

1.021, 3.021, 10.333, 22.00 Introduction to Modeling and Simulation
Spring 2018

Recitation #2

nanoHUB and Visual Molecular Dynamics
Nanowire Tensile Deformation Lab

Recitation instructor: Francisco Martin-Martinez

email: fmartinm@mit.edu



Massachusetts Institute of Technology

Review from last week










- Working groups for Psets
- Checking on VMD installation and nanoHUB configuration.
- Review on basics concepts on Molecular Dynamics
- QM vs MD simulations
- Questions?

Getting to work with nanoHUB and VMD: Nanowire Tensile Deformation Lab

Simulation index (MIT tools for IM/S):

<http://star.mit.edu/molsim/nanohub/index.html>

StarMolsim

 Home  Biochem  CellBio  Genetics  Orf  Hydro  Molsim  Cluster  Hpc

star > [molsim](#) > StarMolsim NanoHub Tools

Home

Tools

Donate

StarMolsim Tools on NanoHUB.org

The StarMolsim tools are hosted on nanohub.org. Below is a list of links to the StarMolsim tools migrated to nanohub.org:

- [stretchfcc](#) - simulates a continuous expansion of an FCC crystal while measuring the energy, stresses, etc
- [deformnanowire](#) - simulates tensile deformation of a copper nanowire
- [crackprop](#) - models supersonic crack propagation in a 2D triangular lattice
- [stretchmol](#) - stretching simulation of an alpha-helical protein domain
- [tad](#) - temperature-accelerated dynamics simulation
- [atomic scale modeling toolkit](#) - this set of simulation tools provides students with the fundamentals of computational problem-solving techniques that are used to understand and predict properties of nanoscale systems.

<https://nanohub.org/tools/deformnanowire>

Nanowire Tensile Deformation Lab

By Markus Buehler¹, Justin Riley¹, Joo-Hyoung Lee, [Jeffrey C Grossman](#)²

1. *Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT)* 2. *Massachusetts Institute of Technology*

Simulates tensile deformation of a copper nanowire

Launch Tool

Version 1.3 published on 03 Sep 2014

doi:10.4231/D3901ZG81 [cite this](#)

[View All Supporting Documents](#)

● ● ● ● Tool Audience Unrated

36 users, [detailed usage](#)

0 Citation(s)

0 questions ([Ask a question](#))

0 review(s) ([Review this](#))

0 wish(es) ([New Wish](#))

→ Share: [f](#) [t](#) [s](#)...

About

Usage

Citations

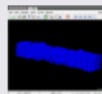
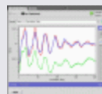
Questions

Reviews

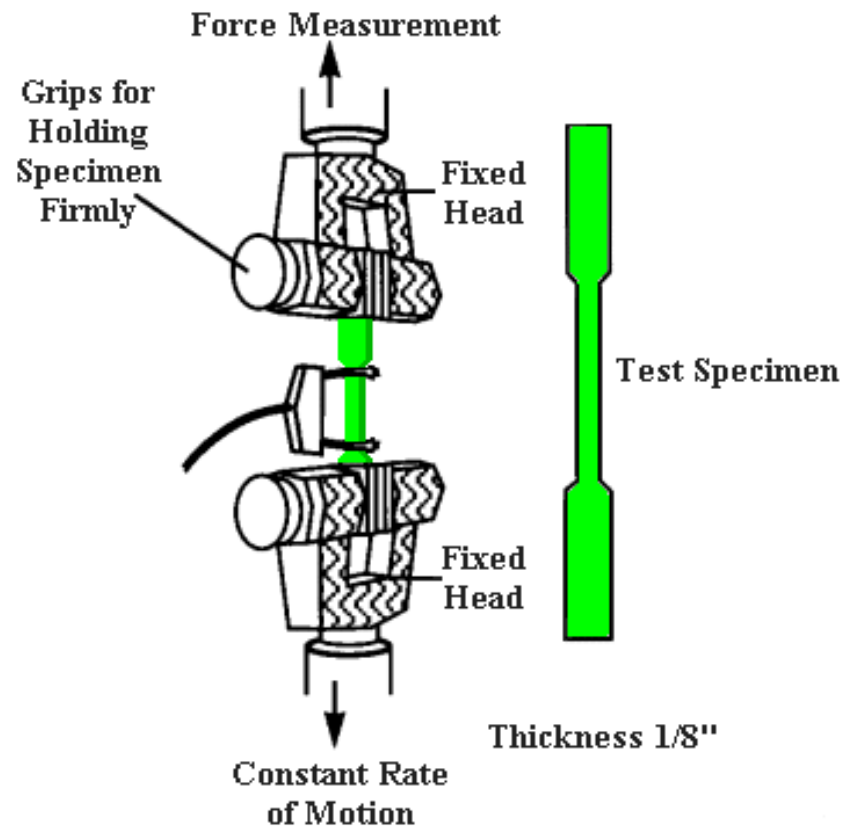
Wishlist

Versions

Supporting Docs

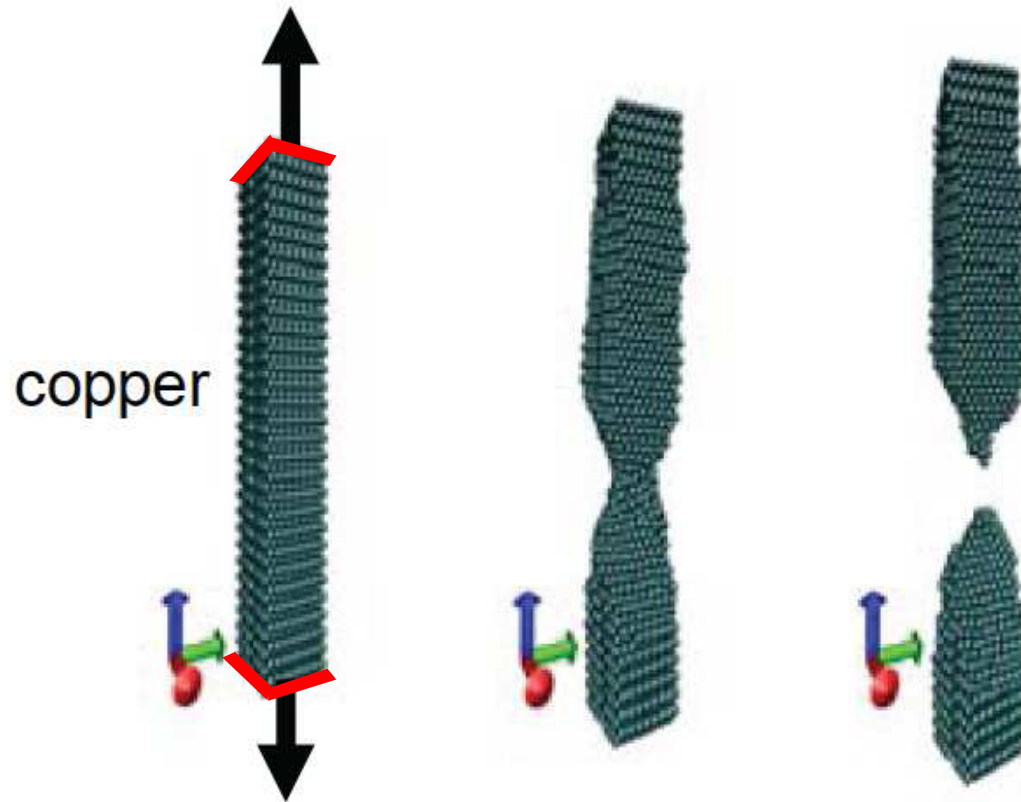


Real experiment



Our simulation

Some atoms at boundary **clamped** (move in a prescribed way)



Our quick note on units

In the molecular modeling code:

Reference **length** is $l^* = 1 \text{ \AA} = 1\text{E-}10 \text{ m}$

Reference **energy** is $E^* = 1 \text{ eV}$ (Amount of energy gained by an electron moved across an electric potential difference of one volt)

Reference **mass** $m^* = 1 \text{ a.m.u.}$ (1/12 the mass of an atom of carbon-12)

All input and output from the simulation code is expressed in these units.

e.g.,

$$P^* = [\text{Force}]/[\text{Length}]^2 = [\text{Energy}]/[\text{Length}]/[\text{Length}]^2 = E^*/l^{*3} = \text{eV}/\text{\AA}^3$$

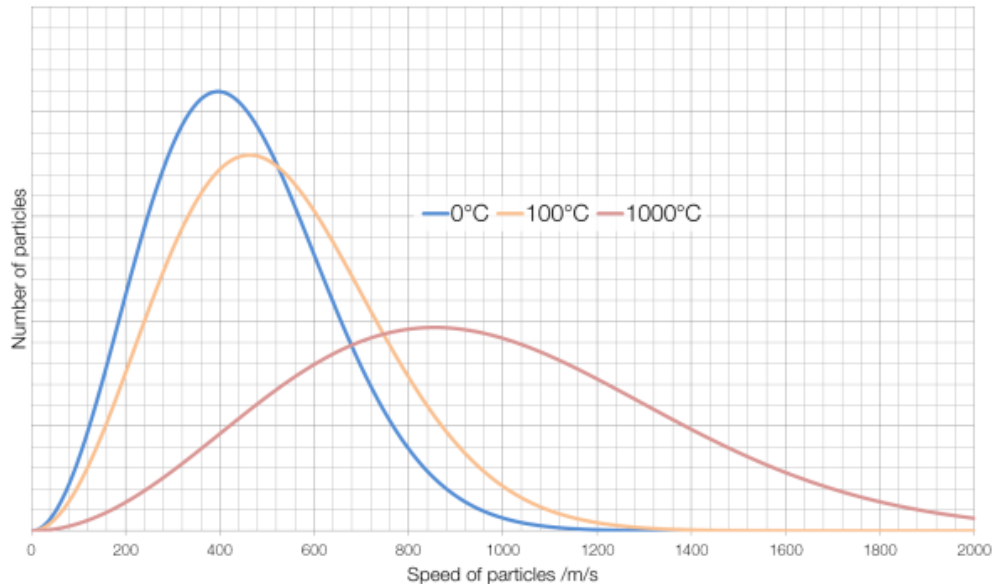
$$1 \text{ eV}/\text{\AA}^3 = 160.2 \text{ GPa}$$

Units of Temperature

Temperature: average kinetic energy of all the particles in a system.

The velocities (kinetic energy) follow a Maxwell–Boltzmann distribution

We can use units of Energy for Temperature, if we know the relationship between them: the Boltzmann constant



$$E = K_B T$$

$$K_B = 1.38064852 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J K}^{-1}$$

Our units of temperature are eV (based on a Maxwell–Boltzmann distribution).

$$T^* = [\text{Energy}]/K_B = E^*/K_B = \text{eV}/K_B = 1.6022 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J} / (1.3806 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K}) = 11605 \text{ K}$$



Terminate



Keep for later

1 Input → 2 Limits → 3 Boundary Conditions → 4 Simulation Parameters → 5 Simulate 

Nanowire Geometry

Unit cells x-direction: 4  

Unit cells y-direction: 4  

Unit cells z-direction: 20  

Defects

Add ellipsoidal defect?: ☒ no

Center X-coordinate: 0.5

Center Y-coordinate: 0.5

Center z-coordinate: 0.5

Equatorial radius (along x): 3

Equatorial radius (along y): 3

Polar radius (along z): 3

NOTE: This geometry is for a Copper nanowire modeled using an embedded atom model (EAM) potential.

Limits >

Storage (manage)



5% of 10GB



609 x 526



Restrict Atomic Motion

Restrict upper atomic motion X: ☐ noRestrict lower atomic motion X: ☐ noRestrict upper atomic motion Y: ☐ noRestrict lower atomic motion Y: ☐ noRestrict upper atomic motion Z: ☒ yesRestrict lower atomic motion Z: ☒ yes

< Input

Boundary Conditions >





Boundary Conditions

Apply periodic boundary conditions in X: ☐ noApply periodic boundary conditions in Y: ☐ noApply periodic boundary conditions in Z: ☐ no

Displacement upper part X: 0

Displacement lower part X: 0

Displacement upper part Y: 0

Displacement lower part Y: 0

Displacement upper part Z: 0.1

Displacement lower part Z: -0.1

How often to apply displacement boundary conditions: 20



How often to apply the displacement boundary conditions. For example, specifying 20 would apply the displacements every 20 steps of the simulation

Enter an integer greater than 1

< Limits

Simulation Parameters >





Simulation Parameters

Starting temperature: 0.00000000000001

Maximum number of steps: 5000



Time step: 0.25

How often is energy and stress information written: 5



How often is check-point information written: 100



Temperature in units of 11600K

Total simulations steps

Time in units
of $1.014\text{E-}14$
seconds

Total simulations steps

How often is the
geometry of the
system saved

< Boundary Conditions

Simulate >





```
Maximal length of table is 5001.  
Read tabulated function cu_emb.dat for 1 atoms types.  
Maximal length of table is 5001.  
Read tabulated function cu_den.dat for 1 atoms types.  
Maximal length of table is 5001.  
Reading atoms.  
Minimal cell size:  
  ( 5.600000 0.000000 0.000000 )  
  ( 0.000000 5.600000 0.000000 )  
  ( 0.000000 0.000000 5.600000 )  
Actual cell size:  
  ( 10.224764 0.000000 0.000000 )  
  ( 0.000000 10.224764 0.000000 )  
  ( 0.000000 0.000000 5.743333 )  
Global cell array dimensions: 1 1 30  
Local cell array dimensions: 1 1 30  
Read structure with 620 atoms.  
num_sort = [ 620 ], total = 620  
num_vsort = [ 449, 93, 78 ], total = 620  
Done reading atoms.  
Starting simulation 1
```

Progress bar...

86%

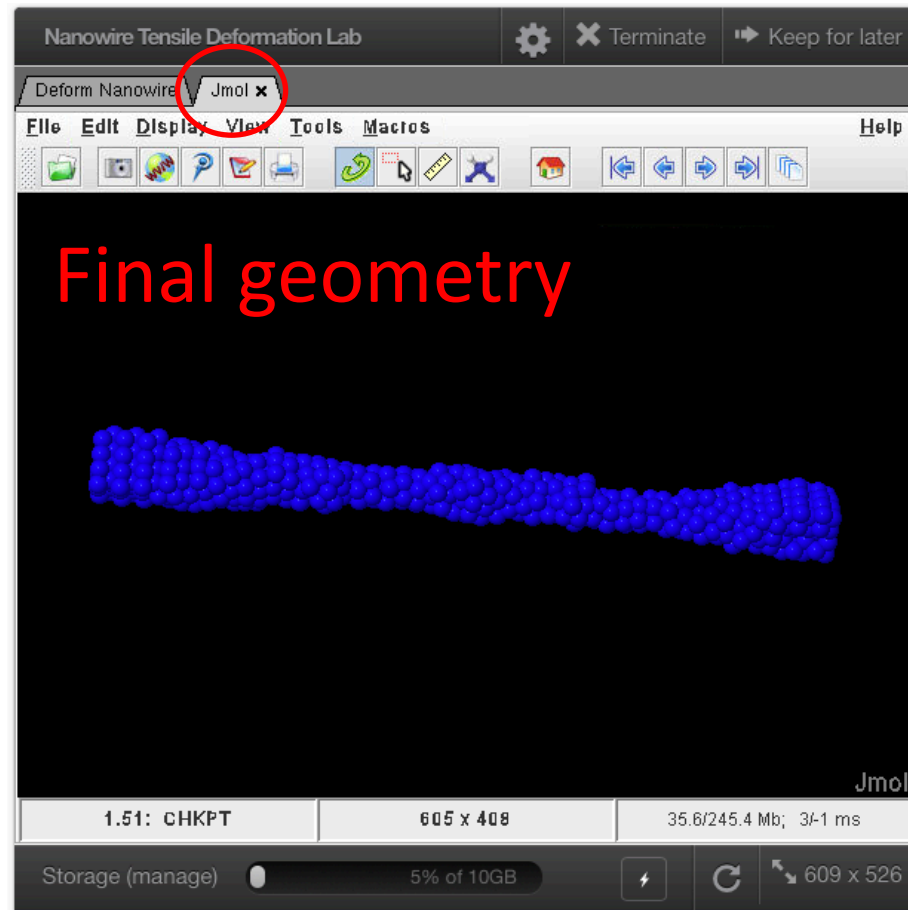
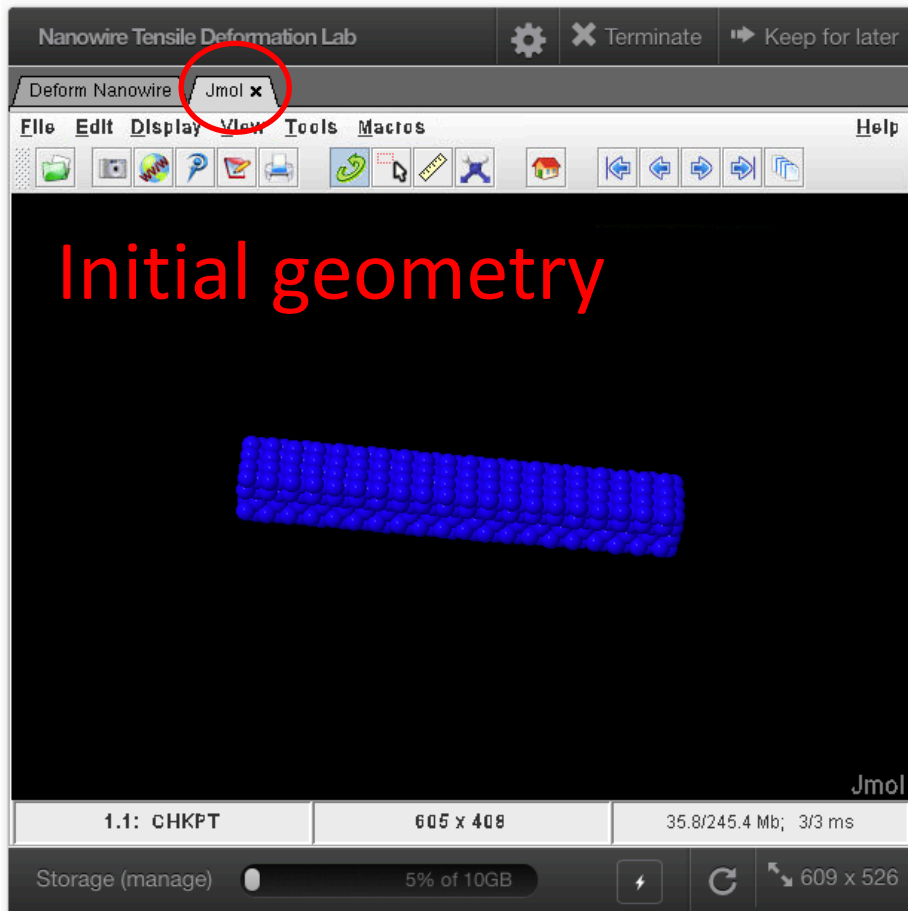
Running simulation...

Abort

< Simulation Parameters



Code output





Deform Nanowire

Jmol x

1 Input → 2 Limits → 3 Boundary Conditions → 4 Simulation Parameters → 5 Simulate



Result: Initial Crystal (XYZ)



Initial Crystal (XYZ)

Stress vs Simulation Step

Output Data

Input File

Simulation Movie (XYZ)

Output Log

Download

0	1	63							
1	1	63							
2	1	63							
3	1	63							
4	1	63							
5	1	63							
6	1	63							
7	1	63							
8	1	63							
9	1	63							
10	1	63	546	2.556191	2.556191	50.000000			
11	1	63	546	3.834287	3.834287	51.807500			
12	1	63	546	2.556191	5.112382	50.000000			
13	1	63	546	3.834287	6.390478	51.807500			
14	1	63	546	2.556191	7.668573	50.000000			
15	1	63	546	3.834287	8.946669	51.807500			
16	1	63	546	6.390478	1.278096	51.807500			
17	1	63	546	5.112382	2.556191	50.000000			
18	1	63	546	6.390478	3.834287	51.807500			
19	1	63	546	5.112382	5.112382	50.000000			

Find:



Select All

1 result

Clear

< Simulation Parameters

Storage (manage)

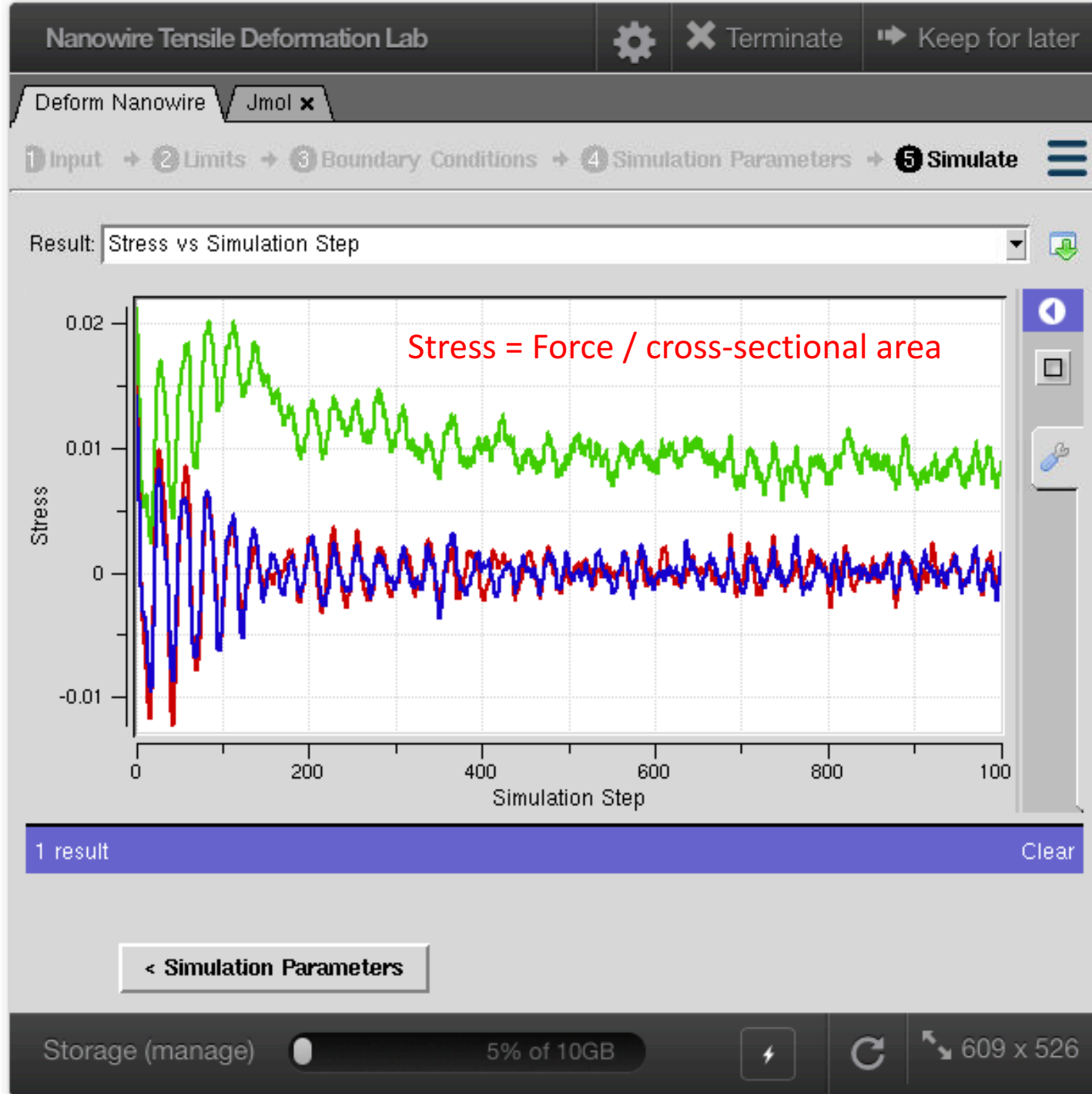


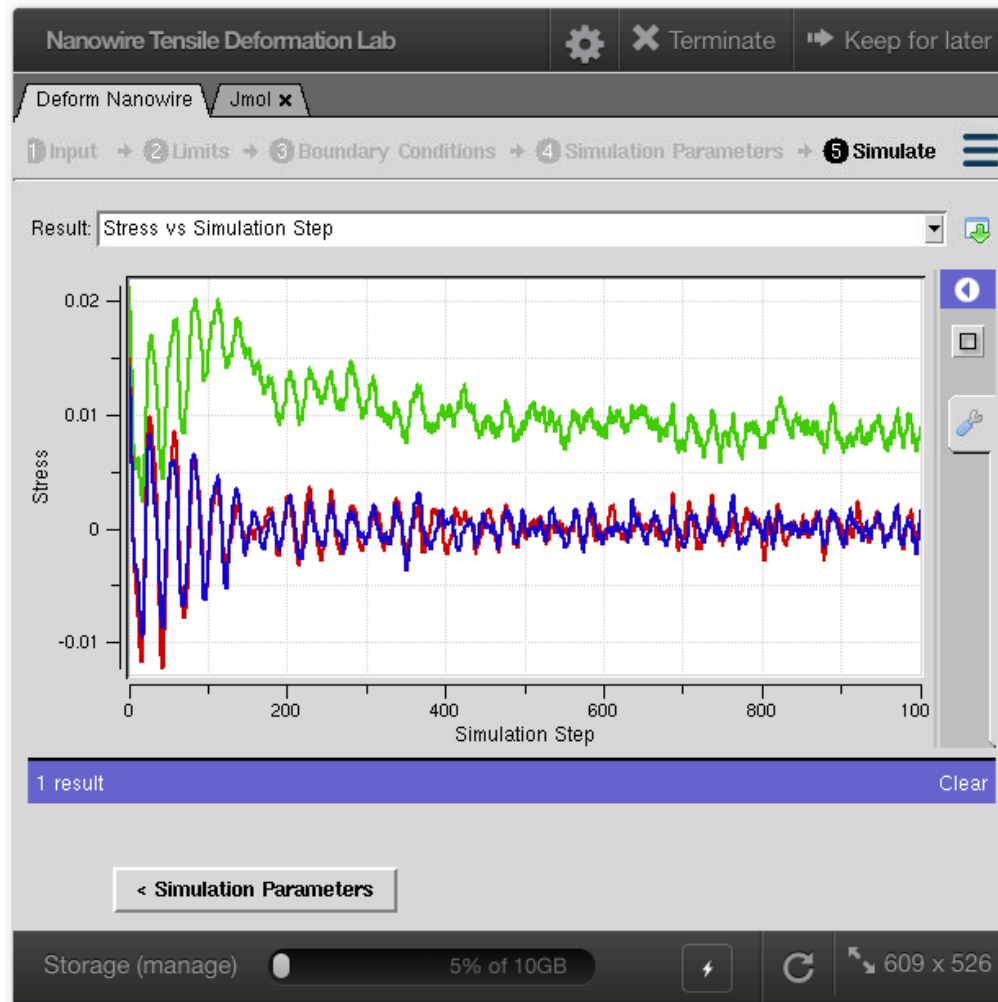
5% of 10GB



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Stress – Deformation data





Starting temperature: 0.00000000000001

Maximum number of steps: 5000

Time step: 0.25

How often is energy and stress information written: 5

How often is check-point information written: 100

Simulation step = # of iterations written

HERE: 5000 steps, written every 5 steps, a total of 1000 iterations written



Terminate



Keep for later

Deform Nanowire

Jmol x

1 Input → 2 Limits → 3 Boundary Conditions → 4 Simulation Parameters → 5 Simulate



Result: Initial Crystal (XYZ)



Initial Crystal (XYZ)

Stress vs Simulation Step

Output Data

Input File

Simulation Movie (XYZ)

Output Log

Download

For visualization in VMD

50	1	63.546	7.668573	7.668573	53.615000
51	1	63.546	8.946669	8.946669	55.422500
52	1	63.546	0.000000	0.000000	57.230000
53	1	63.546	1.278096	1.278096	59.037500
54	1	63.546	0.000000	2.556191	57.230000
55	1	63.546	1.278096	3.834287	59.037500
56	1	63.546	0.000000	5.112382	57.230000
57	1	63.546	1.278096	6.390478	59.037500
58	1	63.546	0.000000	7.668573	57.230000
59	1	63.546	1.278096	8.946669	59.037500

Find:



Select All

1 result

Clear

< Simulation Parameters

Storage (manage)



5% of 10GB



609 x 526



Terminate



Keep for later



Deform Nanowire

Jmol x

1 Input → 2 Limits → 3 Boundary Conditions → 4 Simulation Parameters

Result: Initial Crystal (XYZ)

```
50 1 63.546 5.112382 5.112382 53.615000
51 1 63.546 6.390478 6.390478 55.422500
52 1 63.546 5.112382 7.668573 53.615000
53 1 63.546 6.390478 8.946669 55.422500
54 1 63.546 7.668573 0.000000 53.615000
55 1 63.546 8.946669 1.278096 55.422500
56 1 63.546 7.668573 2.556191 53.615000
57 1 63.546 8.946669 3.834287 55.422500
58 1 63.546 7.668573 5.112382 53.615000
59 1 63.546 8.946669 6.390478 55.422500
60 1 63.546 7.668573 7.668573 53.615000
61 1 63.546 8.946669 8.946669 55.422500
62 1 63.546 0.000000 0.000000 57.230000
63 1 63.546 1.278096 1.278096 59.037500
64 1 63.546 0.000000 2.556191 57.230000
65 1 63.546 1.278096 3.834287 59.037500
66 1 63.546 0.000000 5.112382 57.230000
67 1 63.546 1.278096 6.390478 59.037500
68 1 63.546 0.000000 7.668573 57.230000
69 1 63.546 1.278096 8.946669 59.037500
```

Find:  

1 result

< Simulation Parameters

Storage (manage)



5% of 10GB



609 x 526

nanoHUB

Save As...

Print...

```
0 1 63.546 0.000000 0.000000 50.000000
1 1 63.546 1.278096 1.278096 51.807500
2 1 63.546 0.000000 2.556191 50.000000
3 1 63.546 1.278096 3.834287 51.807500
4 1 63.546 0.000000 5.112382 50.000000
5 1 63.546 1.278096 6.390478 51.807500
```



Deform Nanowire

Jmol ✕

1 Input → 2 Limits → 3 Boundary Conditions → 4 Simulation Parameters → 5 Simulate

Result: Simulation Movie (XYZ)

620

CHKP

Cu

Cu

Cu

Cu

Cu

Cu

Cu

Cu

Cu

Cu

Cu

Cu

Cu

Cu

Cu

Cu

Cu

Cu

Initial Crystal (XYZ)

Stress vs Simulation Step

Output Data

Input File

Simulation Movie (XYZ)

Output Log

Download

For visualization in VMD

Find:



Select All

1 result

Clear

< Simulation Parameters

Storage (manage)



5% of 10GB



609 x 526

Initial crystal

```

0 1 63.546 0.000000 0.000000 50.000000
1 1 63.546 1.278096 1.278096 51.807500
2 1 63.546 0.000000 2.556191 50.000000
3 1 63.546 1.278096 3.834287 51.807500
4 1 63.546 0.000000 5.112382 50.000000
5 1 63.546 1.278096 6.390478 51.807500
6 1 63.546 0.000000 7.668573 50.000000
7 1 63.546 1.278096 8.946669 51.807500
8 1 63.546 2.556191 0.000000 50.000000
9 1 63.546 3.834287 1.278096 51.807500
10 1 63.546 2.556191 2.556191 50.000000
11 1 63.546 3.834287 3.834287 51.807500
12 1 63.546 2.556191 5.112382 50.000000
13 1 63.546 3.834287 6.390478 51.807500
14 1 63.546 2.556191 7.668573 50.000000
15 1 63.546 3.834287 8.946669 51.807500
16 1 63.546 6.390478 1.278096 51.807500
17 1 63.546 5.112382 2.556191 50.000000
18 1 63.546 6.390478 3.834287 51.807500
19 1 63.546 5.112382 5.112382 50.000000
20 1 63.546 6.390478 6.390478 51.807500
21 1 63.546 5.112382 7.668573 50.000000
22 1 63.546 6.390478 8.946669 51.807500
23 1 63.546 7.668573 0.000000 50.000000
24 1 63.546 8.946669 1.278096 51.807500
25 1 63.546 7.668573 2.556191 50.000000
26 1 63.546 8.946669 3.834287 51.807500
27 1 63.546 7.668573 5.112382 50.000000
28 1 63.546 8.946669 6.390478 51.807500
29 1 63.546 7.668573 7.668573 50.000000
30 1 63.546 8.946669 8.946669 51.807500
31 1 63.546 0.000000 0.000000 53.615000
32 1 63.546 1.278096 1.278096 55.422500
33 1 63.546 0.000000 2.556191 53.615000
34 1 63.546 1.278096 3.834287 55.422500
35 1 63.546 0.000000 5.112382 53.615000
36 1 63.546 1.278096 6.390478 55.422500
37 1 63.546 0.000000 7.668573 53.615000
38 1 63.546 1.278096 8.946669 55.422500
39 1 63.546 2.556191 0.000000 53.615000
40 1 63.546 3.834287 1.278096 55.422500
41 1 63.546 2.556191 2.556191 53.615000

```

Movie

```

620
CHKPT
Cu      0.00084      0.00077      50.00000
Cu      0.00054      2.55599      50.00000
Cu      0.00051      5.11247      50.00000
Cu      0.00067      7.66815      50.00000
Cu      2.55570      0.00071      50.00000
Cu      2.55601      2.55608      50.00000
Cu      2.55607      5.11243      50.00000
Cu      2.55604      7.66837      50.00000
Cu      5.11244      2.55619      50.00000
Cu      5.11243      5.11240      50.00000
Cu      5.11243      7.66838      50.00000
Cu      7.66846      0.00094      50.00000
Cu      7.66842      2.55602      50.00000
Cu      7.66837      5.11242      50.00000
Cu      7.66841      7.66841      50.00000
Cu      1.27799      1.27792      51.80750
Cu      1.27802      3.83423      51.80750
Cu      1.27800      6.39061      51.80750
Cu      1.27824      8.94609      51.80750
Cu      3.83418      1.27812      51.80750
Cu      3.83425      3.83423      51.80750
Cu      3.83424      6.39059      51.80750
Cu      3.83424      8.94627      51.80750
Cu      6.39070      1.27808      51.80750
Cu      6.39058      3.83422      51.80750
Cu      6.39059      6.39059      51.80750
Cu      6.39063      8.94625      51.80750
Cu      8.94602      1.27819      51.80750
Cu      8.94626      3.83422      51.80750
Cu      8.94625      6.39063      51.80750
Cu      8.94599      8.94599      51.80750
Cu      0.00065      0.00061      53.61500
Cu      1.27799      1.27796      55.42250
Cu      0.00032      2.55605      53.61500
Cu      1.27802      3.83423      55.42250
Cu      0.00029      5.11243      53.61500
Cu      1.27801      6.39059      55.42250
Cu      0.00047      7.66841      53.61500
Cu      1.27826      8.94621      55.42250

```

To do in class: visualize the MD simulation with VMD. Create a picture and a movie

If you have time: simulate this...

