

ID2209 - Final Project

Multi agent system for resource delegation
between agents and stations in a high risk/high frequent dynamic 2D environment.



About us



Select a tour

Idf (ALL) - 1037893 | D: 10 rokov zivotia. Katalon kvetlinoi vystavky | Georges Rouault
Idf (ALL) - 1027191 | Dreaming Youth. Trauender Jangling from HOT AND THE END OF A DECADE | Ludwig Mies van der Rohe
Idf (ALL) - 1090655 | Who are you? Saturno Sof | Terry Riley
Idf (ALL) - 1099071 | Actualidad Grafica Panorama Artístico | John Baldessari

new frame from Item 1099071 | Actuali...

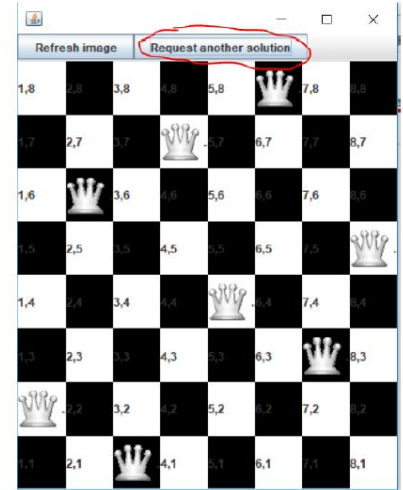
Id: 1099071
Name: Actualidad Grafica Panorama Artístico
Artist: John Baldessari
Genre: PAINTING
From: Georgia
Year: 1938
Museum: Id

Apr: 27
Gender: Male
Country: FB
Interests: PAINTING and TECHNOLOG
Era: 1990

Facebook Ads Manager
Facebook Ads Manager
Facebook Ads Manager

Classic pizza - 11 - 9000 - UNSOLD
Dragon skin - 5 - 14000 - UNSOLD
Old books - 60 - 1500 - UNSOLD
Mona Lisa - 1 - 18000 - UNSOLD

Name: Amount: Price:



Project creat



Aron: I need 2 more boxes

Johann: On my way with 5 boxes!
Meet you at **X**



Johann

X

Aron

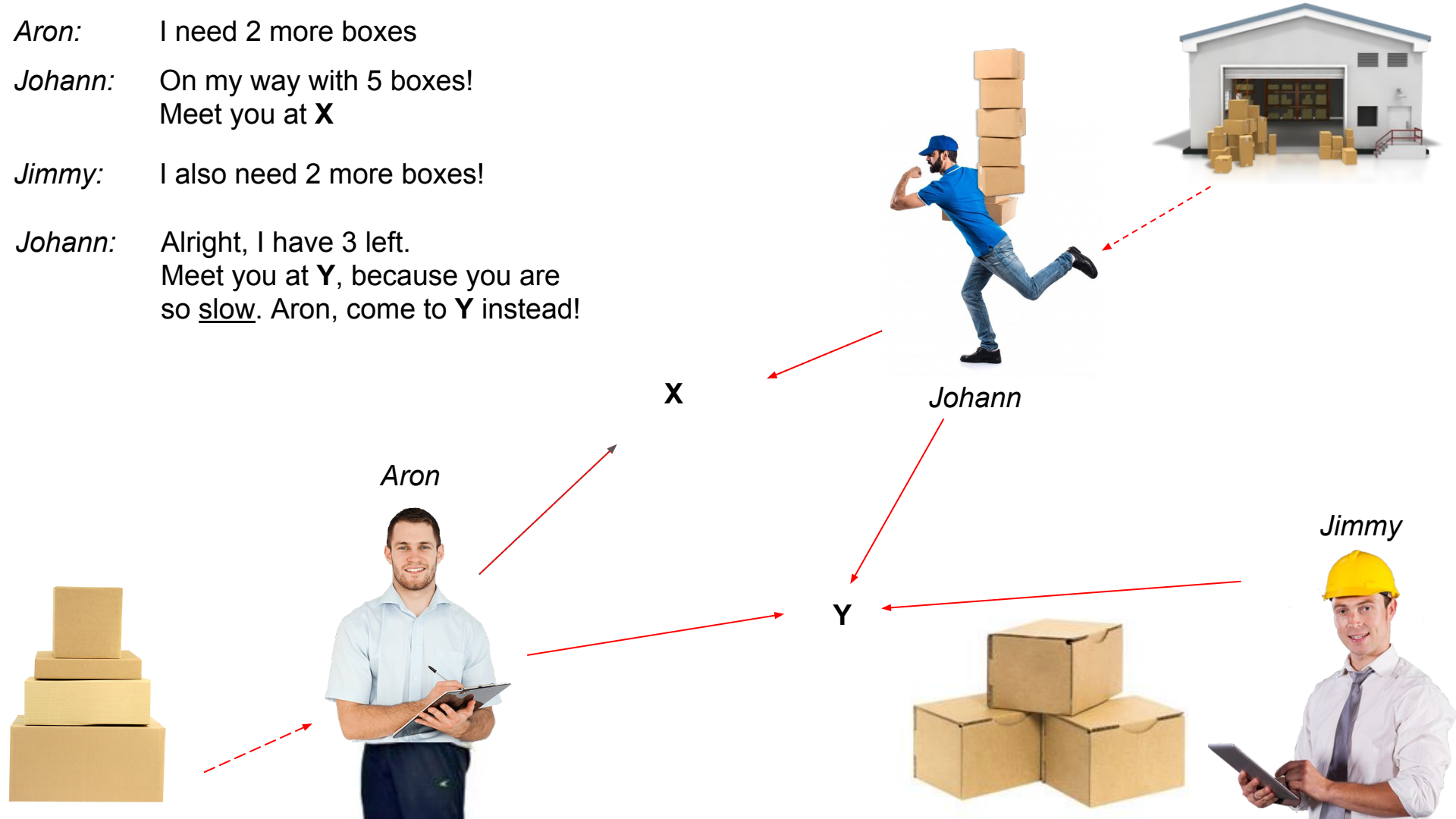


Aron: I need 2 more boxes

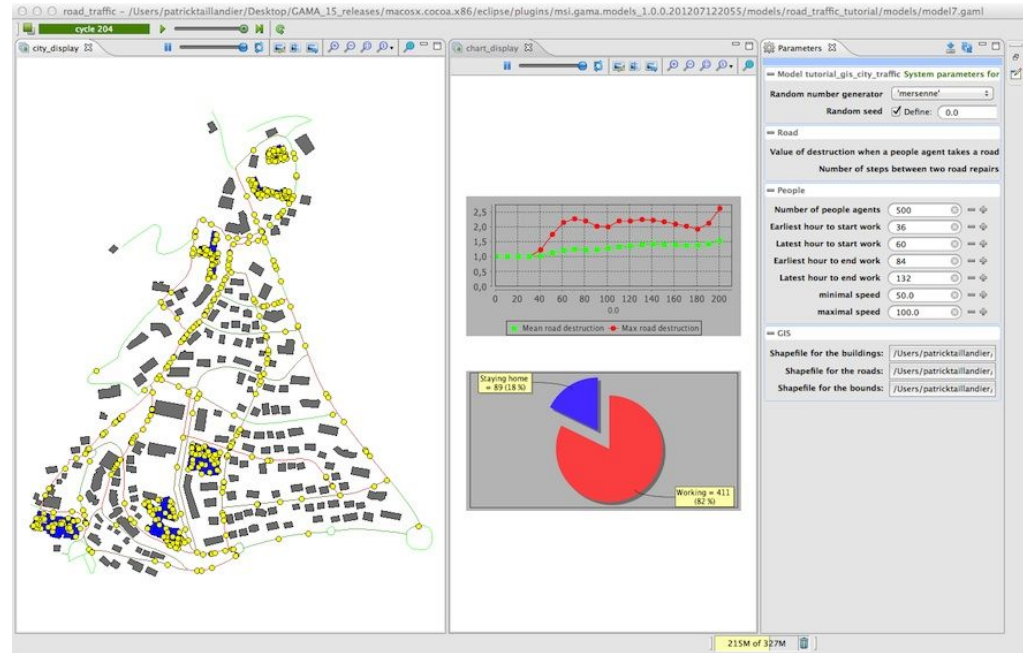
Johann: On my way with 5 boxes!
Meet you at **X**

Jimmy: I also need 2 more boxes!

Johann: Alright, I have 3 left.
Meet you at **Y**, because you are
so slow. Aron, come to **Y** instead!



Tool used - GAMA 1.6



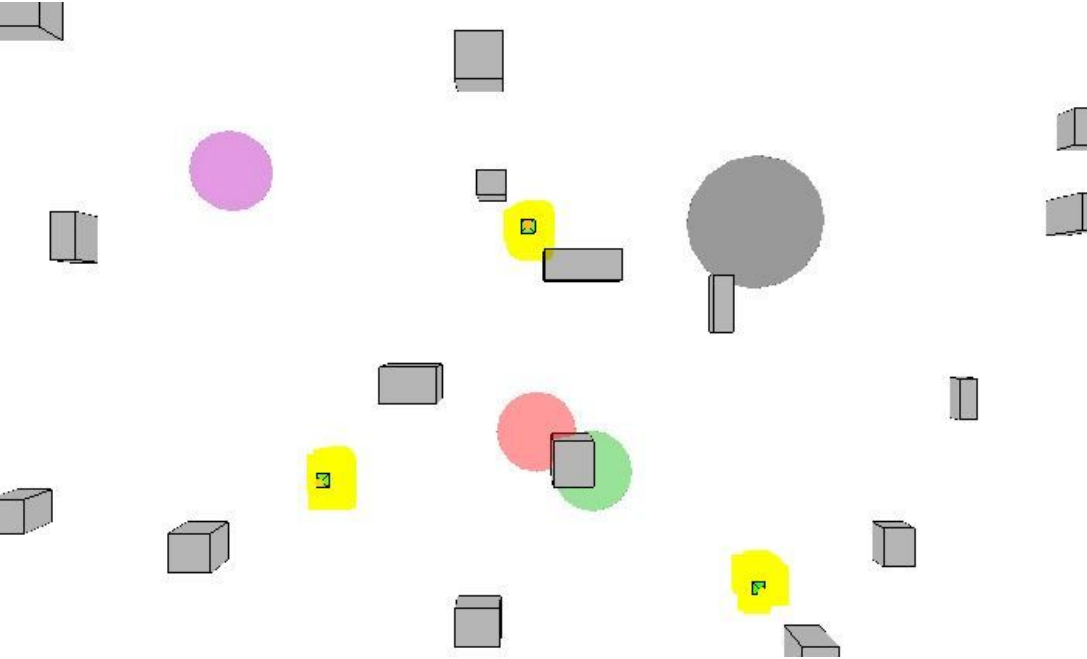
Find best point

Different distance

Different speed



Different algorithms tried



- Purple - Normalized points
- **Red - Inverse weighted point**
- Green - Average point
- Gray - Total time calculation

Inverse weighted point

Agent 1 at {1,1} speed 1

Agent 2 at {8,3} speed 2

Agent 3 at {5,8} speed 3

Total speed = 1 + 2 + 3 = 6

Total factors = $6/1 + 6/2 + 6/3 = 11$

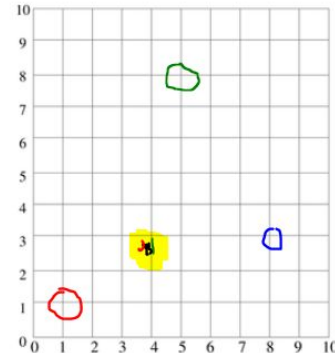
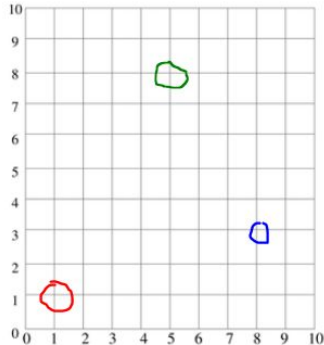
$$(6/1) / 11 = 0.5454... \quad * \quad \{1,1\} \quad \rightarrow \{0.54 ; 0.54\}$$

$$(6/2) / 11 = 0.2727... \quad * \quad \{8,3\} \quad \rightarrow \{2.16 ; 0.81\}$$

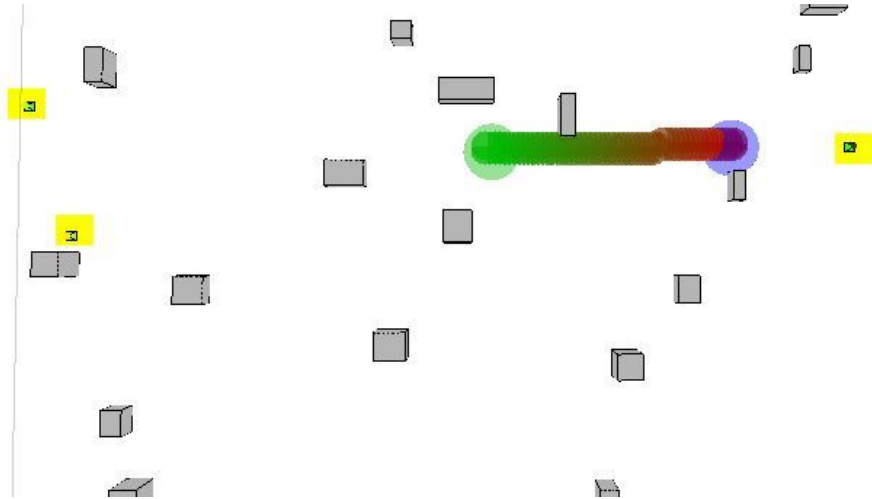
$$(6/3) / 11 = 0.1818... \quad * \quad \{5,8\} \quad \rightarrow \{0.90 ; 1.44\}$$

$$\{0.54 ; 0.54\} + \{2.16 ; 0.81\} + \{0.90 ; 1.44\}$$

Meeting point is {3.60 ; 2.79}



Bonus slide: Inverse factor + time calculation



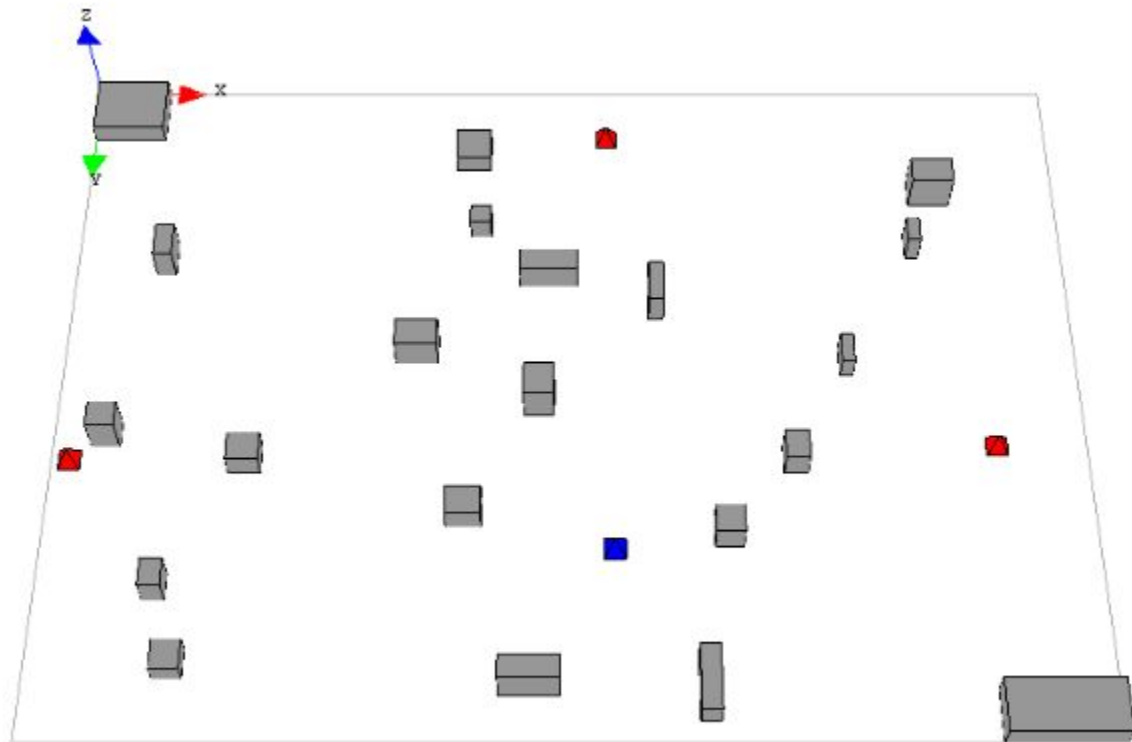
Start by finding inverse weighted point

Calculate total time for points around weighted point and select the lowest time as new point

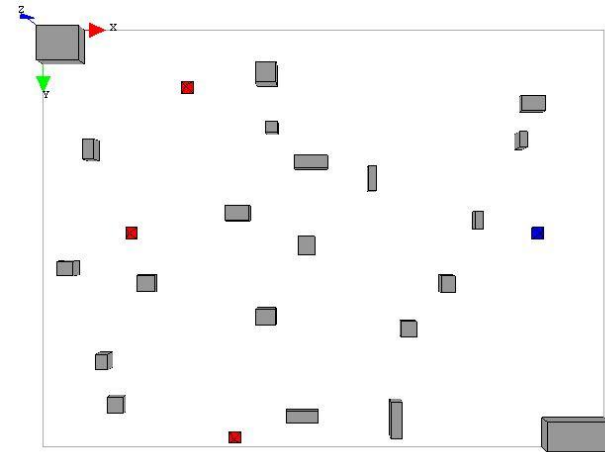
Iterate X times to find lowest time

Ended up being slower

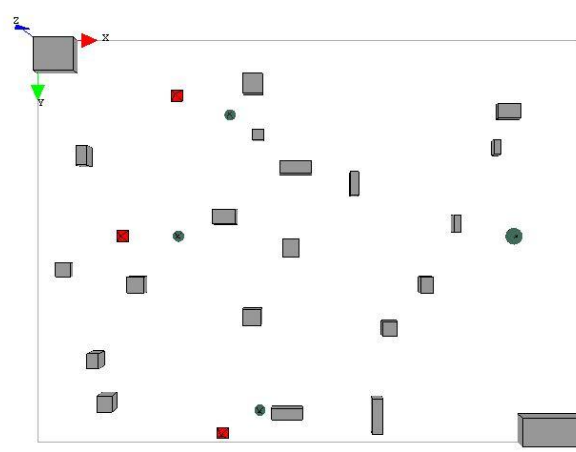
Version 1.0 in action



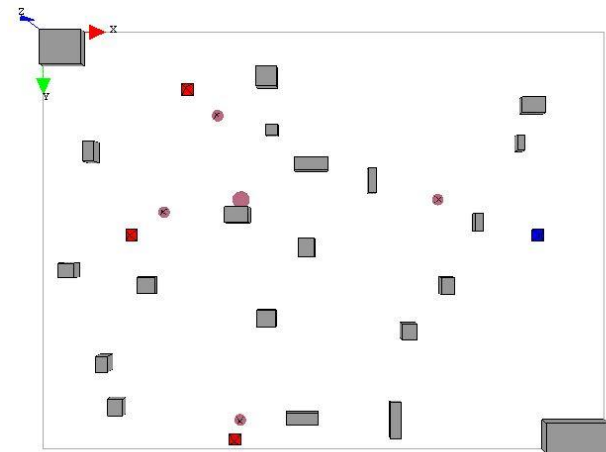
Is this working?



Agent	Location	Speed	Request time
Requester 1	{50, 20, 0}	1	2
Requester 2	{30, 70, 0}	2	5
Requester 3	{66, 140, 0}	3	8
Delivery man 1	{170, 70, 0}	2	



No method	Start Cycle	Distance Travelled	End Cycle	Cycles delta
Requester 1	2	262,95	135	133
Requester 2	5	275,51	103	98
Requester 3	8	250,31	72	64
		788,77		295



Inverse factor	Start Cycle	Distance Travelled	End Cycle	Cycles delta
Requester 1	2	86,93	58	56
Requester 2	5	76,62	43	38
Requester 3	8	169,58	58	50
DeliveryMan	-	104,16	33	33
		437,29		144

Distance lowered by 45%
Time shortened by up to 62.37%

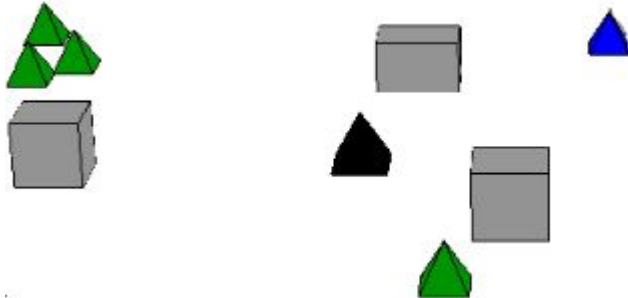
Scaling for bigger simulation

Multiple supply centers

Multiple camps

Gets more complicated...

Control center to locate the nearest supply station



FIPA

FIPA protocol used for communication

Deliveryman

Supplies

Requester

Supplies

Control Center

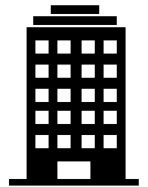
Location in FIPA

Request in FIPA

Deliveryman info in FIPA

Request in FIPA

Request in FIPA



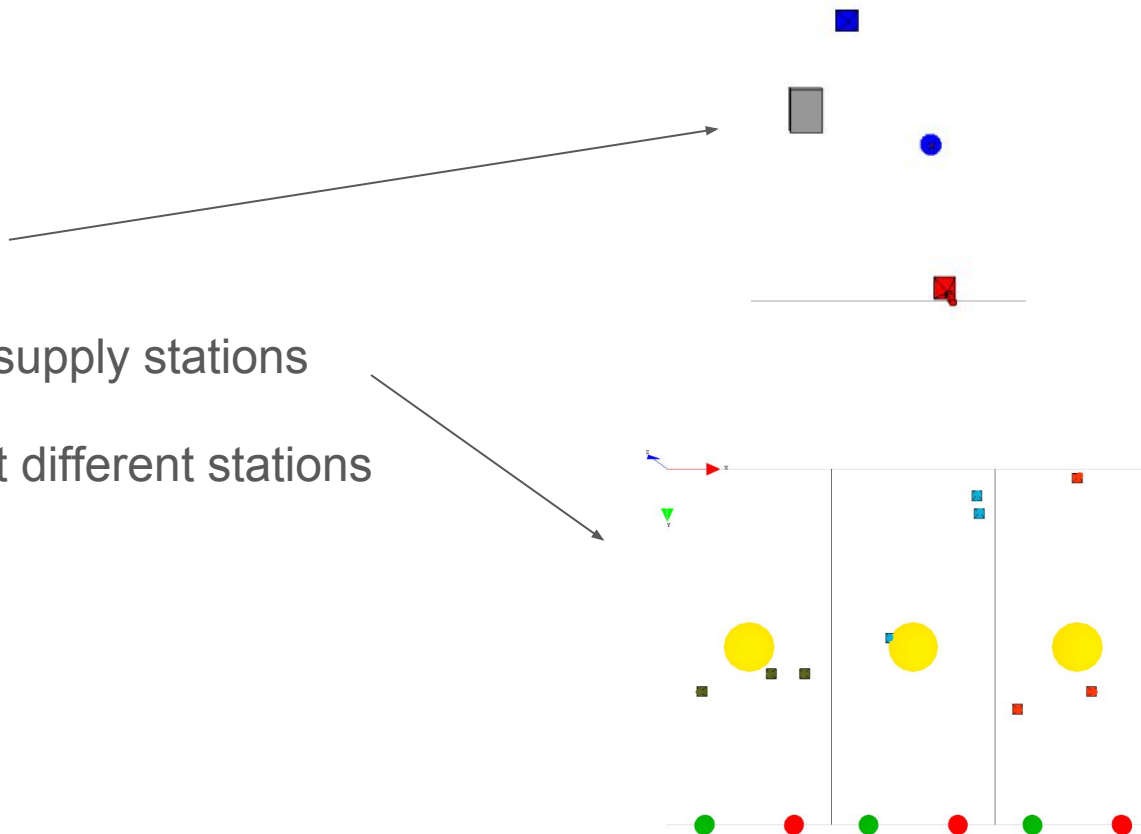
More features

Best delivery man

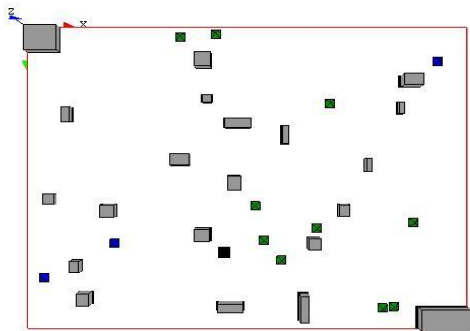
“Go get it yourself!”

Simulate the interior of supply stations

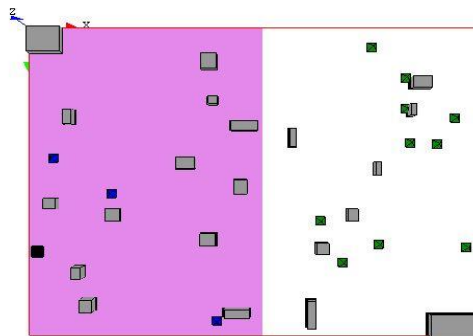
Let delivery man load at different stations



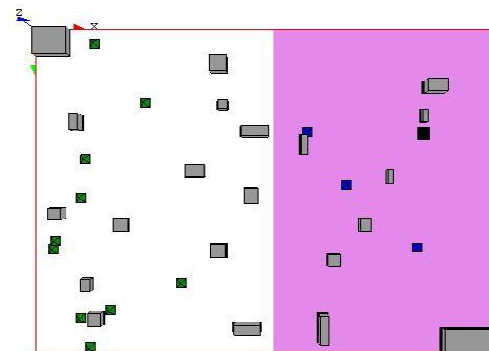
Restriction area



Free for all

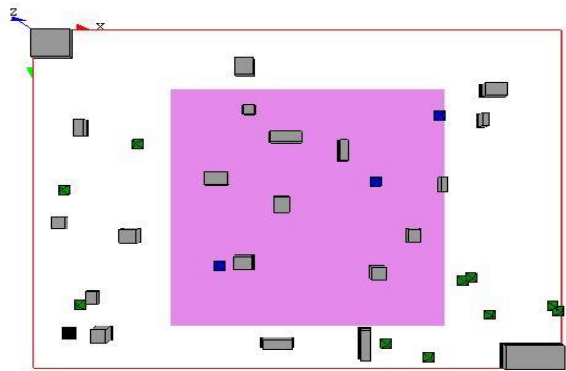


Supplies | Camps

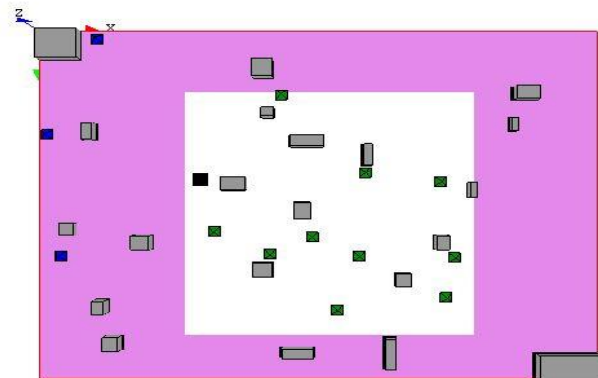


Camps | Supplies

Restriction Factor = 0.5



Camps | Supplies | Supplies



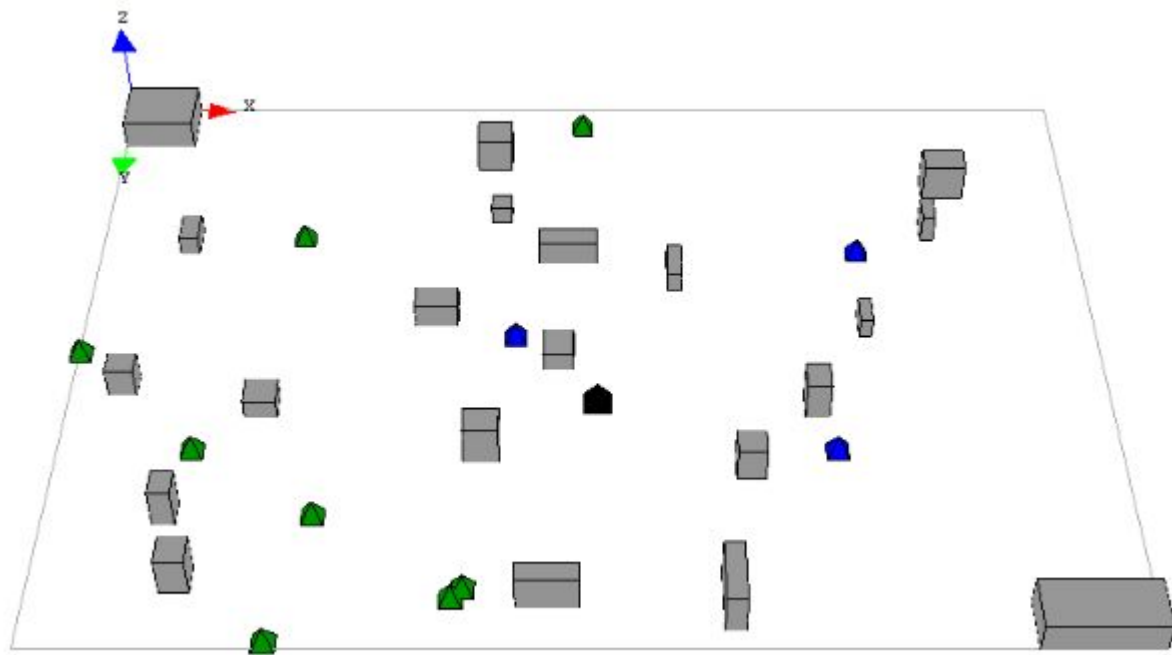
Supplies | Camps | Supplies



Restriction Factor = 0.5



Version 2.0 in action



And as always, that extra touch

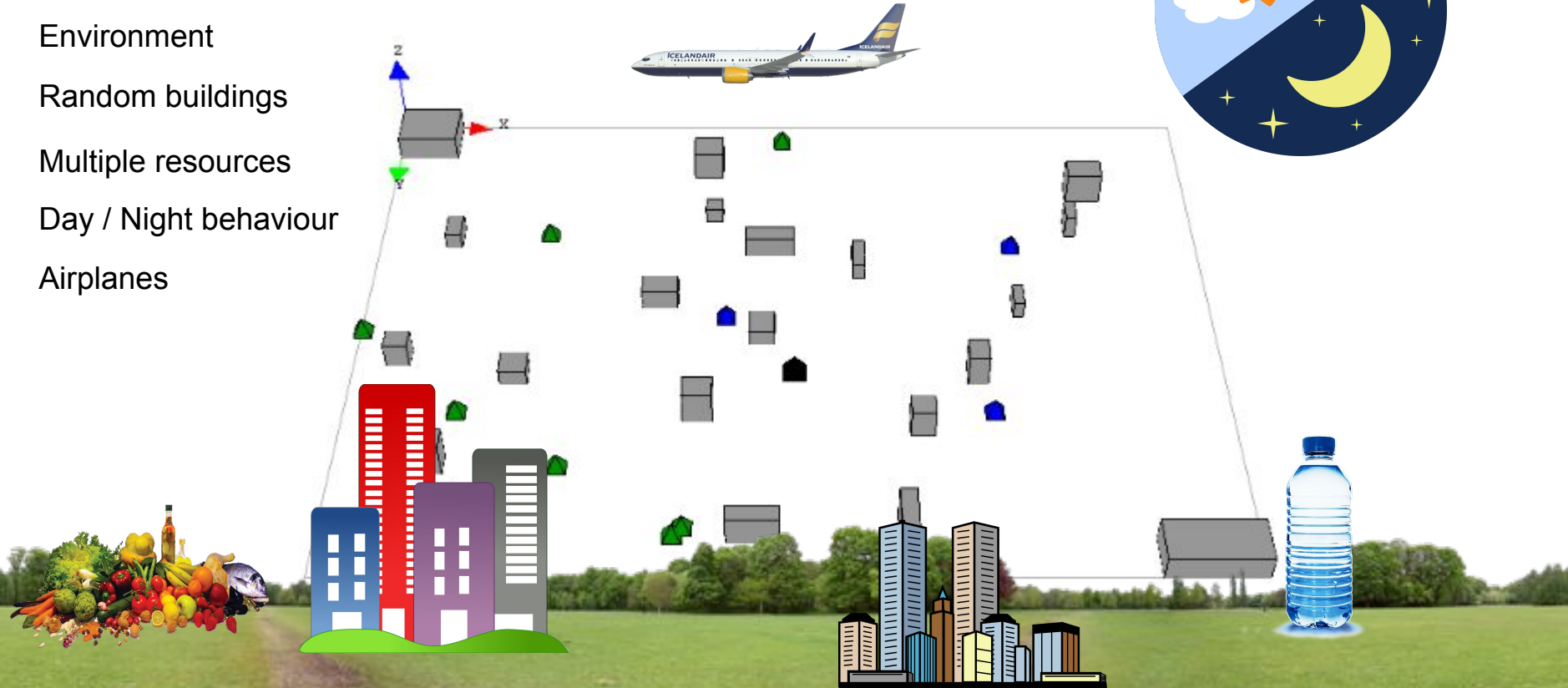
Environment

Random buildings

Multiple resources

Day / Night behaviour

Airplanes



More utility

Delivery man arrives at station and wait in line

Resource 1 = 200
Resource 2 = 100
Resource 3 = 20

Resource 1 has priority 0.05
Resource 2 has priority 0.63
Resource 3 has priority 2.13

Resource 1 = 1
Resource 2 = 3
Resource 3 = 180

Tim



$$\begin{array}{rcl} 200 & * & 0.05 = 10.00 \\ 100 & * & 0.63 = 63.00 \\ 20 & * & 2.13 = 42.60 \end{array}$$

$$\text{Total utility} = 115.60$$

Eric



$$\begin{array}{rcl} 1 & * & 0.05 = 0.05 \\ 3 & * & 0.63 = 1.89 \\ 180 & * & 2.13 = 42.60 \end{array}$$

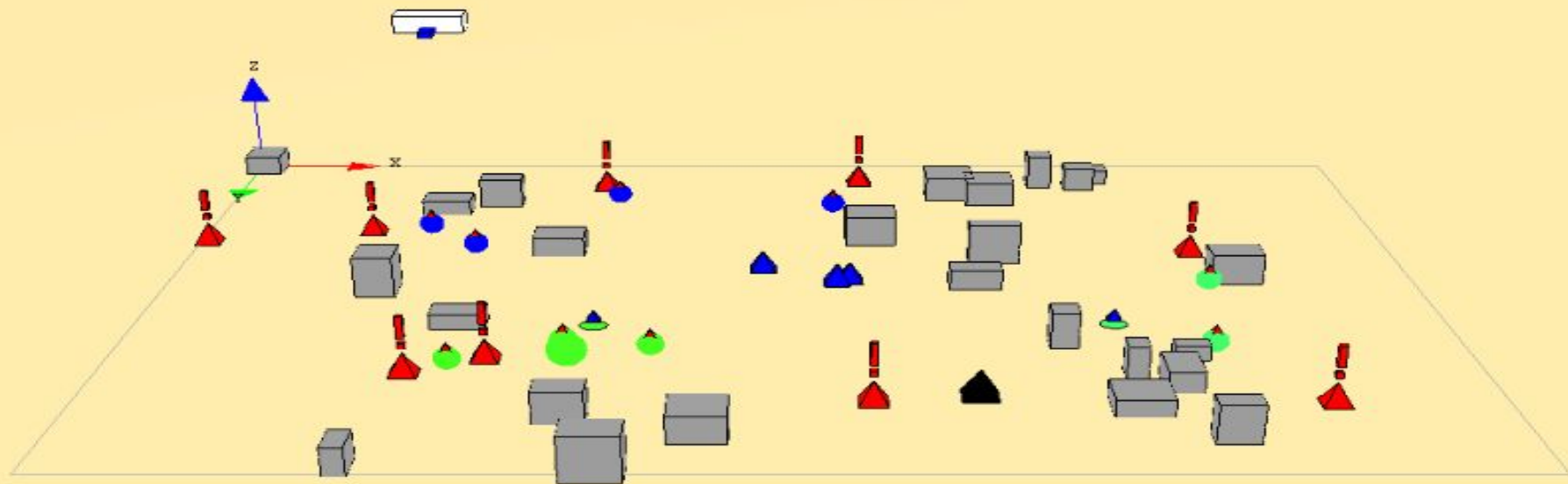
$$\text{Total utility} = 385.34$$

**We pick Eric since he takes shorter time to load
thus**

Camps wait shorter duration for priority requests

Note: Lying here decreases total utility

Version 2.1 in action





Improvements

Agent walking path (Dijkstra, A*, weighted network)

3D environment and paths

Time taken to deliver to requester

Add priority to inverse weighted point

Supply stations run out of resources

Special entrances at camps/supplies

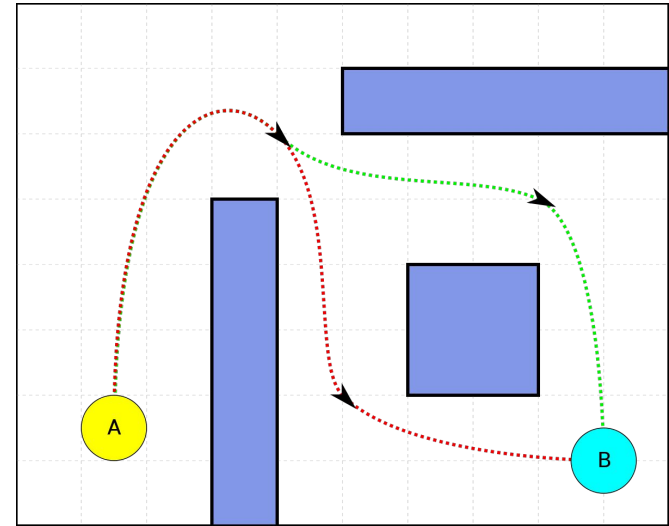
Supply station only allow X many delivery man

Supplies can weigh, so they slow agents down

Weather effect that slows down everyone

At night, people might get robbed

....



Tack så mycket



Takk fyrir okkur

谢谢

ANY
QUESTIONS
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