{out}_{\text{hl}}}{\partial \text{out}_{\text{hl}}} \times \frac{\partial \text{ReLU}(\text{net}_{\text{hl}})}{\partial \text{net}_{\text{hl}}} \times \frac{\partial w_1 x 1 + w_2 x 2}{\partial w_2} \\ &+ \frac{\partial \left(\frac{1}{2}(y_{\text{o2}} - \text{out}_{\text{o2}})^2\right)}{\partial \text{out}_{\text{o2}}} \times \frac{\partial \text{ReLU}(\text{net}_{\text{o2}})}{\partial \text{net}_{\text{o2}}} \times \frac{\partial w_7 \text{out}_{\text{hl}} + w_8 \text{out}_{\text{hl}}}{\partial \text{out}_{\text{hl}}} \times \frac{\partial \text{ReLU}(\text{net}_{\text{hl}})}{\partial \text{net}_{\text{hl}}} \times \frac{\partial w_1 x 1 + w_2 x 2}{\partial w_2} \\ &= \left[(\text{out}_{\text{ol}} - y_{\text{ol}}) \times 1 \times w_5 \times 1 \times x 2 \right] + \left[(\text{out}_{\text{o2}} - y_{\text{o2}}) \times 1 \times w_7 \times 1 \times x 2 \right] = 0.0374 \end{split}$$

Update the weight w_2 :

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{w}_{2}^{(\text{next})} &= \mathbf{w}_{2} - \eta \frac{\partial \mathbf{E}_{\text{total}}}{\partial \mathbf{w}_{2}} \\ &= 0.2 - \eta 0.0374 \end{aligned}$$