

Title

BIOS15 Exam 2025-26

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Introduction

Methods

Results

Conclusions

Appendix

The repository for this project can be found at github.com/otodreas/BIOS15_Exam/

The script, data, and the report itself can be found in the GitHub repo at the following locations

```
root/
├── Report/
│   ├── Scripts/
│   │   └── Analysis.R
│   ├── Data/
│   │   └── penstemon_copy.txt
│   └── Todreas_BIOS15_Exam.pdf
```

Below is a copy of the script for reference

```
# This script fits a GLM to the dataset provided. The goal of the analysis is
# to determine how total floral scent emission effects a plant's fitness. Users
# who do not clone the entire repo but instead just download the script will
# need to provide custom filepaths. The data file can be found at
# root/Report/Data/penstemon_copy.txt
```

```
# =====
# CONFIGURE ENVIRONMENT AND LOAD DATA
# =====
```

```
# Clear variables
rm(list = ls())
```

```
# Load packages
library(here, quietly = TRUE)
library(tidyverse, quietly = TRUE)
library(glmmTMB, quietly = TRUE)
library(MuMIn, quietly = TRUE)
```

```

# Suppress update warning from MuMin
options(MuMin.noUpdateWarning = TRUE)

# Load raw data
df <- as_tibble(
  read.table(here("Report", "Data", "penstemon_copy.txt"), header = TRUE)
) |>
  mutate(across(c(Pop, Block), as.factor)) |> # Make grouped variables factors
  filter(tscent != 0) |> # Drop tscent values whose logarithms are undefined
  mutate(log_tscent = log(tscent)) |> # Create log_tscent column
  mutate(log_fitness = log(fitness)) # Create log_fitness column

# Load metadata file for column lookup
# TODO: delete this when no longer needed
metadata <- read.csv(here("Report", "Data", "metadata.csv"))

# =====
# FIT MODEL AND GENERATE PREDICTIONS
# =====

# Fit model
m <- glmmTMB(log_fitness ~ log_tscent + Pop + (1|Block), data = df)

# Create data frames with sequences to generate new predictions on for each pop
new_data <- list()

for (i in seq_along(levels(df$Pop))) {
  new_data[[i]] <- tibble(
    log_tscent = seq(min(df$log_tscent), max(df$log_tscent), length.out = 15),
    Pop = factor(rep(levels(df$Pop)[i], 15))
  )
}

names(new_data) <- levels(df$Pop)

# Generate predictions and standard error estimates
preds <- list()

for (i in seq_along(new_data)) {
  preds[[i]] <- predict(
    m,
    newdata = new_data[[i]],
    type = "response", # Calculate predictions on response scale
    se.fit = TRUE,
    re.form = NA # Do not include random effects
  )
}

names(preds) <- levels(df$Pop)

# =====
# BUILD SUMMARY STATISTICS TEXT FILES
# =====

# Assign variances to a vector
v_part <- c(attr(VarCorr(m)$cond$Block, "stddev")^2, attr(VarCorr(m)$cond, "sc")^2)

```

```

# Build summary file
cat(
  paste0(
    # R^2
    "R^2",
    "\nMarginal (represents variance explained only by the fixed effects): ",
    r.squaredGLMM(m)[1],
    "\nConditional (represents variance explained by the whole model): ",
    r.squaredGLMM(m)[2],

    # Variance partitioning
    "\n\nVariance partitioning",
    "\nVariance among blocks: ", v_part[1],
    "\nVariance within groups: ", v_part[2],
    "\n% variance explained by block: ", v_part[1] / sum(v_part) * 100
  ),
  file = here("Report", "Output", "summary.txt")
)

# Build parameters tibble
params <- as_tibble(summary(m)$coefficients$cond[, 1:2]) |> # Get params & SE
mutate(
  Parameter = c(
    "PopNR intercept (ln(Fitness))",
    "Slope (ln(Fitness)/ln(Total floral scent emission (ng/L/h)))",
    "PopTH intercept (ln(Fitness))",
    "PopWF intercept (ln(Fitness))"
  )
) |> # Create parameter names that make sense and move the column left
relocate(Parameter)

# Make every population's intercept absolute rather than relative
params[3, 2] <- params[1, 2] + params[3, 2]
params[4, 2] <- params[1, 2] + params[4, 2]

# Write parameters to file
write_csv(params, here("Report", "Output", "params.csv"))

# =====
# DRAW PLOT
# =====

# Create plot
plot(
  df$log_tscent,
  df$log_fitness,
  xlab = "ln(Total floral scent emission (ng/L/h))",
  ylab = "ln(Fitness)",
  col = adjustcolor(seq_along(levels(df$Pop)), alpha.f = 0.5),
  pch = 19,
)

# Draw legend
legend(
  "bottomright",
  legend = levels(df$Pop),

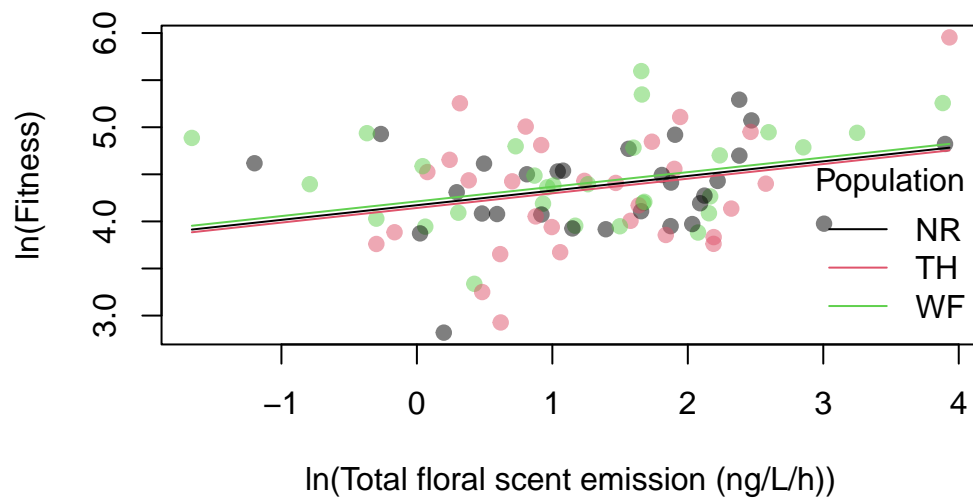
```

```

col = seq_along(levels(df$Pop)),
lty = 1,
bty = "n",
title = "Population"
)

# Draw regression lines
for (i in seq_along(preds)) {
  lines(new_data[[i]]$log_tscent, preds[[i]]$fit, col = i)
}; rm(i)

```



NOTE: Plots were saved using RStudio/Positron interface