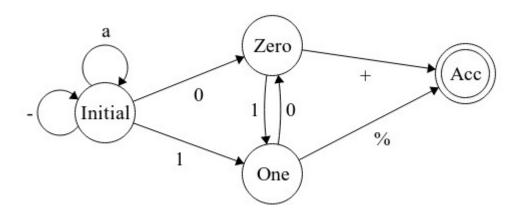
TP N°1

Considérons un langage imaginaire qui accepte *a* et - au début du mot, puis après 1 ou 0 n'accepte que des uns et des zéros. De plus, pour accepter la phrase, elle doit se terminer par + si elle était dans l'état zéro ou % si elle était dans l'état un. Pour clarifier, les automates du langage sont décrits dans l'image suivante :



Le code suivant crée et décrit cet automate :

```
DFA *automata = create_automata();

DFA_State *initial_state = create_state(INITIAL_STATE, false, automata);
DFA_State *zero_state = create_state(ZERO_STATE, false, automata);
DFA_State *one_state = create_state(ONE_STATE, false, automata);
DFA_State *accept_state = create_state(ACCEPT_STATE, true, automata);

generate_transitions("a-", initial_state, initial_state);
generate_transitions("0", initial_state, zero_state);
generate_transitions("1", initial_state, one_state);
generate_transitions("0", one_state, zero_state);
generate_transitions("1", zero_state, one_state);
generate_transitions("+", zero_state, accept_state);
generate_transitions("%", one_state, accept_state);
automata->initial_state = initial_state;
```

Pour utiliser le DFA, vous devez d'abord créer les automates via la fonction create_automata(). Ensuite, vous pouvez créer des états et ajouter des transitions via create_state(int id, bool is_accept_state?, automates DFA) et create_transition(char trigger, DFA State origin, DFA State destination) respectivement.

Vous pouvez également créer plusieurs transitions via generate_transitions(string, DFA_State origin, DFA_State destination). Cette fonction parcourt tous les caractères de la chaîne et génère une transition pour chacun.

Écrire un programme en langage C qui peut reconnaitre de les mots de ce langage

};

/* Define the automata */

struct DETERMINISTIC FINITE AUTOMATA

Faculté des Sciences dhar el mahraz Fes DFA.h #ifndef DETERMINISTIC FINITE AUTOMATA H #define DETERMINISTIC FINITE AUTOMATA H #include <stdbool.h> /* Structs to represent State, Transition and the automata itself */ typedef struct DETERMINISTIC FINITE AUTOMATA DFA; typedef struct DETERMINISTIC_FINITE_AUTOMATA_STATE DFA_State; typedef struct DETERMINISTIC FINITE AUTOMATA TRANSITION **DFA** Transition; /* Define an automata transition */ struct DETERMINISTIC FINITE AUTOMATA TRANSITION { DFA_State *origin_state; **DFA** State *destination state; char trigger value; // The value that triggers the transition **}**; /* Define an automata state */ struct DETERMINISTIC_FINITE_AUTOMATA_STATE int state identifier; // Integer number to help end user identify the state bool accept state; // If this state is an accept state or not int transitions count; **DFA_Transition** **transitions;

```
{
  int states count;
  DFA State **states;
  DFA State *current state;
  DFA State *initial state;
};
/* ===== */
/* Automata state manipulation */
bool init automata (DFA *automata);
bool update automata (char ch, DFA *automata);
/* Automata abstraction of state updates */
bool belongs to language (char *string, DFA *automata);
/* Alloc abstaction */
DFA State* create state (int state identifier, bool accept state, DFA *automata);
DFA Transition* create transition (char trigger value, DFA State *origin state,
DFA State *destination state);
DFA* create automata ();
/* Allow creation of several transitions simply */
bool generate transitions(char *string, DFA State *origin state, DFA State
*destination state);
/* Dealloc abstraction */
bool free automata (DFA *automata);
/* ===== DEBUG FUNCTIONS ===== */
void describe automata (DFA *automata);
```

#endif // DETERMINISTIC_FINITE_AUTOMATA_H

```
DFA.c
#include "dfa.h"
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
bool init automata (DFA *automata)
{
 if (!automata->initial state) {
  printf("[-] Error: Initial state of automata not set.\n");
  exit(1);
 }
 return (automata->current state = automata->initial state);
}
bool update_automata (char ch, DFA *automata)
{
 DFA State *state = automata->current_state;
 bool made transition = false;
 for (int j = 0; j < \text{state-}>\text{transitions count}; j++) {
  if (state->transitions[j]->trigger value == ch) {
   automata->current state = state->transitions[j]->destination state;
   made transition = true;
   break; // Finite automata does not have 'choices'. If trigger value matches, then the
automata must not have another transition with the same value.
  }
```

```
}
 if (!made transition) { // Automata will always execute a transition if value is accepted.
Even if the transition result in the same stage.
  return false;
 }
 return true;
}
bool belongs to language (char *string, DFA *automata)
{
 if (strlen(string) == 0) {
  printf("[-] Error: Empty string sent to analyse in belongs to language.\n");
  exit(1);
 }
 init_automata(automata);
 for (int i = 0; i < strlen(string); i++) {
  if (!update automata(string[i], automata)) {
   return false;
  }
 }
 return automata->current state->accept state;
}
bool set transition to state (DFA Transition **transition, DFA State *origin state)
{
 DFA Transition **tmp = realloc(origin state->transitions, (origin state-
>transitions count + 1) * sizeof(DFA Transition));
```

```
if (tmp == NULL) {
  printf("[-] Error during reallocation of state transitions. Trying again.\n");
  tmp = realloc(origin state->transitions, (origin state->transitions count + 1) *
sizeof(DFA Transition));
  if (tmp == NULL) {
   printf("[-] Error during reallocation of state transitions.\n");
   exit(1);
  }
 }
 origin state->transitions = tmp;
 origin state->transitions[origin state->transitions count] = *transition; // Add new
transitions to array of transitions
 origin state->transitions count += 1;
 return true;
}
bool set state to automata (DFA State **state, DFA *automata)
{
 automata->states = realloc(automata->states, (automata->states count + 1) *
sizeof(DFA State));
 if (!automata->states) {
  printf("[-] Error during reallocation of automata states.\n");
  exit(1);
 }
```

```
automata->states[automata->states count] = *state; // Add new state to the final of the
array
 automata->states count += 1;
 return true;
}
DFA State* create state (int state identifier, bool accept state, DFA *automata)
{
 DFA State *state = malloc(sizeof(DFA State));
 if (!state) {
  printf("[-] Error during allocation of state.\n");
  exit(1);
 }
 state->accept state = accept state;
 state->transitions count = 0;
 state->state_identifier = state_identifier;
 state->transitions = NULL;
 set state to automata(&state, automata);
 return state;
}
DFA Transition* create transition (char trigger value, DFA State *origin state,
DFA State *destination state)
 DFA Transition *transition = malloc(sizeof(DFA Transition));
 if (!transition) {
  printf("[-] Error during allocation of transition.\n");
```

```
exit(1);
 }
 transition->trigger value = trigger value;
 transition->origin state = origin state;
 transition->destination state = destination state;
 set transition to state(&transition, origin state);
 return transition;
}
bool generate transitions (char *string, DFA State *origin state, DFA State
*destination state)
{
 for (int i = 0; i < strlen(string); i++) {
  if (!create_transition(string[i], origin_state, destination_state)) {
   return false;
  }
 }
 return true;
}
DFA* create_automata ()
{
 DFA *automata = malloc(sizeof(DFA));
 if (!automata) {
  printf("[-] Error during allocation of automata.\n");
  exit(1);
 }
```

```
automata->states count = 0;
 automata->initial state = NULL;
 automata->states = NULL;
 return automata;
}
bool free_automata (DFA *automata)
{
 for (int i = 0; i < automata -> states count; <math>i++) {
  for (int j = 0; j < automata > states[i] > transitions count; <math>j++) {
   free(automata->states[i]->transitions[j]);
  }
  free(automata->states[i]);
 }
 free(automata);
 return true;
}
/* ====== DEBUG FUNCTIONS ====== */
void describe transition (DFA Transition *transition)
{
 printf("----- Origin state: %p\n", transition->origin state);
 printf("----- Destination state: %p\n", transition->destination state);
 printf("----- Trigger value: %c\n", transition->trigger_value);
}
void describe_state (DFA_State *state)
```

```
{
 printf("--- Accept state: %d\n", state->accept state);
 if (state->transitions count > 0) {
  printf("--:: Transitions dump (%d):\n", state->transitions count);
  for (int i = 0; i < state->transitions count; <math>i++) {
   printf("----- Transition %d\n", i);
   describe transition(state->transitions[i]);
  }
 } else {
  printf("--:: State has no transitions to dump.\n");
 }
}
void describe automata (DFA *automata)
{
 printf("Automata dump:\n");
 if (automata->states_count > 0) {
  printf(":: States dump (%d):\n", automata->states_count);
  for (int i = 0; i < automata > states count; <math>i++) {
   printf(":: State %d\n", i);
   describe state(automata->states[i]);
  }
 } else {
  printf("--- Automata has no states to dump.\n");
```

Écrire le programme principale main.c pour vérifie ces 2 expression régulière

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