Chapter 7 解答

Solving a Mystery

Vocabulary List

- alcoholismアルコール中毒
- reunited再会した
- surgeon外科医
- practice(n.)診療所
- ophthalmologist 眼科医
- bowed to the pressure 圧力に屈した
- adovocate 支持者
- wrongly 誤って
- accused of xxの罪で告訴された
- convicted of xxの罪で有罪となった
- crusader改革運動家

Vocabulary Practice

- 1.Allowed words: 'alcoholism', 'surgeon', 'practice', 'ophthalmologist',advocate'
- 1. A ----- is often very good with his or her hands.
- 2. oNCE HE BECAME A lawyer, he set up his own ----- in his hometown.
- 3. She was an ----- of free speech for all citizens.
- 4. His struggles with ----- left him without a job, money, or a home.
- 5. Though the efforts of her -----, she was able to see again.

Answers >

- 1. surgeon
- 2. practice
- 3. advocate
- 4. alcoholism
- 5. ophthalmologist

- 2.Allowed words: 'crusader', 'reunited', bowed to the pressure', 'wrongly', 'accused of x', 'convicted of x'
- 6. The brother and sister were ----- after several years apart.
- 7. He was ----- armed robbery and sent to prison for 20 years.
- 8. Everyone ----- assumed that he was good at basketball because he was tall.
- 9. The popular boxer ----- of his fans and came out of retirement.
- 10. The unlucky woman was ----- a crime by an unreliable eyewitness.
- 11. He was a ----- for equal rights for everyone.

✓ Answers >

- 6. reunited
- 7. convicted of x
- 8. wrongly
- 9. bowed to the pressure
- 10. accused of x
- 11. crusader

Listening to the Lecture

Unique Selections 英語なるほどリスニング講義

原文

Listening. Three. Now listen to the original lecture while taking notes on as many of the key points as you can. Arthur Conan Doyle is certainly most well known for being the author of the Sherlock Holmes stories, but his own life story was also quite interesting. Let's take a brief look. Look at his life. Conan Doyle was born in Scotland in 1859. His father's alcoholism forced the family to separate for three years, beginning in 1864. In 1867, the family reunited, but they had to live in very poor conditions. Thanks to a few of his wealthy uncles, conan Doyle was able to receive a proper education. In fact, their financial support allowed him to study medicine at the University of Edinburgh. It was during this time that he began to write. In 1879, one of his stories was finally published. After graduating from university, he worked first as a doctor and then as a surgeon on two different ships. When he returned from his journeys, he started a medical practice in the city of Plymouth with one of his former classmates. When it became clear that their business relationship was not working out, conan Doyle set up his own medical practice. Since he had very little money and even fewer patients, he continued to write short stories. Finally, in 1887, his first short story, featuring Sherlock Holmes and Dr. Watson, was published. He continued to write even after becoming an ophthalmologist and setting up a practice in London. He claimed that since he had no patience, he was able to focus on his writing. Although his Sherlock Holmes stories were becoming incredibly popular, he felt that his nonfiction writing was more important, especially his historical novels. Therefore, in 93, he decided to kill Sherlock Holme in the short story titled The Final Problem. His fans were upset that Conan Doyle had killed off Sherlock Holmes, even though Holmes was merely a fictional character. Eventually, in 1901, Conan Doyle bowed to the pressure and brought Holmes back in the novel The Hound of the Baskervilles. Although Conan Doyle is most famous for his fictional writing, he was also a strong advocate of justice for people who had been wrongly accused and or convicted of a crime. He personally helped two men convicted of crimes they did not commit earn their freedom. In fact, owing to his efforts, a special type of court was created in order to make it easier for this type of individual to be frayed. Conan Doyle was a writer, doctor, athlete and crusader for criminal justice. His death in 1930 was a sad day for his fans as well as for those he had helped throughout his life.

• 和文

アーサー・コナン・ドイルは、シャーロック・ホームズの物語の著者として最もよく知られていますが、彼自身の人生の物語もまた非常に興味深いものでした。彼の生涯について簡単に見てみましょう。

コナン・ドイルは1859年にスコットランドで生まれました。彼の父のアルコール依存症により、家族は1864年から3年間分かれて暮らすことを余儀なくされました。1867年、家族は再結集しましたが、非常に貧しい環境で生活を余儀なくされました。彼の裕福な叔父たちのおかげで、コナン・ドイルは適切な教育を受けることができました。実際、彼らの経済的支援により、彼はエディンバラ大学で医学を学ぶことができました。彼が書き始めたのもこの頃でした。1879年、彼の作品がついに出版されました。

大学を卒業した後、彼は2つの異なる船で最初は医者として、次に外科医として働きました。旅から帰ると、彼は以前の同級生と一緒にプリマス市で医療実践を始めました。彼らのビジネス関係がうまくいかないことが明らかになると、コナン・ドイルは自身の医療実践を立ち上げました。彼にはほとんどお金がなく、患者もほとんどいなかったため、彼は短編小説の執筆を続けました。ついに1887年、彼の最初の短編小説、シャーロック・ホームズとドクター・ワトソンが登場する作品が出版されました。彼は眼科医になり、ロンドンで診療所を開設した後も執筆を続けました。彼は患者がいなかったので、執筆に集中することができたと主張しました。

シャーロック・ホームズの物語が非常に人気を博していたにもかかわらず、彼は自分のノンフィクションの執筆がより重要であると感じていました。特に彼の歴史小説です。そのため、彼は93年に「最後の問題」という短編小説でシャーロック・ホームズを殺すことを決定しました。ホームズは単なる架空のキャラクターに過ぎないにもかかわらず、ファンたちはコナン・ドイルがシャーロック・ホームズを殺したことに怒りました。結局、1901年、コナン・ドイルは圧力に屈して「バスカヴィル家の犬」の小説でホームズを復活させました。

コナン・ドイルが最も有名なのは彼の創作活動ですが、彼はまた、冤罪で告発または有罪とされた 人々の正義の強力な支持者でもありました。彼は自身が罪を犯していない罪で有罪となった2人の男 性が自由を得るのを手助けしました。実際、彼の努力により、このタイプの個人が解放されやすく するための特別な種類の裁判所が作られました。

コナン・ドイルは作家であり、医者であり、運動選手であり、刑事司法の闘士でもありました。彼の死は1930年、彼のファンだけでなく、彼が生涯を通じて助けた人々にとっても悲しい日でした。

Comprehension Questions

a. Short answer questions

- 1) コナン・ドイルが良い教育を受けることができたのは何が原因でしたか?
 - a) the presence of good local schools
 - b) his father's alcoholism
 - c) the kindness of rich uncles
 - d) the reuniteing of his family in 1867
- 2) コナン・ドイルが自身で初めての医療実践を設立することになった原因は何でしたか?
 - a) an inability to get along with his business partner
 - b) his doslike of all of his former classmates
 - c) a desire to become wealthy
 - d) his desire to be alone
- 3) 講演によれば、コナン・ドイルがたっぷりの時間を持って執筆できた理由は何でしたか?
 - a) He was single for such a long time.
 - b) He had very few patients.
 - c) He didn't want to spend that much time on his other jobs.
 - d) He chose a job that nomally offers a lot of free time.

Answers > 1. c 2. a 3. b

b. True-false questions

- 1. コナン・ドイルは2つの船での仕事を終えた後に書き始めました。
- 2. コナン・ドイルは1901年にノンフィクション作家としての失敗のためにシャーロック・ホームズを 再登場させました。
- 3. コナン・ドイルの努力により、2人の無実の男性が刑務所から解放されました。

Answers > False False True